





Promega brings more than 35 years' experience delivering reagents to life science researchers to the table when you need a collaborator in advanced technology development, custom assays, or contract manufacturing for research or IVD medical devices.

Start with an existing product and modify it to meet a specific requirement, or benefit from a dedicated team of scientists to develop new reagents, technologies or custom assays. Whatever your finished product, it will be produced in a state-of-the-art facility with the highest commitment to quality.







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Promega 2014
Life Science Catalog



ABOUT THE COVER

Title: Large White Cabbage Butterfly Eggs – II

The Large White (*Pieris brassicae*), also called Cabbage Butterfly, Cabbage White, or in India the Large Cabbage White, is a butterfly in the family Pieridae.

Eggs of the Great White look like extraterrestrial buildings. They protect the embryo caterpillar and are equipped with pores to provide sufficient oxygen.

From: 450.00 CHF

Magnification: 106:1

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- Manager of Research Supply





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Complete Solutions for Biobanking Workflows

Promega solutions are designed to bring automation, efficiency and confidence to your biobanking workflow.

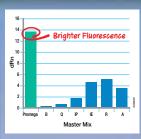
- Automation: Instruments and chemistries designed to work together and provide higher throughput and greater reproducibility.
- Flexibility: Scalable chemistries and modular instrument installation options adaptable to your biobanking throughput needs.
- Confidence: Dependable products provided and supported by a single source helping you achieve an efficient, quality workflow



Extraction

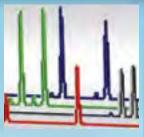
Promega DNA purification chemistries and automation platforms for variable sample sizes and throughput needs.

Quantitation



Fast, sensitive fluorescence and qPCR based Promega assays for accurate quantitation.

Pre-Qualification



Powerful STR systems for sample identification and contamination detection.

Results



Qualified, verified samples ready for storage or shipment.



DNA Extraction for Biobanks

Section 1

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| ReliaPrep™ 96 gDNA Miniprep HT System | 1 × 96 preps | A2670 |
| | 4 × 96 preps | A2671 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| 20X TE Buffer (pH 7.5) | 25 ml | A2651 |
| Heat Block Adapter | 1 each | A2661 |
| RNase A Solution | 5 ml 4 mg/ml | A7974 |
| 25mM Tris-HCI (pH 8.0) | 60 ml | A2641 |
| 10mM EDTA (pH 8.0) | 10 ml | A2631 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | |

Description: The ReliaPrep™ 96 gDNA Miniprep HT System provides a simple and reliable method for the rapid isolation of gDNA in a multiwell format. gDNA may be purified from blood and Oragene® Discover sample collection devices. The purified gDNA can be used directly in PCR assays, microarrays and next-generation sequencing applications. The use of paramagnetic particles for DNA capture eliminates the need for centrifugation or vacuum manifolds, making the system suitable for full automation. In addition, the system does not require an organic solvent, making it safe and convenient. DNA yields of up to 12µg are expected from input blood volumes of 350µl, depending on the WBC count of the sample. Saliva samples can have variable amounts of gDNA, and up to 18µg or more of DNA may be recovered from a 700µl Oragene® collection device sample.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Walkaway automation of genomic DNA extraction.
- Eliminate Sample Rework: Robust, precipitation-free protocol, no chance of "lost pellets".
- Simplify Workflow: High yields of pure DNA from pristine and challenged or hemolysed samples.
- Reduce Time to Results: Pure gDNA ready for demanding applications; samples in solution; no resuspension required.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|----------------------------|--|-------|
| ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT | $96\times10\text{ml}$ to $960\times1\text{ml}$ preps | A1751 |
| gDNA Isolation System | | A2751 |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument | 1 each | A2715 |
| Alkaline Protease (APA) | 130 ml | A1721 |
| Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) | 1,400 ml | A1731 |
| Binding Buffer (BBA) | 1,600 ml | A1741 |
| ReliaPrep™ Resin | 115 ml | A1752 |
| Prepared Wash Buffer (WBC) | 3,500 ml | A2681 |
| Proteinase K (PK) Solution | 23 ml | A5051 |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 500 ml | P1197 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| RNase A Solution | 5 ml 4 mg/ml | A7974 |
| 20X TE Buffer (pH 7.5) | 25 ml | A2651 |
| Tissue Lysis Buffer (TLA) | 500 ml | A5091 |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 1,000 ml | P1199 |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument Cover | 1 each | A2712 |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack | 1 each | A2713 |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack Stand | 1 each | A2714 |

| Available Separately | Size | Conc. Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------------|--|
| HSM 2.0 Instrument 1-Year Service Agreement | 1 each | SA1330 | |
| ReliaPrep [™] LV 32 HSM Standard Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3070 | |
| Bottle for 50% Ethanol | 1 each | A2691 | |

A1751, A7974, A2651, A2751, A2715, A5091, A1721, P1199, A1731, A2712, A1741, A2713, A1752, A2714, A2681, A5051, SA3070, A2691, P1197 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. Product may not be available in all countries. Please contact your local representative for more information.

Description: The ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System isolates genomic DNA (gDNA) from 1–10ml of blood in a scalable format. The chemistry eliminates tedious centrifugation steps as well as the use of hazardous chemicals, which are inherent in precipitation-based chemistries. Each reagent kit provides enough reagents to process up to 96 × 10ml whole blood samples. The system has been automated on robotic liquid-handling workstations, allowing walkaway purification of genomic DNA from 1–10ml of whole blood, regardless of sample storage or shipping conditions. For low-throughput isolation of gDNA from up to 32 samples at one time, the HSM 2.0 can be used in a manual mode, where the user performs the pipetting functions. The HSM has software that controls the instrument and directs the user through the purification protocol.

Features:

- Decrease Hands-On Time: Automation reduces operator time spent on instrument setup and takedown by allowing walkaway operation for large numbers of samples at one time.
- Remove Protocol Bottlenecks: Heater Shaker Magnet eliminates the need to move samples on the robot deck, reducing instrument failures; precipitation-free chemistry dramatically reduces purification failures.
- Achieve Peace of Mind: Automated liquid level sensing with operator notification allows recovery of samples in case of error.
- Isolate Pure DNA from All Samples: Purification chemistry is equally
 effective at recovering DNA from pristine as well as challenged (hemolysed
 or frozen) samples.
- Save a Day or Two of Processing: Samples are eluted in buffer, ready for use in downstream assays or archiving, eliminating resuspension of pelleted DNA, which can take 24–48 hours.
- Reduce Waste: Chemistry is automatically scaled for each sample and
 plastic use is conserved, reducing liquid and solid waste during sample runs.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.



stocking system

Section

Contents

Maxwell® 16 Instrument for Nucleic Acid and Protein Purification

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Instrument | 1 each AS2000 |
| Maxwell® 16 MDx Instrument | 1 each AS3000 |
| Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument | 1 each AS3060 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Maxwell® 16 SEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1200 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1201 |
| Maxwell® 16 Magnetic Elution Rack | 1 each AS1202 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1250 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Magnet | 1 each AS1261 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each E2821 |
| UV Bulb, Maxwell® 16 | 1 each SP1080 |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Instruments provide consistent hands-off, labor-saving automated purification of high-quality DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins for a broad range of downstream applications. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument can be configured as an SEV Instrument (Standard Elution Volume 200-400µl) for maximum yield or LEV Instrument (Low Elution Volume 30-100µl) for maximum concentration. In addition, SEV and LEV instruments can be configured with the Flexi Method Firmware, allowing the user to program the Maxwell® 16 Instrument to further optimize performance. Your personal automation instrument configuration will be built to order. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument is preprogrammed with purification protocols, which when combined with kits containing prefilled reagent cartridges maximize simplicity and convenience. The instrument processes 1 to 16 samples in approximately 18-50 minutes (depending on sample type).

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument extracts DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins using paramagnetic particles, allowing optimal capture, washing and elution of the target material. Add samples or lysate directly to the prefilled reagent cartridges, and press start. Optimized reagent systems and automated methods are provided to purify from specified sample types to deliver maximum quality for downstream applications.

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument includes a 1-year basic warranty. Service programs are offered to extend coverage. If during the extended warranty period the instrument needs repair under normal use, Promega will be responsible for the repair. Service programs offer similar terms with the addition of the use of a temporary replacement instrument during the instrument repair period. Please contact Promega for complete warranty and service terms and limits.

Features:

- Recover Lost Time and Labor: Automation gives you back your time and labor to complete your work.
- Gain Confidence in Your Results: Instrument design, optimized reagents and automated methods provide consistent yield and purity.
- Improve Your Productivity: Process up to 16 samples per instrument run in approximately 30-45 minutes.
- Choose Your Sample Type: Flexibility to purify from tissue, cells, blood and other samples.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS2000).



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS3000) with optional bar code reader.

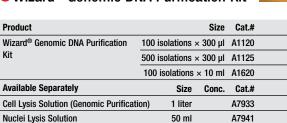
Maxwell® 16 System DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|--------|-----|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Blood DNA Kit | 48 preps | AS1290 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Plus LEV DNA Purification Kit | t 48 preps | AS1135 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1140 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Buccal Swab LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1295 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System | 1 48 preps | AS1155 | 308 |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Tissue LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1130 | |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1010 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IV | D) 48 preps | AS1015 | 301 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1020 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1030 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1120 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk | AS6101 | |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk | AS6201 | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml | MD1421 | |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5201 | |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5101 | |
| AS1290, AS1135, AS1140, AS1295, AS1150, AS1010, AS1020, AS1030, AS1120 For Laboratory | | | |

 $\textit{Use.}\ AS 2000, AS 3000, AS 6101, AS 6201, V1231, V4741, MD1421, AS 5201, AS 5101\ For\ Research$ Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. AS1015, AS1155 For In Vitro Diagnostics Use. This product is only available in certain countries.



Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit



1 liter

25 ml

A7943

A7951

 DNA Rehydration Solution
 50 ml
 A7963

 RNase A Solution
 1 ml 4 mg/ml
 A7973

 Proteinase K
 100 mg
 V3021

 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit provides a simple, solution-based method for isolation of DNA from white blood cells, tissue culture cells, animal tissue, plant tissue, yeast and Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria. DNA purified with this system is suitable for a variety of applications, including amplification, digestion with restriction endonucleases and membrane hybridizations (e.g., Southern and dot/slot blots).

Features

Protein Precipitation Solution

- Improved Productivity: Rapidly isolate genomic DNA from blood, tissue culture, animal and plant cells, bacteria and yeast in approximately 60 minutes.
- Scalability: Reagent volumes can be adjusted to correspond to the amount of material to be processed.
- Flexibility: Genomic DNA purified from a variety of sample types is suitable for a variety of applications.
- Your Choice of Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

DNA Yields from Various Starting Materials Using the Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit.

| Source | Amount of Starting Material | Typical DNA Yield |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Whole Blood | 300µl | 5–15µg |
| | 1ml | 25-50µg |
| | 10ml | 250-500µg |
| | 96-well plate, 50µl/well | 0.2-0.7µg |
| Tissue Culture Cells | 10 ⁶ –10 ⁷ cells | 5-30µg |
| Animal Tissue | | |
| Mouse Liver | 11mg | 15-20µg |
| Mouse Tail | 0.5–1cm of tail | 10-30µg |
| Insect Cells | 5×10^6 cells | 16µg |
| Plant Leaf Tissue | 40mg | 7–12µg |
| Bacterial Culture* | 10 ⁸ –10 ¹⁰ cells | 5–20µg |
| Yeast* | 1.9×10^8 cells | 4.5–6.5µg |
| *Overnight culture. | | 9483LA |

Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification | 1 × 96 preps | A2370 |
| System | | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System | 4 × 96 preps | A2371 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| Wizard® SV Lysis Buffer | 50 ml | Z3052 |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 185 ml | A1311 |
| Nuclei Lysis Solution | 50 ml | A7941 |
| EDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml | V4231 |
| | | |
| RNase A Solution | 1 ml 4 mg/m | A7973 |
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 |

A2370, A6782, Z3052, A2371, A6780, A7941, V4231, A6784, A7973, A2271 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A1311 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System provides a high-throughput, membrane-based technique for consistent preparation of genomic DNA from cultured cells and tissue, including mouse tails. Amplifiable genomic DNA can be isolated from up to 5×10^6 cells, 20mg of tissue or up to 1.2cm of a mouse tail tip without a centrifugation clearing step.

With the Wizard® SV Genomic DNA purification system, genomic DNA is purified from cell lysates using 96-well vacuum filtration. Washing the bound DNA requires no disassembly of the manifold, and filtrate waste products are delivered directly to a vacuum trap, eliminating the need to empty waste collection trays.

The Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification System is designed for use either in a manual format or with Beckman Coulter or PerkinElmer automated instruments.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Obtain genomic DNA from mouse tails in 45–60 minutes, genomic DNA from cultured cells in 30 minutes. No spins required.
- Achieve High Yield: Purify 20–30µg of DNA per prep from 1.2cm of mouse tail.
- Gain Confidence in Applications: Purified DNA ready for amplification.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.



stocking system

stocking system

DNA and RNA Quantitation

QuantiFluor® dsDNA System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor® dsDNA System | 1 ml | E2670 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The QuantiFluor® dsDNA System contains a fluorescent DNA-binding dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) in solution. The quantitation of dsDNA is a very important step in many biological applications, particularly in standard molecular biology techniques. The dye shows minimal binding to single stranded DNA (ssDNA) and RNA, allowing specific quantitation of dsDNA.

Features:

- Specificity: Highly specific to dsDNA, minimal binding to ssDNA, RNA, protein and interfering compounds.
- Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop® spectrophotometer) for low-concentration samples. Performs better or equal to PicoGreen® dye and can detect as little as 50pg/ml.
- Ease of Use: System includes all required reagents to quickly set up and quantitate dsDNA.
- Instrument Compatibility: Pre-optimized on both the QuantusTM Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Instrument.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

QuantiFluor® ssDNA System

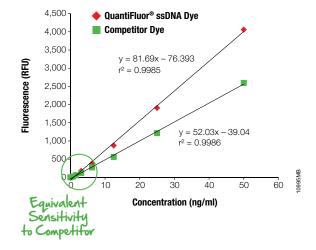
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor® ssDNA System | 1 ml | E3190 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The QuantiFluor® ssDNA System contains a fluorescent dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of single-stranded (ssDNA) in solution. Detecting and quantitating ssDNA is useful for a variety of research interests in molecular biology. These include studying ssDNA viruses, quantitating short synthetic ssDNA probes for site-directed mutagenesis, analysis of first-strand cDNAs and quantitating bisulfite-converted DNA to study DNA methylation.

Features:

- Increase your Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop® spectrophotometer) for those samples that are low in concentration.
- Save Precious Sample for Downstream Assays: Less template DNA required than spectrophotometry.
- Set Up Quickly and Easily: System includes all the necessary reagents to quickly set up and quantitate ssDNA.
- Experience Flexible Instrument Compatibility: Sets up easily on both the QuantiFluor® Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi Instrument. This system also can be used on any fluorescent instrument with appropriate optical channels.
- Remain Cost-Effective: Value priced for those customers who are costconscious and budget-constrained.
- Instrument Compatibility: Pre-optimized on both the Quantus[™]
 Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Instrument.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° to -10°C, protected from light.



The QuantiFluor® ssDNA System will detect ssDNA as little as 1ng/ml (200pg per well) in a 96-well microplate (200ml total volume). Detection limit is defined as greater than three standard deviations above the background RFU.



QuantiFluor® RNA System

QuantiFluor® RNA System

| Product Size | Duradical Cina | |
|--------------|----------------|--|
|--------------|----------------|--|

Cat.#

1 ml E3310

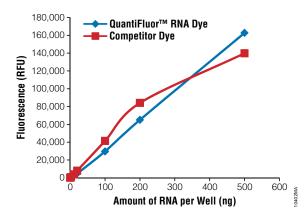
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Sensitive quantitation of RNA is important for the success of downstream applications. The QuantiFluor® RNA System contains a fluorescent RNA-binding dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of RNA in solution. Detecting and quantitating small amounts of RNA is a very important step that is used in many biological applications, particularly in molecular biology techniques.

Features:

- Highly Sensitive: Significantly increased sensitivity over NanoDrop® spectrophotometer, especially for low-concentration samples.
- Save Precious Sample for Downstream Assays: Less template RNA required than for quantification by spectrophotometry.
- Flexible: Compatible with both QuantiFluor®-ST and GloMax®-Multi Instruments and other fluorometers with appropriate optical channels.
- Cost-Effective: Value priced, robust option for RNA quantitation.
- Instrument Compatibility: Pre-optimized on both the Quantus™ Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Instrument.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30°C to -10°C, protected from light.



Standard curves using the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye and a competitor dye. The standard curves were generated using RNA Standard in a 96-well format and 200µl total volume as described in Section 5 of the Technical Manual. The standard curve RNA amounts are 2ng, 10ng, 20ng, 50ng, 100ng, 200ng and 500ng per well. Fluorescence was measured using the GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System. The fluorescence values shown were blank-subtracted. Under these conditions, the dynamic range for the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye is approximately 2–500ng per well (in 200µl total volume), and the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye limit of detection is approximately 100pg per well.



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Quantus [™] Fluorometer | 1 each E6150 |

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Description: The Quantus™ Fluorometer is a dual-channel fluorometer for your personal quantitation workflow. Designed to provide highly sensitive fluorescent detection when quantifying nucleic acids, the compact instrument is simple to operate. The Quantus™ Fluorometer is optimized with preprogrammed settings for Promega QuantiFluor® Dye Systems (QuantiFluor® dsDNA, RNA and ssDNA Systems) for nucleic acid quantitation, and allows users the flexibility to create their own methods and quantitation settings for

The Quantus™ Fluorometer is equipped with two fluorescence channels for nucleic acid and protein quantitation:

- Blue fluorescence channel: Excitation 495nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 495nm), emission 510-580nm.
- Red fluorescence channel: Excitation 640nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 640nm), emission 660-720nm.

Features:

- **High Performance:** Integrated with QuantiFluor® Dives for high sensitivity. broad dynamic range and target specificity. Great for low-level sample quantitation such as FFPE or viral samples.
- Increased Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop®) for those samples that are low in concentration. Ten times more sensitive than Qubit® 2.0. A detection limit of 50pg/ml, compared to 500pg/ml for the Qubit® 2.0. With a customized low standard curve, the detection limit can read as low as 1pg/ml.
- Easy-to-Use Workflow and Navigation: Flexible with custom protocols and user-defined settings. PC software for data management workflow.
- Affordable Price: Cost-effective to easily incorporate into your laboratory.



Quantus™ Fluorometer.

QuantiFluor® Single-Tube Fluorometers

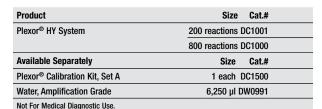
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor®-ST Handheld Fluorometer with UV/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6090 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with Green/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6100 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with UV/Blue Channels | 1 each | E6105 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 245.



stocking system

Plexor® HY System



Description: The Plexor® HY System is a real-time PCR assay to determine the concentration of total human DNA and male human DNA simultaneously in one reaction. The kit contains an internal PCR control (IPC) to test for falsenegative results that may occur in the presence of PCR inhibitors and a melt curve function to confirm that the correct product was amplified.

Plexor® HY is a sensitive multiplex kit that routinely detects approximately 6.4pg of total DNA. PCR setup is performed at room temperature and is compatible with automated platforms.

The Plexor® Systems work by measuring a reduction in fluorescent signal during amplification. Amplification of each target uses only two primers, one of which contains both a fluorescent tag and a modified base. As amplification proceeds, fluorescence is reduced by site-specific incorporation of a fluorescent quencher opposite the complementary modified base. The quencher is in close proximity to a fluorescent dye located on the end of the primer, resulting in a reduction of fluorescent signal. After PCR, a melt analysis can be performed to provide an internal control for the final assay design or to expedite troubleshooting.

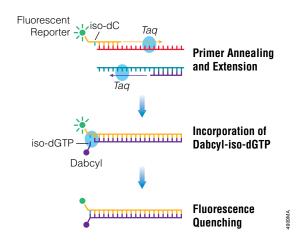
The Plexor® HY System is optimized for use on the Applied Biosystems 7500 and 7500 FAST real-time PCR systems and Stratagene Mx3005P® and Mx3000P® qPCR systems. For information about use with other qPCR instrumentation, contact Promega Technical Services.

The Plexor® Analysis Software is available for free download. The unique functions of this software allow you to quickly and easily review data and create reports. Replicate samples are automatically averaged, template amounts are calculated and the necessary volume of DNA is displayed for your optimized STR amplification conditions.

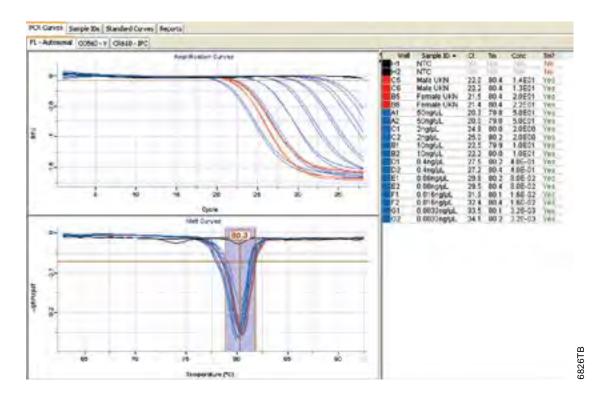
Features:

- Simultaneous Quantification of Autosomal and Y-Chromosome DNA: Less variability, less time, more valuable data.
- Consistent and Reproducible Detection of 6.4pg of DNA: If you can't
 detect it with Plexor® HY, you can't detect it with your STR system.
- Internal Positive Control and Melt-Curve Analysis: Guard against false-negative and false-positive results, allowing you to be confident in your data.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Schematic diagram illustrating the Plexor® real-time PCR process.



Autosomal amplification curves and melt curves from a Plexor® HY amplification.

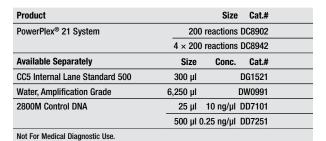


Section Contents

8

Sample ID and Mixed Sample Detection

PowerPlex® 21 System

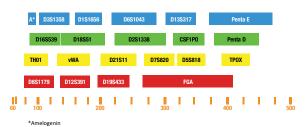


Description: The PowerPlex® 21 System is a multiplex STR system for human identification applications including forensic analysis, relationship testing and research use. The system allows co-amplification and fluorescent detection of 21 loci (20 STR loci and Amelogenin), including D1S1656, D2S1338, D3S1358, D5S818, D6S1043, D7S820, D8S1179, D12S391, D13S317, D16S539, D18S51, D19S433, D21S11, Amelogenin, CSF1P0, FGA, Penta D, Penta E, TH01, TPOX and vWA. The PowerPlex® 21 System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xI*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers. Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper® *ID* and *ID*-X software and are available for download.

Features:

- 21 Markers: Enjoy maximum discrimination for difficult cases and complete data overlap with most existing multiplexes.
- Direct-Amplification Compatibility: Save labor and time by removing the need to wash FTA® card punches. Simpler protocols are available for swabs and nonFTA card punches as well.
- High Inhibitor Tolerance: Experience higher success rates with challenging casework samples including less locus drop-out and reaction failure.
- 90-Minute PCR: Shorten PCR time by 1–2.5 hours, increasing laboratory
 productivity and decreasing average turnaround time for your cases.

Storage Conditions: Store kit at -20°C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4°C.



Configuration of the PowerPlex® 21 System. The PowerPlex® 21 System contains all 13 CODIS loci.

PowerPlex® 16 HS System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| PowerPlex® 16 HS System | 100 reactions DC2101 |
| | 400 reactions DC2100 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 μl DG1071 |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 μl DW0991 |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl DD7101 |
| | 500 μl 0.25 ng/μl DD7251 |
| 9947A DNA | 250 ng 10 ng/µl DD1001 |

DC2101, DC2100, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251, DD1001 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG1071 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is a multiplex STR system for use in DNA typing. This system co-amplifies the loci D18S51, D21S11, TH01, D3S1358, Penta E (labeled with fluorescein); FGA, TPOX, D8S1179, vWA and Amelogenin (labeled with TMR); CSF1PO, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317, D5S818 and Penta D (labeled with JOE). This multiplex includes all 13 CODIS STR markers, Amelogenin for gender determination and two low-stutter, highly discriminating pentanucleotide STR markers. All sixteen loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is compatible with ABI PRISM® 310, 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Features:

- Robustness: The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is more tolerant of PCR inhibitors than competing STR systems and the previous version of the PowerPlex® 16 System. Generate profiles with samples that previously failed to amplify. Avoid costly and time-consuming sample cleanup.
- Sensitivity: Each lot is quality tested to produce full profiles from 100pg of DNA. Gain confidence in analysis of limited samples.
- High Discrimination: The loci included in PowerPlex® 16 HS are more discriminating than competitive systems and are ideal for resolving partial matches or challenging familial cases.
- Proven Design: Primer sequences, dyes and ladders are all unchanged from PowerPlex® 16. Expect concordance with existing databases.
- Complete System: PowerPlex® 16 HS includes size standard, amplification-grade water and Taq DNA polymerase already in the master mix. Simple to order, easy to use.
- Automatic Assignment of Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper[®] ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Configuration of the PowerPlex® 16 HS System. The PowerPlex® 16 HS System contains all 13 CODIS loci.



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Life **Science** Catalog 2014

🤜 Worldwide Contact List



stocking system

PowerPlex® 18D System



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| PowerPlex® 18D System | 200 reactions DC1802 |
| | 800 reactions DC1808 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 μl DG1521 |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 μl DW0991 |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl DD7101 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

Description: The PowerPlex® 18D System is a multiplex STR system for use in database and paternity testing. This system is optimized for direct amplification of samples on FTA® cards. This five-color multiplex allows co-amplification of the 13 CODIS loci (D18S51, D21S11, TH01, D3S1358, FGA, TPOX, D8S1179, vWA, CSF1PO, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317, D5S818) plus Amelogenin, Penta E, Penta D, D2S1338 and D19S433. All eighteen loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The PowerPlex® 18D System is compatible with ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130xl, 3500 and 3500xL

The PowerPlex® 18D System was given NDIS approval in July 2011 for NDIS CODIS databasing.

Features:

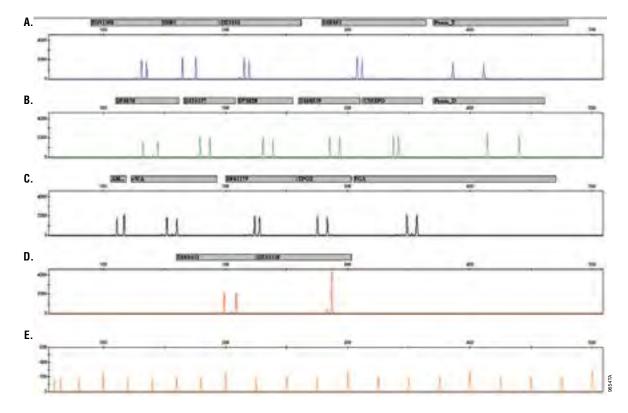
- Eliminate DNA Extraction: Simplify and shorten sample processing with direct amplification from FTA® cards.
- Reduce PCR Time: Amplify in less than 1.5 hours using rapid cycling technology.
- Upload More Markers: Type D2S1338, D19S433, Penta D, Penta E, Amelogenin and the 13 CODIS loci with one kit.
- Automatically Assign Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper® ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store kit at -20°C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4°C.



*A = Amelogenin, D3 = D3S1358, D5 = D5S818, D7 = D7S820, D8 = D8S1179

Configuration of the PowerPlex® 18D System. The PowerPlex® 18D System contains all 13 CODIS loci: D3S1358, TH01, D21S11, D18S51, D5S818, D13S317, D7S820, D16S539, CSF1PO, vWA, D8S1179, TPOX and FGA, plus Amelogenin, Penta E, Penta D, D19S433 and D2S1338.



Amplification of sample using the PowerPlex® 18D System. Two 1.2mm punches were taken from a buccal sample transferred to an FTA® card and amplified for 27 cycles using the PowerPlex® 18D System. Amplification products were mixed with CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 and analyzed with an Applied Biosystems 3130xl Genetic Analyzer using a 3kV, 5-second injection. Results were analyzed using GeneMapper® ID software, version 3.2.







Biochemical Buffers and Reagents

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| 4-CORE® Buffer Pack (Buffers A, B, C and D), 1ml each | 4 ml | R9921 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 122.

5M Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|-------|--|
| 5M Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade | 1 L | 5 M | V4221 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | dures. | | | |

Description: 5M Sodium Chloride is commonly used in many molecular biology and forensic applications.

Form: Clear, colorless liquid.

Composition: 292.2g/L NaCl in deionized water.

Properties:

- pH at 25°C (1M): 5.0-8.0.
- A₂₆₀ at 5M: ≤0.02.
- A₂₈₀ at 5M: ≤0.01.
- Conductivity at 25°C (0.05M): 5.000-7.000uSm.

 Quality Tested: Each lot of NaCl is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Acrylamide, Molecular Grade



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Acrylamide, Molecular Grade | 100 g | V3111 | |
| | 500 g | V3115 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Acrylamide, Molecular Grade, is used for the electrophoretic separation of nucleic acids and proteins. Very small DNA fragments, such as those generated by sequencing reactions, can be resolved by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Proteins can be separated by a variety of techniques, including denaturing gel electrophoresis using SDS or urea, isoelectric focusing and native gel electrophoresis in a wide variety of buffers.

Formula Weight: 71.08.

Form: White, free-flowing crystals.

Properties:

- **Purity:** ≥99.9%.
- Melting Point: 84-86°C
- Free Acrylic Acid: <0.001%.
- **Iron:** ≤1ppm.
- Lead: ≤1ppm.
- pH (10% in 0.1M NaCl at 25°C): 6.0-7.0.
- Conductivity (40% in water): ≤2.5µmhos.

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Molecular Grade Acrylamide is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C. Protect from moisture.

Agarose, LE, Analytical Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Agarose, LE, Analytical Grade | 100 g | V3121 | |
| | 500 g | V3125 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Agarose, LE, Analytical Grade, is used for the electrophoretic separation of nucleic acids.

Form: White powder.

Properties:

- Gel Strength (1%): ≥1,000g/cm².
- Gelling Point (1.5%): 36-39°C.
- Melting Point (1.5%): 87-89°C.
- **EEO (-mr):** 0.09-0.13.
- Sulfate: ≤0.14%.
- Moisture: ≤7.0%.

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Analytical Grade LE Agarose is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Large Fragments (>1,000bp)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Large Fragments (>1,000bp) | 25 g | V2831 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Large Fragments (>1,000bp), is a premium agarose used for isolating DNA fragments larger than 1,000bp. Each lot is tested and certified for the following applications: 1) restriction digestion, 2) ligation and transformation, and 3) random prime labeling. LMP = low melting point (i.e., ≤65°C).

Form: White powder.

Properties:

- Gelling Point (1.5%): 26-30°C.
- **Melting Point (1.5%):** ≤65°C.
- Sulfate: ≤0.10%.
- **EEO (-mr):** ≤0.10.
- Moisture: ≤10%.
- Gel Strength (1%): ≥200g/cm².

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Preparative Grade LMP Agarose is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Small Fragments (10 to 1,000bp)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|------|-------|--|
| Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Small Fragments (10 to 1,000bp) | 25 g | V3841 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Agarose, LMP, Preparative Grade for Small Fragments (10 to 1,000bp), is a premium agarose used for isolating DNA fragments from 10 to 1,000bp. The isolated DNA fragments can be used in various molecular biology applications: 1) restriction digestion, 2) ligation and transformation, and 3) random prime labeling. LMP = low melting point (i.e., \leq 65°C).

Form: White powder.

Properties:

Gelling Point (4%): ≤35°C.
 Melting Point (4%): ≤65°C.

Sulfate: ≤0.15%.
 EEO (-mr): ≤0.15.
 Moisture: ≤10%.

Gel Strength: ≥500g/cm².

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Preparative Grade LMP Agarose is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Agarose, Low Melting Point, Analytical Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Agarose, Low Melting Point, Analytical Grade | 25 g | V2111 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Agarose, Low Melting Point, Analytical Grade, is ideal for applications that require recovery of intact DNA fragments after gel electrophoresis.

Form: White powder.

Properties:

Gelling Point (1.5%): 24–28°C.
 Melting Point (1.5%): ≤65.5°C.

Sulfate: ≤0.12%.
 EE0 (-mr): ≤0.11.

• Gel Strength (1%): ≥300g/cm².

Features

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Analytical Grade LMP Agarose is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

Ammonium Persulfate, Molecular Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Ammonium Persulfate, Molecular Grade | 25 g | V3131 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Ammonium Persulfate, Molecular Grade, is an oxidizing agent that promotes the polymerization of acrylamide gels.

Formula Weight: 228.20.

Form: White, free-flowing crystals.

Properties:

• **Purity:** ≥98%.

• **Insolubles:** ≤0.005%.

• Chloride and Chlorate: ≤10ppm.

• **Lead:** ≤50ppm.

• **Iron:** ≤10ppm.

• Manganese: ≤0.5ppm.

• Residue After Ignition: ≤0.05%.

• **Moisture:** ≤1.0%.

• Titratable Free Acid: ≤0.04meg/g.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Ammonium Persulfate is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C. Protect from moisture.

Ammonium Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Ammonium Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade | 5 kg | H5252 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Ammonium Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade, is a salt used in the purification of enzymes and other proteins by precipitation.

Formula Weight: 132.13.

Properties:

• **Purity:** ≥99.0%.

• Chloride: ≤5ppm.

• **Copper:** ≤5ppm.

• **Iron:** ≤5ppm.

• **Zinc:** ≤5ppm.

• Lead: ≤5ppm.

• pH at 25°C (1M): 5.0-6.0.

A₂₆₀ at 1M: ≤0.03.

A₂₈₀ at 1M: ≤0.03.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Ammonium Sulfate is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Section Contents

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Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate | 5 g | V7983 |
| Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate Solution | 20 ml | V8091 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | · |

Description: Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate is an aminoglycosidic antibiotic toxic to both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells. It acts by interfering with protein synthesis and is used as an agent for selection of cultured cells expressing a gene (i.e., aminoglycoside 3' phosphotransferase [APH 3]) that confers resistance to G-418. The liquid form of the product is in distilled water and aseptically filtered.

Formula Weight: 692.6 (anhydrous).

Form: White powder.

Physical/Chemical Properties of Powder:

Appearance: White powder.TLC: Single major spot.

 Elemental Analysis: %C = 28.8–36.07; %H = 5.76–7.76; %N = 6.72–8.41.

• **Absorbance:** A_{280} (1mg/ml) = 0-0.015; A_{570} (100mg/ml) = 0-0.1.

• Specific Rotation: +104° to +121°.

Properties Specific to V7983:

• Appearance: White powder.

• Hydration Waters: 0-6, as determined from Elemental Analysis.

• Potency: ≥700µg/mg.
Properties Specific to V8091:

• Potency: 40-60mg/ml.

Sterility: Aseptically filtered.

Features:

• Sterile: Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate Solution is quality tested for sterility. Storage Conditions: Store powder at 22–25°C. Store liquid at –20°C.

BCIP/NBT Color Development Substrate (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate/ nitro blue tetrazolium)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| BCIP/NBT Color Development Substrate | 1.25/2.5 ml | S3771 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: BCIP (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate) is used in conjunction with NBT (nitro blue tetrazolium) for the colorimetric detection of alkaline phosphatase activity. Each vial of BCIP is supplied with a vial of NBT.

Preparation of Substrates to Detect Alkaline Phosphatase: For every 5ml of alkaline phosphatase buffer (100mM Tris-HCl [pH 9.0], 150mM NaCl, 1mM $MgCl_2$), add 33µl NBT and 16.5µl BClP. Add the NBT first, mix, add the BClP, and mix again. Use within 1 hour, and discard any unused solution.

Concentration: BCIP (50mg/ml) in 100% dimethylformamide; NBT (50mg/ml) in 70% dimethylformamide.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of BCIP/NBT Color Development Substrate is tested and qualified for use in blotting.

Storage Conditions: Store at either 4°C or -20°C.

Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt | 5 mg | E1601 |
| | 1 g | E1605 |
| | 50 mg | E1602 |
| | 250 mg | E1603 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Luciferase genes from the North American firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) and from other beetles are commonly used as reporter genes for studying transcription regulation in transient assay systems and as markers for stably transformed eukaryotic cells. Beetle luciferin (also known as p-luciferin) is synthesized as the monopotassium salt and is a substrate for the beetle luciferase reporter systems. p-luciferin is provided for those researchers who prefer to formulate their own assay reagents for monitoring in vitro or in vivo luciferase activity.

Formula: $C_{11}H_7N_2O_3S_2 \bullet K$.

Formula Weight: 318.4 (anhydrous).

Features

- Formulation: Supplied as a potassium salt for easy preparation in aqueous buffer.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Bisacrylamide, Molecular Grade (N,N´-Methylenebisacrylamide)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| Bisacrylamide, Molecular Grade | 25 g | V3141 |
| | 125 g | V3143 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Bisacrylamide, Molecular Grade, is a cross-linking agent used in the preparation of polyacrylamide gels. This product is tested for its efficiency in gel polymerization.

Form: White, free-flowing crystals.

Properties:

• **Purity:** ≥99.0%.

Acrylic Acid (CH₂:CHCOOH): ≤0.001%.

• A₂₉₀ (1% solution): ≤0.20.

• Magnesium: ≤2ppm.

• Conductivity (2% in water): ≤10µmhos.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Bisacrylamide is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.



Blue/Orange Loading Dye, 6X

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------------------|------|-------|
| Blue/Orange Loading Dye, 6X | 3 ml | G1881 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Blue/Orange Loading Dye, 6X, is a convenient marker dye containing 0.4% orange G, 0.03% bromophenol blue, 0.03% xylene cyanol FF, 15% Ficoll® 400, 10mM Tris-HCI (pH 7.5) and 50mM EDTA (pH 8.0). It is provided in a premixed, ready-to-use form. The dye is used for loading DNA samples into gel electrophoresis wells and tracking migration during electrophoresis. In a 0.5-1.4% agarose gel in 0.5X TBE, xylene cyanol FF migrates at approximately 4kb, bromophenol blue at approximately 300bp and orange G at approximately 50bp.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Blue/Orange Loading Dye, 6X, is tested and certified to be free of nuclease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Boric Acid, Molecular Biology Grade (orthoboric acid)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Boric Acid, Molecular Biology Grade | 500 g | H5001 |
| | 1 kg | H5003 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Boric Acid, Molecular Biology Grade, in conjunction with Tris, is commonly used in buffers for the preparation of agarose or acrylamide gels and their associated running buffers.

Formula Weight: 61.84.

Properties:

• **Purity:** ≥99.5%.

• **Iron:** ≤5ppm.

• **Lead:** ≤5ppm.

Moisture: ≤0.5%.

A₂₆₀ at 1M: ≤0.015.

A₂₈₀ at 1M: ≤0.010.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Boric Acid is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Bovine Serum Albumin, Acetylated

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|-------|--|
| Bovine Serum Albumin, Acetylated | 1 ml 1 | 0 mg/ml | R3961 | |
| | 400 µl | 1 μg/μl | R9461 | |

R3961 For Laboratory Use. R9461 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic

Description: Bovine Serum Albumin, Acetylated, can be used as an enzyme stabilizer or as a carrier protein. It is prepared by a modification of the method of Gonzalez et al. and dialyzed extensively with deionized water to remove impurities.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of BSA is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Coelenterazine | 250 µg | S2001 | |
| Coelenterazine-h | 250 µg | S2011 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Luciferases from *Renilla*, *Aeguorea* and other marine organisms are commonly used as indicators or reporters for studying cellular phenomena in expression assays in eukaryotic cells. Renilla luciferase is often used as a reporter of transcription regulation, whereas apoaequorin is often used as a calcium indicator. Other uses of coelenterazines include chemiluminescent detection of Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS) in cells or tissues. Promega offers the following coelenterazine analogs.

Coelenterazine (native) is the luminescent substrate for *Renilla* luciferase and apoaequorin. Formula: $C_{26}H_{21}N_3O_3$. Formula Weight: 423.5. Form: Film.

Coelenterazine-h imparts a luminescent intensity with its aequorin complex that is reported to be 10-20 times higher than that of native coelenterazine, making this derivative a useful tool for measuring small changes in Ca2+ concentrations. Formula: C₂₆H₂₁N₃O₂. Formula Weight: 407.5. Form: Film.

Features:

- Highly Pure: 95%.
- Custom Capabilities: Custom packaging and sizes available.
- **Easy to Prepare:** Supplied as a dried substrate for easy preparation in methanol or ethanol.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

◆ Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dye ▼ Market ■ Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dye ■



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dye | 500 µl | H1181 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dve is a sensitive fluorescent dve that binds to single-stranded DNA, double-stranded DNA and RNA, and can be used to stain and visualize nucleic acids in gels. Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dye is compatible with denaturing and native agarose and polyacrylamide gels and can be imaged with any standard imaging system, such as by UV transillumination with a Polaroid® or digital camera, GE ImageQuant™ or Bio-Rad Gel Doc™ systems.

The concentrated dye is stable for up to 90 days at room temperature. Diamond™ Nucleic Acid Dve does not require prewashing or destaining of gels. It is more much more sensitive than ethidium bromide, so less sample nucleic acid and nucleic acid markers are required for visualization, resulting in increased savings with every gel you run.

- Sensitive: Sensitive detection of small amounts of nucleic acids.
- Room-Temperature Stable: Convenient storage allows for guick and easy use-no thawing necessary.
- Flexible: Compatible with a variety of common gel types and imaging equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature (22–25°C) for up to 90 days. Store at -20°C for long-term storage.



DTT, Molecular Grade (DL-Dithiothreitol)

Procedures.

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|---------|----------------|-----|
| DTT, Molecular Grade | 100 µl 10 | 00 mM | P1171 | |
| DTT, Molecular Grade (Dry Powder) | 5 g | | V3151 | |
| | 25 g | | V3155 | |
| P1171 For Laboratory Use. V3151, V3155 For Resea | rch Use Only. | Not for | Use in Diagnos | tic |

Description: DTT, Molecular Grade, is an antioxidant used to stabilize enzymes and other proteins containing sulfhydryl groups. The liquid form of the product

is a 100mM solution of DTT in water.

Formula: $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2$ Formula Weight: 154.25.

Form: White crystals/powder or liquid in deionized water.

Physical/Chemical Properties of Powder:

• **Purity:** ≥99.0%. • Melting Point: 40-44°C. A₂₈₃ at 20mM: ≤0.04. % Oxidized: ≤0.50%.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of DTT is tested and certified to be free of DNase. RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

DEDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), **Molecular Biology Grade**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| EDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml | V4231 | |
| | 400 ml | V4233 | |
| For Deceased Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | | |

Description: EDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), Molecular Biology Grade, is a chelator of divalent cations and is suitable for biochemistry and molecular biology applications. It is supplied as a solution in deionized water.

Form: Clear, colorless liquid.

Properties:

• pH at 25°C: 7.9-8.1. • A₂₈₀ at 0.5M: ≤0.25.

RNase Activity at 0.5M: ≤1.0% release of ³H-RNA.

• DNase Activity at 0.5M: ≤1.0% release of ³H-DNA.

• Protease Assav: None detected.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Product Size Cat.# EDTA, Disodium Salt, Molecular Biology Grade 100 g H5031 500 g H5032 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

EDTA, Disodium Salt (Dihydrate),

Molecular Biology Grade

Description: EDTA, Disodium Salt, Molecular Biology Grade, is a chelator of divalent metal cations.

Formula Weight: 372.20.

Properties:

• Purity: ≥99.0%. • Insolubles: ≤0.005%

• **Lead:** ≤5ppm. • **Iron:** ≤10ppm.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of EDTA is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Ethidium Bromide Solution, Molecular Grade

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|-------|--|
| Ethidium Bromide Solution, Molecular Grade | 10 ml 10 | mg/ml | H5041 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | |

Description: Ethidium Bromide Solution, Molecular Grade (10mg/ml), is a fluorescent dye suitable for staining nucleic acids after electrophoresis or in cesium chloride gradients. The solution can be used to detect both doublestranded and single-stranded DNA.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Ethidium Bromide Solution is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Formamide, Molecular Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------|-------|
| Formamide, Molecular Grade | 100 ml | H5051 |
| | 500 ml | H5052 |
| For Deceased Lies Only Not for Lies in Discussitis Deceasedures | | |

Description: Formamide is often used for the denaturation of nucleic acids in applications such as hybridization, sequencing gel electrophoresis and electron microscopy.

Formula Weight: 45.04.

Properties:

- **Purity:** ≥99.5%. • Copper: ≤1ppm.
- **Iron:** ≤1ppm.
- Lead: ≤1ppm. • Zinc: ≤1ppm.
- Refractive Index at 20°C: 1.446–1.448.
- pH at 25°C of 1%: 6.5–7.5.
- A₂₆₀ at 10%: ≤0.10.
- A₂₈₀ at 10%: ≤0.02.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Formamide is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Glycerol, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| Glycerol, Molecular Biology Grade | 1,000 ml | H5433 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Glycerol is used for storage of enzymes at low temperatures. A 50% (w/v) glycerol solution will not freeze at -20°C. Glycerol is often used as a component in electrophoresis loading buffers because of its density (1.26g/ml). In addition, glycerol gradients can be used in the purification of bacteriophage or proteins. Cat.# H5433 is anhydrous glycerol with a purity of ≥99.5%.

Properties:

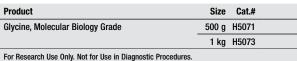
- Purity: ≥99.5%.
- Calcium: ≤2ppm.
- Magnesium: ≤1ppm.
- **Lead:** ≤5ppm.
- Zinc: ≤1ppm.
- A₂₆₀ at 10%: ≤0.05.
- A₂₈₀ at 10%: ≤0.05.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of glycerol is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

OGlycine, Molecular Biology Grade



Description: Glycine is an amino acid used in the preparation of some electrophoresis buffers.

Formula Weight: 75.07.

Properties:

- Purity: ≥99.0%.
- **Iron**: ≤10ppm.
- A₂₆₀ at 1M: ≤0.05
- A₂₈₀ at 1M: ≤0.05.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Glycine is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Guanidine Thiocyanate, Molecular Grade (Guanidinium Thiocyanate)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Guanidine Thiocyanate, Molecular Grade | 100 g | V2791 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Guanidine Thiocyanate, Molecular Grade, at high concentrations, is a protein denaturant used most commonly for the isolation of intact RNA due to its ability to inhibit RNase.

Formula Weight: 118.16.

Form: White, crystalline powder.

Properties:

- **Purity:** ≥99.0%.
- Insolubles: None.
- A₂₈₀ at 6M: ≤0.8.
- A_{300} at 6M: ≤ 0.1 .
- A_{320} at 6M: ≤ 0.1 .
- A₄₁₀ at 6M: ≤0.1.
- Moisture: ≤1%.
- Melting Point: 118-121°C.
- Potassium: ≤50ppm.
- **Sodium:** ≤0.5%.
- **Zinc:** ≤1.5ppm.
- **Copper:** ≤0.5ppm.
- Barium: ≤3ppm.
- Iron: ≤5ppm.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Guanidine Thiocyanate is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



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Available in the Helix[®] on-site stocking system

Guanidine-HCl, Molecular Biology Grade (Guanidinium Hydrochloride)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| Guanidine-HCI, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 g | H5381 |
| | 500 g | H5383 |
| For Donas to Hos Only Not for Hos in Discountie Donas donas | | · · |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Guanidine-HCl, Molecular Grade, is commonly used for the isolation of intact mRNA from tissues or cultured cells.

Formula Weight: 95.53.

Form: Fine, colorless or white crystals.

Properties:

• **Purity:** ≥99.5%.

• **A₂₃₀ at 6M:** ≤0.15.

• A₂₆₀ at 6M: ≤0.03.

A₂₈₀ at 6M: ≤0.02.

• **Moisture:** ≤0.3%.

• Melting Point: 186-188°C.

• Lead: ≤5ppm.

• **Zinc:** ≤1ppm.

• Copper: ≤1ppm.

Iron: ≤5ppm.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of Guanidine-HCl is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

HEPES, Molecular Biology Grade (free acid)



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| HEPES, Molecular Biology Grade (free acid) | 100 g | H5302 | |
| | 500 g | H5303 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: HEPES is a biological buffer that functions over a pH range of 6.8 to 8.2

Formula Weight: 238.3.

Properties:

• Appearance: White, crystalline powder.

• **Purity:** ≥99.5%.

• **Lead:** ≤5ppm.

• **Iron:** ≤5ppm.

• **Moisture:** ≤0.5%.

• pH at 25°C (1M): 5.0-6.5.

• A₂₆₀ at 0.1M: ≤0.05.

• A₂₈₀ at 0.1M: ≤0.04.

Features:

 Quality Tested: Each lot of HEPES is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

IPTG, Dioxane-Free

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| IPTG, Dioxane-Free | 1 g | V3955 |
| | 5 g | V3951 |
| | 50 g | V3953 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: IPTG, Dioxane-Free (isopropyl-β-p-thiogalactopyranoside), is an inducer of β-galactosidase activity in many bacteria. Functioning as a *lac* analog, IPTG induces β-galactosidase activity by binding to and inhibiting the *lac* repressor. This product is used to differentiate recombinants from nonrecombinants in cloning strategies using vectors containing the *lac*Z or lacZ α-peptide gene.

Formula Weight: 238.31.

Form: White powder.

Properties:

Purity: ≥99.0%.
Moisture: ≤1%.
pH (5%, H₂0): 5–7.

• **Dioxane Content:** ≤10ppm.

Storage Conditions: Store dry at 4°C or -20°C.

• Luciferin-EF™ Endotoxin-Free Luciferin Na

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Luciferin-EF™ | 25 mg | E6551 |
| | 250 mg | E6552 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Luciferin-EF[™] is an endotoxin-free beetle luciferin that can be used for cell-based imaging applications in living systems, where endotoxin may create problems. Luciferin-EF[™] is tested to ensure endotoxin is below detectable levels and packaged in amber vials with septa to facilitate easy dilution and use.

Features:

- Achieve Endotoxin Levels Below Detection Limits: No potential interference in assay due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Be Assured of Product Integrity: Luciferin-EFTM is packaged in amber vials with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and use for imaging experiments.
- Appreciate Flexibility and Convenience: Luciferin-EF™ is available in two sizes, depending on the number of experiments to be performed.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

MOPS/EDTA Buffer



For additional information see page 271.

™MULTI-CORE™ Buffer Pack

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| MULTI-CORE™ Buffer Pack | 3 × 1 ml | R9991 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 122.





Nuclease-Free Water



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------------------|------------|--|
| Nuclease-Free Water | 50 ml | P1193 | |
| | 150 ml | P1195 | |
| P1103 For Laboratory Use P1105 For Res | earch Use Only Not for Use in | Diagnostic | |

Procedures.

Description: Nuclease-Free Water is an essential component of molecular biology experiments.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Nuclease-Free Water is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at <30°C.

PEG 8000, Molecular Biology Grade (Polyethylene Glycol 8000)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| PEG 8000 Powder, Molecular Biology Grade | 500 g | V3011 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: PEG 8000 is used in the precipitation of phage, isolation of plasmid DNA and the enhancement of blunt-ended ligation reactions.

Formula Weight: 7,000-9,000. Form: White, waxy crystalline flakes.

Properties:

• Purity: ≥99.0%.

• pH at 25°C (5% water): 5.0-7.0.

Features:

· Quality Tested: Each lot of PEG 8000 is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Protease Inhibitor Cocktail

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Protease Inhibitor Cocktail is used to prevent protein degradation after lysing cells. The product is a mixture of six different protease inhibitors with different target protease specificities. The inhibitor cocktail is EDTA-free and provided as a powder, ready for reconstitution in 1ml of either 100% ethanol or DMSO to obtain a 50X working solution.

Features:

- Broad Specificity: Inhibitor cocktail is effective against a diverse number of proteases.
- Great Potency: Reagent provides the best-in-class level of protease
- Highly Compatible: Works with a wide array of protein fusion tags (e.g., Flag®, His tag, GST tag) and capture technologies. It is ideally suited for HaloTag® Technology-based approaches.

Storage Conditions: Store powdered Protease Inhibitor Cocktail at -30 to -10°C. Reconstituted Protease Inhibitor Cocktail can be stored at 2-10°C for 12 months.

RNase A Solution

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---|--------------------|
| RNase A Solution | 1 ml 4 mg/ml A7973 |
| | 5 ml 4 mg/ml A7974 |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ecodures |

Description: RNase A is an endoribonuclease that specifically hydrolyzes RNA 3' of pyrimidine residues and cleaves the phosphodiester linkage to the adjacent nucleotide. RNase A is used to remove RNA during procedures for the isolation of plasmid and genomic DNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

SDS Solution, Molecular Biology Grade (10% w/v)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| SDS Solution, Molecular Biology Grade (10% w/v) | 100 ml | V6551 | |
| | 500 ml | V6553 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: SDS Solution (10% w/v) is sodium dodecyl sulfate in distilled, deionized water. SDS is a detergent that is known to denature proteins. It is used in polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis for the determination of protein molecular weight. It is also used in nucleic acid extraction procedures for the disruption of cell walls and dissociation of nucleic acid:protein complexes.

Properties:

- A_{260} : ≤ 0.3 .
- **A₂₈₀:** ≤0.2.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of SDS Solution is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Sephacryl[®] S-400

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Sephacryl® S-400 | 10 ml | V3181 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Sephacryl® S-400 is a chromatography matrix used for rapid gel filtration. This matrix is useful in experiments involving the incorporation of synthetic linkers and adaptors. After linker ligation and digestion with the appropriate enzyme, unincorporated linkers and linker fragments may be rapidly removed from the DNA sample using spin columns containing Sephacryl® S-400. Such columns may be used to separate small DNA fragments (≤271bp) from longer DNA molecules.

Composition: Suspension in 10mM Tris-HCI (pH 8.0), 100mM NaCl and 1mM FDTA

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade | 500 g | H5271 | |
| | 1 kg | H5273 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade, is commonly used in many molecular biology and forensic applications.

Formula Weight: 58.45.

Properties:

- **Purity:** ≥99.5%.
- **Iron:** ≤2ppm.
- **Lead:** ≤5ppm.
- pH at 25°C of 1M: 5.0–8.0.
- A₂₆₀ at 1M: ≤0.02.
- A₂₈₀ at 1M: ≤0.01.
- Conductivity at 25°C (0.05M): 5,000-7,000μSm.

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Sodium Chloride is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade (SDS)



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 g | H5113 | |
| (SDS) | 500 g | H5114 | |
| | 1 kg | H5115 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Sodium Dodecyl Sulfate, Molecular Biology Grade (SDS), is a detergent that is known to denature proteins. It is used in denaturing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis for the determination of protein molecular weight. It is also used in nucleic acid extraction procedures for the disruption of cell walls and dissociation of nucleic acid:protein complexes.

Formula Weight: 288.38.

Properties:

- **Purity:** ≥99.5%.
- pH at 25°C (3% w/v): 6.0-7.5.
- A₂₃₀ at 3%: ≤0.40.
- A₂₆₀ at 3%: ≤0.30.
- A₂₈₀ at 3%: ≤0.05.
- A₄₀₅ at 3%: ≤0.01.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

SSC Buffer, 20X, Molecular Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| SSC Buffer, 20X, Molecular Grade | 1,000 ml | V4261 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | es. | | |

Description: SSC Buffer, 20X, Molecular Grade (pH 7.0), is commonly used in nucleic acid hybridization techniques at concentrations from 0.1X to 20X, depending on the application.

Form: Clear, colorless liquid.

Composition: 3M NaCl, 0.3M sodium citrate (for 20X concentration).

Properties:

- pH at 25°C (20X): 6.9-7.1.
- **Lead:** ≤10ppm.
- Conductivity at 25°C (2X): 24.4-32.4mmhos.

. Quality Tested: Each lot of SSC Buffer is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Streptavidin



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Streptavidin | 1 mg | Z7041 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Promega Streptavidin is purified by affinity chromatography and is of the highest quality available.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase | 0.5 ml | V5591 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase is used for the detection of biotinylated molecules.

Composition: Conjugated Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase in PBS, 1mg/ml BSA, 1mM MgCl₂, 0.1mM ZnCl₂ and 0.02% sodium azide.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase is quality tested to ensure optimal performance for the detection of biotinylated molecules.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze!



TAE Buffer, Molecular Biology Grade (Tris-acetate-EDTA)

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|-------|--|
| TAE Buffer, 10X, Molecular Biology Grade | 1,000 ml | 10 X | V4271 | |
| TAE Buffer, 40X, Molecular Biology Grade | 1,000 ml | 40 X | V4281 | |
| | | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: TAE Buffer is the most commonly used buffer for agarose DNA electrophoresis. A 1X solution is obtained by adding 1 part of the concentrated TAE to 9 or 39 parts of deionized water.

Form: Clear, colorless liquid.

Properties:

Composition (10X): 400mM Tris-acetate, 10mM EDTA.
 Composition (40X): 1.6M Tris-acetate, 40mM EDTA.

pH at 25°C: 8.2–8.4.
 Lead: ≤10ppm.

Fostures

 Quality Tested: Each lot of TAE Buffer is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

TBE Buffer, 10X, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| TBE Buffer, 10X, Molecular Biology Grade | 1,000 ml | V4251 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: TBE Buffer, 10X (pH 8.3), is used for polyacrylamide and agarose gel electrophoresis. This product has been optimized for use in DNA applications.

Form: Clear, colorless liquid.

Composition: 890mM Tris-borate, 890mM boric acid, 20mM EDTA.

Properties:

• pH at 25°C (1X): 8.2-8.4.

Features:

- Quality Tested for DNase Activity: Each lot of TBE Buffer is tested and demonstrates ≤1% release.
- Quality Tested for RNase Activity: Each lot of TBE Buffer is tested and demonstrates ≤1% release.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

TE Buffer, 1X, Molecular Biology Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| TE Buffer, 1X, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml | V6231 | |
| | 500 ml | V6232 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: TE Buffer, 1X, Molecular Grade (pH 8.0), is a buffer composed of 10mM Tris-HCl containing 1mM EDTA • Na₂.

Properties:

- pH at 25°C: 7.9-8.1.
- A₂₈₀: ≤0.05.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of TE Buffer is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

TMB Stabilized Substrate for Horseradish Peroxidase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| TMB Stabilized Substrate for Horseradish Peroxidase | 200 ml | W4121 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: TMB Stabilized Substrate is a stable, ready-to-use TMB (3,3′, 5,5′-tetramethylbenzidine) color development substrate for localization of horseradish peroxidase-conjugated antibodies on dot blots and Western blots. It is easier to use than 4-chloro-1-naphthol (CN), which must be prepared immediately before use. TMB Stabilized Substrate comes premixed and fully diluted in a proprietary buffer containing less than 0.5% organic solvent.

Features:

- Convenient: Premixed, ready-to-use; in proprietary buffer containing less than 0.5% organic solvents.
- Stable: Stable at room temperature for 12 months.
- Sensitive: At least threefold more sensitive than 4-chloro-1-naphthol (CN); as little as 412pg of β-galactosidase detected on TMB blot as compared to 1.12ng on CN blot when detected with a β-galactosidase-specific antibody and HRP-conjugated secondary antibody.
- Long-Lasting Color: Color is much more stable than 4-chloro-1-naphthol and photographs more easily.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Tris Base, Molecular Biology Grade



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| Tris Base, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 g | H5133 | |
| | 500 g | H5131 | |
| | 2,500 g | H5135 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Tris Base, Molecular Biology Grade, is commonly used for many molecular biology applications.

Formula: $C_4H_{11}NO_3$. Formula Weight: 121.14. Form: Crystalized free base.

Properties:

• pH at 25°C of 1M: 10.0-11.5.

• **Purity:** ≥99.9%. • A₂₆₀ at 1M: ≤0.05.

A₂₈₀ at 1M: ≤0.05.

• Melting Point: 167-172°C.

Moisture: ≤0.2%.

• Lead: ≤2ppm.

Magnesium: ≤1ppm.

• Calcium: ≤1ppm.

• **Iron:** ≤1ppm.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Tris Base is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Tris-HCl, Molecular Biology Grade (Tris-Hydrochloride)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| Tris-HCl, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 g | H5121 | |
| | 500 g | H5123 | |
| | 2,500 g | H5125 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Tris-HCl, Molecular Biology Grade, is sometimes used in combination with Tris base for preparation of Tris-HCl buffers.

Formula Weight: 157.56.

Properties:

• pH at 25°C (0.1M): 4.2-5.0.

• **Purity:** ≥99.0%.

A₂₄₀ at 1M: ≤0.06.

A₂₆₀, A₂₈₀, A₃₀₀, A₆₀₀ at 1M: ≤0.05.

• Melting Point: 150-152°C.

• **Moisture:** ≤0.5%.

• Calcium: ≤5ppm.

Iron: ≤5ppm.

• Lead: ≤1ppm.

• Magnesium: ≤1ppm.

• Manganese: ≤1ppm.

Copper: ≤1ppm.

• **Zinc:** ≤1ppm.

Features:

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Tris-HCl is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Triton® X-100, Molecular Biology Grade



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Triton® X-100, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml | H5142 | |
| | 500 ml | H5141 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Triton® X-100, Molecular Biology Grade, is a widely used nonionic surfactant.

Properties:

• Moisture: ≤1.0%. Lead: ≤5ppm.

Iron: ≤5ppm.

• Density at 25°C: 1.0645-1.0655g/ml.

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Triton® X-100 is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Tween® 20, Molecular Biology Grade



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Tween® 20, Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml 100 % | H5152 |
| | 500 ml 100 % | H5151 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Tween® 20, Molecular Biology Grade, is a nonionic detergent used for many different molecular biology applications.

Properties:

• Appearance: Clear, yellow, viscous liquid.

• Hydroxyl Number: 96-108.

• **Lead:** ≤10ppm.

. Quality Tested: Each lot of Tween® 20 is tested and certified to be free of DNase, RNase and protease activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C

Urea

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Urea | 1 kg | V3171 |
| | 5 kg | V3175 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Urea is a protein denaturant. Urea is qualified for use as the denaturing component in polyacrylamide gels.

Formula: (NH₂)₂CO. Formula Weight: 60.06.

Form: Fine, white, free-flowing pastilles.

Properties:

• Purity: ≥99.0%.

Melting Point: 132–135°C.

• A₂₈₀ at 8M in water: ≤0.10.

Chloride: ≤0.0005%

• **Heavy Metals:** ≤0.001%.

• **Iron:** ≤0.001%.

• Cyanate: none detected.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C. Protect from moisture.



Contents

Section

Vitronectin, Human

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Vitronectin, Human | 100 µg | G5381 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Human Vitronectin is purified from plasma. Vitronectin belongs to the group of structurally and functionally homologous adhesive proteins (fibrinogen, fibronectin, Von Willebrand factor) that interact with platelets and the vessel wall in the early stages of blood clotting. When coated on surfaces, very low concentrations of Vitronectin promote endothelial cell attachment and induce spreading and migration of cells in a time- and concentration-dependent fashion.

Activity: When coated onto tissue culture plastic, Vitronectin promotes one-half maximal attachment of BALB/3T3 fibroblasts in serum-free medium below 0.1µg/cm². Maximal attachment occurs at approximately 0.2µg/cm².

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Western Blue® Stabilized Substrate for Alkaline Phosphatase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Western Blue® Stabilized Substrate for Alkaline Phosphatase | 100 ml | S3841 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Western Blue® Stabilized Substrate for Alkaline Phosphatase is a stable, ready-to-use substrate for Western blots and immunoscreening. It is a mixture of 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate (BCIP) and nitro blue tetrazolium (NBT) in a proprietary stabilizing buffer. Western Blue® Substrate should be used directly and without dilution. This liquid substrate deposits a permanent dark purple stain on membrane sites bearing alkaline phosphatase. Western Blue® Substrate is as sensitive as other reagents based on the BCIP/NBT formulation.

Features:

- Convenient: Ready-to-use formulation that does not require dilution or reagent mixing.
- Sensitive: Substrate is as sensitive as other commercially available BCIP/ NBT formulations and reagents.
- Stable: Stable for one year at room temperature.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature, 22–25°C.

\mathfrak{D} X-Gal (5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl- β -D-galactopyranoside)

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|----------|-------|--|
| X-Gal | 100mg/2 ml | 50 mg/ml | V3941 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagno | ostic Procedures | | | |

Description: X-Gal, in conjunction with IPTG, is used to detect β -galactosidase activity to differentiate recombinants from nonrecombinants in cloning experiments using vectors containing the *lacZ* or *lacZ* α -peptide gene.

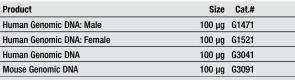
Features:

- Concentration: 50mg/ml in dimethylformamide, 2.0ml/vial.
- Quality Tested: X-Gal is tested for use with the pGEM®-Z Vectors in a chromogenicity assay.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C or -20°C.

Nucleic Acids

○ Genomic DNA



G1471, G1521, G3041 For Laboratory Use. G3091 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Genomic DNA from selected species are purified, and greater than 90% of the DNA is longer than 50kb in size as measured by pulsed-field gel electrophoresis. The DNA is suitable for Southern blot hybridizations, genomic analysis (including PCR), and genomic library construction. The Mouse Genomic DNA is isolated from whole blood from disease-free mice. Human Genomic DNA comes from multiple anonymous donors.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

Merring Sperm DNA

| | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------|-------|----------|-------|--|
| erm DNA | 10 mg | 10 µg/µl | D1811 | |

100 mg 10 μg/μl D1815

500 mg 10 μg/μl D1816

For Laboratory Use.

Product
Herring Spe

Description: Herring Sperm DNA is tested and certified to be free of any DNase or RNase activity. It is useful as a blocking agent in nucleic acid hybridization experiments.

Features:

- Quality Tested: Certified to be free of any DNase or RNase activity.
- Multiple Applications: Use as a blocking agent in hybridizations or as carrier DNA.
- Ready to Use: Provided as a 10mg/ml solution.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Note: Product may be viscous at 4°C. Prior to use, ensure product is at room temperature (it may be briefly warmed at 37°C) and mixed thoroughly to ensure homogeneity.

Lambda DNA



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Lambda DNA | 250 µg | D1501 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: λ DNA d857~Sam7 is isolated from infected E.~coli strain W3350. Restriction enzyme-digested λ DNA (48,502bp) may be used as a molecular weight size marker in gel analysis of nucleic acids. λ DNA is also a commonly used substrate in restriction enzyme activity assays. The nucleotide sequence has been determined.

Features:

 Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



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Unmethylated Lambda DNA

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Unmethylated Lambda DNA | 250 μg D1521 |
| For Laboratory Use | |

Description: Unmethylated *d*857 *Sam7* Lambda DNA (48,502bp) is isolated from infected GM119, an *E. coli* strain lacking both the *dam* and *dcm* methylase activities. Unmethylated Lambda DNA is used as a substrate for restriction enzymes sensitive to DNA methylation.

Features:

 Unmethylated Substrate: Use as a substrate for methylation-sensitive restriction enzymes.

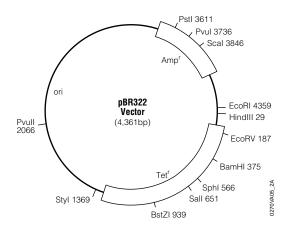
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

pBR322 Vector

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|-------|--|
| pBR322 Vector | 10 μg 1 μg/μl | D1511 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proc | edures. | | |

Description: The plasmid pBR322 Vector (4,361bp) carries the genes for tetracycline and ampicillin resistance. pBR322 DNA digests typically are used as molecular weight size markers in gel analysis of nucleic acids.

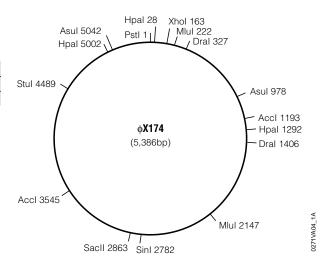
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| ΦX174, RF DNA | 50 μg 1 μg/μl | D1531 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

Description: The icosahedral bacteriophage Φ X174 replicative form (RF) is a double-stranded circular DNA molecule of 5,386 bases. Restriction enzymedigested Φ X174 DNA generates molecular weight size markers used in gel analysis of nucleic acids. Φ X174 DNA is often used in the assays of restriction enzymes for the presence of nickase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



K562 DNA High Molecular Weight

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|--------|
| K562 DNA High Molecular Weight | 30 μg C | DD2011 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: K562 DNA is purified from a subculture of the human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line. K562 DNA serves as a control for most steps of the single-locus probe analysis procedure. The DNA also can be used as a reference for determining fragment sizes of VNTR alleles following appropriate restriction digestion. K562 fragment sizes obtained may vary slightly due to interlaboratory differences in protocols and methods of analysis.

Concentration: 0.4-1.0µg/µl.

Storage Conditions: Store at –20°C. Always avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles or exposure to frequent temperature changes. These fluctuations can greatly alter product stability.



Tips and Accessories

Automatic Processor Compatible (APC) Film

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Automatic Processor Compatible (APC) Film | 25 sheets | Q4411 | |
| Automatic Processor Compatible (APC) Film, Sample Size | 6 sheets | Q4412 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | s. | | |

Description: Automatic Processor Compatible (APC) Film provides the means to capture enhanced images and permanent copies of results. The film is exposed using fluorescent light from a standard light box. Films are easily developed using typical darkroom reagents; development may be performed manually or by using an automatic film processor. Film size $= 30 \times 40$ cm.

𝔰 Gel Drying Film **■**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-------|--|
| Gel Drying Film, 25.0 × 28cm (50 uses) | 100 sheets | V7131 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | |

Description: Gel Drying Film is a clear cellulose film used with the Gel Drying Kit. Gel Drying Film is essentially gas-impermeable when dry.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Gel Drying Kit, 17.5 × 20cm capacity | 1 kit | V7120 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Gel Drying Kit provides a convenient and economical alternative to expensive and sometimes problematic gel dryers and vacuum systems. Both polyacrylamide and agarose gels may be dried using this kit. After electrophoresis, gels are placed between two moistened sheets of clear cellulose film, the sheets are clamped between the frames, and the gels are left to dry overnight. Gels dried in this manner can be viewed easily while drying and, once dry, are protected from damage and can be stored in laboratory notebooks. The Gel Drying Film is essentially gas-impermeable when dry. A set of Gel Drying Frames will accommodate one standard 16 × 16cm polyacrylamide gel, four 7 × 9cm minigels or one 7 × 10cm agarose gel.

Features:

- Convenient and Cost-Effective: Offers an alternative to gel dryers and vacuum systems.
- Flexible: Both polyacrylamide and agarose gels can be dried.
- Easy to View: Gels are viewed easily while drying.
- Easy to Store: Dried gels are protected from damage and can be stored in laboratory notebooks.
- Easy to Use: Dried gels may be scanned densitometrically and also projected using an overhead projector.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 |
| | 100 pack | A2278 |
| Wizard® SV 96 Lysate Clearing Plates | 10 pack | A2241 |
| | 100 pack | A2248 |
| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | V5291 |
| 384-Well Plate, Conical | 10 /pk | V5311 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Binding Plates, Lysate Clearing Plates and 384-Well Plates (Flat and Conical) are available for nucleic acid purification.

The Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates are used with the Wizard® SV 96 Plasmid DNA Purification System (Cat.# A2250, A2255), Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System (Cat.# A2370, A2371) and Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System (Cat.# A9340, A9341, A9342) to isolate DNA, or with the SV 96 Total RNA Isolation System (Cat.# Z3500, Z3505) to isolate RNA. The isolation procedures can be performed manually or on a robotic platform. The Binding Plates are designed for use with the Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A2291) or a comparable manifold.

The Wizard® SV 96 Lysate Clearing Plates are used with the Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates (Cat.# A2271, A2278) and the Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A2291) for simultaneous lysate clearing and DNA binding in the Wizard® SV 96 (Cat.# A2250, A2255) and Wizard® SV 9600 (Cat.# A2258) Plasmid DNA Purification System protocols.



Section

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Promega Barrier Tips

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|-------|
| Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5–10 µl | A1491 |
| Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5-10 µl | A1501 |
| Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5-10 µl | A1511 |
| Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 2–20 µl | A1521 |
| Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 10–100 µl | A1541 |
| Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 50–200 μl | A1551 |
| Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk | 100-1,000 µl | A1561 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Aerosol barrier tips eliminate false signals and contamination caused by aerosols. Scientifically designed and tested, Promega Barrier Tips offer performance and economy when working with amplified nucleic acids (PCR), radioactive isotopes, tissue culture fluids, infectious samples, forensic and serological specimens.

Promega Barrier Tips are made with an inert ultrahydrophobic HDPE plastic that offers the effectiveness of a self-sealing barrier with the convenience of sample retrieval. In retention tests, Promega Barrier Tips virtually eliminated tip retention and sample holdup.

Features:

- Sterile: Promega Barrier Tips are presterilized and certified RNase- and DNase-free. Tips are supplied packaged and sealed in covered trays.
- Convenient: Designed to fit perfectly on all major brands of pipettor.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.

| Tip/Pipette Compatibility Guide. | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Tip | Size | Gilson Pipet- man® | Eppendorf Reference® | Nichiryo Oxford Bench- mate® | Finn- pipette® |
| Promega 10 | 10μΙ | P10 & P20 | 0.1–2.5µl, 0.5–10µl | 0.1–2μΙ | 0.5–10µl, 5–50µl |
| Promega 10E | 10μΙ | P10 & P20 | 0.1–2.5μl, 0.5–10μl | 0.1–2μΙ | 0.5–10µl, 5–50µl |
| Promega 10F | 10μΙ | P20, P100 & P200 | 2—20µІ, 10—100µІ, 50—200µІ | 2–20µl | 2–20µl, 5–50µl, 20–200µl, 30–300µl |
| Promega 20 | 20µІ | P20, P100 & P200 | 2—20µІ, 10—100µІ, 50—200µІ | 2–20µl | 2–20µl, 5–50µl, 20–200µl, 30–300µl |
| Promega 100 | 100µІ | P200 | 50–200µl | | 5–50µІ, 20–200µІ, 30–300µІ |
| Promega 200 | 200µІ | P200 | 50–200µl | | 5–50µІ, 20–200µІ, 30–300µІ |
| Promega 1000 | 1,000μΙ | P1000 | 100- 1,000µl | | 100–1,000µl, 200–1,000µl, 100–1,200µl |
| | | | | | 0.0120 |

Promega Flipper® Racks

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Promega Flipper® Rack, Blue | 8 × 8 tubes | Y9341 | |
| Promega Flipper® Rack, Purple | 8 × 12 tubes | Y9422 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description: The versatile Promega Flipper® Racks are ideal for storage and transport of all of your small tubes. These polypropylene racks withstand extreme temperatures, making them an excellent choice for freezer storage. They also may be autoclaved for use in sterile environments. Each rack is two-sided; one side accommodates 0.5ml microcentrifuge tubes, the other 1.5ml tubes or 2ml cryogenic tubes. The Blue Flipper® Rack holds 64 tubes, and the Purple Flipper® Rack holds 96 tubes. Clear lids permit easy viewing of rack contents.

Features:

- Withstand Extreme Temperatures: Blue Flipper® Racks may be stored at -90°C; Purple Flipper® Racks at -30°C. Both may be autoclaved.
- Convenient: Store 0.5ml, 1.5ml or 2ml tubes.

Storage Conditions: Minimum storage temperature: Blue, -90°C; Purple, -30°C. Maximum temperature: Autoclavable.



Promega Flipper® Rack. Purple (Cat.# Y9422).



Promega Flipper® Rack. Blue (Cat.# Y9341).



Magnetic Stands and Spacers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8151 | |
| MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8351 | |
| MagnaBot® Flat Top Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V6041 | |
| Plate Clamp 96 | 1 each | V8251 | |
| Plate Stand | 1 each | V8261 | |
| Deep Well MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation | | · | |
| Device | 1 each | V3031 | |
| Heat Transfer Block | 1 each | Z3271 | |
| Heat Block Insert | 1 each | Z3651 | |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 3/16 inch | 1 each | V8381 | |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/8 inch | 1 each | V8581 | |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/16 inch | 1 each | V8681 | |
| 1/4 inch Foam Spacer | 1 each | Z3301 | |
| MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8241 | |
| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | V5291 | |
| 384-Well Plate, Conical | 10 /pk | V5311 | |
| V8151, V8351, V6041, V8251, V8261, V3031, Z3271, Z3651, V8381, V8581, V8681, Z3301, V5291, V5311 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. V8241 For Laboratory Use. | | | |



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151).



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151) with a 96-well Collection Plate and robotic gripper arm.



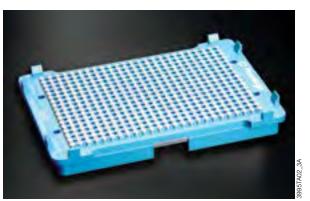
MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8351).



Plate Clamp 96 (Cat.# V8251) with a 96-well PCR plate.



Plate Stand (Cat.# V8261).



MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8241).



stocking system

Magnetic Stands and Spacers-continued

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-------|--|
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic | 0.5 ml | Z5331 | |
| Separation Stand (two-position) | 1.5 ml | Z5332 | |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5333 | |
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic | 0.5 ml | Z5341 | |
| Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 1.5 ml | Z5342 | |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5343 | |
| PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation | | | |
| Stand | 1 each | Z5410 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |



MagneSphere $^{\circ}$ Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) (Cat.# Z5331, Z5332, Z5333).



MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) (Cat.# Z5341, Z5342, Z5343).



PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation Stand (Cat.# Z5410).

 $\label{lem:magnetic} \textbf{Magnetic Separation Stands Compatible with the PolyATtract}^{\circledcirc} \ \textbf{Systems}.$

| Stand Cat.# | Sample Size | Compatible Product |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| 2-Position Stand | | |
| Z5331 | 5-10mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| Z5332 | 5-35mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| | | PolyATtract® System III or IV |
| | 1×10^6 cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| Z5333 | 35-100mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| | | PolyATtract® System I or II |
| Z5410 | 0.1–1g or 10 ⁷ –10 ⁸ cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| 12-Position Stand | d | |
| Z5341 | 5-10mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| Z5342 | 5–35mg or 1×10^6 cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| | | PolyATtract® System III or IV |
| Z5343 | 35-100mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 |
| | | 9488LA |

Vacuum Manifolds and Accessories

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|---------|-------|
| Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold | 1 each | A2291 |
| Vac-Man® Jr. Laboratory Vacuum Manifold, 2-sample capacity | 1 each | A7660 |
| Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold, 20-sample capacity | 1 each | A7231 |
| Available Separately | | |
| Collar for Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold | 1 each | A2311 |
| One-Way Luer-Lok® Stopcocks | 10 each | A7261 |
| Vacuum Adapters | 20 each | A1331 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |





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| 3 | Biologics | |
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| | ADCC Reporter Bioassays | 32 |

Bioanalytical Tools

Protein Manipulation Tools

Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

stocking system

Bioassays for Biologics

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System | 100 ml | G7940 | |
| | 10 ml | G7941 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: The Bio-Glo[™] Luciferase Assay System provides a highly sensitive, robust, homogeneous reagent for the detection of firefly luciferase reporter gene expression in the ADCC Reporter Bioassay. Bio-Glo[™] Assay reagent contains a new luciferase substrate, resulting in a reagent that is more stable and more tolerant to sample components than standard luciferase assay reagents. Bio-Glo[™] Assay reagent is functionally tested for performance in the ADCC Reporter Bioassay and is intended for use with this or other bioassays.

Features:

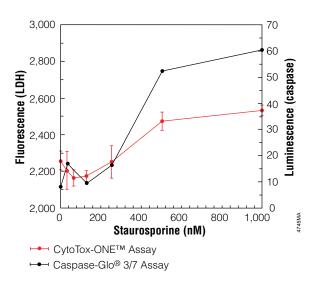
- Simplified Assay Optimization: Robust performance, improved storage and convenient size.
- Room Temperature or 4°C Storage: Extended stability of the Bio-Glo[™]
 Reagent makes it convenient for everyday use.
- Improved Assay Precision: The Bio-GloTM Reagent is less sensitive to mixing and dispensing conditions, enhancing reproducibility. Ideal for bioassay applications.
- Brighter, Longer-Lasting Signal: Optimized for batch and continuousprocess handling, the extended bright light output allows high sensitivity, especially for extended incubations, such as 24 hours.
- Reduced Unwanted Effects from Sample Components: The Bio-Glo[™] Assay is less sensitive to culture media, phenol red and luciferase inhibitors than other luciferase assays.

Storage Conditions: Store the Bio-GloTM Luciferase Assay System components at -30°C to -10°C . The Bio-GloTM Luciferase Assay Buffer can be stored at below 30°C for up to three months with approximately a 10% change in reagent functionality. For optimal performance, reconstituted Bio-GloTM Luciferase Assay Reagent should be used the day of preparation. However, once reconstituted, Bio-GloTM Luciferase Assay Reagent can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 weeks.

© CytoTox-ONE[™] Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------------|-------|
| CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous | 200-800 assays | G7890 |
| Membrane Integrity Assay | 1,000-4,000 assays | G7891 |
| CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay, HTP | 1,000-4,000 assays | G7892 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 67.



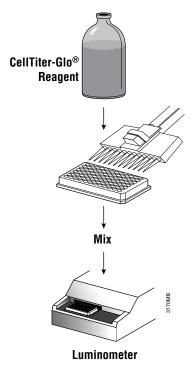
Multiplexing the CytoTox-ONE™ Assay and the Caspase-Glo® 3/7
Assay. With most in vitro apoptosis assays, LDH release occurs relatively late in the process. The duration of drug exposure here was carefully chosen to demonstrate the early stages of cell lysis, while retaining caspase activity.



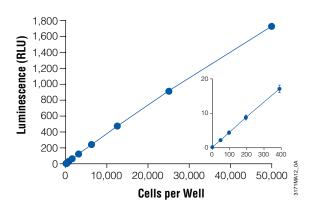
OCEIITiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay

Product Size Cat.# CellTiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay 10 ml G7570 10 × 10 ml G7571 00 ml G7572 10 × 100 ml G7573 0 × 100 ml G7573

For additional information see page 58.



Flow diagram showing preparation and use of CellTiter-Glo® Reagent.

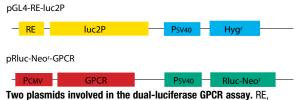


Excellent sensitivity and extended linearity. Serial twofold dilutions of Jurkat cells were made in RPMI 1640 and 10% PBS in a 96-well plate. The assay was performed as described in *CellTiter-Glo*® *Luminescent Cell Viability Assay Technical Bulletin,* #TB288. Values represent the mean \pm S.D. of four replicates for each cell number.

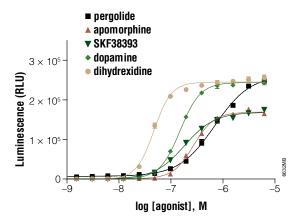
○ GloResponseTM Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloResponse™ CRE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 | |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 | |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 69.



Two plasmids involved in the dual-luciferase GPCH assay. RE, response element/promoter; *luc2P*, destabilized firefly luciferase with PEST sequence; P_{SV40}, SV40 promoter; Hygf, hygromycin resistance gene; P_{CMV}, CMV promoter; *Rluc*-neof, *Renilla* luciferase and neomycin resistance gene fusion. PEST sequences are associated with rapidly degraded proteins.



Ranking compound potency and detection of DRD1 partial agonists.

A GloResponse[™] CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor D1 was plated at 10,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate. Each agonist was serially diluted 1:2, then added to wells in replicates of four, beginning with 50µM. Cells were incubated with agonist for four hours, harvested and analyzed using the Dual-Glo[™] Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920). Luciferase activity was measured on the GloMax[®] 96 Microplate Luminometer (Cat.# E6501).



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O Promega

Section Contents

ADCC Reporter Bioassays

ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete Kit (Raji)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete (Raji) | 1 each | G7015 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: This ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete Kit (Raji), is suitable as a starter kit for trying the ADCC Reporter Bioassay or for use when the antibody of interest recognizes antigens on Raji cells.

Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) is a mechanism of action through which virus-infected or other diseased cells are targeted for destruction by the cell-mediated immune system. The ADCC Reporter Bioassay is a bioluminescent assay for quantifying Fc effector function of therapeutic antibodies as measured by activation of the NFAT signaling pathway (Figure 1; see page 33). The assay includes effector and Raji target cells provided in frozen, thaw-and-use format, reagents and an optimized protocol to provide a bioassay that has low variability and high accuracy. Moreover, the bioassay can be performed in a single day. These performance characteristics make the bioassay suitable for application across antibody drug research, development and manufactured lot release. The thaw-and-use cells provided in the ADCC Reporter Bioassay kits are generated under highly controlled conditions that result in low assay variability run to run, while eliminating the need to propagate and prepare cells for each assay.

ADCC is a desirable mechanism for killing target cancer cells using antibody-based drugs. The antibody binds to target antigens on the cell surface. When the Fc effector portion of target-bound antibodies also binds to FcyRllla on the surface of effector cells (natural killer cells predominantly), multiple crosslinking of the wo cell types occurs, leading to pathway activation of ADCC MOA. Killing of target cells is an endpoint of this pathway activation and is used in classic ADCC bioassays, which use donor peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or the natural killer (NK) cell subpopulation as effector cells. These cells can be highly variable in response, are tedious to prepare and can result in high background readings.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses an alternative readout at an earlier point in ADCC MOA pathway activation: the activation of gene transcription through the NFAT (nuclear factor of activated T-cells) pathway in the effector cell. In addition, the ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses engineered Jurkat cells stably expressing the FcyRllla receptor, V158 (high affinity) variant and an NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase as effector cells. Antibody biological activity in ADCC MOA is quantified through the luciferase produced as a result of NFAT pathway activation; luciferase activity in the effector cell is quantified with luminescence readout. Signal is high, and assay background is low.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay exhibits the specificity desired for a bioassay, as shown in Figure 2. A good assay response is only obtained when target cells with the correct surface antigen, the correct specific antibody and effector cells expressing Fc γ RIIIIa are present. If any one of these is missing, there is no response.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay has performance characteristics suitable for the many applications of a bioassay used across antibody drug discovery, development and manufacture: it is stability-indicating and has the precision and accuracy suitable for a lot-release bioassay. Additionally the assay can be used to quantify effects of glycosylation differences on Fc effector function of antibodies in ADCC MOA, which is useful for ADCC efficiency variant analysis. Finally, the bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to a classic LDH release ADCC bioassay (Figure 3; see page 34).

Features:

- Simple, Easy and Homogeneous Assay: Reduced assay-to-assay variability.
- Cells in Frozen, Thaw-and-Use Format: No propagation and cell culture fuss.
- Bioluminescent Reporter Bioassay: Sensitive with excellent signal-tonoise ratios.
- ADCC MOA-Based: Correlates with and suitable replacement for cytotoxic ADCC assays.
- Scalable: Adaptable to 384-well format.
- Tested with FDA-Approved Antibodies.
- Suitable for QC Lot Release: Stability-indicating, excellent linearity, accuracy and precision.

Note: The ADCC Reporter Bioassay components are shipped separately because of their different temperature requirements.

Storage Conditions: The ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells and Target Cells are shipped on dry ice. The Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System and Low IgG Serum are shipped on dry ice, separately from the cells. The RPMI 1640 Medium is shipped at ambient temperature. The Control Ab. Anti-CD20. is shipped on gel ice. Upon arrival, immediately transfer the vials of ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells and Target Cells for long-term storage below -140°C (freezer or liquid nitrogen vapor phase). The cells are sensitive, and care should be taken when handling. For safety reasons do not store cell vials submerged in liquid nitrogen. Low IqG Serum should be stored at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Buffer and Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Substrate should be stored at -20°C. Store the Control Ab, Anti-CD20, at 4°C. For optimal performance, reconstituted Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Reagent should be used the day of preparation. However, once reconstituted, Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Reagent can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 weeks. RPMI 1640 Medium should be stored at 4°C protected from fluorescent light.

ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target Kit (Raji)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target (Raji) | 1 each | G7016 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target Kit (Raji), provides two additional reagent components to the ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Core Kit: Raji Target Cells and Control Ab, Anti-CD20, which can be used with Core Kits if desired, providing flexibility to the end user.

Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) is a mechanism of action (MOA) through which virus-infected or other diseased cells are targeted for destruction by the cell-mediated immune system. The ADCC Reporter Bioassay is a bioluminescent assay for quantifying Fc effector function of therapeutic antibodies as measured by activation of the NFAT signaling pathway (Figure 1; see page 33). Cells are provided in frozen, thaw-and-use format with reagents and an optimized protocol to provide a bioassay that has low variability and high accuracy. Moreover, the bioassay can be performed in a single day. These performance characteristics make the bioassay suitable for application across antibody drug research, development and manufactured lot release. The thaw-and-use cells provided in the ADCC Reporter Bioassay kits are generated under highly controlled conditions that result in low assay variability run to run, while eliminating the need to propagate and prepare cells for each assay.

ADCC is a desirable mechanism for killing target cancer cells using antibody-based drugs. The antibody binds to target antigens on the cell surface. When the Fc effector portion of target-bound antibodies also binds to FcyRllla on the surface of effector cells (natural killer cells predominantly), multiple crosslinking of the wo cell types occurs, leading to pathway activation of ADCC MOA. Killing of target cells is an endpoint of this pathway activation and is used in classic ADCC bioassays, which use donor peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or the natural killer (NK) cell subpopulation as effector cells. These cells can be highly variable in response, are tedious to prepare and can result in high background readings.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses an alternative readout at an earlier point in ADCC MOA pathway activation: the activation of gene transcription through the NFAT (nuclear factor of activated T-cells) pathway in the effector cell. In addition, the ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses engineered Jurkat cells stably expressing the Fc γ RIlla receptor, V158 (high affinity) variant and an NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase as effector cells. Antibody biological activity in ADCC MOA is quantified through the luciferase produced as a result of NFAT pathway activation; luciferase activity in the effector cell is quantified with luminescence readout. Signal is high and assay background is low.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay exhibits the clear specificity desired for a bioassay, as shown in Figure 2 (below). A good assay response is only obtained when target cells with the correct surface antigen, the correct specific antibody and effector cells expressing $Fc\gamma RIIIa$ are present. If any one of these is missing, there is no response.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay has performance characteristics suitable for many applications of a bioassay used across antibody drug discovery, development and manufacture: it is stability-indicating and has the precision and accuracy suitable for a lot-release bioassay. Additionally the assay can be used to quantify effects of glycosylation differences on Fc effector function of antibodies in ADCC MOA, which is useful for ADCC efficiency variant analysis, for example. Finally, the bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to a classic LDH release ADCC bioassay (Figure 3; see page 34).

Features:

- Simple, Easy and Homogeneous Assay: Reduced assay-to-assay variability.
- Cells in Frozen, Thaw-and-Use Format: No propagation and cell culture fuss.
- Bioluminescent Reporter Bioassay: Sensitive with excellent signal-tonoise ratios.
- ADCC MOA-Based: Correlates with and suitable replacement for cytotoxic ADCC assays.
- Scalable: Adaptable to 384-well format.
- Tested with FDA-Approved Antibodies.
- Suitable for QC Lot Release: Stability-indicating, excellent linearity, accuracy and precision.

Note: The ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target Kit (Raji), components are shipped separately because of their different temperature requirements.

Storage Conditions: The ADCC Bioassay Target Cells are shipped on dry ice. The Control Ab, Anti-CD20, is shipped on gel ice. Upon arrival, immediately transfer the vials of ADCC Bioassay Target Cells for long-term storage below –140°C (freezer or liquid nitrogen vapor phase). The cells are sensitive, and care should be taken when handling. For safety reasons do not store cell vials submerged in liquid nitrogen. Store the Control Ab, Anti-CD20, at 4°C.

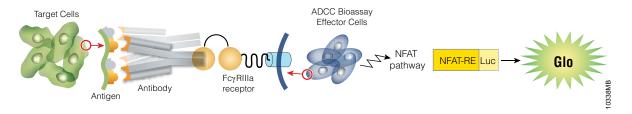


Figure 1. ADCC Reporter Bioassay Schematic. Readout is luminescence signal from NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase.

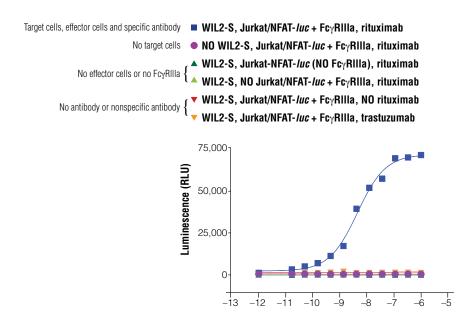


Figure 2. Specificity of the ADCC Reporter Bioassay. Serial dilutions of rituximab (anti-CD20 chimeric monoclonal antibody drug), trastuzumab (anti-Her2 humanized monoclonal antibody drug) or assay medium control (no antibody) were incubated for 6 hours of induction at 37°C with engineered Jurkat effector cells (ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells) with or without ADCC Bioassay Target Cells (WIL2-S), as indicated. Luciferase activity was quantified using Bio-GloTM Reagent. Data were fitted using the 4PL curve fitting component of GraphPad Prism® software.



Helix® on-site stocking system

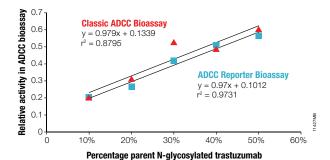


Figure 3. ADCC Reporter Bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to classic LDH release ADCC bioassay. The graph shows correlation of relative ADCC activity with fraction of trastuzumab N-glycosylation. For the experiment, trastuzumab was N-deglycosylated using PNGase F, blended with fully N-glycosylated parent preparations to create test samples representing different percentages of N-glycosylation (indicated on the x-axis) and assayed using either the ADCC Reporter Bioassay or a lytic LDH release ADCC bioassay in which PBMCs were used as effector cells. Target cells were SK-BR-3. For the ADCC Reporter Bioassay, ADCC pathway activation was measured by quantification of luciferase activity in the effector cell; for classic ADCC bioassay, LDH release from target cells was measured. For both assays, biological activity reflects downstream effects of effector cell FcyRllla crosslinking by antibody bound to target cells. Biological activity was determined and expressed relative to fully N-glycosylated trastuzumab, then plotted against percent N-glycosylated trastuzumab.

ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Core Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Core Kit | 1 each | G7010 |
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Core Kit 5X | 1 each | G7018 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) is a mechanism of action (MOA) through which virus-infected or other diseased cells are targeted for destruction by components of the cell-mediated immune system. The ADCC Reporter Bioassay is a bioluminescent assay for quantifying Fc effector function of therapeutic antibodies as measured by activation of the NFAT signaling pathway (Figure 1; see page 33). The assay includes effector cells provided in frozen, thaw-and-use format and reagents and an optimized protocol to provide a bioassay that has low variability and high accuracy. Moreover the bioassay can be performed in a single day. These performance characteristics make the bioassay suitable for application across antibody drug research, development and manufactured lot release. The thaw-and-use cells provided in the ADCC Reporter Bioassay kits are generated under highly controlled conditions that result in low assay variability run to run, while eliminating the need to propagate and prepare cells for each assay.

ADCC is a desirable mechanism for killing target cancer cells using antibodybased drugs. The antibody binds to target antigens on the cell surface. When the Fc effector portion of target-bound antibodies also binds to FcyRllla on the surface of effector cells (natural killer cells predominantly), multiple crosslinking of the two cell types occurs, leading to pathway activation of ADCC MOA. Killing of target cells is an endpoint of this pathway activation and is used in classic ADCC bioassays, which use donor peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or the natural killer (NK) cell subpopulation as effector cells. These cells can be highly variable in response, are tedious to prepare and can result in high background readings.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses an alternative readout at an earlier point in ADCC MOA pathway activation: the activation of gene transcription through the NFAT (nuclear factor of activated T-cells) pathway in the effector cell. In

addition, the ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses engineered Jurkat cells stably expressing the FcyRIlla receptor, V158 (high affinity) variant and an NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase as effector cells. Antibody biological activity in ADCC MOA is quantified through the luciferase produced as a result of NFAT pathway activation; luciferase activity in the effector cell is quantified with luminescence readout. Signal is high, and assay background is low.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay exhibits the clear specificity desired for a bioassay, as shown in Figure 2 (see page 33). A good assay response is only obtained when target cells with the correct surface antigen, the correct specific antibody, and effector cells expressing Fc_YRIIIa are present. If any one of these is missing, there is no response.

The ADCC Reporter Bioassay has performance characteristics suitable for many applications of a bioassay used across antibody drug discovery, development and manufacture; it is stability-indicating and has the precision and accuracy suitable for a lot-release bioassay. Additionally the assay can be used to quantify effects of glycosylation differences on Fc effector function of antibodies in ADCC MOA, which is useful for ADCC efficiency variant analysis. Finally, the bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to a classic LDH release ADCC bioassay (Figure 3).

Features:

- Simple, Easy and Homogeneous Assay: Reduced assay-to-assay vari-
- Cells in Frozen, Thaw-and-Use Format: No propagation and cell culture fuss.
- Bioluminescent Reporter Bioassay: Sensitive with excellent signal-to-
- ADCC MOA-Based: Correlates with and suitable replacement for cytotoxic ADCC assays.
- Scalable: Adaptable to 384-well format.
- . Tested with FDA-Approved Antibodies.
- Suitable for QC Lot Release: Stability-indicating, excellent linearity, accuracy and precision.

Note: The ADCC Reporter Bioassay components are shipped separately because of their different temperature requirements.

Storage Conditions: The ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells are shipped on dry ice. The Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System and Low IgG Serum are shipped on dry ice, separately from the cells. The RPMI 1640 Medium is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon arrival, immediately transfer the vials of ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells for long-term storage below -140°C (freezer or liquid nitrogen vapor phase). The cells are sensitive, and care should be taken when handling. For safety reasons do not store cell vials submerged in liquid nitrogen. Low IgG Serum should be stored at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Buffer and Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Substrate should be stored at -20°C. For optimal performance, reconstituted Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Reagent should be used the day of preparation. However, once reconstituted, Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Reagent can be stored at -20°C for up to 6 weeks. RPMI 1640 Medium should be stored at 4°C protected from fluorescent light.



ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model | 1 each | G7102 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model, allows for propagation and banking of the engineered Jurkat effector cells developed for the ADCC Reporter Bioassay line of products.

Antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) is a mechanism of action (MOA) through which virus-infected or other diseased cells are targeted for destruction by the cell-mediated immune system. The ADCC Reporter Bioassay is a bioluminescent assay for quantifying Fc effector function of therapeutic antibodies as measured by activation of NFAT signaling pathway (Figure 1; see page 33). The assay includes effector cells only; the user must supply the target cells, reference and test antibodies and all other reagents. The performance characteristics of the ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells make them suitable for application across antibody drug research, development and manufactured lot release. The engineered Jurkat effector cells are generated under highly controlled conditions.

ADCC is a desirable mechanism for killing target cancer cells using antibodybased drugs. The antibody binds to target antigens on the cell surface. When the Fc effector portion of target-bound antibodies also binds to FcyRIIIa on the surface of effector cells (natural killer cells predominantly), multiple crosslinking of the two cell types occurs leading to pathway activation of ADCC MOA. Killing of target cells is an endpoint of this pathway activation and is used in classic ADCC bioassays, which use donor peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or the natural killer (NK) cell subpopulation as effector cells. These cells can be highly variable in response, are tedious to prepare and can result in high background readings.

ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, which comprise engineered Jurkat cells, use an alternative readout at an earlier point in ADCC MOA pathway activation: the activation of gene transcription through the NFAT (nuclear factor of activated T-cells) pathway in the effector cell. In addition, the ADCC Reporter Bioassay uses engineered Jurkat cells stably expressing the FcvRIIIa receptor, V158 (high affinity) variant, and an NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase as effector cells. Antibody biological activity in ADCC MOA is quantified through the luciferase produced as a result of NFAT pathway activation; luciferase activity in the effector cell is quantified with luminescence readout. Signal is high, and assay background is low.

The ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells exhibit the specificity desired for a bioassay, as shown in Figure 2 (see page 33). A good assay response is only obtained when target cells with the correct surface antigen, the correct specific antibody, The ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells have performance characteristics suitable for the many applications of a bioassay used across antibody drug discovery, development and manufacture: it is stability-indicating and has the precision and accuracy suitable for a lot-release bioassay. Additionally the ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells can be used to quantify effects of glycosylation differences on Fc effector function of antibodies in ADCC MOA, which is useful for ADCC efficiency variant analysis, for example. Finally, the bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to a classic LDH release ADCC bioassay (Figure 3; see page 34).

and effector cells expressing FcyRIIIa are present. If any one of these is

missing, there is no response.



Helix® on-site stocking system

Features:

- Simple, Easy and Homogeneous Assay: Reduced assay-to-assay variability.
- Bioluminescent Reporter Bioassay: Sensitive with excellent signal-tonoise ratios
- ADCC MOA-Based: Correlates with and suitable replacement for cytotoxic ADCC assays.
- Scalable: Adaptable to 384-well format.
- Tested with FDA-Approved Antibodies.
- Suitable for QC Lot Release: Stability-indicating, excellent linearity, accuracy and precision.

Storage Conditions: Upon arrival, immediately store vials of ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, longterm, below -140° C (freezer or liquid nitrogen vapor phase). For safety reasons do not store cell vials submerged in liquid nitrogen. Product includes two vials at 2×10^7 cells/ml and 0.65ml/vial. One vial should be thawed, propagated and the cells frozen to create a cell bank. The remaining vial should be reserved as backup.

Bioanalytical Tools

ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit

| Size Cat.# | |
|-------------------|--|
| 100 assays MA1010 | |
| | |
| | |

Description: The ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit is intended for quantitative detection of isoaspartic acid residues in proteins and peptides, which can result from the gradual, nonenzymatic deamidation of asparagine or rearrangement of aspartic acid residues during storage or handling. Because the kit does not depend on the monitoring of charge differences for detection, charge heterogeneity does not interfere with the assay. The ISOQUANT® Kit can be used on peptides or proteins such as monoclonal antibodies.

Features:

- Great Efficiency: Simple procedure with a test time of less than one hour.
 Automation possible with HPLC autosampler capability.
- Economical: HPLC detection eliminates cost and inconvenience of radioactive materials handling.
- Analytical: Quantitative results available.
- Versatile: Perform individual samples or batches. Small sample size
 makes the assay suitable for research, analytical methods, formulations
 and process development work.

- . Robust: Not affected by common buffer components.
- . HPLC Detection Method: Fits with existing equipment and expertise.
- Sensitive: Detects isoaspartate resulting from aspartic acid rearrangement as well as deamidation of asparagine.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



ProteaseMAX™ Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|----------|-------|
| ProteaseMAX [™] Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer | 1 mg | V2071 |
| | 5 × 1 mg | V2072 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer, is designed to improve in-gel and in-solution protein digestion. ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant ensures fast and efficient protein digestion with proteases such as Trypsin, Chymotrypsin and Lys-C. For in-gel protein digestion, ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant offers time and labor savings. The digestion step is complete in 1 hour, and the surfactant provides concurrent extraction of peptides from gels, eliminating the need for post-digestion peptide extraction. The surfactant also improves recovery of longer peptides that are retained in the gel under a standard extraction protocol. For additional data, refer to scientific posters PS094 and PS099: **www.promega.com/scientific_posters/**

For in-solution digestions, ProteaseMAXTM Surfactant solubilizes proteins, including difficult membrane proteins, and enhances protein digestion by providing a denaturing environment prior to protease addition.

ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant degrades over the course of a digestion reaction, yielding products that are compatible with downstream methods such as mass spectrometry and liquid chromatography. No long-term negative effect of the residual surfactant on the ion optics and capillary of mass spectrometers has been observed. ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant can be used with existing in-gel or in-solution digestion protocols.

Features:

- No Peptide Extraction Required Following In-Gel Digestions: Save time and increase the number of samples processed.
- Improved Peptide Recovery from Gels: Increase protein sequence coverage, thus increasing confidence in protein identification.
- Enhanced Protein Solubilization: Solubilize complex proteins, such as membrane proteins, at room temperature, avoiding high temperature and preventing precipitation.
- Degrades Over Course of Digestion: Samples are ready for use directly for mass spectrometry analysis without additional inactivation steps such as heating or acid treatment.

 $\textbf{Storage Conditions:} \ \, \textbf{Store lyophilized ProteaseMAX}^{\intercal M} \ \, \textbf{Surfactant at -20}^{\circ}\textbf{C}.$

Ochymotrypsin, Sequencing Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Chymotrypsin, Sequencing Grade | 25 µg | V1061 |
| | 100 µg | V1062 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Chymotrypsin is a highly-purified serine endopeptidase derived from bovine pancreas that preferentially hydrolyzes at the carboxyl side of aromatic amino acids: Tyr, Phe and Trp. Cleavage may also be observed, but at a lower rate, at Leu and Met. Chymotrypsin activity is optimal in the pH range of 7.0–9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in-solution or in-gel.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade | 100 µg | V5280 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: Trypsin is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the carboxylic side of lysine and arginine residues. The stringent specificity of trypsin is essential for protein identification. Native trypsin is subject to autolysis, generating pseudotrypsin, which exhibits a broadened specificity including a chymotrypsin-like activity. Such autolysis products, present in a trypsin preparation, would result in additional peptide fragments that could interfere with database analysis of the mass of fragments detected by mass spectrometry. Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade, is manufactured to provide maximum specificity. Lysine residues in the porcine trypsin have been modified by reductive methylation, yielding a highly active and stable molecule that is extremely resistant to autolytic digestion. The specificity of the purified trypsin is further improved by TPCK treatment, which inactivates chymotrypsin. The treated trypsin is then purified by affinity chromatography and lyophilized to yield Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade. It is resistant to mild denaturing conditions such as 0.1% SDS, 1M urea or 10% acetonitrile and retains 50% of its activity in 2M guanidine HCl. The activity of trypsin is decreased when acidic residues are present on either side of a susceptible bond. If proline is at the carboxylic side of lysine or arginine, the bond is almost completely resistant to cleavage.

Each lot of quality-tested Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade, is qualified for use with in-gel digestion and mass spectrometric analysis.

Learn more about our custom options for this product at:

www.promega.com/custom/

Features:

- Each Lot Qualified by Mass Spectrometry: Ensures compatibility with customer applications/instrumentation.
- TPCK Treatment Followed by Affinity Purification: Elimination of chymotrypsin activity enables distinct and consistent data.
- Stability Ensured up to Five Freeze-Thaw Cycles: Minimize leftover reagents
- Referenced in Thousands of Papers: Reliable and customer proven.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the lyophilized powder at -20° C. Reconstitute powder in 50mM acetic acid and store at -20° C. For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted trypsin at -70° C. Limit the number of freeze-thaw cycles to five.



stocking system

Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin | 100 µg | V5111 | |
| | 100 µg | V5117 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Trypsin is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the carboxylic side of lysine and arginine residues. The stringent specificity of trypsin is essential for protein identification. Native trypsin is subject to autolysis, generating pseudotrypsin, which exhibits a broadened specificity including a chymotrypsin-like activity. Such autolysis products, present in a trypsin preparation, would result in additional peptide fragments that could interfere with database analysis of the mass of fragments detected by mass spectrometry. Sequencing Grade Trypsin has been manufactured to provide maximum specificity. Lysine residues in porcine trypsin have been modified by reductive methylation, yielding a highly active and stable molecule that is extremely resistant to autolytic digestion.

The specificity of the purified trypsin is further improved by TPCK treatment, which inactivates chymotrypsin. The treated trypsin is then purified by affinity chromatography and lyophilized. It is resistant to mild denaturing conditions such as 0.1% SDS, 1M urea or 10% acetonitrile and retains 50% of its activity in 2M guanidine HCI. The activity of trypsin is decreased when acidic residues are present on either side of a susceptible bond. If proline is at the carboxylic side of lysine or arginine, the bond is almost completely resistant to cleavage.

Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Recommended Reaction Buffer: 50mM NH₄HCO₃ (pH 7.8).

Features:

- TPCK Treatment Followed by Affinity Purification: Elimination of chymotrypsin activity enables distinct and consistent data.
- Stability: Ensured up to five freeze-thaw cycles.
- Reliable and Customer-Proven: Referenced in thousands of papers.
- · Alternative Formats: Flexibility depending on experimental design and

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized at -20°C.

Endoproteinase Lys-C, Sequencing Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Endoproteinase Lys-C, Sequencing Grade | 5 μg | V1071 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Endoproteinase Lys-C is a sequencing grade serine protease isolated from Lysobacter enzymogenes as a highly purified protease that hydrolyzes specifically at the carboxyl side of Lys. Lys-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 7.0-9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in-solution or

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Section **Contents**

Table of **Contents**

rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade | 15 µg | V1671 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade, is a recombinant Lys-C expressed in E. coli. Sequence origin of rLys-C is Protease IV from Pseudomonas aeruginosa. Similar to a native Lys-C, rLys-C cleaves at the carboxyl side of lysine residues with exceptional specificity. rLys-C retains proteolytic activity under protein denaturing conditions such as 8M urea, which is used to improve digestion of proteolytically resistant proteins. rLys-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 8-9. The protease is supplied in a lyophilized form along with a Reconstitution Buffer, which is formulated to increase stability of rLys-C solution. Frozen rLys-C solution can be stored for a month at -20°C without detectable loss of activity. rLys-C is recommended for digestion of single proteins and complex protein mixtures in-solution and in-gel.

- Competitive Performance: Matches cleavage specificity of a native Lys-C. Proteolytic activity is similar.
- Purity: No contaminating peptides are identified with reverse-phase HPLC.
- . Application-Qualified: Each lot is qualified by mass spectrometry.
- Tolerance to Protein Denaturing Conditions: Retains activity in 8M
- Cost-Effective: Severalfold price reduction as compared to a native Lys-C.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Asp-N, Sequencing Grade



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Asp-N, Sequencing Grade | 2 μg | V1621 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Asp-N, Sequencing Grade, is an endoproteinase that hydrolyzes peptide bonds on the N-terminal side of aspartic and cysteic acid residues: Asp and Cys. Asp-N activity is optimal in the pH range of 4.0-9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in solution or in gel.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

OGlu-C, Sequencing Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Glu-C, Sequencing Grade | 50 μg | V1651 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Glu-C, Sequencing Grade (S. aureus V8), is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the C-terminus of either aspartic or glutamic acid residues. In ammonium bicarbonate and ammonium acetate the enzyme specificity is higher at the glutamic residues. In phosphate buffers cleavage occurs at the aspartic and glutamic residues. Glu-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 4.0–9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in solution but not recommended for in-gel digestions.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

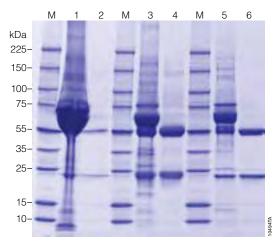
Protein Manipulation Tools

Magne[™] Protein G and Magne[™] Protein A Beads

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| Magne™ Protein G Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G7471 |
| | 5 ml | G7472 |
| | 50 ml | G7473 |
| Magne™ Protein A Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G8781 |
| | 5 ml | G8782 |
| | 50 ml | G8783 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

. or riccouron coo only. Not for coo in Diagnosis i roccuation

For additional information see page 312.



IgG purified from various sample types using Magne™ Protein G Beads. Antibodies were purified from 50µl of cell culture medium (lanes 1 and 2), 50µl of mouse ascites (lanes 3 and 4) and 50µl of diluted goat serum (lanes 5 and 6). Starting material, lanes 1, 3 and 5; eluted/purified IgG, lanes 2, 4 and 6.

Magne™ HaloTag® Beads

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Magne™ HaloTag® Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G7281 |
| | 5 ml | G7282 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 310.

● TNT® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein Expression System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|--|
| T _N T [®] SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein | 40 reactions | L3260 | | |
| Expression System | 10 reactions | L3261 | | |
| For Decembling Only Not for the in Diagnostic Presedures | | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

For additional information see page 284.

TNT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|----------------|-------|
| T _N T® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System | 40 reactions | L1170 |
| T _N T® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System, Trial Size | 5 reactions | L1171 |
| TNT® SP6 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System | 40 reactions | L2080 |
| TNT® SP6 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System, Trial Size | 5 reactions | L2081 |
| Magnesium Acetate | 100 µl 25 mM | L4581 |
| Potassium Chloride | 200 μl 2.5 M | L4591 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnost | ic Procedures. | |

For additional information see page 285.

№TNT® Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| T _N T [®] SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4600 | |
| TnT® SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System, Trial Size | 8 reactions | L4601 | |
| T _N T® T7 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4610 | |
| TnT® T7 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System, Trial Size | 8 reactions | L4611 | |
| T _N T [®] T3 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4950 | |
| T _N T® T7/T3 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L5010 | |
| TnT® T7/SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L5020 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | ures. | | |

For additional information see page 285.

10 TNT® Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|--|
| TNT® SP6 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L4130 | | |
| T _N T [®] T7 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L4140 | | |
| TNT® T7/SP6 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L5030 | | |
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For additional information see page 286.



stocking system

10 TNT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|--|
| TnT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA | 40 reactions | L5540 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

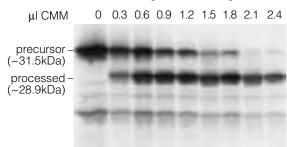
For additional information see page 287.

Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes

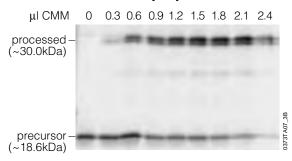
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes | 50 µl | Y4041 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 289.

Signal Processing



Glycosylation



Processing and glycosylation activity of Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes (CMM). The positive control mRNAs (0.5µg each of $\it E.~coli~\beta$ -lactamase and $\it S.~cerevisiae~\alpha$ -factor) were translated using Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate in a 25µl reaction for 60 minutes in the presence of the indicated amounts of CMM (3µl). Translation products were analyzed by gel electrophoresis followed by autoradiography of the [35 S]-labeled proteins.

Amino Acid Mixtures

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|-------------|-------|--|--|
| Amino Acid Mixture, Complete | 175 µl 1 mM | L4461 | | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Cysteine | 175 µl 1 mM | L4471 | | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Methionine and Cysteine | 175 µl 1 mM | L5511 | | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Leucine | 175 µl 1 mM | L9951 | | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Methionine | 175 µl 1 mM | L9961 | | |
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For additional information see page 289.







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ADME Assays

| Apoptosis Assays | 4 |
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| Cell Viability Assays | 5 |
| Cytotoxicity Assays | 6 |
| Toxicity Pathway Analysis | 6 |
| Oxidative Stress Assays | 7 |
| Metabolism Assays | 7 |
| Mitochondrial Function Assays | 7 |



Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

ADME Assays

OCYP450 Assay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| P450-Glo™ CYP1A2 Induction/Inhibition Assay | 10 ml | V8421 |
| | 50 ml | V8422 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Assay with Luciferin-IPA | 10 ml | V9001 |
| | 50 ml | V9002 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Assay (Luciferin-PPXE) | 10 ml | V8911 |
| DMSO-Tolerant Assay | 50 ml | V8912 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Assay (Luciferin-PFBE) | 10 ml | V8901 |
| Cell-Based/Biochemical Assay | 50 ml | V8902 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP1A1 Assay | 10 ml | V8751 |
| | 50 ml | V8752 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP1B1 Assay | 10 ml | V8761 |
| | 50 ml | V8762 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP1A2 Assay | 10 ml | V8771 |
| | 50 ml | V8772 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2C8 Assay | 10 ml | V8781 |
| | 50 ml | V8782 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2C9 Assay | 10 ml | V8791 |
| | 50 ml | V8792 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Assay | 10 ml | V8801 |
| | 50 ml | V8802 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A7 Assay | 10 ml | V8811 |
| | 50 ml | V8812 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2C19 Assay | 10 ml | V8881 |
| | 50 ml | V8882 |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2D6 Assay | 10 ml | V8891 |
| | 50 ml | V8892 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| NADPH Regeneration System | 1,000 assays | V9510 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | dures. | |

Description: The P450-Glo™ CYP450 Assays provide a homogeneous, luminescent method for measuring cytochrome P450 activity. The assays are designed to measure the activities of P450s from recombinant and native sources and for testing the effects of analytes such as drugs and new chemical entities on P450 activities. These luminescent assays exhibit exquisite sensitivity, low background signals and broad dynamic range.

P450-Glo™ Assays employ luminogenic P450 substrates that are derivatives of beetle luciferin, a substrate for luciferase enzymes. The derivatives are not substrates for luciferase but are converted by P450s to luciferin, which in turn reacts with luciferase to produce light that is directly proportional to the activity of the P450.

The P450-Glo[™] Assays generate a "glow-type" luminescent signal, produced using derivatized luciferins as P450 substrates and a recombinant stabilized luciferase (Ultra-Glo[™] Luciferase) coupled with a proprietary buffer system. The half-life of the luminescent output is greater than two hours, eliminating the need for luminometers with injectors and allowing for batch plate processing. The formulation also minimizes the incidence of false positives due to inhibition of luciferase by analytes when screening for cytochrome P450 inhibitors.

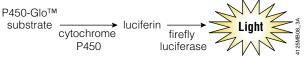
The P450-GloTM CYP3A4 Assay with Luciferin-IPA contains a substrate for cytochrome 3A4 that is very well suited for all applications involving human CYP3A4 and is the best substrate available for cell-based applications. Luciferin-IPA is readily taken up by cells and rapidly converted into luciferin inside the cell, which reduces the incubation time required (typically 30–60 minutes). The low background and high signal-to-noise ratio produced using Luciferin-IPA means less starting material is required.

Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO), a common solvent used to solubilize chemical compounds, can significantly inhibit the activity of the 3A4 isoform of cyto-chrome P450, even at low concentrations (<0.1%). The P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 System (Luciferin-PPXE) DMSO-Tolerant Assay is specifically designed to tolerate DMSO in the 3A4 reaction. The assay exhibits little to no change in the signal-to-background ratio in the presence of 0.2% DMSO as compared to a no-DMSO control.

Features:

- Obtain Reliable Results: The broad dynamic range, low background and better sensitivity result in less ambiguous data.
- Avoid Fluorescence Interference: Luminescent output eliminates interference from fluorescent test compounds.
- Save Time: Homogeneous assay with simple "add-and-read" format.
- Avoid False Hits: Special formulation results in low false-hit rate.
- Save Money: Scalable to 384-well format, reducing cost per well.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

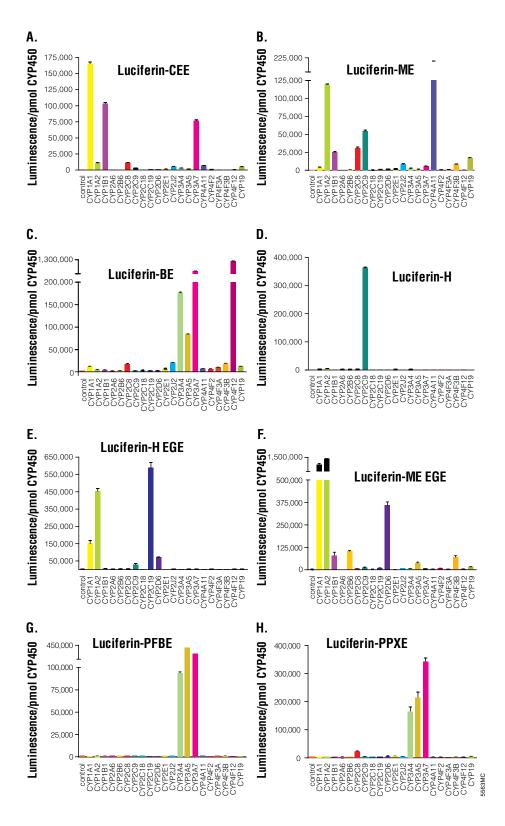
Storage Conditions: Store the CYP1A2, CYP2C9 and CYP3A4 membranes at -70° C. Cytochrome P450 may lose activity with repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles by dispensing the CYP1A2, CYP2C9 and CYP3A4 membranes into single-use aliquots (e.g., 50μ for 96 reactions). Store aliquots at -70° C. All other components can be stored at -20° C or -70° C and protected from light.



Conversion of the P450-Glo™ substrate by cytochrome P450.

Cytochrome P450 enzymes act on the P450-Glo™ luminogenic substrates to produce luciferin, a substrate for luciferase. Luciferase uses the luciferin to produce light.





Selectivity of the P450-Glo™ substrates for human CYP450 enzymes.



№ P450-GloTM CYP450 Screening Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Screening System with Luciferin-IPA | 1,000 assays | V9920 | |
| P450-Glo [™] CYP3A4 Screening System (Luciferin-PPXE) DMSO-Tolerant Assay | 1,000 assays | V9910 | |
| P450-Glo™ CYP1A2 Screening System | 1,000 assays | V9770 | |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2C9 Screening System | 1,000 assays | V9790 | |
| P450-Glo™ CYP3A4 Screening System | 1,000 assays | V9800 | |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2C19 Screening System | 1,000 assays | V9880 | |
| P450-Glo™ CYP2D6 Screening System | 1,000 assays | V9890 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| NADPH Regeneration System | 1,000 assays | V9510 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | dures. | | |

Description: The P450-Glo[™] Screening Systems provide a complete set of reagents for performing luminescent cytochrome P450 assays. The systems include a membrane preparation containing recombinant human cytochrome P450 enzyme, a luminogenic cytochrome P450 substrate appropriate for the enzyme, an NADPH Regeneration System, reaction buffer, Luciferin Detection Reagent and Luciferin-Free Water. The membranes are prepared from baculovirus-infected insect cells and contain human cytochrome P450 and P450 reductase (and cytochrome b5 for CYP2C9 and CYP3A4). The P450-Glo[™] Screening Systems also contain a membrane fraction devoid of cytochrome P450 activity as a negative control. The assays are ideal for testing the effects of drugs and new chemical entities on cytochrome P450 enzyme activities.

The cytochrome P450 reaction is performed by incubating a luminogenic cytochrome P450 substrate with a cytochrome P450 enzyme and the NADPH Regeneration System. The luminogenic P450-GloTM Substrates are derivatives of beetle luciferin ((4S)-4,5-dihydro-2-(6-hydroxybenzothiazolyl)-4-thiazole-carboxylic acid or p-luciferin), a substrate of firefly luciferase. The P450-GloTM Substrates do not react with luciferase but are converted by cytochrome P450 to luciferin, which in turn reacts with luciferase to produce light. Light is used to monitor cytochrome P450 activity because the amount of light produced is directly proportional to the amount of p-luciferin produced by cytochrome P450.

The P450-Glo[™] CYP3A4 Screening System with Luciferin-IPA contains the most sensitive P450-Glo[™] 3A4 substrate available. Luciferin-IPA displays the widest range of inhibition profiles of all the P450-Glo[™] CYP3A4 substrates.

Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO), a common solvent used to solubilize chemical compounds, can significantly inhibit the activity of the 3A4 isoform of cytochrome P450, even at low concentrations (<0.1%). The P450-GloTM CYP3A4 Screening System (Luciferin-PPXE) DMSO-Tolerant Assay is specifically designed to tolerate DMSO in the 3A4 reaction. The assay exhibits little to no change in the signal-to-background ratio in the presence of 0.2% DMSO as compared to a no-DMSO control.

After the cytochrome P450 reaction has been performed, the reconstituted Luciferin Detection Reagent is added. This reagent simultaneously stops the cytochrome P450 reaction and initiates a stable glow-type luminescent signal. The glow-type reaction produces a stable signal and eliminates the need for strictly timed luminescence detection. Protocols are configured for multiwell plate formats but can be easily adapted for single-tube applications.

Features:

- Complete Systems: The systems include a membrane preparation containing recombinant human cytochrome P450 enzyme, a luminogenic cytochrome P450 substrate appropriate for the enzyme, an NADPH regeneration system, reaction buffer, Luciferin Detection Reagent and Luciferin-Free Water.
- Speed: The luminescent format eliminates the need for time-consuming analyses such as HPLC.
- **Robust:** Z' values greater than 0.8 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats. Highly predictive results.
- Luminescent Output: No interference by fluorescent compounds.
- Broad Dynamic Range and Low Background: Excellent sensitivity.
- Low False-Positive Rate: Use of a proprietary stabilized firefly luciferase and a proprietary luciferase assay formulation minimizes the incidence of false positives due to inhibition of luciferase by analytes when screening for cytochrome P450 inhibitors.
- **Scalable:** Easily scalable to 384-well plate format.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

Storage Conditions: Store the CYP1A2, CYP2C9 and CYP3A4 membranes at -70°C . Cytochrome P450 may lose activity with repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles by dispensing the CYP1A2, CYP2C9 and CYP3A4 membranes into single-use aliquots (e.g., 50μ for 96 reactions). Store aliquots at -70°C . All other components can be stored at -20°C or -70°C and protected from light. The reconstituted Luciferin Detection Reagent can be stored at -20°C for up to 3 months. For convenience, the reconstituted Luciferin Detection Reagent can be stored at room temperature (approximately 23°C) without loss of activity for 24 hours or at 4°C for 1 week. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of all components.



Luminogenic Enzyme Substrates

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| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| Luciferin Detection Reagent | 50 ml | V8921 |
| | 10 ml | V8920 |
| Luciferin Detection Reagent with esterase | 50 ml | V8931 |
| | 10 ml | V8930 |
| Luciferin-NAT2 | 3 mg | P1721 |
| Luciferin-3A7 | 3 mg | P1741 |
| Luciferin-4A | 3 mg | P1621 |
| Luciferin-4F2/3 | 3 mg | P1651 |
| Luciferin-4F12 | 3 mg | P1661 |
| Luciferin-2J2/4F12 (ester) | 3 mg | P1671 |
| Luciferin-MultiCYP (ester) | 3 mg | P1731 |

Description: The pro-luciferin substrates can be used to monitor the activity of specific isoforms of cytochrome P450 or NAT2 as indicated in the name of the substrate. The Luciferin-MultiCYP is a promiscuous substrate that reacts with at least 21 P450 isoforms and is useful for measuring net CYP activity in a mixed population of P450s. The Luciferin-NAT2 is an excellent substrate for N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2), a phase II biotransformation enzyme that acetylates aromatic amine groups on xenobiotic compounds. This substrate shows little to no cross-reactivity with NAT1.

№ Pgp-GloTM Assay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Pgp-Glo™ Assay System | 10 ml | V3591 | |
| Pgp-Glo™ Assay System with P-glycoprotein | 10 ml | V3601 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The Pgp-Glo™ Assay Systems provide the necessary reagents for performing luminescent P-glycoprotein (Pgp) ATPase assays. Pgp, also known as MDR1 and ABCB1, is a 170kDa integral plasma membrane protein that functions as an ATP-dependent drug efflux pump and plays an important role in multidrug resistance and certain adverse drug-drug interactions. Compounds that interact with Pgp can be identified as stimulators or inhibitors of its ATPase activity. Compounds that are substrates for transport by Pgp typically stimulate its ATPase activity.

The Pgp-Glo™ Assay detects the effects of compounds on recombinant human Pgp in a cell membrane fraction. The assay relies on the ATP dependence of the light-generating reaction of firefly luciferase. ATP is first incubated with Pgp; then the Pgp ATPase reaction is stopped, and the remaining unmetabolized ATP is detected as a luciferase-generated luminescent signal. Pgp-dependent decreases in luminescence reflect ATP consumption by Pgp; thus the greater the decrease in signal, the higher the Pgp activity. Accordingly, samples containing compounds that stimulate the Pgp ATPase will have significantly lower signals than untreated samples.

Features:

- Complete System: Cat.# V3591 includes all the reagents required to run
 the assay except the P-glycoprotein: A Pgp reaction buffer, MgATP, Verapamil, Na₃VO₄, and a lyophilized ATP detection reagent and its reconstitution buffer. Cat.# V3601 includes the reagents provided in the Pgp-Glo™
 System with the addition of Recombinant Human Pgp Membranes to
 provide a completely optimized kit.
- Stable Activities: "Glow-type" signal allows processing of multiple samples without concern of variability over time.
- Low False-Positive Rate: Use of a proprietary stabilized firefly luciferase and a proprietary luciferase assay formulation minimizes the incidence of false positives due to inhibition of luciferase by analytes when screening for compounds that affect Pgp activity.
- Simple: The simple protocol makes the assay amenable to highthroughput screening in multiwell plates.

Storage Conditions: Store Recombinant Human Pgp Membranes at -70° C. All other components can be stored at -70° C or -20° C, protected from light.





MAO-Glo™ Assay Systems Massay Systems M

| | Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| | MAO-Glo™ Assay | 200 assays | V1401 | |
| | | 1,000 assays | V1402 | |
| | MAO-Glo™ Assay with MAO-A | 1,000 assays | V1560 | |
| | Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| | MAO-A | 500 µl | V1452 | |
| ĺ | 5 D 111 O 1 N 1 C 11 D 11 D 11 | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The MAO-Glo[™] Assay provides a homogeneous luminescent method for measuring monoamine oxidase (MAO) activity from recombinant and native sources and for testing the effects of test compounds on MAO activity. The MAO-Glo™ Assay is performed by incubating the MAO enzyme source with a luminogenic MAO substrate. The substrate of the MAO-Glo™ Assay is a derivative of beetle luciferin. Upon reaction with MAO, the derivative is converted into luciferin, which in turn reacts with luciferase to produce light. The amount of light produced is directly proportional to the activity of MAO.

After the MAO reaction has been performed, the reconstituted Luciferin Detection Reagent is added. The reagent simultaneously stops the MAO reaction and initiates a stable glow-type luminescent signal with a half-life greater than 5 hours. This eliminates the need for strictly timed luminescent detection.

The MAO-Glo™ Assay with MAO-A contains human recombinant MAO-A enzyme expressed in yeast. The kit is very well suited for the rapid assessment of potential inhibition of MAO-A by new chemical entities and can be used for higher throughput applications such as primary screening. The MAO-A enzyme is also available separately.

The MAO-Glo™ Assay includes a luminogenic MAO substrate, two MAO Reaction Buffers (one that can be used with either MAO A or MAO B enzyme and one that is designed specifically for MAO B), a lyophilized Luciferin Detection Reagent and the Luciferin Detection Buffer. The user supplies the sample material containing MAO. Protocols are configured for multiwell plate formats but easily can be adapted for single-tube applications.

Features:

- Complete Solution: The MAO-Glo™ Assay with MAO-A contains monoamine oxidase A enzyme for convenient assessment of the effects of new chemical entities on MAO-A activity.
- **Speed:** The luminescence format eliminates the need for time-consuming analyses such as HPLC.
- Simplified Method: The simple "add and read" protocol makes the assay amenable to high-throughput screening in multiwell plates.
- Greater Sensitivity: Less MAO enzyme is required in these assays than in typical HPLC or fluorometric methods because of the enhanced sensitivity.
- No Fluorescence Interference: Luminescent output eliminates interference from fluorescent test compounds.
- Stable Signal: "Glow-type" luminescence provides a stable signal with a half-life of greater than 5 hours. This eliminates the need for strictly timed luminescent detection.

Storage Conditions: Store MAO-A enzyme (Cat.# V1452) at -70°C. Store all other components at -20°C protected from light.

UGT Activity Assays

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| UGT-Glo™ Assay | 200 assays | V2081 | |
| | 1,000 assays | V2082 | |
| UGT-Glo™ UGT1A1 Screening System | 200 assays | V2120 | |
| | 1,000 assays | V2121 | |
| UGT-Glo™ UGT2B7 Screening System | 200 assays | V2130 | |
| | 1,000 assays | V2131 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | |

Description: The UGT-Glo™ Assay provides a luminescent method for measuring UDP glucuronosyltransferase (UGT) activity. The UGT-Glo™ Assay is designed to measure UGT activity from a variety of sources, such as microsomes containing recombinantly expressed enzymes or microsomal preparations derived from mammalian tissues, and to test the effects of various chemicals on UGT activity.

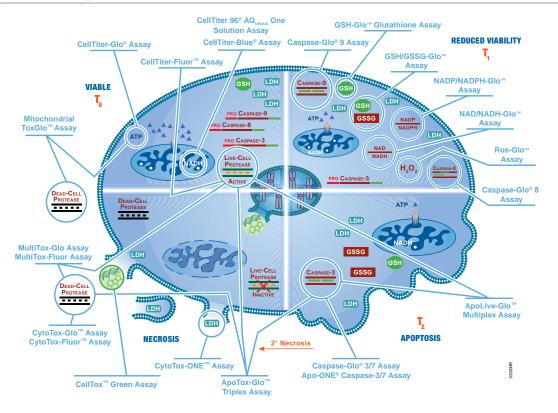
The assay involves incubating UGT with a proluciferin substrate; a portion of the substrate gets conjugated with UDP, while the remainder is unmodified. Upon the addition of D-Cysteine, the unconjugated proluciferin is converted into luciferin and, in a coupled reaction with luciferase/luciferin, is converted into light. Conjugated proluciferin remains intact and does not contribute to the luminescence. Thus, the signal generated is inversely correlated with UGT activity present in the sample.

The UGT-Glo™ Assay contains two proluciferin substrates: the UGT Multienzyme Substrate, which is compatible with a wide range of UGTs, and the UGT1A4 Substrate, which reacts specifically with UGT1A4. The kit also contains Luciferin Detection Reagent and Reconstitution Buffer, UGT Buffer, D-Cysteine and UDPGA. The UGT-Glo™ Screening Systems contain the above reagents as well as the respective UGT isoforms and control membranes.

- Speed: The luminescent format eliminates the need for time-consuming analyses such as HPLC and LC/MS.
- Simplified Method: The simple "add and read" protocol makes the assay amenable to higher throughput screening in multiwell plates.
- Sensitive: Allows researchers to use less enzyme and scale down reaction volumes, which saves on reagent costs.

Storage Conditions: Store UGT enzymes and Control Membranes at -70°C. Store remaining components at -20°C.





| say Type | Parameter/Biomarker Measured | Time to Results | Sensitivity (*384 well) | Plate Format | Instrument |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| CellTiter-Glo® Assay | Viable cell ATP | 10 minutes | 10 viable cells* | 96/384/1536 | Luminometer/CCD |
| CellTiter-Fluor™ Assay | Live-cell protease | 0.5–3 hours | 40 viable cells | 96/384/1536 | Fluorometer AFC 400nm _{Ex} /505nm _{Em} |
| CellTiter-Blue® Assay | Resazurin reduction by NADH | 1–4 hours | 50 cells* | 96/384/1536 | Fluorometer, Resorufin $560 \text{nm}_{\text{Ex}} / 590 \text{nm}_{\text{Em}}$ |
| CellTiter 96® AQ _{ueous} One Solution Assay | MTS reduction by NADH | 1–4 hours | 200 cells* | 96/384 | Spectrophotometer Abs 490nm |
| CellTox™ Green Assay | DNA binding by cell impermeable dye | 15 minutes | 50 dead cells | 96/384 | Fluorometer 485nm _{Ex} /520nm _{Em} Proprietary dye |
| CytoTox-Glo™ Assay | Dead-cell protease release | 15 minutes | 10 dead cells | 96/384/1536 | Luminometer |
| CytoTox-Fluor™ Assay | Dead-cell protease release | 0.5–3 hours | 10 dead cells | 96/384 | Fluorometer R110 485nm _{Ex} /520nm _E |
| CytoTox-ONE™ Assay | LDH release | 10 minutes | 200 cells* | 96/384 | Fluorometer, Resorufin 560nm _{Ex} /590nm _{Em} |
| Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay | Caspase-3/7 activity | 0.5 hour | 20 cells* | 96/384/1536 | Luminometer |
| Apo-ONE® Caspase 3/7 Assay | Caspase-3/7 activity | 1–18 hours | 200 cells* | 96/384/1536 | Fluorometer R110 499nm _{Ex} /521nm |
| Caspase-Glo® 8 or 9 Assay | Caspase-8 activity | 0.5 hour | ~1000 cells | 96 | Luminometer |
| Mitochondrial ToxGlo™ Assay | ATP and dead-cell protease | 1 hour | 10 viable cells 10 dead cells | 96/384 | Luminometer |
| NAD/NADH-Glo™ Assay | Total NAD or NADH | 30-60 minutes | | 96/384/1536 | Luminometer/CCD |
| NADP/NADPH-Glo™ Assay | Total NADP or NADPH | 30–60 minutes | | 96/384/1536 | Luminometer/CCD |
| ROS-Glo™ Assay | H_2O_2 | 30-60 minutes | | 96/384 | Luminometer/CCD |
| GSH-Glo™ Assay | GSH | 30 minutes | | 96/384 | Luminometer |
| GSH/GSSG-Glo™ Assay | GSH/GSSG | 1 hour | | 96/384 | Luminometer |



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Section Contents

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stocking system

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|
| ApoTox-Glo™ Triplex Assay | 10 ml | G6320 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6321 |
| | | |

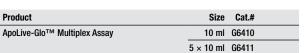
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Description: The ApoTox-Glo™ Triplex Assay combines three assay chemistries to easily assess viability, cytotoxicity and apoptosis events in the same cell-based assay well. First, viability and cytotoxicity are determined by measuring two differential protease biomarkers simultaneously with the addition of a single nonlytic reagent containing two peptide substrates. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant peptide substrate (GF-AFC Substrate). The substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease activity marker becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, cell-impermeant, fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-AAF-R110 Substrate) is used simultaneously to measure dead-cell protease activity that has been released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. This results in ratiometric, inversely correlated measures of cell viability and cytotoxicity. The ratio of viable cells to dead cells is independent of cell number and, therefore, can be used to normalize data. A second reagent containing luminogenic DEVD-peptide substrate for caspase-3/7 and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Thermostable Luciferase is added. Caspase-3/7 cleavage of the substrate releases luciferin, which is a substrate for luciferase and generates light. The light output, measured with a luminometer, correlates with caspase-3/7 activation as a key indicator of apoptosis.

- Measure Viability, Cytotoxicity and Apoptosis in the Same Sample Well: Determine mechanism of cell death for cells in the same sample
- Easily Implement: Assay follows a simple sequential "add-mix-measure"
- Normalize Data with a Built-In Control: The ratio of the number of live cells/number of dead cells is independent of cell number and normalizes data. This normalization makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Flexible and Easily Automated: The volumes of each assay component can be scaled to meet throughput needs and is amenable to automation in 96- and 384-well plates.
- Improves Efficiency and Saves on Lab Budget: Reduces cell culture and labor costs by performing three assays in a single well.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C protected from light.

◆ ApoLive-Glo[™] Multiplex Assay



For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The ApoLive-Glo™ Multiplex Assay measures both the number of viable cells as a marker of cytotoxicity and caspase activation as a marker of apoptosis within a single assay well to determine the mechanism of cell death. The first part of the assay measures the activity of a protease marker of cell viability. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant, peptide substrate (glycylphenylalanyl-amino fluorocoumarin; GF-AFC). The substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved by the live-cell protease activity to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease becomes inactive upon loss of cell membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. The second part of the assay uses the Caspase-Glo® Assay technology to detect caspase activation, a key biomarker of apoptosis. The Caspase-Glo® Assay provides a luminogenic caspase-3/7 substrate, which contains the tetrapeptide sequence DEVD, in a reagent optimized for caspase activity, luciferase activity and cell lysis. Adding the Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Reagent in an 'add-mix-measure' format results in cell lysis, followed by caspase cleavage of the substrate and generation of a 'glow-type' luminescent signal produced by luciferase. Luminescence is proportional to the amount of caspase activity present.

Features:

Product

- Measure Viability and Apoptosis in the Same Sample Well: Accurately determine the mechanism of cell death in less time with less sample.
- Easy to Implement: The assay uses a simple sequential 'add-mixmeasure' format.
- Normalize Caspase Data with Viability Control: The ratio of caspase activity to viable cell is useful for determining the extent of caspase activation and for normalizing cell numbers.
- Flexible and Easily Automated: The volumes of each assay component can be scaled to meet throughput needs, and the assay is amenable to automation in 96- and 384-well plates.
- Reveal cell death even if the window of caspase activity is missed.
- Multiplex with Other Assays: The nonlytic nature of the first step of the assay allows further multiplexing with spectrally distinct fluorescent assay chemistries.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C protected from light.



OCaspase-Glo® 2 Assay Systems

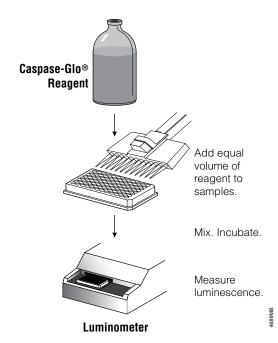
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| Caspase-Glo® 2 Assay | 10 ml | G0940 | |
| | 50 ml | G0941 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The Caspase-Glo[®] 2 Assay is a homogeneous, luminescent assay that measures caspase-2 activity. Caspase-2 is a member of the cysteine aspartic acid-specific protease family. The Caspase-Glo[®] 2 Assay provides a luminogenic substrate (Z-VDVAD-aminoluciferin) in a reagent optimized for caspase-2 and luciferase activity. A single reagent is added to test samples, resulting in caspase cleavage of the substrate and generation of a glow-type luminescent signal produced by luciferase. Luminescence is proportional to the amount of caspase activity present. The assay system may be used with purified enzyme preparations and is ideal for automated high-throughput screening of inhibitors.

Features:

- Broad Dynamic Range: The assay is linear over four logs of caspase-2 concentration and can detect caspase-2 activity at concentrations as low as 0.2mU/ml.
- High-Quality Assay: The assay demonstrates an excellent Z'-factor value of 0.85 in 384-well plates using 0.05U/ml of enzyme.
- Increased Accuracy: The superior sensitivity over fluorescence-based caspase assays allows inhibitor studies to be performed below the K_m.
- Batch Processing Capability: The coupled-enzyme, homogeneous format results in a continuous signal, providing excellent stability and allowing plates to be read over an extended period of time. Luminometers with reagent injectors are not required.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Schematic diagram of the Caspase-Glo® Assay protocol.



OCaspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay Systems

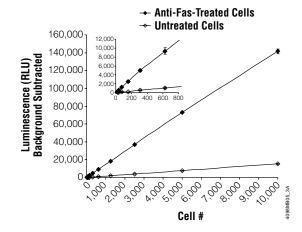
Product Size Cat.# Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay 2.5 ml G8090 10 ml G8091 10 × 10 ml G8093 100 ml G8092 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay provides a homogeneous luminescent assay that measures caspase-3/7 activities. The assay provides a proluminescent caspase-3/7 DEVD-aminoluciferin substrate and a proprietary thermostable luciferase in a reagent optimized for caspase-3/7 activity. luciferase activity and cell lysis. Adding the single Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Reagent in an "add-mix-measure" format results in cell lysis, followed by caspase cleavage of the substrate. This liberates free aminoluciferin, which is consumed by the luciferase, generating a "glow-type" luminescent signal. The signal is proportional to caspase-3/7 activity. The stabilized luciferase and proprietary buffer system improve assay performance across a wide range of assay conditions, and the assay is less likely to be affected by compound interference unlike fluorescent- or colorimetric-based assays. The Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay is designed for use with multiwell plate formats using either purified enzyme or cells in culture.

Features:

- Simplify Apoptosis or Caspase Detection: The "add-mix-measure" protocol makes the assay easy to automate; simply add an equal volume of reagent to sample volume.
- Use Less Enzyme or Fewer Cells: The low background luminescence results in excellent signal-to-noise ratios and superior sensitivity not achieved by other caspase formats, allowing assays to be performed in 96or 384-well formats.
- Decrease Assav Time: No sample preparation or manipulation required. and no extended incubation times are necessary, as with fluorescencebased assays. Maximum sensitivity is achieved in as little as 0.25-1 hour.
- Rely on a Performance-Tested Assay: In cell and purified enzyme models, the assay delivers excellent Z'- factor values.
- Process Plates in Batch Mode: The extended-glow signal allows the plates to be read over a 3-hour period of time for batch processing; no injectors required.
- Get More Information: Multiplex with other cell-based assays from
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



The Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay produces luminescence that is linear over a broad range of cell numbers. Jurkat cells were treated with anti-Fas mAb for 4.5 hours to induce apoptosis or were left untreated. Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Reagent was added directly to the cells in 96-well plates and incubated for 1 hour before recording luminescence. Each point represents the average of 4 wells. The "no cell" blank control value has been subtracted from each.

Caspase-Glo® 6 Assay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Caspase-Glo® 6 Assay | 10 ml | G0970 | |
| | 50 ml | G0971 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | · | |

Description: The Caspase-Glo® 6 Assay is a homogeneous, luminescent assay that measures caspase-6 activity. Caspase-6 is a member of the cysteine aspartic acid-specific protease family and has a key effector role in the cleavage of specific target proteins during apoptosis. The Caspase-Glo® 6 Assay provides a luminogenic substrate, Z-VEID-aminoluciferin, in a buffer optimized for caspase-6 and luciferase activity. The addition of a single Caspase-Glo® 6 Reagent in an add-mix-measure format results in cleavage of the substrate, releasing aminoluciferin, and generation of a glow-type luminescent signal in the presence of Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase. The luminescent signal is proportional to the amount of caspase-6 activity present. The homogeneous Caspase-Glo® 6 Assay is designed for use with purified enzyme preparations in multiwell plate formats, making it ideal for automated high-throughput screening for caspase-6 activity and inhibitors of caspase-6 activity

Features:

- Simplified Method: The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol makes the assay highly amenable to automation.
- . Greater Sensitivity: The assay is more sensitive than fluorescence-based caspase-6 assays. This bioluminescent assay avoids inherent fluorescent background signals, providing excellent signal-to-noise ratios. The assay is linear over 3 logs of caspase-6 concentration and can detect 0.002U/ml.
- Increased Accuracy: The superior sensitivity over fluorescence-based caspase assays allows inhibitor studies at concentrations below the K_m.
- Faster Results: The maximum signal (and maximum sensitivity) of the assay is reached in as little as 30 minutes after reagent addition.
- **High-Quality Assay:** The assay demonstrates an excellent Z'-factor value of 0.86 when using 0.1U/ml of caspase-6 for assays in 384-well plates.
- Batch Processing Capability: The coupled-enzyme, homogeneous format results in a continuous signal, providing excellent stability and allowing plates to be read over an extended period of time.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Caspase-Glo® 8 Assay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Caspase-Glo® 8 Assay | 2.5 ml | G8200 | |
| | 10 ml | G8201 | |
| | 100 ml | G8202 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Caspase-Glo® 8 Assay is a homogeneous luminescent assay that measures caspase-8 activity. The assay provides a proluminogenic caspase-8 substrate in a buffer system optimized for caspase activity, luciferase activity and cell lysis. The addition of a single Caspase-Glo® 8 Reagent in an "add-mix-read" format results in cell lysis, followed by caspase cleavage of the substrate and generation of a "glow-type" luminescent signal. The signal generated is proportional to the amount of caspase activity present. The Caspase-Glo® Reagent relies on the properties of a proprietary thermostable luciferase (Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase), which generates the stable "glow-type" luminescent signal and improves performance across a wide range of assay conditions.

The system now includes a separate vial of a protease inhibitor, MG-132 Inhibitor, which may be used to reduce background, thus improving the performance of the Caspase-Glo® 8 Assay in cell-based applications.

Features:

- Simplify Apoptosis or Caspase Detection: The homogeneous "add-mix-read" protocol makes the assay easy to automate; simply add an equal volume of reagent to sample volume.
- Use Less Enzyme: The low background luminescence results in excellent signal-to-noise ratios and superior sensitivity not achieved by other caspase formats, allowing assays to be performed in 96- or 384-well formats
- Decrease Assay Time: No sample preparation or manipulation required, and no extended incubation times are necessary as with fluorescent-based assays. Maximum sensitivity is achieved in as little as 0.5–1 hour.
- Rely on a Performance-Tested Assay: In both cell and purified enzyme models, the assay delivers excellent Z' factors.
- **Get More Information:** Multiplex with other cell-based assays from Promega.
- Experience Improved Caspase-8 Selectivity: The Caspase-Glo®
 8 Assay uses a luminogenic substrate containing the LETD sequence, which has been shown to be selective for caspase-8. The assay includes an optional proteasome inhibitor (MG-132), which when added to the Caspase-Glo® 8 Reagent significantly reduces nonspecific background in cell-based assays.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light.

OCaspase-Glo® 9 Assay Systems



For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Caspase-Glo[®] 9 Assay is a homogeneous luminescent assay that measures caspase-9 activity. The assay provides a proluminogenic caspase-9 substrate in a buffer system optimized for caspase activity, luciferase activity and cell lysis. The addition of a single Caspase-Glo[®] 9 Reagent in an "add-mix-read" format results in cell lysis, followed by caspase cleavage of the substrate and generation of a "glow-type" luminescent signal. The signal generated is proportional to the amount of caspase activity present. The Caspase-Glo[®] Reagent relies on the properties of a proprietary thermostable luciferase (Ultra-Glo[™] Recombinant Luciferase), which generates the stable "glow-type" luminescent signal and improves performance across a wide range of assay conditions.

The system now includes a separate vial of a protease inhibitor, MG-132 Inhibitor, which may be used to reduce background, thus improving the performance of the Caspase-Glo® 9 Assay in cell-based applications.

Features

- Simplify Apoptosis or Caspase Detection: The homogeneous "add-mix-read" protocol makes the assay easy to automate; simply add an equal volume of reagent to sample volume.
- Use Less Enzyme: The low background luminescence results in excellent signal-to-noise ratios and superior sensitivity not achieved by other caspase formats, allowing assays to be performed in 96- or 384-well formats
- Decrease Assay Time: No sample preparation or manipulation required, and no extended incubation times are necessary as with fluorescent-based assays. Maximum sensitivity is achieved in as little as 0.5–1 hour.
- Rely on a Performance-Tested Assay: The assay delivers excellent Z' factors in cell and purified enzyme models.
- Get More Information: Multiplex with other cell-based assays from
 Promaga
- Experience Improved Caspase-9 Selectivity: The Caspase-Glo®
 9 Assay uses a luminogenic substrate containing the LEHD sequence, which has been shown to be selective for caspase-9. The assay includes an optional proteasome inhibitor (MG-132), which when added to the Caspase-Glo® 9 Reagent significantly reduces nonspecific background in cell-based assays.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20° C protected from light.



stocking system



stocking system

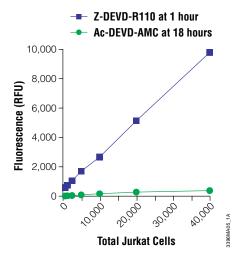
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Assay | 1 ml | G7792 | |
| | 10 ml | G7790 | |
| | 100 ml | G7791 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Buffer | 100 ml | G7781 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Assay provides the necessary reagents for fast and sensitive measurement of active caspase-3 and -7 in a homogeneous format. The assay includes a profluorescent caspase-3/7 consensus substrate, rhodamine 110 bis-(N-CBZ-L-aspartyl-L-glutamyl-L-valyl-aspartic acid amide) (Z-DEVD-R110), and an optimized bifunctional cell lysis/activity buffer. The buffer efficiently lyses cultured mammalian cells and supports optimal caspase-3/7 enzymatic activity. The substrate and buffer are combined to make the Apo-ONE® Caspase-3/7 Reagent that is added directly to samples. Upon cleavage on the C-terminal side of the aspartate residue in the DEVD peptide substrate sequence by caspase-3/7 enzymes, the rhodamine 110 becomes fluorescent when excited at a wavelength of 498nm. The emission maximum is 521nm. The amount of fluorescent product generated is representative of the amount of active caspase-3/7 present in the sample.

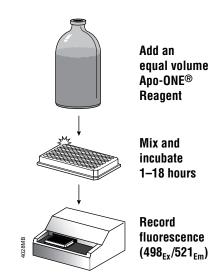
Features:

- Get Results Faster: The simple "add-mix-measure" format combined with the high sensitivity of the assay dramatically decreases the "time to first result" by eliminating cumbersome sample preparation and lengthy incubation steps.
- Use Less Enzyme or Fewer Cells: Optimized caspase-3/7 activity buffer, in conjunction with the R110-labeled substrate, allows for increased sensitivity over existing fluorescent caspase assay methods.
- Adapt Format and Throughput: The assay can be flexibly configured (from cuvette to 384-well plate) for use in high-throughput systems by maintaining a 1:1 ratio of sample to assay reagent and may be used with purified enzyme preparations, cell extracts or cultures of adherent, suspension or primary cells.
- Get More Information: Perform more than one assay on the same sample. This assay can be multiplexed with other assay methods such as the CellTiter-Blue[®] Assay (Cat.# G8080) or the Caspase-Glo[®] 8 or 9 Assays (Cat.# G8200 or G8210).
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

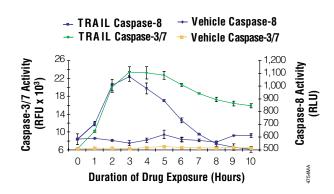
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light and moisture.



Superior sensitivity of the Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Assay compared to the AMC substrate-based assay.



Schematic overview of the Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Assay protocol.



Multiplexing luminescent Caspase-Glo® 8 and Apo-ONE® Caspase-3/7 Assay. The time dependence of caspase-8 and caspase-3/7 activity is demonstrated.



○ CaspACE™ Assay System, Colorimetric

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-------|--|
| CaspACE™ Assay System, Colorimetric | 50 assays | G7351 | |
| | 100 assays | G7220 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CaspACETM Assay System, Colorimetric, provides reagents for measuring the activity of caspase-3. The system includes a colorimetric substrate and a cell-permeant inhibitor that allow quantitative measurement of caspase-3 (DEVDase) protease activity. The colorimetric substrate (Ac-DEVD-pNA) provided is labeled with the chromophore p-nitroaniline (pNA). pNA is released from the substrate upon cleavage by DEVDase. Free pNA produces a yellow color that is monitored by a spectrophotometer at 405nm. The amount of yellow color produced upon cleavage is proportional to the amount of DEVDase activity present in the sample.

The potent, irreversible and cell-permeant pan-caspase inhibitor Z-VAD-FMK is provided in the CaspACETM Assay System, Colorimetric. The addition of the Z-VAD-FMK Inhibitor prior to the induction of apoptosis in cell culture inhibits the activation of the caspase cascade, including caspase-3.

Features:

- . Timely: Measures an early indicator of apoptosis.
- Quantitative or Qualitative: Determine total caspase-3 activity or screen for inducers or inhibitors of caspase activity.
- Versatile: May be used with purified enzyme preparations, cell extracts or tissue lysates.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20° C. Store substrates and inhibitors in aliquots at -20° C away from light and moisture.

○ CaspACE™ FITC-VAD-FMK In Situ Marker

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| CaspACE™ FITC-VAD-FMK In Situ Marker | 50 µl | G7461 | |
| | 125 µl | G7462 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: CaspACETM FITC-VAD-FMK In Situ Marker is a fluorescent analog of the pan caspase inhibitor Z-VAD-FMK (carbobenzoxy-valyl-alanyl-aspartyl-[0-methyl]-fluoromethylketone). The fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC) group has been substituted for the carbobenzoxy (Z) N-terminal blocking group to create the fluorescent apoptosis marker. This structure allows delivery of the inhibitor into the cell where it irreversibly binds to activated caspases. The FITC label allows for a single-reagent addition to assay for caspase activity in situ. The FITC-VAD-FMK is supplied as a 5mM solution in DMSO and is intended for in situ monitoring of caspase activity by fluorescence detection. The suggested concentration for use in anti-Fas-treated Jurkat cell culture is 10μM.

Features:

- Simplify Your Protocol: Add FITC-VAD-FMK, incubate, wash and view fluorescence
- Use a Variety of Detection Methods: Detect apoptotic cells by fluorescence microscopy or flow cytometry; combine with other immunomarkers to assess cell populations or determine apoptotic frequency within a population; adaptable to high-throughput applications.
- Get Results Faster: Quick, single-reagent addition to cell culture; no preparation of cell extracts or long incubation steps. Use as a preliminary screen for apoptosis.
- Get Reliable Results: Synthesized peptide provides consistent results from every batch, unlike Annexin V, which can be highly variable between batches.
- Use With Live Cells: Easily moves in and out of cells and remains anchored inside cultured apoptotic cells.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light and moisture.

DeadEnd™ Colorimetric TUNEL System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| DeadEnd™ Colorimetric TUNEL System | 20 reactions | G7360 | |
| | 40 reactions | G7130 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The DeadEnd™ Colorimetric TUNEL System is a modified TUNEL Assay designed to provide simple, accurate and rapid detection of apoptotic cells in situ at the single-cell level. The DeadEnd™ Colorimetric TUNEL System measures nuclear DNA fragmentation, an important biochemical indicator of apoptosis. The system can be used to assay apoptotic cell death in both tissue sections and cultured cells. The DeadEnd™ Colorimetric TUNEL System end-labels the fragmented DNA of apoptotic cells using a modified TUNEL (TdT-mediated dUTP Nick-End Labeling) assay. Biotinylated nucleotide is incorporated at the 3′-OH DNA ends using the enzyme Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase (TdT). Horseradish-peroxidase-labeled streptavidin (Streptavidin HRP) is then bound to these biotinylated nucleotides, which are detected using the peroxidase substrate, hydrogen peroxide, and the stable chromogen, diaminobenzidine (DAB). Using this procedure, apoptotic nuclei are stained dark brown.

Note: The protocol for the DeadEnd[™] TUNEL Assay recommends an optional DNase I treatment of samples as a positive control to detect DNA fragmentation. RQ1 RNase-Free DNase (Cat.# M6101) can be used to generate the positive control and is available separately.

Features:

- Assay Cells or Tissue: Detect apoptosis in thick tissue sections or assess cell morphology.
- Simplify: Includes DAB substrate and H₂O₂ for color detection and plastic coverslips that simplify sample handling.
- Proven Applications: Vibratome[®] sections of neuronal tissue, Jurkat cells, HL-60 cells.

Storage Conditions: Store the Equilibration Buffer, TdT Enzyme, Biotinylated Nucleotide Mix and Proteinase K at –20°C. Store the Streptavidin HRP, DAB 20X Chromogen, DAB Substrate 20X Buffer and Hydrogen Peroxide 20X at 4°C. Store the SSC 20X and Plastic Coverslips at room temperature.



Helix® on-site stocking system

stocking system

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System | 60 reactions | G3250 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

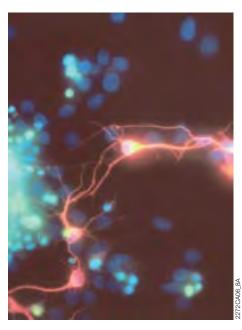
Description: The DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System is a classic TUNEL Assay designed for the specific detection and quantitation of apoptotic cells within a cell population. The DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System measures nuclear DNA fragmentation, an important biochemical hallmark of apoptosis in many cell types. The system is non-radioactive and provides simple, accurate and rapid detection of apoptotic cells in situ at the single-cell level or in cell suspensions. The DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System measures the fragmented DNA of apoptotic cells by catalytically incorporating fluorescein-12-dUTP at 3′-OH DNA ends using the enzyme Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase (TdT), which forms a polymeric tail using the principle of the TUNEL (TdT-mediated dUTP Nick-End Labeling) assay. The fluorescein-12-dUTP-labeled DNA can then be visualized directly by fluorescence microscopy or quantitated by flow cytometry.

Note: The protocol for the DeadEnd[™] TUNEL Assay recommends an optional DNase I treatment of samples as a positive control to detect DNA fragmentation. RQ1 RNase-Free DNase (Cat.# M6101) can be used to generate the positive control and is available separately.

Features:

- Save Money: System provides sufficient reagents for 60 assays of 50µl each
- Save Time: Direct incorporation of fluorescent nucleotide reduces number of incubation steps.
- Choose Sample Type: Use to detect apoptosis in cultured cells and formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections.
- Convenient: Plastic coverslips provided simplify sample handling.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20° C. Store the Nucleotide Mix protected from light at -20° C.



Neural progenitor cells migrating away from a spherical cluster of apoptotic cells. The condensed nuclei (green) contain fragmented DNA, as indicated by fluorescent labeling with the DeadEnd^M Fluorometric TUNEL System, in contrast with larger intact nuclei stained with DAPI (blue). The cells were also processed for immunocytochemical staining using a primary antibody to β lll Tubulin (Cat.# G7121) and a Cy®3-conjugated secondary antibody where immature process-bearing neurons (red) are distinctly labeled.

Caspase Inhibitor Z-VAD-FMK

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Caspase Inhibitor Z-VAD-FMK, 20mM | 50 µl | G7231 |
| | 125 µl | G7232 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Z-VAD-FMK (carbobenzoxy-valyl-alanyl-aspartyl-[O-methyl]-fluoromethylketone) is a cell-permeant pan caspase inhibitor that irreversibly binds to the catalytic site of caspase proteases and can inhibit induction of apoptosis. For inhibition of apoptosis, Z-VAD-FMK should be added at the same time that apoptosis is induced. Z-VAD-FMK is provided at 20mM in DMSO for convenient addition to cell culture or extracts. The peptide is O-methylated in the P1 position on aspartic acid, providing enhanced stability and increased cell permeability. The suggested concentration for use in the anti-Fas mAb-treated Jurkat cell culture model system is 20µM.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light and moisture.

Caspase Inhibitor Ac-DEVD-CHO

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Caspase Inhibitor Ac-DEVD-CHO | 100 µl 10 mM | G5961 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic F | Procedures. | | |

Description: Ac-DEVD-CHO is an inhibitor of caspase-3/7 (DEVDase) activity. The concentration of inhibitor required to inhibit caspase activity must be determined empirically for each system. Ten micromolar inhibitor is sufficient to inhibit caspase activity in extracts of apoptotic THP-1 cells. Ac-DEVD-CHO is supplied as a 10mM solution in DMSO.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light and moisture.

Digitonin

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------------|-------|--|
| Digitonin | 40 μl 20 mg/ml in DMS0 | G9441 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Digitonin is a detergent solution useful for permeabilizing cells and for creating a cytotoxicity chemistry positive control.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light.



Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb | 50 μl | G7481 | |

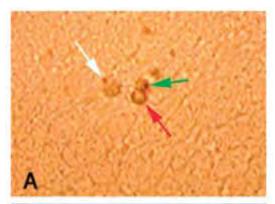
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

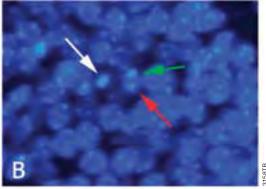
Description: Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb is intended for use as a marker of apoptosis; it specifically stains apoptotic cells without staining nonapoptotic cells. Includes sufficient antibody to perform 125 immunocytochemical assays (100μl/assay) at a 1:250 dilution.

Features:

- Immunogen: Peptide derived from the p17 fragment of caspase-3 and having sequence homology in human, mouse, rat and hamster.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit IgG; supplied in Dulbecco's PBS.
- Specificity: Specifically recognizes the cleaved active form of caspase-3 in human, rat and mouse.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Demonstration of Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb positive cells in postnatal day 0 (P0) mouse brain paraffin-embedded sections. Panel A. Three Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb-positive cells (colored arrows). Panel B. Corresponding DAPI-stained nuclei. Note the correspondence of Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb label with the typical apoptotic, condensed nuclear morphology in Panel B. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.

Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb | 50 μl | G7341 | |

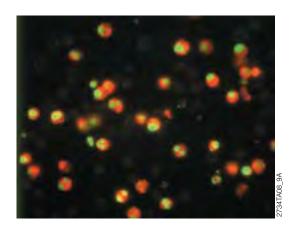
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP), a nuclear enzyme involved in DNA repair, is a well known substrate for caspase-3 cleavage during apoptosis. Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb is a rabbit polyclonal antibody specific for the p85 fragment of PARP that results from caspase cleavage of the 116kDa intact molecule and thus provides an in situ marker for apoptosis. The antibody is affinity-purified using a peptide that corresponds to a region of the p85 fragment of PARP. The PARP immunogen is a synthetic peptide, gly-val-asp-glu-val-ala-lys (GVDEVAK), representing the N-terminus of the large C-terminal fragment of human PARP that results from caspase-3 cleavage. Each batch of antibody is quality assurance tested for use in immunostaining applications and contains sufficient antibody for 50 immunocytochemical reactions at the suggested working dilution of 1:100.

Features:

- Immunogen: N-terminal peptide from p85 fragment.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit polyclonal antibody provided in Dulbecco's PRS
- Specificity: Specifically detects PARP p85 fragment in human, rat and bovine cells and tissues. Does not recognize the 116kDa intact PARP protein

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb and TUNEL double-labeling of apoptotic Jurkat cells. Cells were labeled with the Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb (red) and the DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System (Cat.# G3250; green). The colocalization of cleaved PARP in cells containing TUNEL-positive nuclei demonstrates that the Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb specifically labels apoptotic cells. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.



stocking system

O Promega

Section Contents

Cell Viability Assays

™ CellTiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay

Miller

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|-------|--|
| CellTiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay | 10 ml | G7570 | |
| | 10 × 10 ml | G7571 | |
| | 100 ml | G7572 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | G7573 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

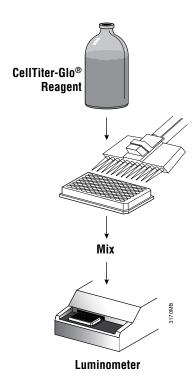
Description: The CellTiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay is a homogeneous method of determining the number of viable cells in culture based on quantitation of the ATP present, an indicator of metabolically active cells. The CellTiter-Glo® Assay is designed for use with multiwell formats, making it ideal for automated high-throughput screening (HTS), cell proliferation and cytotoxicity assays. The assay protocol involves adding a single CellTiter-Glo® Reagent directly to cells cultured in serum-supplemented medium. Cell washing, removal of medium and multiple pipetting steps are not required. The system detects as few as 15 cells/well in a 384-well format in 10 minutes after adding reagent and mixing.

The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" format results in cell lysis and generation of a luminescent signal proportional to the amount of ATP present. The amount of ATP is directly proportional to the number of cells present in culture. The CellTiter-Glo® Assay generates a "glow-type" luminescent signal, which has a half-life generally greater than five hours, depending on cell type and medium used. The extended half-life eliminates the need to use reagent injectors and provides flexibility for continuous or batch mode processing of multiple plates. The unique homogeneous format avoids errors that may be introduced by other ATP measurement methods that require multiple steps.

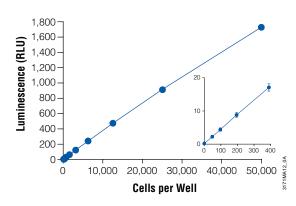
Features

- Simplify Cell Viability Assays: Homogeneous "add-mix-measure" format dramatically reduces the number of plate handling steps required for similar assays.
- Use Fewer Cells: Detects as few as 15 cells/well in a 384-well format or 50 cells/well in a 96-well format. Accurately measures cells at numbers below the detection limits of standard colorimetric and fluorometric assays. Reduces the number of cells required per assay.
- Get Results Quickly: Data can be recorded 10 minutes after adding reagent.
- Choose Your Format: Can be used with various multiwell formats. Data can be recorded by luminometer or CCD camera imaging device.
- Process Plates Consecutively: Luminescent signal is very stable, with a half-life generally >5 hours, dependent on cell type and medium used, allowing batch processing; delivers excellent Z'-factor values for screening applications.
- Get More Information: Multiplex with other cell-based assays from Promega.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, the lyophilized CellTiter-Glo® Substrate and CellTiter-Glo® Buffer should be stored at -20°C. Reconstituted CellTiter-Glo® Reagent can be stored at 4°C for 48 hours with \sim 5% loss of activity or at 4°C for 4 days with \sim 20% loss of activity.



Flow diagram showing preparation and use of CellTiter-Glo® Reagent.



Excellent sensitivity and extended linearity. Serial twofold dilutions of Jurkat cells were made in RPMI 1640 and 10% PBS in a 96-well plate. The assay was performed as described in Technical Bulletin #TB288. Values represent the mean \pm S.D. of four replicates for each cell number.

OcellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|
| CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay | 100 ml | G8461 |
| | 500 ml | G8462 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay is a homogeneous method of determining the number of viable cells in culture based on quantitation of the ATP present, which indicates the presence of metabolically active cells. This frozen, ready-to-use format is based on the original CellTiter-Glo® Luminescence Cell Viability Assay chemistry and eliminates the need to combine buffer with lyophilized substrate when preparing reagent. The CellTiter-Glo® Assay is designed for use with multiwell-plate formats, making it ideal for automated high-throughput screening (HTS) in 96-to 1536-well format, and cell proliferation and cytotoxicity assays.

The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" format results in cell lysis and generation of a luminescent signal proportional to the amount of ATP present. The amount of ATP is directly proportional to the number of cells present in culture. The CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay generates a stable "glow-type" luminescent signal with a half-life of greater than three hours. This extended half-life eliminates the need for reagent injectors and provides flexibility for continuous or batch-mode processing of multiple plates.

Features:

- Convenient: No reagent preparation is required; simply thaw and "add-mix-measure". Volumes convenient for HTS applications.
- Homogeneous: "Add-mix-measure" format reduces the number of platehandling steps.
- Fast: Data can be recorded 10 minutes after reagent addition.
- Sensitive: Measures cells at numbers below the detection limits of standard colorimetric and fluorometric assays.
- Flexible: Can be used with various multiwell formats (96-, regular or low-volume 384- and 1536-well plates). Data can be recorded by luminometer or CCD camera imaging device.
- Robust: Stable luminescent signal with a half-life >3 hours, depending on cell type and culture medium used.
- Ability to Multiplex: Can be used with other nonlytic compatible assay chemistries from Promega.

Storage Conditions: Store the CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay below –10°C. CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay can be stored at 4°C for 48 hours or at 22°C for 10 hours with ~10–12% loss of activity. CellTiter-Glo® One Solution Assay can withstand two additional freeze-thaw cycles after the first thaw, with approximately 10% loss of activity with each additional freeze-thaw cycle.

Description BacTiter-Glo[™] Microbial Cell Viability Assay Output Description Descript



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|-------|--|
| BacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay | 10 ml | G8230 | |
| | 10 × 10 ml | G8231 | |
| | 100 ml | G8232 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | G8233 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| rATP, 10mM | 0.5 ml mM | P1132 | |
| | | | |

G8230, G8231, G8232, G8233 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. P1132 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The BacTiter-Glo[™] Microbial Cell Viability Assay is a homogeneous method for determining the number of viable microbial cells in culture based on quantitation of the ATP present. ATP is an indicator of metabolically active cells. The homogeneous assay procedure involves adding a single reagent (BacTiter-Glo[™] Reagent) directly to bacterial cells cultured in medium and measuring luminescence. The homogeneous format reduces pipetting errors that may be introduced during the multiple steps required by other methods of ATP measurement. The formulation of the reagent supports bacterial cell lysis and generation of a luminescent signal in a homogeneous "add-mix-measure" format. The luminescent signal is proportional

to the amount of ATP present, which is directly proportional to the number of viable cells in culture. The assay relies on the properties of a proprietary thermostable luciferase (Ultra-Glo[™] Recombinant Luciferase) and a proprietary buffer formulation for extracting ATP from bacteria. The assay has been shown to detect a variety of bacteria and fungi.

Features:

- Simplify Microbial Detection: The "add-mix-measure" format reduces the number of handling steps to fewer than that required for similar ATP assays, with no separate lysis step, and no injectors required, allowing easy automation.
- Get Results Quickly: Data can be recorded in 5 minutes or less after adding reagent and mixing. Superior sensitivity allows you to detect growth or toxicity quickly after inoculation.
- Increase Your Sensitivity: Measure ATP from as few as 10 bacterial cells, 1,000-fold more sensitive than absorbance (0.D.) readings.
- Choose Your Format: Can be used with various multiwell-plate or single-use formats. Data can be recorded by luminometer or CCD camera.
- Process Plates Consecutively: The "glow-type" luminescent signal is stable, with a half-life generally over 30 minutes.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this
 product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, the lyophilized BacTiter-GloTM Substrate and BacTiter-GloTM Buffer should be stored at -20° C.

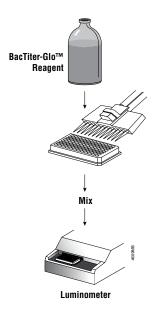
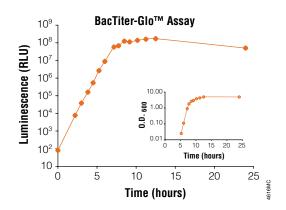


Diagram of the BacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay protocol.



Evaluate bacterial growth immediately after inoculation using the BacTiter-Glo™ Assay. When measuring growth by 0.D., the first significant measurement (0.25 0.D. with *E. coll*) did not occur until 5 hours after inoculation.



Section Contents

stocking system

Fluorescent Cell Viability Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| CellTiter-Fluor™ Cell Viability Assay | 10 ml | G6080 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6081 | |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G6082 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The CellTiter-Fluor™ Cell Viability Assay is a nonlytic, single-reagent-addition fluorescence assay that measures the relative number of viable cells in a population. The assay is based on measurement of a conserved and constitutive protease activity within live cells and therefore serves as a biomarker of cell viability. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant, peptide substrate (Gly-Phe-AFC). The substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved by the live-cell protease activity to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. The live-cell protease becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium.

The CellTiter-Fluor™ Assay also can be used in a single-well, sequential, multiplex format with other downstream assay chemistries to normalize data by cell number. Data from the assay can serve as an internal control and allow identification of errors resulting from cell clumping or compound cytotoxicity. The assay is compatible with many Promega luminescence assays or spectrally distinct fluorescence assay methods, such as measuring caspase activation, reporter gene expression or orthogonal measures of viability.

Features:

- Obtain Better Data from Every Well: The assay can be performed in multiplex with many Promega luminescence assays or spectrally distinct fluorescence assays.
- Normalize Data for Cell Number: Normalizing data for live-cell number makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate, day-to-day.
- Save on Cell Culture Costs: Multiplexing assays in the same well eliminates parallel plate processing, thus reducing cell culture costs.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

○ CellTiter 96[®] AQ_{ueous} One Solution Cell Proliferation Assay (MTS)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| CellTiter 96® AQ _{ueous} One Solution Cell | 200 assays | G3582 |
| Proliferation Assay | 1,000 assays | G3580 |
| | 5,000 assays | G3581 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} One Solution Cell Proliferation Assay is a colorimetric method for determining the number of viable cells in proliferation, cytotoxicity or chemosensitivity assays. The CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} One Solution Reagent contains a tetrazolium compound [3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-5-(3-carboxymethoxyphenyl)-2-(4-sulfophenyl)-2H-tetrazolium, inner salt; MTS] and an electron coupling reagent (phenazine ethosulfate; PES). PES has enhanced chemical stability, which allows it to be combined with MTS to form a stable solution. The CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} Assay uses phenazine methosulfate (PMS) as the electron coupling reagent, and PMS Solution and MTS Solution are supplied separately. PES has enhanced chemical stability, which allows it to be combined with MTS to form a stable solution.

Assays are performed by adding a small amount of the CellTiter 96° AQ $_{ueous}$ One Solution Reagent directly to culture wells, incubating for 1–4 hours and then recording absorbance at 490nm with a 96-well plate reader. The quantity of formazan product as measured by the amount of 490nm absorbance is directly proportional to the number of living cells in culture.

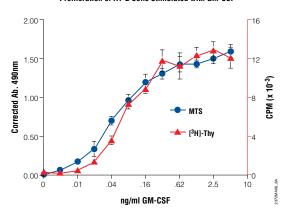
If you currently use a [3 H]-thymidine incorporation assay, addition of the CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} One Solution Reagent can be substituted for the pulse of [3 H]-thymidine at the time point in the assay when the pulse of radioactive thymidine is usually added. Previous bioassay data comparing [3 H]-thymidine incorporation to the MTS-based CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} Assay and the original MTT-based CellTiter 96° Assay demonstrate that tetrazolium reagents can be substituted for [3 H]-thymidine incorporation.

Features:

- Simplify Colorimetric Viability Assays: "Add-incubate-measure" format (single-step reagent addition) enables design of homogeneous highthroughput screening assays.
- Use a Single Solution: Use as a single solution, filter sterilized and ready to add to assay plates (unlike MTT).
- Perform Fewer Steps: Perform the assay in 96-well plates with no washing or cell harvesting. Also eliminates solubilization steps normally required for MTT assays.
- Gain Flexibility: Plates can be read and returned to incubator for further color development (unlike MTT).
- Avoid Organic Solvents: Requires no volatile organic solvent to solubilize the formazan product (unlike MTT).
- Non-Radioactive: Requires no scintillation cocktail or radioactive waste disposal (unlike [3H]-thymidine incorporation assays).
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C, protected from light.

Comparison of MTS and [³H]thymidine Assays Proliferation of HT-2 Cells Stimulated with GM-CSF



Measurement of GM-CSF-stimulated proliferation in HT-2 cells using the CellTiter 96® AQ_{ueous} Cell Proliferation Assay and a [³H]thymidine incorporation assay. Similar results were obtained with both assays.



OcellTiter 96® AQ_{ueous} Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation Assay (MTS)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| CellTiter 96® AQ _{ueous} Non-Radioactive Cell | 1,000 assays | G5421 | |
| Proliferation Assay | 5,000 assays | G5430 | |
| | 50,000 assays | G5440 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| CellTiter 96® AQ _{ueous} MTS Reagent Powder | 1 g | G1111 | |
| | 250 mg | G1112 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation Assay is a homogeneous, colorimetric method for determining the number of viable cells in proliferation, cytotoxicity or chemosensitivity assays. The CellTiter 96° AQ_{ueous} Assay is composed of solutions of a novel tetrazolium compound [3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-5-(3-carboxymethoxyphenyl)-2-

(4-sulfophenyl)-2H-tetrazolium, inner salt; MTS] and an electron coupling reagent (phenazine methosulfate) PMS. MTS is bioreduced by cells into a formazan product that is soluble in tissue culture medium. The absorbance of the formazan product at 490nm can be measured directly from 96-well assay plates without additional processing. The conversion of MTS into the aqueous soluble formazan product is accomplished by dehydrogenase enzymes found in metabolically active cells. The quantity of formazan product as measured by the amount of 490nm absorbance is directly proportional to the number of living cells in culture.

If you currently use a [3 H]-thymidine incorporation assay, addition of the combined MTS/PMS solution can be substituted for [3 H]-thymidine at the time point in the assay when the pulse of radioactive thymidine is usually added. Data from proliferation bioassays comparing the CellTiter 96° AQ $_{ueous}$ Assay and [3 H]-thymidine incorporation show similar results. This is in agreement with similar radioactivity incorporation studies performed using the original CellTiter 96° Assay.

CellTiter 96® AQ_{ueous} **MTS Reagent Powder** is a novel tetrazolium compound for use in colorimetric assays for determining the number of viable cells in proliferation, cytotoxicity or chemosensitivity assays. It is provided in powdered form.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Combine provided MTS and PMS solutions, add to cells, incubate and read absorbance.
- Fast: Perform assay in a 96-well plate with no washing or cell harvesting.
 Also eliminates solubilization steps because the MTS formazan product is soluble in tissue culture medium.
- Non-Radioactive: Requires no scintillation cocktail or radioactive waste disposal (unlike [3H]-thymidine).
- Flexible: Plates can be read and returned to incubator for further color development (unlike MTT).
- Safe: Requires no volatile organic solvent to solubilize the formazan product (unlike MTT).

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, store MTS and PMS Solutions at -20°C , protected from light.

CellTiter 96[®] Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation Assay (MTT)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| CellTiter 96® Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation | 1,000 assays | G4000 |
| Assay | 5,000 assays | G4100 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CellTiter 96® Assay is a collection of qualified reagents that provide a convenient method for determining viable cell number. The CellTiter 96® Assay is a modification of the MTT assay method described by Mosmann and incorporates several improvements to the method that address previous technical problems including: 1) serum protein precipitation caused by adding organic solvent; 2) interference by phenol red; 3) incomplete solubilization of the formazan crystals resulting in lower sensitivity; and 4) stability of the colored product.

The CellTiter $96^{\circ\circ}$ Assay is performed by adding a premixed, optimized Dye Solution to culture wells of a 96-well plate, usually containing various concentrations of growth factor or test substance. During a 4-hour incubation, living cells convert the MTT tetrazolium component of the Dye Solution into a formazan product. If you currently use a $[^3H]$ -thymidine incorporation assay, the addition of Dye Solution can be substituted for the pulse of radioactive thymidine at the time point in the assay when the pulse of $[^3H]$ -thymidine is usually added. The Solubilization/Stop Solution is then added to the culture wells to solubilize the formazan product, and the absorbance at 570nm is recorded using a 96-well plate reader. In addition, direct comparison between $[^3H]$ -thymidine incorporation and tetrazolium conversion have demonstrated less than a 5% difference between the two assays for determination of growth factor content of several samples.

Features:

- Gain Sensitivity: Detect as few as 1,000 cells/well with a 96-well plate reader. Greater sensitivity than the neutral red assay procedure.
- Use a Variety of Cells: Assay mammalian, plant and yeast cells.
- Non-Radioactive: Requires no scintillation cocktail or radioactive waste disposal.
- Save Time: Perform the assay in a 96-well plate with no washing steps, no cell harvesting and no scintillation counting.
- Adapt to Your Needs: Follow either a 4-hour or overnight protocol.
- Convenient: Requires no weighing or mixing of dye components.

Storage Conditions: Store Dye Solution at -20° C and Solubilization/Stop Solution at room temperature.





OCellTiter-Blue® Cell Viability Assay

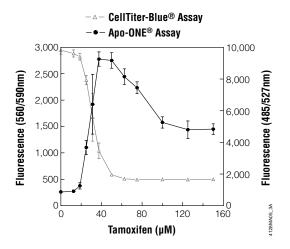
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------------|-------|
| CellTiter-Blue® Cell Viability Assay | 20 ml | G8080 |
| | 100 ml | G8081 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | G8082 |
| For Passarah Usa Only Not for Usa in Diagnostic Procedu | ıroo | |

Description: The CellTiter-Blue® Cell Viability Assay provides a homogeneous, fluorescent method for monitoring cell viability. The assay is based on the ability of living cells to convert a redox dye (resazurin) into a fluorescent end product (resorufin). Nonviable cells rapidly lose metabolic capacity and thus do not generate a fluorescent signal. The homogeneous assay procedure involves adding the single reagent directly to cells cultured in serum-supplemented medium. After an incubation step, data are recorded using either a platereading fluorometer (preferred) or spectrophotometer.

Features:

- Save Time: The homogeneous, add-incubate-measure format reduces the number of handling steps.
- Perform More Than One Assay on the Same Sample: The system can be multiplexed with other assay methods such as the Apo-ONE® Homogeneous Caspase-3/7 Assay (Cat.# G7790) or the Caspase-Glo® Assays (Cat.# G8090, G8200, G8210) for detecting apoptosis.
- Gain Flexibility: The CellTiter-Blue® Assay has an excellent Z' factor and offers more flexibility in assay incubation times compared to other resazurin-based assays.
- Safe: The reagent is generally nontoxic to cells, allowing extended incubation periods in some situations. Requires no scintillation cocktail, radioactive waste disposal (unlike [3H]-thymidine incorporation assays) or hazardous solvents (as required for MTT tetrazolium-based assays).
- Adapt to Your Throughput Needs: The reagent is designed to provide sufficient volumes for accurate pipetting into 96- or 384-well formats. Convenient product sizes available for high-throughput screening.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store frozen at -20°C protected from light.



Multiplexing cell-based assays. Collecting viability data (CellTiter-Blue® Assay) and apoptosis data (Apo-ONE® Caspase-3/7 Assay) from the same wells.

Wiral ToxGlo™ Assav

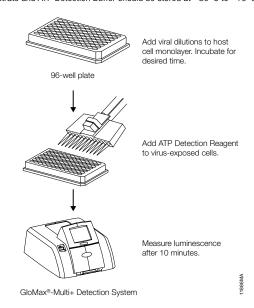
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|------------|-------|--|
| Viral ToxGlo™ Assay | 10 ml | G8941 | |
| | 10 × 10 ml | G8942 | |
| | 100 ml | G8943 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedur | res. | | |

Description: The Viral ToxGlo™ Assay is a simple, quantifiable method of determining viral-induced cytopathic effects (CPE) in host cells caused by lytic virions. The assay measures cellular ATP as a surrogate measure of host cell viability. When CPE occurs due to viral infection, ATP depletion can be measured and correlated with viral burden. The amount of ATP detected is directly proportional to the number of viable host cells in culture and can be used as a simple method to quantify viral-induced CPE. The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" assay procedure involves adding the single reagent (ATP Detection Reagent) directly to host cells following viral treatment. A "glowtype" luminescent signal is generated that is proportional to the amount of ATP present. Cell washing, multiple pipetting steps and visual assessment are not required to assess CPE. The system detects as few as 15 cells/well in a 384-well format in 10 minutes after reagent addition and mixing and is designed for use in multiwell formats, making it ideal for automated highthroughput screening (HTS).

Features:

- Objectively Quantify CPE: The assay provides quantifiable data by luminescence detection, which obviates subjective operator error associated with visual scoring methods.
- Decrease Time to Results: Record data and begin analysis as soon as 10 minutes after reagent addition.
- Simplify Assessment of CPE: The "add-mix-measure" protocol dramatically reduces the manual steps required for CPE assessment.
- **Choose Your Format:** The reagent is scalable from 96- to 1536-well
- Amenable to High Throughput Screening: Luminescent signal is very stable with a half-life generally >5 hours dependent on cell type and medium used, allowing batch or consecutive processing. No fluorescence interference results in high signal to background and delivers excellent Z' values in screening applications.
- Choose Your Reagent Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, the lyophilized ATP Detection Substrate and ATP Detection Buffer should be stored at -30°C to -10°C.



The ATP Detection Reagent is added directly to virus-exposed cells cultured in serum-supplemented medium. Cell washing, multiple pipetting steps and visual analysis are not required for assessment of CPE.



ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete Kit (Raji)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete (Raji) | 1 each | G7015 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 32.

ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model | 1 each | G7102 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

For additional information see page 35.

Cytotoxicity Assays

MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G9270 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G9271 | |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G9272 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay is a sequential-reagent-addition fluorescent and luminescent assay that measures the relative number of live and dead cells in cell populations. The MultiTox-Glo Assay sequentially measures two protease activities; one is a marker of viability, and the other is a marker of cytotoxicity. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant, peptide substrate (GF-AFC). This substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved by the live cell protease activity to release AFC and generate a fluorescent signal that is proportional to the number of viable cells. The live-cell protease becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, luminogenic cell-impermeant peptide substrate (AAF-aminoluciferin) is used to measure dead-cell protease activity, which is released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. The liberated aminoluciferin product is measured as "glow type" luminescence generated by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase provided in the assay reagent.

The MultiTox-Glo Assay gives ratiometric, inversely correlated measures of cell viability and cytotoxicity, which correlate with established methods for measuring viability and cytotoxicity. The ratio of viable cells to dead cells is independent of cell number and, therefore, can be used to normalize data. Having complementary cell viability and cytotoxicity measures reduces errors associated with pipetting and cell clumping, as well as serving as an internal control to allow identification of errors resulting from chemical interference from test compounds or media components.

Features:

- Measure the Number of Live Cells and Dead Cells in Culture: Sequential-reagent-addition assay with a homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol.
- Normalize Data with a Built-In Internal Control: The ratio of the number of live cells/number of dead cells is independent of cell number and can be used to normalize data. This normalization makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Immediately Identify More False-Positives and False-Negatives: Independent cell viability and cytotoxicity measurements serve as controls for each other. If test compounds interfere with one assay chemistry, the other serves as an internal control.
- Improve your Data: Reduce statistical probability of false-positives (or false-negatives), and eliminate fluorescence interference issues by luminescence readout.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C, protected from light.





MultiTox-Fluor Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay

della

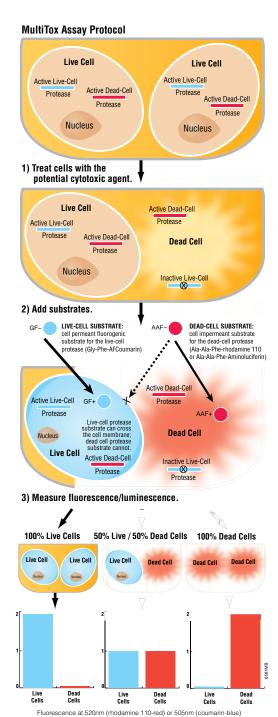
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| MultiTox-Fluor Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G9200 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G9201 | |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G9202 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | 10 | | |

Description: The MultiTox-Fluor Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay is a single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, fluorescent assay that measures the number of live and dead cells simultaneously in culture wells. The assay simultaneously measures cell viability and cytotoxicity by detecting two distinct protease activities. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant peptide substrate (GF-AFC Substrate). The substrate enters intact cells where it is cleaved to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease activity marker becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, cell-impermeant, fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-AAF-R110 Substrate) is used to measure dead-cell protease activity that has been released from cells that have lost membrane integrity.

Features:

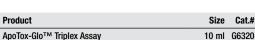
- Measure the Number of Live and Dead Cells in Culture: Homogeneous, "add-mix-measure" protocol eliminates parallel plate processing and reduces cell culture costs.
- Normalize Data for Cell Number: The ratio of live:dead cells is independent of cell number and normalizes data. Data normalization for cell number makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate, day-to-day.
- Reduce False-Positive and -Negative Results: Complementary liveand dead-cell measures with independent chemistries serve as internal controls for each other.
- Get More Data from Every Well: Multiplex the MultiTox-Fluor Assay with most Promega bioluminescent cell-based apoptosis or genetic reporter assays.
- Reduce Assay Variability: The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol avoids the cumulative error associated with multistep protocols.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Overview of the MultiTox-Fluor Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay protocol.





5 × 10 ml G6321

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Description: The ApoTox-Glo™ Triplex Assay combines three assay chemistries to easily assess viability, cytotoxicity and apoptosis events in the same cell-based assay well. First, viability and cytotoxicity are determined by measuring two differential protease biomarkers simultaneously with the addition of a single nonlytic reagent containing two peptide substrates. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant peptide substrate (GF-AFC Substrate). The substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease activity marker becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, cell-impermeant, fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-AAF-R110 Substrate) is used simultaneously to measure dead-cell protease activity that has been released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. This results in ratiometric, inversely correlated measures of cell viability and cytotoxicity. The ratio of viable cells to dead cells is independent of cell number and, therefore, can be used to normalize data. A second reagent containing luminogenic DEVD-peptide substrate for caspase-3/7 and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Thermostable Luciferase is added. Caspase-3/7 cleavage of the substrate releases luciferin, which is a substrate for luciferase and generates light. The light output, measured with a luminometer, correlates with caspase-3/7 activation as a key indicator of apoptosis.

Features:

- Measure Viability, Cytotoxicity and Apoptosis in the Same Sample Well: Determine mechanism of cell death for cells in the same sample well.
- Easily Implement: Assay follows a simple sequential "add-mix-measure" format.
- Normalize Data with a Built-In Control: The ratio of the number of live cells/number of dead cells is independent of cell number and normalizes data. This normalization makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Flexible and Easily Automated: The volumes of each assay component can be scaled to meet throughput needs and is amenable to automation in 96- and 384-well plates.
- Improves Efficiency and Saves on Lab Budget: Reduces cell culture and labor costs by performing three assays in a single well.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C protected from light.

○ CellTox[™] Green Cytotoxicity Assay

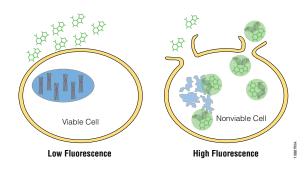
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| CellTox [™] Green Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G8741 |
| | 50 ml | G8742 |
| | 100 ml | G8743 |
| CellTox [™] Green Express Cytotoxicity Assay | 200 µl | G8731 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The CellTox[™] Green Cytotoxicity Assay measures changes in membrane integrity that occur as a result of cell death. The assay is intended to assess cytotoxicity in cell culture after experimental manipulation. The assay system uses a proprietry asymmetric cyanine dye that is excluded from viable cells but preferentially stains the DNA from dead cells. When the dye binds DNA released from cells, its fluorescence properties are substantially enhanced. Viable cells produce no appreciable increases in fluorescence. Therefore, the fluorescence signal produced by the binding interaction with dead cell DNA is proportional to cytotoxicity. The CellTox[™] Green Dye is nontoxic to cells, and the signal remains constant after exposure of 72 hours, making it ideal for determining toxic effects of treatments throughout an extended exposure or as an endpoint determination.

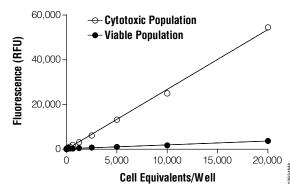
Features:

- Accurate Cytotoxicity Determination: The CellToxTM Green Dye stably binds DNA of cells that have lost membrane integrity throughout 72-hour exposure and won't underestimate cytotoxicity.
- **Kinetic Cytotoxicity Measures:** Measure cytotoxicity at convenient time points from the same sample well to detect onset of toxicity with no duplication of plates.
- Simple and Flexible Protocols: Add assay reagent directly to cells prior
 to plating or with dosing media to perform kinetic cytotoxicity measurements, eliminating a reagent dispensing step, or add diluted dye directly to
 cell culture wells as an endpoint add-mix-measure assay.
- Multiplexing-Compatible: Get more informative data per well and reduce cell culture expenses by multiplexing with fluorescent and luminescent cell-based assays in the same well with no sample manipulation.
- Easily Automated: Easily scale from 96- to 1536-well plate formats with "no-addition" or "single-addition" protocols.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



CellTox $^{\text{TM}}$ Green Dye binds DNA of cells with impaired membrane integrity.



CellTox™ Green Dye fluorescence is proportional to dead-cell number.

Lysis Solution

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Lysis Solution | 5 ml | G1821 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Lysis Solution is a detergent solution useful for lysing cells and creating a cytotoxicity positive control.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system

ODE CytoTox-Glo[™] Cytotoxicity Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| CytoTox-Glo™ Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G9290 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G9291 | |

2 × 50 ml G9292

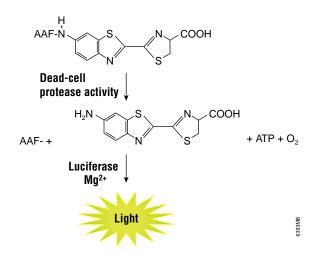
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CytoTox-Glo™ Assay is a luminescent cytotoxicity assay that measures the relative number of dead cells in cell populations. The CytoTox-Glo™ Assay measures the extracellular activity of a distinct intracellular protease activity (dead-cell protease) when the protease is released from membrane-compromised cells. A luminogenic cell-impermeant peptide substrate (AAF-aminoluciferin) is used to measure dead-cell protease activity. The liberated aminoluciferin product is measured as "glow type" luminescence generated by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase provided in the assay reagent. The AAF-aminoluciferin substrate cannot cross the intact membrane of viable cells and does not generate any appreciable signal from the live-cell population. The amount of luminescence directly correlates with the percentage of cells undergoing cytotoxic stress. With the addition of a lysis reagent (provided), the CytoTox-Glo™ Assay also can deliver the luminescent signal associated with the total number of cells in each assay well. Viability can be calculated by subtracting the luminescent dead-cell signal from the total luminescent value, thus allowing you to normalize assay data to cell number and mitigate assay interferences that may lead to erroneous conclusions. The cytotoxicity protease biomarker is constitutive and conserved across cell lines, and the CytoTox-Glo™ Assay demonstrates excellent correlation with other methods of assessing cell viability.

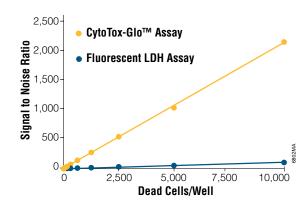
Features:

- Measure the Relative Number of Dead Cells in Culture: Measure cytotoxicity by adding a single reagent with the homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol.
- Distinguish Between Small Differences in Viability: The assay provides a linear response and can distinguish between small differences in viability across the entire spectrum of cytotoxicity, from modest cytotoxicity (100 to 95% viability) to profound cytotoxicity (5 to 0% viability).
- Normalize Data for Cytotoxicity: Data normalization for dead-cell number makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Measure the Relative Number of Remaining Viable Cells Using a Total Lysis Protocol: Correlate increased cytotoxicity with a reduction in viable cells.
- Improve your Data: Reduce statistical probability of false-positives (or false-negatives), and eliminate fluorescence interference issues with a stable luminescence readout.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C, protected from light.



Cleavage of the luminogenic AAF-Glo $^{\mbox{\scriptsize TM}}$ Substrate by dead-cell protease activity.



Superior sensitivity and dynamic range of the CytoTox-Glo™ Assay compared to fluorescent LDH Assay.



[®] CytoTox-Fluor[™] Cytotoxicity Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| CytoTox-Fluor™ Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G9260 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G9261 | |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G9262 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The CytoTox-Fluor™ Cytotoxicity Assay is a single-reagentaddition, homogeneous, fluorescent assay that measures the relative number of dead cells in cell populations. The assay measures a distinct protease activity associated with cytotoxicity and uses a fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-alanyl-alanyl-phenylanlanyl-rhodamine 110; bis-AAF-R110) to measure "dead-cell activity," which has been released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. The bis-AAF-R110 substrate cannot cross the intact membrane of live cells and therefore gives no signal from live cells. The assay is designed to accommodate downstream multiplexing with several Promega luminescent assays or spectrally distinct fluorescent assay methods, such as assays to measure caspase activation, reporter gene expression or orthogonal measures of viability.

Features:

- Measure the Relative Number of Dead Cells in Culture: Homogeneous, "add-mix-measure" protocol eliminates parallel plate processing and reduces cell culture costs.
- Get More Data from Every Well: Multiplex the CytoTox-Fluor™ Assay with several Promega luminescent cell-based assays.
- Normalize Downstream Multiplex Data for Cytotoxicity: Data normalization for dead-cell number makes results more comparable wellto-well, plate-to-plate, day-to-day.
- Reduce Assay Variability: The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol avoids the cumulative error associated with multistep protocols.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

○ CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------------|-------|--|--|
| CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay | 200-800 assays | G7890 | | |
| | 1,000-4,000 assays | G7891 | | |
| CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay, HTP | 1,000-4,000 assays | G7892 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

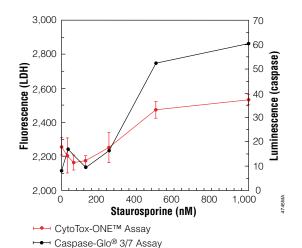
Description: The CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay is a fluorometric method for estimating the number of nonviable cells present in multiwell plates. The CytoTox-ONE™ Assay rapidly measures the release of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) from cells with a damaged membrane. LDH released into the culture medium is measured with a 10-minute coupled enzymatic assay that results in the conversion of resazurin into a fluorescent resorufin product. The amount of fluorescence produced is proportional to the number of lysed cells using a 96- or 384-well format. The CytoTox-ONE™ Reagent does not damage normal healthy cells; therefore the reactions to measure released LDH can be performed directly in a homogeneous format in assay wells containing a mixed population of viable and damaged cells.

The CytoTox-ONE™ Homogeneous Membrane Integrity Assay, HTP (Cat.# G7892), offers convenient, alternative packaging for processing multiple plates. Each bottle of reagent supplied with the system is sufficient to perform 500 assays in a 96-well format or 2,000 assays in a 384-well format when the recommended volumes are used.

Features:

- Save Time: Complete the assay in the cell culture plate, eliminating the sample transfer step common in many LDH assays; the plates are incubated for 10 minutes before reading data, compared to 30 minutes or more with classic LDH assays.
- Multiplex This Assay: Perform multiple assays on one sample with other homogeneous cell-based assays from Promega.
- Adapt Protocol to Your Needs: Completed assays can be read over several hours after the provided stop solution has been added while still maintaining good signal.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light.



Multiplexing the CytoTox-ONE™ Assay and the Caspase-Glo® 3/7 Assay. With most in vitro apoptosis assays, LDH release occurs relatively late during the process. The duration of drug exposure here was carefully chosen to demonstrate the early stages of cell lysis, while still retaining caspase activity.



Helix® on-site stocking system

stocking system

OcytoTox 96[®] Non-Radioactive Cytotoxicity **Assay**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|--|
| CytoTox 96® Non-Radioactive Cytotoxicity Assay | 1,000 assays | G1780 | | |
| For Deceased Hee Only Not for Hee in Diagnostic Presedures | | | | |

Description: The CytoTox 96® Non-Radioactive Cytotoxicity Assay is a colorimetric alternative to radioactive cytotoxicity assays. The CytoTox 96® Assay quantitatively measures lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), a stable cytosolic enzyme that is released upon cell lysis, in much the same way as [51Cr] is released in radioactive assays. Released LDH in culture supernatants is measured with a 30-minute coupled enzymatic assay that results in the conversion of a tetrazolium salt (INT) into a red formazan product. The amount of color formed is proportional to the number of lysed cells. Visible wavelength absorbance data are collected using a standard 96-well plate reader. The assay can be used to measure membrane integrity for cell-mediated cytotoxicity assays in which a target cell is lysed by an effector cell, or to measure lysis of target cells by bacteria, viruses, proteins, chemicals, etc.

Features:

- **Non-Radioactive:** Requires no radioactive waste disposal or [51Cr].
- Save Time: Eliminates labeling of target cells prior to experiment.
- Use Standard Equipment: Collect absorbance (visible wavelength) data with a standard 96-well plate reader.
- Adapt to Your Needs: Used for a variety of applications including measurement of: 1) cell-mediated cytotoxicity; 2) chemical-mediated cytotoxicity; and 3) total cell number.
- Gain Sensitivity: Can reveal early, low-level damage to cell membranes that is often missed with other methodologies.

Storage Conditions: Store Substrate Mix and Assay Buffer at -20°C. Store LDH Positive Control, Lysis Solution (10X) and Stop Solution at 4°C.

OGRIESS Reagent System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|--|
| Griess Reagent System | 1,000 assays | G2930 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: The Griess Reagent System measures nitrite (NO₂⁻), which is one of two primary stable and nonvolatile breakdown products of nitric oxide (NO). Nitric oxide is an important physiological messenger and effector molecule in many biological systems, including immunological, neuronal and cardiovascular tissues. This assay relies on a diazotization reaction that was originally described by Griess in 1879. Through the years, many modifications to the original reaction have been described.

The Griess Reagent System is based on a chemical reaction that uses sulfanilamide and N-1-naphthylethylenediamine dihydrochloride (NED) under acidic (phosphoric acid) conditions. This system detects NO₂⁻ in a variety of biological and experimental liquid matrices such as plasma, serum, urine and tissue culture medium. The nitrite sensitivity is dependent on the matrix. The limit of detection is 2.5µM (125pmol) nitrite (in ultrapure, deionized, distilled water) using the protocol described in Technical Bulletin #TB229.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Keep all solutions in their original lightprotective plastic bottles.



Toxicity Pathway Analysis

○ GloResponseTM Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloResponse™ CRE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 | |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 | |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloResponse™ Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines contain optimized, state-of-the-art luciferase reporter technology integrated into a cell line. This allows the rapid development of a reporter assay based on the pathway of interest regulating the luciferase gene. Assays configured using the GloResponse™ Cell Lines are amenable for high-throughput screening. These assays typically have greater response dynamics (fold of induction) than other assay formats, and they exhibit good quality as indicated by the high Z' values. GloResponse™ Cell Lines were developed to study a variety of signaling pathways. Activators of these pathways may be native to the HEK293 cell line. Activity of non-native activators can be studied after they have been introduced by transfection.

GPCRs regulate a wide-range of biological functions and are one of the most important target classes for drug discovery. GPCR signaling pathways can be categorized into three classes based on the G protein α -subunit involved: Gs, Gi/o and Gq. The GloResponseTM CRE-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line can be used to study and configure screening assays for Gs- and Gi/o-coupled GPCRs, which signal through cAMP and the cAMP Response Element (CRE). For Gq-coupled GPCRs, which signal through calcium ion release and activate the Nuclear Factor of Activated T-Cells response element (NFAT-RE), the GloResponseTM NFAT-RE-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line should be used.

NF- κ B-REs are the DNA binding sequences for the NF- κ B transcription factor complex, which is responsible for regulating inflammation, immune response, cell growth and apoptosis. The GloResponseTM NF- κ B-RE-Iuc2P HEK293 Cell Line is designed for rapid and convenient analysis of any cellular response that results in modulation of NF- κ B activities.

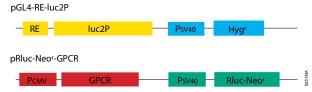
The GloResponseTM 9X*GAL4*UAS-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line contains nine repeats of GAL4 UAS (Upstream Activator Sequence) driving the transcription of the luciferase reporter gene *luc2P* in response to binding of a fusion protein containing the GAL4 DNA Binding Domain, such as the Estrogen Receptor Ligand Binding Domain in pBIND-ER α Vector (Cat.# E1390) when activated by a ligand. This makes the cell line suitable for the study of nuclear receptors or can be used to study other types of protein:protein and protein:DNA interactions. The GAL4 DNA Binding Domain partner must be introduced to this cell line by transfection or other similar techniques.

The GloResponse[™] Cell Lines were generated by clonal selection of HEK293 cells stably transfected with pGL4-based vectors carrying specific response elements for the pathway of interest. These cell lines incorporate the improvements developed for the pGL4 family of reporter vectors for enhanced performance. The destabilized *luc2P* luciferase reporter is used for improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics. The *luc2P* gene is codon optimized for enhanced expression in mammalian cells, and the pGL4 plasmid backbone was engineered to reduce background reporter expression. The result is a cell line with very high induction levels when the pathway of interest is activated.

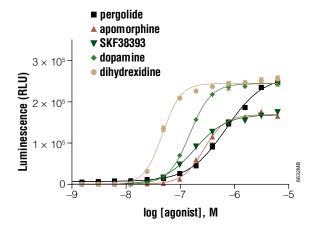
Features:

- Convenient: Prebuilt, optimized luciferase reporter cell lines.
- Robust: Large assay window provided by high levels of induction and low background expression.
- Faster Results: Improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics with destabilized luciferase.

Storage Conditions: Place frozen cells in storage at less than or equal to -140° C (mechanical deep freeze or vapor phase liquid nitrogen) until you are ready to thaw and propagate them. We strongly recommend that the cells are propagated, using the provided procedure, as soon as possible. This will ensure the optimal cell viability and assay performance.



Two plasmids involved in the dual-luciferase GPCR assay. RE, response element/promoter; luc2P, destabilized firefly luciferase with PEST sequence; P_{SV40} , SV40 promoter; Hygr, hygromycin resistance gene; P_{CMV} , CMV promoter; Rluc-neor, Renilla luciferase and neomycin resistance gene fusion. PEST sequences are associated with rapidly degraded proteins.



Ranking compound potency and detection of DRD1 partial agonists. A GloResponse™ CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor D1 was plated at 10,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate. Each agonist was serially diluted 1:2, then added to wells in replicates of four, beginning with 50µM. Cells were incubated with agonist for four hours, harvested and analyzed using the Dual-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920). Luciferase activity was measured on the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer (Cat.# E6501).



Signaling Pathway Analysis (Minimal Promoter-Driven) Firefly Luciferase Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| pGL4.37[luc2P/ARE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3641 |
| pGL4.38[/uc2P/p53 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3651 |
| pGL4.39[luc2P/ATF6 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3661 |
| pGL4.40[/uc2P/MRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E4131 |
| pGL4.41[/uc2P/HSE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3751 |
| pGL4.42[/uc2P/HRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4001 |
| pGL4.43[<i>luc2P</i> /XRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4121 |
| pGL4.44[/uc2P/AP1 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E4111 |
| pGL4.45[/uc2P/ISRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4141 |
| pGL4.47[/uc2P/SIE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4041 |
| pGL4.48[/uc2P/SBE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3671 |
| pGL4.49[/uc2P/TCF-LEF RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4611 |
| pGL4.52[/uc2P/STAT5RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4651 |
| pGL4.29[/uc2P/CRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8471 |
| pGL4.30[/uc2P/NFAT-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8481 |
| pGL4.32[/uc2P/NF-κB-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8491 |
| pGL4.33[/uc2P/SRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1340 |
| pGL4.34[luc2P/SRF-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1350 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| pGL4.23[luc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[luc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.25[<i>luc2CP</i> /minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8431 |
| pGL4.26[luc2/minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8441 |
| pGL4.27[/uc2P/minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8451 |
| pGL4.28[<i>luc2CP</i> /minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8461 |
| GloResponse™ CRE-luc2P HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: See All pGL4 Vectors

Creating a cell line with an indicator of a functional signaling pathway is useful for deciphering the components in a signaling pathway. These tools are made by insertion of multiple repeats of a response element upstream of a minimal promoter (minP). Promega has designed vectors that report the activity of a variety of pathways using the optimized luc2 firefly luciferase gene in the pGL4 backbone. These vectors also have a hygromycin resistance selectable marker, allowing use either in transient transfection experiments or for selection of a stable cell line.

Available vectors and the pathways each can measure.

Also available for construction of pathway reporters are minimal promoter (minP) vectors with three varieties of engineered firefly luciferase genes: luc2, luc2P or luc2CP. The luc2 gene is engineered to remove most cryptic transcription factor binding sites and improve mammalian expression through codon optimization. The *luc2P* and *luc2CP* and RapidResponse™ genes are luc2 genes appended with degradation sequences to influence the cellular half-life of the luc2 gene. The RapidResponse™ genes respond more rapidly to stimuli but at the expense of signal intensity. The luc2P (1-hour half-life) gene responds more rapidly than *luc2* (3-hour half-life) with moderate signal intensity, and the *luc2CP* (0.4-hour half-life) responds more quickly with the lowest signal intensity. The minP vectors are available with or without selectable markers (hygromycin). To speed research, several predesigned response element vectors are available already assembled in the pGL4.27 Vector. Some of these also are available stable cell lines (GloResponse™ Cell Lines).

Features:

- · Predesigned vectors remove the need to clone and validate an
- Increased Reporter Gene Expression: Codon optimization of synthetic genes for mammalian expression.
- Reduced Background and Risk of Expression Artifacts: Removal of cryptic DNA regulatory elements and transcription factor binding sites.
- **Improved Temporal Response:** Rapid Response[™] technology using destabilized luciferase genes.
- Easy Transition from Transient to Stable Cells: Choice of mammalian selectable markers.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Oxidative Stress Assays

ROS H₂O₂ Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| ROS-Glo™ H ₂ O ₂ Assay | 10 ml | G8820 |
| | 50 ml | G8821 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The ROS-GloTM H_2O_2 Assay is a homogeneous, fast and sensitive bioluminescent assay that measures the level of hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂), a reactive oxygen species (ROS), directly in cell culture or in defined enzyme reactions. A derivatized luciferin substrate is incubated with sample and reacts directly with H₂O₂ to generate a luciferin precursor. Addition of ROS-Glo™ Detection Solution converts the precursor to luciferin and provides Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase to produce light signal that is proportional to the level of H_2O_2 present in the sample.

Features:

- Direct Cell-Based Detection: The assay can be performed in various cell culture media with or without serum, eliminating the need to remove the media from cultured cells before performing the assay.
- . Simple and Fast Assay: The homogeneous assay uses a simple tworeagent-addition protocol that does not require sample manipulation. The assay can be completed in less than 2 hours after adding reagent.
- Non-HRP-Based Detection: The ROS-Glo™ H₂O₂ Substrate reacts directly with H₂O₂, obviating the need for horseradish peroxidase (HRP) as a coupling enzyme and thus eliminating false hits associated with HRP inhibition.
- Automation-Compatible Format: Easily scale from 96- to 384-well plate formats.
- Flexible Assay: The assay can be used to screen compounds in both cell-based and enzyme-based formats.
- Multiplex-Compatible System: Get more informative data per well and reduce cell culture expenses by multiplexing with this assay a real-time cytotoxicity assay (CellTox™ Green Cytotoxicity Assay) in the same well or with a viability assay.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -30°C to -10°C.



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------|-------|-------|
| GSH/GSSG-Glo™ Assay | 10 ml | V6611 |
| | 50 ml | V6612 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The GSH/GSSG-Glo[™] Assay is a luminescence-based system for the detection and quantification of total glutathione (GSH +GSSG), GSSG and GSH/GSSG ratios in cultured cells. A change in GSH levels is important in the assessment of toxicological responses and is an indicator of oxidative stress, potentially leading to apoptosis or cell death. The assay provides a simple, rapid multiwell-plate format where stable luminescent signals are correlated with either the total GSH or the GSSG concentration of a sample directly in culture wells. Both total glutathione and GSSG determinations are based on the reaction where GSH-dependent conversion of a GSH probe, Luciferin-NT, to luciferin by a glutathione-S-transferase enzyme is coupled to a firefly luciferase reaction. Light from luciferase is dependent on the amount of luciferin formed, which is in turn dependent on the amount of GSH present. This makes the luminescent signal proportional to the amount of GSH. Determination of total glutathione and GSSG are performed in parallel reactions. In one configuration the assay reagents measure total glutathione using a reducing agent that converts all the glutathione, GSH and GSSG in a cell lysate to the reduced form, GSH. In a second configuration the assay reagents are used to measure only the oxidized form, GSSG. In this case, a reagent is added that blocks all the GSH while leaving the GSSG intact. This blocking step is followed by a reducing step that converts the GSSG to GSH for quantification in the luminescent reaction. Because the assays are performed directly on cells in culture wells, loss of GSH or GSSG is minimized, reducing variability.

Features:

- Physiologically Relevant GSH/GSSG Ratios: Actual levels of total glutathione and GSSG are measured directly in cell-culture wells, minimizing the loss of GSH and GSSG, compared to conventional assays that require upfront sample preparation and indirect GSSG calculation.
- More Robust Performance: Bioluminescent technology and a simple protocol minimize sample handling, reducing variability.
- Simplified Protocol: Assay reagents are added directly to cells cultured in multiwell plates. The homogeneous add-mix-read format eliminates time-consuming sample deproteination and centrifugation steps required of conventional assays.
- **Greater Sensitivity:** Fewer cells are required in these assays than in conventional assays because of the enhanced sensitivity.
- Faster Results: The homogeneous add-mix-read protocol minimizes hands-on time, and the bioluminescence technology minimizes incubation time.
- Adaptable to Automation: The glow-type signal is stable, with a half-life greater than two hours, and the protocol is adaptable to automation in 96and 384-well plates.
- No Fluorescence Interference: Using luminescence readout eliminates
 the fluorescent interference between reagents and test compounds sometimes seen in fluorescence assays. Such overlap can confound analysis
 and present misleading or irrelevant data.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light.

[™] Glutathione Assay

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 GSH-Glo™ Glutathione Assay
 10 ml
 V6911

 50 ml
 V6912

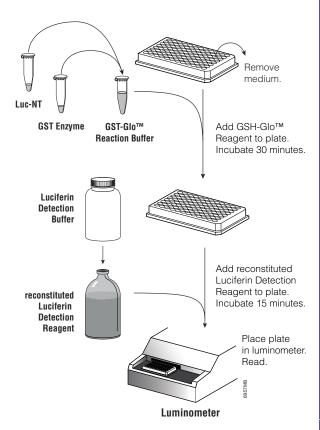
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The GSH-Glo™ Assay is a luminescent-based assay for the detection and quantification of glutathione (GSH) in cells or in various biological samples. A change in GSH levels is important in assessment of toxicological responses and is an indicator of oxidative stress, potentially leading to apoptosis or cell death. The assay is based on the conversion of a luciferin derivative into luciferin in the presence of GSH. The reaction is catalyzed by a glutathione S-transferase (GST) enzyme supplied in the kit. The luciferin formed is detected in a coupled reaction using Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase that generates a glow type luminescence that is proportional to the amount of glutathione present in cells. The assay provides a simple, fast and sensitive alternative to colorimetric and fluorescent methods and can be adapted easily to high-throughput applications.

Features:

- Fast: Results in as little as 30 minutes.
- Simplified Method: The simple two-reagent-addition assay minimizes
 the number of assay steps compared to conventional GSH assays and is
 adapted easily to higher throughput applications. No deproteination step
 required!
- Greater Sensitivity: The luminescent method avoids inherent background fluorescence associated with other methods thereby providing excellent signal-to-background ratios.
- Stable Signal: Half-life greater than 5 hours.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C protected from light.



Schematic showing GSH-Glo™ Assav procedure.



Metabolism Assays

NAD(P)H-Glo™ Detection System National Properties of the Propert

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|
| NAD(P)H-Glo™ Detection System | 10 ml | G9061 |
| | 50 ml | G9062 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The in vitro enzyme-based NAD(P)H-Glo[™] Detection System is a homogeneous, bioluminescent assay that quantitatively monitors the concentration of the reduced forms of nicotimade adenine dinucleotides, NADH and NADPH, and does not discriminate between them. The oxidized forms, NAD+ and NADP+, are not detected and do not interfere with quantitation.

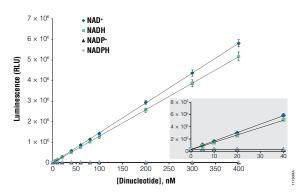
In the presence of NAD(P)H, a reductase enzyme reduces a proluciferin reductase substrate to form luciferin. Luciferin then is quantified using Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, and the light signal produced is proportional to the amount of NAD(P)H in the sample. The reductase and luciferase reactions are initiated by adding an equal volume of a single reagent, which contains reductase, proluciferin Reductase Substrate and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, to a NAD(P)H-containing sample.

The assay is rapid, requiring only a 40- to 60-minute incubation, has a broad linear range and high signal-to background ratio. The assay is well suited to measuring NAD(P)H production or consumption in high-throughput formats.

Features:

- Broad Linear Range: The NAD(P)H-Glo[™] Detection System detects 0.1µM to 25µM NAD(P)H.
- High Sensitivity: The limit of detection is ≤0.1µM NADH, with a maximum assay window (i.e., signal-to-background ratio) of 250. The system detects 1µM with a signal higher than fivefold over background.
- Automation Compatible: The add-and-read format is compatible with automated and high-throughput protocols. Reactions are scalable and can be performed at low volumes in 96-, 384- and 1536-well plates.
- Reliability and Reproducibility: The NAD(P)H-Glo[™] Detection System routinely yields Z' factors >0.7.
- Stable Signal: The glow-type signal is stable, with a half-life greater than two hours, allowing batch plate processing.
- Luminescence-Based NAD(P)H Detection: The luminescent format avoids fluorescent interference due to reagents and test compounds sometimes seen in fluorescent assays.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C (-30°C to -10°C).



Linear range and specificity of the NAD Assays. NADH, NADPH, NAD+ and NADP+ stocks were prepared and diluted to the indicated concentrations in phosphate-buffered saline. Fifty-microliter samples at each dinucleotide concentration were incubated with 50µl of NAD/NADH-Glo™ Detection Reagent in white, 96-well luminometer plates. After a 30-minute incubation, luminescence was measured with a GloMax[®] 96 Microplate Luminometer. The limit of detection was approximately 1nM for this experiment.

NAD/NADH-Glo[™] Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| NAD/NADH-Glo™ Assay | 10 ml | G9071 |
| | 50 ml | G9072 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The NAD/NADH-Glo™ Assay is a bioluminescent, homogeneous single-reagent-addition assay for detecting total oxidized and reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotides (NAD+ and NADH, respectively) and determining their ratio in biological samples or in defined enzyme reactions. An NAD Cycling Enzyme is used to convert NAD+ to NADH. In the presence of NADH, the provided reductase enzyme reduces a proluciferin reductase substrate to form luciferin. Luciferin then is quantified using Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, and the light signal produced is proportional to the amount of NAD+ and NADH in the sample. Cycling between NAD+ and NADH by the NAD Cycling Enzyme and Reductase increases assay sensitivity and provides selectivity for the nonphosphorylated NAD+ and NADH compared to the phosphorylated forms NADP+ and NADP+ and NADPh and NADPh

The NAD Cycling Enzyme, Reductase and luciferase reactions are initiated by adding an equal volume of NAD/NADH-Glo™ Detection Reagent, which contains NAD Cycling Enzyme and Substrate, Reductase, Reductase Substrate and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, to an NAD+- or NADH-containing sample. Detergent present in the reagent lyses cells, allowing detection of total cellular NAD+ and NADH in a multiwell format with addition of a single reagent. An accessory protocol is provided to allow separate measurements of NAD+ and NADH, and calculation of the NAD+ to NADH ratio. The simple add-mix-read protocol and scalable assay chemistry make the NAD/NADH-Glo™ Assay well suited to monitor effects of small molecule compounds on NAD and NADH levels in high-throughput formats.

Features:

- High Sensitivity: High sensitivity of the assay enables detection of total NAD+ and NADH directly in the wells. Fewer cells are required, with no sample preparation.
- Homogeneous, One-Step Protocol: Total NAD+ and NADH is measured directly in wells of a 96- or 384-well cell culture plate with one reagent addition. A simple in-plate protocol is provided for individual NAD+ and NADH measurements.
- Large Assay Window: The NAD/NADH-Glo[™] Assay detects 10nM to 400nM NAD⁺ or NADH. The assay detects 100nM with a signal higher than fivefold over background and an assay window (maximum signal-tobackground ratio) of ≥100.
- Automation Compatible: The assay is compatible with automated and high-throughput protocols. Reactions are scalable and can be performed at low volumes in 96-, 384- and 1536-well plates.
- Reliability and Reproducibility: The NAD/NADH-Glo[™] Assay routinely yields Z' factors >0.7.
- Luminescence-Based NAD+ and NADH Detection: The luminescent format avoids fluorescent interference due to reagents and test compounds sometimes seen in fluorescent assays.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C (-30°C to -10°C).





| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| NADP/NADPH-Glo™ Assay | 10 ml | G9081 |
| | 50 ml | G9082 |
| For December Use Only Net for Use in Discountie December. | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The NADP/NADPH-Glo™ Assay is a bioluminescent, homogeneous, single-reagent-addition method for rapid detection of total oxidized and reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphates (NADP⁺ and NADPH, respectively) and for determination of their ratio in biological samples and defined enzyme reactions. An NADP cycling enzyme is used to convert NADP⁺ to NADPH. In the presence of NADPH, a reductase enzyme reduces a proluciferin reductase substrate to form luciferin. Luciferin then is quantified using Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, and the light signal produced is proportional to the amount of NADP⁺ and NADPH in the sample. Cycling between NADP⁺ and NADPH by the NADP cycling enzyme and reductase increases assay sensitivity and provides selectivity for the phosphorylated NADP⁺ and NADPH compared to the nonphosphorylated forms NAD⁺ and NADH.

The NADP Cycling Enzyme, Reductase and luciferase reactions are initiated by adding an equal volume of NADP/NADPH-Glo™ Detection Reagent, which contains NADP cycling enzyme and substrate, reductase, proluciferin reductase substrate and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase, to an NADP+- or NADPH-containing sample. Detergent present in the reagent lyses cells, allowing detection of total cellular NADP+ and NADPH in a multiwell format with addition of a single reagent. The one-step protocol is useful for screening changes in total NADP+ and NADPH levels. An accessory protocol is provided to allow separate measurements of NADP+ and NADPH and calculation of the NADP+ to NADPH ratio. The simple add-mix-read protocol and scalable assay chemistry make the NADP/NADPH-Glo™ Assay well suited to monitor effects of small-molecule compounds on NADP and NADPH levels in high-throughput formats.

Features:

- High Sensitivity: High sensitivity of the assay enables detection of total NADP+ and NADPH directly in the wells. Fewer cells are required, with no sample preparation.
- Homogeneous, One-Step Protocol: Total NADP+ and NADPH is measured directly in wells of a 96- or 384-well cell culture plate with one reagent addition. A simple in-plate protocol is provided for individual NADP+ and NADPH measurements.
- Large Assay Window: The NADP/NADPH-Glo[™] Assay detects 10nM to 400nM NADP+ or NADPH. The assay detects 100nM with a signal higher than fivefold over background and an assay window (maximum signal-tobackground ratio) of ≥100.
- Automation Compatible: The assay is compatible with automated and high-throughput protocols. Reactions are scalable and can be performed at low volumes in 96-, 384- and 1536-well plates.
- Reliability and Reproducibility: The NADP/NADPH-Glo[™] Assay routinely yields Z' factors >0.7.
- Luminescence-Based NADP+ and NADPH Detection: The luminescent format avoids fluorescent interference due to reagents and test compounds sometimes seen in fluorescent assays.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C (-30°C to -10°C).



Available in the Helix® on-site

stocking system

stocking system

Mitochondrial Function Assays

Mitochondrial Toxicity Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Mitochondrial ToxGlo™ Assay | 10 ml | G8000 |
| | 100 ml | G8001 |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | |

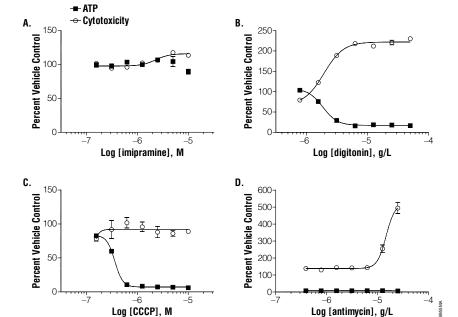
Description: The Mitochondrial ToxGlo[™] Assay is a cell-based assay method that employs a sequential addition, multiplexed assay chemistry for predicting potential mitochondrial dysfunction as a result of xenobiotic exposure. The assay is based on the differential measurement of biomarkers associated with changes in cell membrane integrity and cellular ATP levels relative to vehicle-treated control cells during short exposure periods. Cell membrane integrity is first assessed by measuring the presence or abscence of a distinct protease activity associated with necrosis using a fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-AAF-R110) to measure "dead cell protease activity". The bis-AAF-R110 Substrate cannot cross the intact membrane of live cells and therefore gives no signal with viable cells. Next, ATP is measured by adding an ATP detection reagent, resulting in cell lysis and generation of a luminescent signal proportional to the amount of ATP present. The two sets of data can be combined to produce profiles representative of mitochondrial dysfunction or non-mitochondrial related cytotoxic mechanisms.

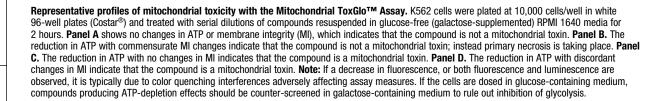
Mammalian cells generate ATP by mitochondrial (oxidative phosphorylation) and non-mitochondrial (glycolysis) methods. To achieve optimal mitochondrial responsiveness, it may be necessary to refine cell culture conditions. Replacing glucose-supplemented medium with galactose-containing medium may increase cellular oxygen consumption and augment mitochondrial susceptibility to mitotoxicants.

Features:

- Distinguish Primary Mitochondrial Dysfunction from Secondary Cytotoxic Events: Cell-based, multiplexed method measures ATP (a proximal measure of mitochondrial function) in conjunction with a membrane integrity biomarker to distinguish primary mitochondrial dysfunction from secondary cytotoxic events directly in the same sample well.
- Predictive for Mitochondrial Toxicities: Produces profiles that are consistent with mitochondrial toxicity and discernible from other nonmitotoxic mechanisms of cell death.
- Easy to Implement: The assay uses a simple sequential "add-mix-read" format.
- Fast: Quickly assess potential mitochondrial liabilities in under an hour.
- Cost-Effective: Assays are performed directly in cell culture plates using standard multimode detection instrumentation.
- Flexible and Easily Automated: The volume of reagent addition can be scaled to meet throughput needs; the assay is amenable to automation in 96- and 384-well plates.

Storage Conditions: Store the Mitochondrial Tox-Glo[™] Assay components at -20°C







5 Cell Signaling

| AMP Detection System | /6 |
|---|-----|
| GPCR Assays | 77 |
| Growth Factors | 80 |
| Histone Deacetylase Assays | 81 |
| Kinase Assays | 83 |
| Cell Signaling Antibodies | 101 |
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| Protein Phosphatases and Phosphatase Assays | 102 |



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For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

stocking system

AMP Detection System

№AMP-GloTM Assay

Miller

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| AMP-Glo™ Assay | 1,000 assays | V5011 |
| | 10,000 assays | V5012 |
| | 50,000 assays | V5013 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: The AMP-Glo™ Assay generates a luminescent signal from any biochemical reaction that produces AMP as a reaction product. This versatile system can measure the activity of a broad range of enzymes, such as cyclic AMP-specific phosphodiesterases, aminoacyl-tRNA synthetases, DNA ligases and ubiquitin ligases or enzymes modulated by AMP. The AMP-Glo™ Assay is designed to quantitatively monitor the concentration of AMP in a biochemical reaction in a wide range of plate formats, including high-throughput formats. The stable luminescent signal of the assay eliminates the need for an injector-equipped luminometer and allows batch-mode processing of multiple plates. The assay can be used to determine the AMP produced either in the presence or absence of ATP as a substrate.

The assay contains two reagents: one to terminate the AMP-generating enzymatic reaction and simultaneously remove ATP and convert AMP produced into ADP, and a second reagent that converts the ADP to ATP followed by conversion of the ATP into a luminescent signal using the luciferin/luciferase reaction. The assay also is well suited for monitoring AMP produced in biochemical reactions catalyzed by enzymes that do not use ATP as a substrate, such as cAMP-dependent phosphodiesterases (PDE) and bacterial DNA ligases.

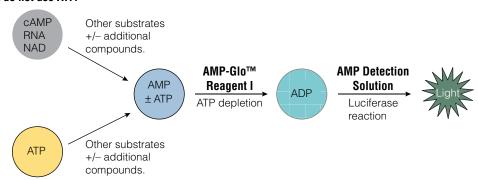
The AMP-GloTM Assay exhibits a high dynamic range and produces a strong signal at low substrate conversion, making it well suited for screening low activity enzymes. The assay produces minimal false hits and Z' values greater than 0.7.

Features:

- High Signal Strength at Low Substrate Conversion: Measure enzyme activity that more closely mimics physiological conditions—very well suited for low-activity enzymes.
- Sensitive to Low Concentrations of AMP: Requires less enzyme than other assays; cost savings.
- Universal: Use the assay with virtually with any AMP-producing enzyme enables screening of a wider range of enzymes using a single platform.
- Accurately Measures AMP Levels at a Wide Range of Starting Substrate Concentrations: Activity measured truly reflects enzyme activity and is well suited for measuring the effects of inhibitor on enzyme activity.
- Luminescent Readout: Much less susceptible to interference from library compounds than fluorescent-based methods.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -30 to -10° C. Before use, thaw all components completely at room temperature, except for the AMP-GloTM Reagent II, which should be kept on ice after thawing. Once thawed, mix all components thoroughly before use. Once prepared, the Kinase-Glo[®] One Solution should be dispensed into aliquots and stored at -20° C. See the product label for expiration date.

Substrates for enzymes that do not use ATP.



AMP-Glo™ Assay principle. The AMP-Glo™ Assay can be used to detect activity of enzymes that catalyze any reaction that produces AMP as a reaction product, including enzymes that do not use ATP as a substrate (e.g., cAMP-specific PDE, poly(A) deadenylases, ribonucleases, bacterial DNA ligase) as well as enzymes that use ATP as a substrate (e.g., ubiquitin ligase, aminoacyl tRNA synthetase, eukaryotic DNA ligase, succinyl CoA synthetase). After completing the enzymatic reaction, adding AMP-Glo™ Reagent I terminates the reaction, removes any remaining ATP, and converts AMP to ADP. Adding AMP Detection Solution drives the conversion of ADP to ATP and the detection of ATP through the luciferase reaction. The amount of AMP produced by the reaction is proportional to the light measured and can be extrapolated using a standard curve.



GPCR Assays

[®]CAMP-GIo[™] Assav



| Size | Cat.# |
|---------------|---|
| 300 assays | /1501 |
| 3,000 assays | /1502 |
| 30,000 assays | / 1503 |
| | 300 assays \ 3,000 assays \ 30,000 assays \ |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The cAMP-Glo™ Assay is a homogeneous, bioluminescent and high-throughput assay for measuring cAMP levels in cells. The cAMP-Glo™ Assay monitors cAMP production in cells in response to the effects of test compounds on G protein-coupled receptors (GPCR). GPCRs that couple with adenylate cyclase will increase or decrease intracellular cAMP. The assay is based on the principle that cyclic AMP (cAMP) stimulates protein kinase A (PKA) holoenzyme activity, decreasing available ATP and leading to decreased light production in a coupled luciferase reaction.

The cAMP-Glo[™] Assay can be performed in 96-, 384- or 1536-well plates. The cells are induced with a test compound for an appropriate period of time to modulate cAMP levels. After induction, cells are lysed to release cAMP, then the cAMP detection solution, which contains protein kinase A, is added. The Kinase-Glo® Reagent is then added to terminate the PKA reaction and detect the remaining ATP via a luciferase reaction. Plates are read using a microplatereading luminometer. Luminescence can be correlated to the cAMP concentrations by using a cAMP standard curve. The half-life for the luminescent signal is greater than 4 hours. This extended signal half-life eliminates the need for luminometers with reagent injectors and allows batch-mode processing of multiple plates.

Features:

Fast and Easy to Use

- Assay can be completed in approximately 45 minutes.
- · Homogeneous.
- . Two steps following lysis of cells.

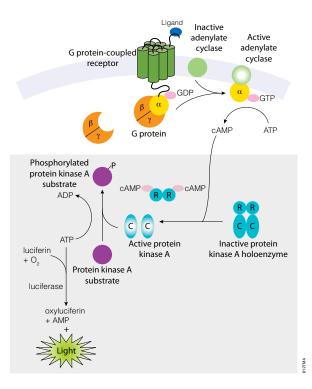
Excellent Signal-to-Noise Ratios

- Best signal:background ratio of all the cAMP assays.
- Signal:Background >200 (with cAMP), >15 (on cells).
- Easily scalable to 1536-well plate formats and beyond.

Proven Luminescent Technology

- Powered by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase.
- No interference by fluorescent compounds.
- Non-radioactive.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -20°C. Once prepared, the cAMP detection solution (cAMP-Glo™ Reaction Buffer with Protein Kinase A) should not be frozen. Once prepared, the Kinase-Glo® Reagent should be dispensed into aliquots and stored at -20°C. See the product label for the expiration date.



Schematic diagram of cAMP production in cells and the cAMP-Glo™ Assay.



stocking system

O Promega

Section Contents

○ CAMP-Glo[™] Max Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------------|-------|
| cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay | 2 plates | V1681 |
| | 20 plates | V1682 |
| | 10 × 20 plates | V1683 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The cAMP-Glo[™] Max Assay is a homogeneous, bioluminescent and high-throughput assay to measure cyclic AMP (cAMP) levels in cells. Compounds that modulate GPCRs coupled with adenylate cyclase typically alter intracellular cAMP levels. The cAMP-Glo[™] Max Assay monitors cAMP levels in cells in response to the effect of agonists, antagonists or test compounds on G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs). The assay is based on the principle that cyclic AMP (cAMP) stimulates protein kinase A (PKA) holoenzyme activity, decreasing available ATP, leading to decreased light production in a coupled luciferase reaction.

This improved version combines the lysis and cAMP reaction buffers into the cAMP-Glo $^{\text{TM}}$ ONE Buffer. This new format streamlines the protocol and reduces the time needed to complete the assay. The new ONE Buffer is supplied at a 5X concentration, which provides increased flexibility for starting cell culture volumes.

The cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay can be performed in 96-, 384- or 1536-well plates. The cells are induced with a test compound for an appropriate period of time to modulate cAMP levels. After induction, cells are lysed, and the cAMP released stimulates protein kinase A in the reagent (Figure 1). The Kinase-Glo® Reagent is then added to terminate the PKA reaction and detect the remaining ATP via a luciferase reaction. Plates are read using a microplate-reading luminometer. The half-life for the luminescent signal is greater than four hours, allowing ample time to read the plates and eliminating the need for luminometers with reagent injectors.

Features:

Fast and Easy to Use

- Improved—Lysis and cAMP detection steps combined (cAMP-Glo[™] ONE Buffer).
- ONE Buffer—5X concentration provides better flexibility for starting cell culture volumes.
- Assay can be completed in approximately 30 minutes.

Excellent Signal-to-Noise Ratios

- · Best signal:background ratio of all the cAMP assays.
- Signal:Background >200 (with cAMP), >15 (on cells).
- Easily scalable to 1536-well plate formats and beyond.

Proven Luminescent Technology Powered by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase

- No interference by fluorescent compounds.
- · Non-radioactive.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -20° C. Before use, completely thaw all components at room temperature, except for the Protein Kinase A, which should be kept on ice when not at -20° C. After thawing, mix all components thoroughly before use. Do not freeze the cAMP detection solution (cAMP-GloTM ONE Buffer with Protein Kinase A) once it has been prepared. Once prepared, the Kinase-Glo[®] Reagent should be dispensed into aliquots and stored at -20° C. See the product label for the expiration date.

○ GloSensor™ cAMP Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloSensor™ cAMP HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E1261 | |
| pGloSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid | 20 μg | E2301 | |
| pGloSensor™-20F cAMP Plasmid | 20 μg | E1171 | |
| GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent | 25 mg | E1290 | |
| | 250 mg | E1291 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloSensorTM cAMP Assay presents a novel approach to measuring cAMP levels in live cells. cAMP is a key second messenger involved in signal transduction of GPCRs acting through $G\alpha$ -s and $G\alpha$ -i proteins. The new assay is based on the GloSensorTM Technology, a genetically modified form of firefly luciferase into which a cAMP-binding protein moiety has been inserted. Upon binding of cAMP, conformational change is induced leading to increased light output. This live-cell assay excels at kinetic and modulation studies of signaling through cAMP.

Researchers can use the GloSensor™ cAMP Assay by transiently expressing a receptor of interest and the biosensor in their cell line of choice. Alternatively, researchers can choose to make stably transfected cell lines with both the biosensor and the receptor of interest. The protocol is simple: Cells are pre-equilibrated with GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent for approximately two hours; then cells are treated with specific agonists/antagonists or compounds, and luminescence is measured after 10–30 minutes. No other reagent additions or manipulations are required. Most any common luminometer with injectors is sufficient to read the assay. GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent is required for use with this assay per the GloSensor™ Limited Use Label License.

Choosing the Appropriate Plasmid

We offer two variants of the biosensor, and we recommend the pGloSensorTM-22F cAMP Plasmid as the first choice for most applications.

pGloSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid. Following cell-free expression in vitro, the version encoded by this construct shows an increased EC₅₀ for activation together with increased signal-to-background ratio at cAMP saturation relative to the version encoded by the pGloSensor™-20F cAMP construct. In general, we have observed similar relationships between the two constructs when their performance is compared in living cells.

pGloSensor™-20F cAMP Plasmid. The version encoded by this construct performs well in HEK293 cells at 37°C. Luminescence from the pGloSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid construct can be more difficult to detect at physiologic temperatures.

For a more thorough explanation of the general performance differences between the two plasmids, please consult Section 3.B, Recommendations on Choice of GloSensorTM Plasmid, in the *Technical Manual* (#TM076).

Features:

Best-in-Class Performance

- High Z' values and large signal:background ratio values.
- Ideally suited to HTS/uHTS.
- Up to 1,000-fold changes in light output obtained.

Live-Cell, Non-Lytic Assay Format

- "Zero-step assay" greatly facilitates HTS/uHTS.
- Easy monitoring of cAMP in live cells enables a more complete analysis of receptor biology.

High Sensitivity and Increased Biological Relevance

- Easy detection of low-abundance, endogenous receptors.
- Direct detection of G_i-coupled receptor activation and inverse agonist activity in the absence of added forskolin.
- PDE inhibitors not needed.

Storage Conditions: Store the pGloSensor[™] cAMP Plasmid at -20°C and store the GloSensor[™] cAMP Reagent at -70°C. Store the resuspended GloSensor[™] cAMP Reagent at -70°C in single-use aliquots.

№ PDE-GloTM Phosphodiesterase Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|---------------|-------|
| PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay | 1,000 assays | V1361 |
| | 10,000 assays | V1362 |
| For Possessia Use Only Not for Use in Discounting Possessians | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay is a luminescent, high-throughput screening (HTS) method for measuring cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase activity from **purified** sources. Cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterases (PDEs) are involved in a myriad of cellular processes due to their ability to hydrolyze, and thus control, the levels of the second-messenger signaling molecules cAMP and cGMP.

The availability of selective inhibitors for PDEs has facilitated their use as tools to study cyclic nucleotide signaling and paved the way to investigate the role of PDEs in cellular and tissue pathologies. The PDE-Glo[™] Phosphodiesterase Assay allows lead candidates to be identified from compound libraries. The assay is designed for 384-well plates, but assay volumes can easily be scaled for 96- or 1536-well plates. The PDE-Glo[™] Phosphodiesterase Assay is optimized to work with both cAMP- and cGMP-dependent phosphodiesterases. The total time required for the assay from start to finish is less than 1 hour after the PDE reaction is complete.

Features:

Versatile

· Works with both cAMP and cGMP PDEs.

Sensitive

- · Excellent signal:background ratios.
- Scalable to 1536-well plate formats.

Fast and Easy to Use

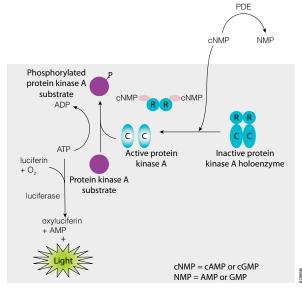
- Assay can be completed in <1 hour.
- · Homogeneous.

Proven Luminescent Technology

- Powered by Ultra-Glo[™] Luciferase.
- · Non-radioactive.

No Interference by Fluorescent Compounds.

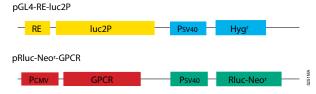
Storage Conditions: Store the system at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}.$ See the product label for the expiration date.



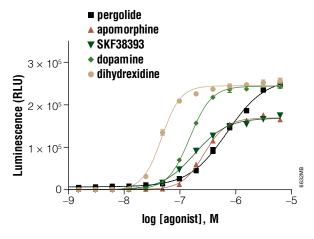
The PDE-Glo $^{\text{TM}}$ Phosphodiesterase Assay.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloResponse™ CRE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 | |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 | |
| GloResponse™ NF-ĸB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 69.



Two plasmids involved in the dual-luciferase GPCR assay. RE, response element/promoter; luc2P, destabilized firefly luciferase with PEST sequence; P_{SV40} , SV40 promoter; Hyg', hygromycin resistance gene; P_{CMV} , CMV promoter; Rluc-neo', Renilla luciferase and neomycin resistance gene fusion. PEST sequences are associated with rapidly degraded proteins.



Ranking compound potency and detection of DRD1 partial agonists.

A GloResponseTM CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor D1 was plated at 10,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate. Each agonist was serially diluted 1:2, then added to wells in replicates of four, beginning with 50μM. Cells were incubated with agonist for four hours, harvested and analyzed using the Dual-GloTM Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920). Luciferase activity was measured on the GloMax[®] 96 Microplate Luminometer (Cat.# E6501).



Section Contents

stocking system

Growth Factors

Epidermal Growth Factor, Human, Recombinant

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| rhEGF | 100 µg | G5021 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Epidermal Growth Factor, Human, Recombinant (rhEGF) is a 6.2kDa protein that is mitogenic for a variety of mammalian cell types. rhEGF is produced from recominbant DNA expressed in *E. coli*.

Activity: rhEGF exhibits an ED $_{50}$ value below 0.2ng/ml in the serum-free BALB/3T3 bioassay using the CellTiter 96 $^{\otimes}$ Non-Radioactive Cell Proliferation Assav.

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized product at -20° C. Rehydrated rhEGF is stable for 3 months at -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. When stored and handled properly, lyophilized rhEGF is stable for at least 6 months from the date of purchase.

Human Brain Derived Neurotrophic Factor (BDNF)

| ı | Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--|------|-------|--|
| ı | rhBDNF | 5 μg | G1491 | |
| ī | For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Brain Derived Neurotrophic Factor, Human, Recombinant (rhBDNF) is a 27kDa homodimer originally shown to promote the outgrowth of spinal sensory neurons. rhBDNF is produced from recombinant DNA expressed in *F. coli*

Storage Conditions: Stable for 6 months when stored desiccated at -20° C. Store reconstituted product in working aliquots at -20° C, where it is stable for 3 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Human Glial Cell-Line Derived Neurotrophic Factor (GDNF)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| rhGDNF | | G2781 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Human Glial Cell-Lined Derived Neurotrophic Factor (rhGDNF) is a 30kDa homodimer consisting of two disulfide-linked, 134 amino acid subunits. GDNF promotes dopamine uptake and survival of midbrain neurons and is also a survival factor for developing motor neurons, purified rat embryo spinal neurons and nodose sensory neurons. rhGDNF is produced from recombinant DNA expressed in *E. coli.*

Storage Conditions: Stable for 6 months when stored desiccated at -20° C. Store reconstituted product in working aliquots at -20° C, where it is stable for 3 months from date of purchase. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Nerve Growth Factor, 2.5S, Murine

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|--|
| mNGF, 2.5S | 100 μg G5141 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | ocedures. | |

Description: Murine 2.5S Nerve Growth Factor (2.5S mNGF) mediates phosphorylation of specific intracellular proteins. Target cells of this molecule include sympathetic and sensory neurons and derivatives of nerve cells such as adrenal medulla pheochromocytoma (PC12) cells. 2.5S mNGF is a 26kDa protein composed of two identical 118 amino acid chains. Murine 2.5S Nerve Growth Factor is purified from male mouse submaxillary glands by the method of Bocchini and Angeletii.

Activity: 2.5S mNGF exhibits an ED_{50} value below 2ng/ml using a PC-12 serum-free survival assay.

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized Murine 2.5S NGF desiccated at -20° C, where it is stable for at least six months from the date of purchase. Store reconstituted Murine 2.5S NGF in working aliquots at -20° C, where it is stable for up to 6 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

rhFGF, Basic

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| rhFGF, Basic | 25 µg | G5071 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Fibroblast Growth Factor, Basic, Human, Recombinant (rhFGF, Basic), is a 17.5kDa polypeptide containing 154 amino acids. It induces proliferation of multiple types of cells in vitro and demonstrates potent angiogenic activity in vivo. rhFGF, Basic, is produced from recombinant DNA expressed in *F. coli*.

rhlGF-l

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| rhIGF-I | 25 µg | G5111 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Insulin-Like Growth Factor-I, Human, Recombinant (rhIGF-I), is a 7.6kDa protein containing 70 amino acid residues. It stimulates the proliferation of a wide range of cell types. rhIGF-I is a highly purified, biologically active, recombinant molecule, produced in *E. coli*.

\mathbf{w} rhTNF- α

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| $rhTNF\alpha$ | 10 µg | G5241 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Tumor Necrosis Factor- α , Human, Recombinant (rhTNF- α), is a pleiotropic cytokine produced predominantly by activated monocytes/macrophages. Biological effects of this molecule include induction of apoptosis, cytolysis or cytostasis of tumor cells, activation of polymorphonuclear leukocytes, antiviral activity and induction of IL-1 or colony-stimulating factor expression. rhTNF- α is a 17kDa protein containing 157 amino acid residues that is produced from a recombinant DNA expressed in *E. coli*.



Histone Deacetylase Assays

● HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays and Screening Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assay | 10 ml | G6420 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6421 |
| | 100 ml | G6422 |
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Screening System | 10 ml | G6430 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6431 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| Trichostatin A | 10 μl 10 mM | G6560 |
| HeLa Nuclear Extract | 10 μl 5 mg/ml | G6570 |
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Control Substrate | 10 μΙ | G6550 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | |

Description: The HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays and Screening Systems are single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, luminescent assays that measure the relative activity of histone deacetylase (HDAC) class I and II enzymes from cells, extracts or purified enzyme sources. The assays use an acetylated, live-cell-permeant, luminogenic peptide substrate that can be deacetylated by HDAC activities. Deacetylation of the peptide aminoluciferin substrate is measured by a coupled enzymatic system in which a protease in the Developer Reagent cleaves the deacetylated peptide from the aminoluciferin substrate, releasing aminoluciferin, which is quantified in a reaction using Ultra-Glo™ recombinant firefly luciferase. The assay reaction is typically complete within 15–45 minutes with no sample manipulation. The HDAC-mediated luminescent signal is persistent, with a half-life of greater than 3 hours, allowing batch processing of multiwell plates. The HDAC assay is broadly useful for class I and II enzymes.

The Trichostatin A, included in the HDAC-GloTM I/II Screening Systems or available separately, is a known pan HDAC inhibitor that may be used as a positive control inhibitor. The Trichostatin A is supplied at a concentration of 10mM in DMSO.

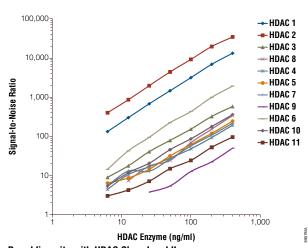
The HeLa Nuclear Extract, included in the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Screening Systems or available separately, may be used as a source of histone deacetylase activity. The diluted extract also can be used as an HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assay chemistry control

The HDAC-Glo[™] I/II Control Substrate, only available separately, is a non-acetylated form of the HDAC-Glo[™] I/II Substrate with the same amino acid sequence and can be used with the HDAC-Glo[™] I/II Assays and Screening Systems to confirm true HDAC inhibition in secondary screens. The Control Substrate is supplied at a concentration of 10mM and is sufficient for 480 assays in 96-well plate format when combined with the HDAC-Glo[™] Reagent prepared with components in the HDAC-Glo[™] I/II Assays or Screening Systems.

Features:

- Simple Measurement of Deacetylating Activities: Use a single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, add-mix-measure protocol for easy implementation from benchtop to screening.
- Highly Sensitive: Obtain 10- to 100-fold higher sensitivity than comparable fluorescence methods.
- Fast Data Acquisition: Maximum signal in as little as 15 minutes with persistent glow-type steady-state signal, making the protocol amenable to automation in high-throughput formats and compatible with luminometers without injectors.
- Flexible to Sample Type: Use with viable cells, extracts or purified recombinant enzyme sources.

Storage Conditions: Store HDAC-Glo™ Assay components and HDAC-Glo™ I/II Control Substrate (sold separately) at -20°C. Store HeLa Nuclear Extract at -70°C.



Broad linearity with HDAC Class I and II enzymes.



stocking system

№ SIRT-GloTM Assays and Screening Systems

| Product | Size | e Cat.# |
|---|--------------|---------|
| SIRT-Glo™ Assay | 10 m | I G6450 |
| | 5 × 10 m | I G6451 |
| | 100 m | I G6452 |
| SIRT-Glo™ Screening System | 10 m | I G6470 |
| | 5 × 10 m | I G6471 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| Nicotinamide | 30 μl 1 N | G6540 |
| HeLa Nuclear Extract | 10 μl 5 mg/m | G6570 |
| SIRT-Glo [™] Control Substrate | 35 µl | G6460 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Production | cedures. | |

Description: The SIRT-Glo™ Assays and Screening Systems are single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, luminescent assays that measure the relative activity of the NAD+-dependent histone deacetylase (HDAC) class III enzymes (sirtuins; SIRTs) from purified enzyme sources. The assays use an acetylated, luminogenic peptide substrate that can be deacetylated by SIRT activities. Deacetylation of the peptide aminoluciferin substrate is measured using a coupled enzymatic system in which a protease in the Developer Reagent cleaves the deacetylated peptide from the aminoluciferin substrate, releasing aminoluciferin, which is quantified in a reaction using Ultra-Glo™ recombinant firefly luciferase. The assay reaction is typically complete within 15–45 minutes with no sample manipulation. The SIRT-mediated luminescent signal is persistent with a half-life of greater than 3 hours, allowing batch processing of multiwell plates. The SIRT-Glo™ Assay is broadly useful for NAD+-dependent Sirtuin enzymes.

Nicotinamide, included in the SIRT-Glo™ Screening Systems or available separately, is a known inhibitor of SIRTs and used as a positive control inhibitor. Nicotinamide is supplied at a concentration of 1M in SIRT-Glo™ Buffer.

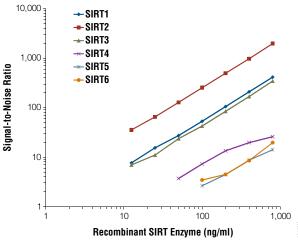
The HeLa Nuclear Extract, included in the SIRT-Glo[™] Screening Systems or available separately, may be used as an assay chemistry control. HeLa Nuclear Extract is supplied at a concentration of 5mg/ml.

The SIRT-Glo™ Control Substrate, only available separately, is a non-acetylated form of the SIRT-Glo™ Substrate with the same amino acid sequence and can be used with the SIRT-Glo™ Assays and Screening Systems to confirm true SIRT inhibition in secondary screens. The Control Substrate is supplied at a concentration of 10mM and is sufficient for 480 assays in 96-well plate format when combined with the SIRT-Glo™ Reagent prepared with components in the SIRT-Glo™ Assays or Screening Systems.

Features:

- Simple Measurement of Deacetylating Activities: Use a single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, add-mix-measure protocol for easy implementation from benchtop to screening.
- Highly Sensitive: Achieve 10- to 100-fold higher sensitivity than comparable fluorescence methods.
- Fast Data Acquisition: Measure maximum signal in as little as 10–15 minutes with persistent glow-type steady-state signal.

Storage Conditions: Store the SIRT-GloTM Assay components and SIRT-GloTM Control Substrate at -20° C. Store HeLa Nuclear Extract at -70° C.



Broad linearity and isoenzyme utility.



Kinase Assays

Lipid Kinase Assays and Reagents

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|-------|--|
| PI3K-Glo™ Class I Profiling Kit | 1 each | V1690 | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay with PI:3PS | 10,000 assays | V1782 | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay with PIP2:3PS | 10,000 assays | V1792 | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay with PI:3PS | 1,000 assays | V1781 | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay with PIP2:3PS | 1,000 assays | V1791 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| PI3K (p110α/p85α), 20μg | 200 μΙ | V1721 | |
| PI3K (p110α[E545K]/p85α), 20μg | 200 µl | V1731 | |
| PI3K (p110α[H1047R]/p85α), 20μg | 200 µl | V1741 | |
| PI3K (p110β/p85α), 20μg | 200 µl | V1751 | |
| PI3K (p120γ), 20μg | 200 μΙ | V1761 | |
| PI3K (p110δ/p85α), 20μg | 200 µl | V1771 | |
| PIP2:3PS Lipid Kinase Substrate, 0.25mg | 0.25 ml | V1701 | |
| PI:3PS Lipid Kinase Substrate, 0.5mg | 0.5 ml | V1711 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | edures. | | |

Description: Phosphatidylinositol (PI) and its phosphorylated derivates, collectively called phosphoinositides, are important second messengers that are critical as signaling molecules and for cellular membrane remodeling. These derivatives are generated by a family of kinases called phosphoinositide lipid kinases (PIKs). Nineteen PIK isoforms have been identified in mammals. Based on their ability to preferentially phosphorylate the hydroxyl group of the inositol ring on position 3, 4 or 5, they have been broadly classified into three major families: phosphoinositide 3-kinases (PI3Ks), phosphoinositide 4-kinases (PI4Ks) and phosphoinositide phosphate-kinases (PIP5Ks and PIP4Ks). Promega lipid kinase enzymes, substrates and detection systems provide a complete set of reagents for performing phosphoinositide lipid kinase (PIK) reactions using a luminescent ADP-detection platform, the ADP-Glo™ Kinase

Assay. The reagents include purified human recombinant proteins of Class I

enzymes are available separately or can be purchased as part of the

PI3Ks, optimized reaction buffer and ready-to-use lipid kinase substrates. The

PI3K-GloTM Class I Profiling Kit, which contains PI3Ks $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma \text{ and } \delta; 5\mu g \text{ each})$, PIP2:3PS Lipid Kinase Substrate (0.25mg) and the ADP-GloTM Kinase Assay, 1,000 assays. The lipid substrates are supplied as frozen small unilamellar vesicles containing a mixture of phosphatidylinositol (PI) or phosphoinositol-4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2) at a 1:3 ratio with phosphatidylserine (PS) as carrier lipid. A substrate composed of PIP2 and PS at a 1:3 ratio was optimized to use with class I PI3Ks. A substrate composed of PI and PS at a 1:3 ratio was demonstrated to be recognized by the majority of family members and provides a universal PI lipid kinase substrate.

Assay Principle. The lipid kinase reaction is performed by incubating lipid substrate (Pl:3PS or PIP2:3PS) with a recombinant enzyme and ATP, and the kinase activity is measured using the ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay. The ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay is performed in two steps. After the kinase reaction, an ATP-depletion reagent is added to terminate the lipid kinase reaction and deplete any remaining ATP, leaving only ADP. Next, a detection reagent is added to simultaneously convert ADP to ATP and allow the newly synthesized ATP to be converted to light using a coupled luciferase/luciferin reaction.

Features:

Employ Complete Solutions for Class I PI3Ks

- Purified human recombinant enzymes with high specific activity.
- Ready-to-use lipid substrate (PI or PIP2).
- · Universal reaction buffer formulation.
- · Highly sensitive detection assay.

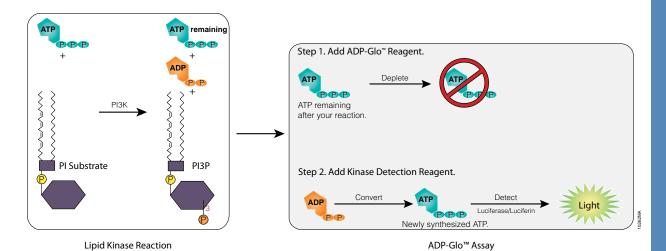
Observe Excellent Selectivity: High signal-to-background ratios even at low % conversion of substrate.

Obtain Reliable Results: The broad dynamic range, low background and excellent sensitivity result in less ambiguous data.

Save Time: Homogeneous assay with simple "add-and-read" format.

Avoid False Hits:The special formulation and luminescent signal results in low false-hit rate.

Save Money: Easily scalable to 1,536-well format, reducing cost per well. **Storage Conditions:** Recombinant PI3K Enzymes: Store recombinant PI3K enzymes below -65° C. **Lipid Substrates:** Store lipid substrates below -65° C. **Buffers:** Store 5X PI3K Reaction Buffer, 10X Lipid Dilution Buffer and 1M MgCl₂ at -30° C to -10° C. **ADP-GloTM Kinase Assay:** Upon receiving ADP-GloTM Kinase Assay, remove ATP and store it below -65° C. Store the rest of the components at -30° to -10° C.



Principle of the ADP-Glo™ Lipid Kinase Assay.

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

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Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

MADP-Glo[™] Kinase Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------------|-------|
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay | 1,000 assays | V9101 |
| | 10,000 assays | V9102 |
| | 100,000 assays | V9103 |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay, Bulk Packaged | 100,000 assays | V9104 |
| For Decemb Hee Only Not for Hee in Discussitio Dre | | |

Description: ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay is a luminescent kinase assay that measures ADP formed from a kinase reaction; ADP is converted into ATP, which is converted into light by Ultra-Glo™ Luciferase. The luminescent signal positively correlates with kinase activity. The assay is well suited for measuring the effects chemical compounds have on the activity of a broad range of purified kinases, making it ideal for both primary screening as well as kinase selectivity profiling. The ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay can be used to monitor the activity of virtually any ADP-generating enzyme (e.g., kinase or ATPase) using up to 1mM ATP.

The assay is performed in two steps; first, after the kinase reaction, an equal volume of ADP-Glo™ Reagent is added to terminate the kinase reaction and deplete the remaining ATP. In the second step, the Kinase Detection Reagent is added, which simultaneously converts ADP to ATP and allows the newly synthesized ATP to be measured using a coupled luciferase/luciferin reaction (see figure).

The ADP-Glo[™] Kinase Assay has a high dynamic range and produces a strong signal at low ATP to ADP conversion, making it well suited for screening low activity kinases such as growth factor receptor tyrosine kinases. The assay produces minimal false hits and Z' values of greater than 0.8.

Several Kinase Enzyme Systems are available. Visit

www.promega.com/kinase/ to see the collection.

Features:

- High Signal Strength at Low ATP Conversion: Users can measure kinase activity that more closely mimics physiological conditions, making the assay very well suited for low-activity kinases such as receptor tyrosine
- **Sensitive:** The assay is sensitive to low concentrations of ADP, requiring less enzyme than other assays; cost savings.
- Universal: The assay can be used with virtually with any kinase—enables researchers to screen a wider range of kinases in-house, reducing dependency on costly outsourcing of kinase selectivity profiling.
- Accurate: Accurately measures ADP levels at a wide range of starting ATP concentrations; users assured that activity measured truly reflects kinase activity and produces accurate IC50 values comparable to radioactivitybased assays.
- . Accommodate Wide Range of ATP Levels: The assay can be used at ATP concentrations up to 1mM, important for kinases with high K_m values
- Stable Luminescent Signal: Users can perform batch plate processing without need for strictly timed incubations; flexible.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -20°C. Before use, thaw all reagents completely at room temperature. Once thawed, components should be thoroughly mixed before use. Once prepared, the Kinase Detection Reagent (Kinase Detection Buffer + Substrate) should be divided into aliquots and stored at -20°C.



OADP-GIO™ Max Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|--|
| ADP-Glo™ Max Assay | 1,000 assays | V7001 | | | |
| | 10,000 assays | V7002 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description: The ADP-Glo™ Max Assay is a luminescent ADP detection assay that provides a universal, homogeneous, high-throughput screening method to measure ATPase or kinase activity by quantifying the amount of ADP produced in a reaction. The assay can be used to monitor the activity of virtually any ADP-generating enzyme (e.g., kinase or ATPase) when higher ATP concentration is required (up to 5mM). The ADP-Glo™ Max Assay produces a strong signal that positively correlates with enzyme activity and can be adapted to a multitude of plate formats.

The assay is performed in two steps: first, after the completion of the ADP-producing reaction, an equal volume of ADP-GloTM Reagent is added to terminate the reaction and deplete the remaining ATP. Second, the ADP-GloTM Max Detection Reagent is added to simultaneously convert ADP to ATP, and the latter is converted to light in a coupled reaction with luciferase/luciferin.

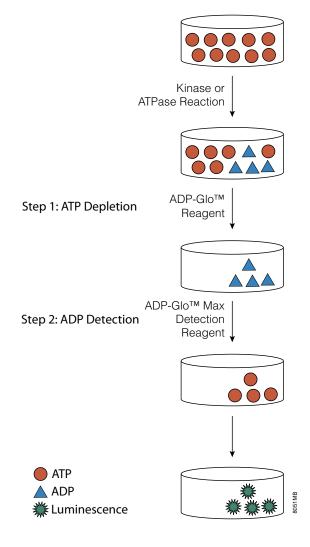
The ADP-Glo™ Max Assay has a high dynamic range and produces a strong signal at low ATP to ADP conversion, making it well suited for screening low-activity ATPases such as drug membrane transporters and heat shock proteins. The assay produces minimal false hits and Z' values of greater than 0.7. Several Kinase Enzyme Systems are available. Visit

www.promega.com/kinase/ to see the collection.

Features:

- High Signal Strength at Low ATP Conversion: Users can measure enzyme activity that more closely mimics physiological conditions. This makes the assay very well suited for low-activity ATPases/kinases.
- **Sensitive:** The assay is sensitive to low concentrations of ADP, requiring less enzyme than other assays; cost savings.
- Universal: The assay can be used with virtually with any ADP-producing enzyme—enables researchers to screen a wider range of enzymes using a single platform.
- Accommodate Wide Range of ATP Levels: The assay can be used at ATP concentrations up to 5mM, important for enzymes with high K_m values for ATP and for mode of action studies.
- Accurate: Accurately measures ADP levels at a wide range of starting ATP concentrations; users assured that activity measured truly reflects enzyme activity and produces accurate IC₅₀ values comparable to radioactivitybased assays.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at −20°C. Before use, thaw all components completely at room temperature. Once thawed, mix all components thoroughly before use. Because ATP is naturally prone to hydrolysis after freeze-thaw cycles dispense into single-use aliquots and store at −20°C. Once prepared, dispense, ADP-GloTM Max Detection Reagent (ADP-GloTM Max Detection Buffer + Substrate) into aliquots and store at −20°C. ADP-GloTM Max Detection Buffer may form a precipitate when thawed. See Section 3.A of the Technical Manual for a protocol to dissolve any precipitate. For convenience, ADP-GloTM Reagent and ADP-GloTM Max Detection Reagent may be kept at room temperature (22°C) for 24 hours without loss of signal.



Principle of the ADP-Glo™ Max Assay. The assay is performed in two steps: 1) after the ATPase or kinase reaction, ADP-Glo™ Reagent is added to terminate the reaction and deplete the remaining ATP; and 2) the ADP-Glo™ Max Detection Reagent is added to convert ADP to ATP and allow the newly synthesized ATP to be measured using a luciferase/luciferin reaction. The light generated correlates to ADP present and ATPase activity.



stocking system



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| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other |
|--|-------|--------|---|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| ABL1 Kinase Enzyme System | V1901 | 10µg | ABL1, 10μg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ABL1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9051 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 27–end) | ~135kDa | Abltide (EAIYAAPFAKKK); derived from the C-terminus of ABL | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| BL1 (E255K) Kinase nzyme System | V5098 | 10µg | ABL1 (E255K), 10μg | ~160kDa | Abltide (EAIYAAPFAKKK); derived from the | Reaction Buffer A, |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ABL1 255K) Kinase Enzyme System | V5099 | 1 each | - (Human, recombinant; amino acids 27–end) | TOOKDU | C-terminus of ABL | MnCl ₂ , DTT |
| BL1 (T315I) Kinase nzyme System | V5320 | 10µg | ABL1 (T315l), 10µg - (Human, recombinant; | ~160kDa | Abltide (EAIYAAPFAKKK); derived from the | Reaction Buffer A, |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ABL1 T315I) Kinase Enzyme System | V5321 | 1 each | amino acids 27–end) | ~ IOUNDA | C-terminus of ABL | MnCl ₂ , DTT |
| ABL1 (Y253F) Kinase Enzyme System | V5086 | 10µg | ABL1 (Y253F), 10µg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 27—end) | ~160kDa | Abltide (EAIYAAPFAKKK); derived from the | Reaction Buffer A, |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ABL1 Y253F) Kinase Enzyme System | V5087 | 1 each | | ~100kDa | C-terminus of ABL | MnCl ₂ , DTT |
| ACK Kinase Enzyme System | V4050 | 10µg | _ ACK, 10µg (Human, | | | Dogation Buffor Di |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ACK Kinase Enzyme System | V4051 | 1 each | | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DT MnCl ₂ | |
| AKT1 Kinase Enzyme System | V1911 | 10µg | - AKT1, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | | ALL (DIVD) (OLVDDDA AODAD | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + AKT1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9061 | 1 each | | ~85kDa | Akt (PKB) substrate (CKRPRAASFAE); derived from the N-terminus of GSK3 | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| AKT2 Kinase Enzyme System | V3861 | 10µg | — AKT2, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | | Modified AKT substrate peptide (modified | |
| DP-Glo TM Kinase Assay + AKT2 inase Enzyme System | V9041 | 1 each | | ~85kDa | CKRPRAASFAE); based on the N-terminus of GSK3 | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| KT3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4010 | 10µg | | | | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + AKT3 inase Enzyme System | V4011 | 1 each | — AKT3, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~85kDa | Akt (SGK) substrate peptide (RPRAATF); derived from the N-terminus of GSK3 | |
| ALK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4492 | 10µg | _ ALK2, 10µg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 147–end) | | Nell's Ossel's Bodels as 20 of Cons | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ALK2 (inase Enzyme System | V4493 | 1 each | | ~67kDa | Native Casein Protein; purified from bovine milk | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| ALK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V4508 | 10µg | ALK4, 10µg (Human, | | Nation Consider Deade in a selficial form | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ALK4 (inase Enzyme System | V4509 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 150-end) | ~64kDa | Native Casein Protein; purified from bovine milk | Reaction Buffer, D |
| LK6 Kinase Enzyme System | V4052 | 10µg | ALK6, 10µg (Human, | | TGFBR1 Peptide (KKKVLTQMGSPSIRC- | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ALK6 (inase Enzyme System | V4053 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 149-end) | ~68kDa | S(pS)VS); derived from human SMAD3 (215–230) | Reaction Buffer, D |
| AMPK (A1/B1/G1) Kinase Enzyme System | V1921 | 10µg | _ AMPK (A1/B1/G1), 10μg | ~68kDa (A1) | SAMStide (HMRSAMSGLHLVKRR); derived | Reaction Buffer, DT AMP Solution |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + AMPK (A1/B1/G1) Kinase Enzyme System | V9021 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~38kDa (B1) ~40kDa (G1) | from the mouse acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase alpha (amino acids 73-85). | |
| MPK (A1/B1/G2) Kinase inzyme System | V4012 | 10µg | AMPK (A1/B1/G2), 10μg | ~68kDa (A1) | SAMStide (HMRSAMSGLHLVKRR); derived | Doosting D. (() Di |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MPK (A1/B1/G2) Kinase inzyme System | V4013 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~38kDa (B1) ~65kDa (G2) | from the mouse acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase alpha (amino acids 73–85) | Reaction Buffer, Daniel AMP Solution |
| MPK (A2/B1/G1) Kinase Enzyme System | V4014 | 10µg | _ AMPK (A2/B1/G1), 10µg | ~69kDa (A2) | SAMStide (HMRSAMSGLHLVKRR); derived | Pagetian Buffer D |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MPK (A2/B1/G1) Kinase nzyme System | V4015 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~38kDa (B1) ~40kDa (G1) | from the mouse acetyl-Coenzyme A carboxylase alpha (amino acids 73–85) | Reaction Buffer, DTT AMP Solution |
| SK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3881 | 10µg | ASK1, 10µg (Human, | | Nation Codes Marilla David David (4.122) | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ASK1 (inase Enzyme System | V9481 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 649–946) | ~60kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, D |

| Kinase Enzyme Sys | Kinase Enzyme Systems-continued | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
| Aurora A Kinase Enzyme System | V1931 | 10µg | - Aurora A 10ua /Uumaa | | Nativa Swina Myalin Pagia Protein (MPD) | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + Aurora A Kinase Enzyme System | V9081 | 1 each | - Aurora A, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~72kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| Aurora B Kinase Enzyme System | V3971 | 10µg | - Aurora D. 10ug (Human | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + Aurora B Kinase Enzyme System | V9181 | 1 each | - Aurora B, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~68kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| AXL Kinase Enzyme System | V3961 | 10µg | _ AXL, 10µg (Human, | | AxItide (KKSRGDYMTMQIG); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + AXL Kinase Enzyme System | V9171 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 473–end) | ~55kDa | the mouse insulin receptor substrate 1 (amino acids 979-989) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| BMX Kinase Enzyme System | V4512 | 10µg | - BMX, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + BMX Kinase Enzyme System | V4513 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~110kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) peptide | MnCL ₂ , DTT | |
| BRK Kinase Enzyme System | V4054 | 10µg | BRK, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + BRK Kinase Enzyme System | V4055 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~80kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) peptide | MnCl ₂ | |
| BTK Kinase Enzyme System | V2941 | 10µg | - BTK, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + BTK Kinase Enzyme System | V9071 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~78kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) peptide | MnCl ₂ | |
| CAMK1γ Kinase Enzyme System | V4016 | 10µg | · CAMK1γ, 10μg (Human, | | Autocamtide 2 peptide (KKALRRQETVDAL-amide); derived from the autophos- | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CAMK1γ Kinase Enzyme System | V4017 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~80kDa | phorylation site (amino acids 283–290) on CaMKII | Ca ² +/Calmodulin solution | |
| $CAMK2\alpha$ Kinase Enzyme System | V4018 | 10µg | CAMK2 $lpha$, 10 μ g (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~74kDa | Autocamtide 2 peptide (KKALRRQETVDAL- amide); derived from the autophos- phorylation site (amino acids 283–290) on CaMKII | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CAMK2α Kinase Enzyme System | V4019 | 1 each | | | | Ca ²⁺ /Calmodulin solution | |
| CAMK2γ Kinase Enzyme System | V3531 | 10µg | _ CAMK2γ, 10μg (Human, | ~60kDa | Autocamtide-2 (KKALRRQETVDAL-amide); derived from the autophosphorylation site (amino acids 283-290) on CaMKII | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CAMK2γ Kinase Enzyme System | V9201 | 1 each | recombinant; C-terminal truncation) | | | Ca ²⁺ /Calmodulin solution | |
| CAMK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V2951 | 10µg | - CAMK4, 10µg (Human, | | Autocamtide-2 (KKALRRQETVDAL-amide); derived from the autophosphorylation site (amino acids 283-290) on CaMKII | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CAMK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V9091 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~79kDa | | Ca ²⁺ /Calmodulin solution | |
| CAMKK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4470 | 10µg | - CAMKK1, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay) CAMKK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4471 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~94kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Ca ²⁺ /Calmodulin Solution | |
| CDC7/DBF4 Kinase Enzyme System | V5088 | 10µg | _ CDC7/DBF4, 10μg | ~94kDa (CDC7) | PDKtide (KTFCGTPEYLAPEVRREPRILSEEEQEM- FRDFDYIADWC); derived from two human | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDC7/DBF4 Kinase Enzyme System | V5089 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~125kDa (DBF4) | proteins: residues 1–14 are based on AKT1 (307–320) and residues 16–39 are based on PKN2/PRK2 (961–984) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| CDK1/CyclinA2 Kinase Enzyme System | V2961 | 10µg | _ CDK1/CyclinA2, 10µg | ~59kDa (CDK1) | Hictory H1 Native hictory H1: purified | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK1/CyclinA2 Kinase Enzyme System | V9211 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~78kDa (CyclinA2) | Histone H1- Native histone H1; purified from calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| CDK2/CyclinA2 Kinase Enzyme System | V2971 | 10µg | CDK2/CyclinA2, 10µg | E0kDa (0DK0) | History H1 Native history H1. purified | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK2/CyclinA2 Kinase Enzyme System | V9221 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~58kDa (CDK2) ~78kDa (CyclinA2) | Histone H1- Native histone H1; purified from calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| CDK2/CyclinE1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4488 | 10µg | _ CDK2/CyclinE1, 10µg | 58hD2 (CDK2) | Native History H1 Protein purified from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK2/CyclinE1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4489 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~58kDa (CDK2) ~73kDa (CyclinE1) | Native Histone H1 Protein; purified from calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| | | | | | | | |

173VA

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Section Contents

9526LB

Note: 1mg sizes of each Kinase Enzyme System are available upon request.



| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other |
|--|-------|--------|---|------------------------------------|---|--|
| CDK3/CyclinE1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4490 | 10µg | _ CDK3/CyclinE1, 10μg | ~60kDa (CDK3) | Native Histone H1 Protein; purified from | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK3/CyclinE1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4491 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~73kDa (CyclinE1) | calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CDK5/p25 Kinase Enzyme System | V3231 | 10µg | ODVE /= 05 10 / l | FOLD- (ODIA | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK5/p25 Kinase Enzyme System | V9541 | 1 each | - CDK5/p25, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~59kDa (CDK) ~49kDa (p25) | Histone H1 protein | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CDK5/p35 Kinase Enzyme System | V3271 | 10µg | ODVE /= 05 10 / U | ~59kDa (CDK) ~60kDa (p35) | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK5/p35 Kinase Enzyme System | V9551 | 1 each | - CDK5/p35, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | | Histone H1 protein | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CDK6/CyclinD3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4510 | 10µg | CDK6/CyclinD3, 10µg | 40kDa (CDKC) | Native History III Protein, purified from | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK5/CyclinD3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4511 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~40kDa (CDK6) ~35kDa (CyclinD3) | Native Histone H1 Protein; purified from calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CDK9/CyclinK Kinase Enzyme System | V4104 | 10µg | CDK9/CyclinK, 10µg | COLDA (CDI/O) | PDKtide (KTFCGTPEYLAPEVRREPRIL- SEEEQEMFRDFDYIADWC); residues | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CDK9/CyclinK Kinase Enzyme System | V4105 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~68kDa (CDK9) ~67kDa (CyclinK) | 1–14 derived from AKT1 (307–320), and residues 16–39 derived from PKN2/PRK2 (961–984) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CHK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V1941 | 10µg | - CHK1, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | | CHKtide (KKKVSRSGLYRSPSMPENLNRPR); | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CHK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9241 | 1 each | | ~82kDa | derived from the human CDC25C protein isoform A (amino acids 205-225) | |
| CHK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4020 | 10µg | - CHK2, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~88kDa | Chktide (KKKVSRSGLYRSPSMPENLNRPR); | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CHK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4021 | 1 each | | | derived from human CDC25C protein isoform A (amino acids 205–225) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CK1α1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4484 | 10µg | - CK1α1, 10μg (Human, | | Casein, dephosphorylated; native protein | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CK1α1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4485 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~62kDa | purified from bovine milk | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CK1ε Kinase Enzyme System | V4160 | 10µg | - CKε1, 10μg (Human | | Casein, dephosphorylated; native protein | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CK1ε Kinase Enzyme System | V4161 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | | purified from bovine milk | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CK1γ1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4100 | 10µg | _ CK1γ1, 10μg (Human, | ~70 – 76kDa | Native Casein Protein; purified from bovine milk | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CK1γ1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4101 | 1 each | recombinant amino acids 21–end) | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CK2α1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4482 | 10µg | - CK2α1, 10μg (Human, | | Native Casein Protein; purified from bovine milk | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CK2α1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4483 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~70kDa | | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| c-KIT Kinase Enzymer System | V4498 | 10µg | _ c-KIT, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + c-KIT Kinase Enzyme System | V4499 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 544–end) | ~73kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) peptide | DTT |
| CLK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4056 | 10µg | _ CLK1, 10μg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CLK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4057 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 129–end) | ~66kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | |
| CLK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4162 | 10µg | - CLK3, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CLK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4163 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~86kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| CSK Kinase Enzyme System | V2981 | 10µg | - CSK, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + CSK Kinase Enzyme System | V9251 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~78kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| DAPK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4096 | 10µg | DAPK1, 10µg (Human, recombinant; amino acids | ~71kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT, Ca2+/Calmodulin Solution |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + DAPK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4097 | 1 each | 1–363) | ~/ IKDa | ivative Swille iviyelili Basic Proteiri (MBP) | |

| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other |
|--|-------|----------------|--|---|--|--|
| DDR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4058 | 10µg | DDR2, 10µg (Human, - recombinant amino acids | ~70kDa | Axlitude (CKKSRGDYMTMQIG); derived from mouse insulin receptor substrate 1 | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + DDR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4059 | 1 each | 467-end) | ~1 UNDA | (amino acids 979-989) | MnCl2 |
| DYRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5090 | 10µg | - DYRK2, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + DYRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5091 | 1 each | recombinant, full-length) | ~95kDa | DYRKtide (RRRFRPASPLRGPPK) | |
| DNA-PK Kinase Enzyme System | V4106 | 2,500 units | - DNA-PK, 2,500 units | ~460kDa (catalytic subunit) ts ~85kDa (Ku | DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide | Reaction Buffer, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + DNA-PK Kinase Enzyme System | V4107 | 1 each | (Human, native full-length) | subunit 1) ~70kDa (Ku subunit 2) | Substrate (EPPLSQEAFADLWKK) | DNA-PK Activation Buffer, DTT |
| EGFR Kinase Enzyme System | V3831 | 10µg | _ EGFR, 10μg (Human, | | | Pagation Puffor DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EGFR Kinase Enzyme System | V9261 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 695–end) | ~89kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT, MnCl ₂ |
| EGFR (L858R) Kinase Enzyme System | V5322 | 10µg | EGFR (L858R), 10µg - (Human, recombinant; | ~89kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EGFR (L858R) Kinase Enzyme System | V5323 | 1 each | amino acids 695—end) | ~03KDd | roly (4.1 diu, fyr) replide | DTT |
| EGFR (L861Q) Kinase Enzyme System | V4102 | 10µg | EGFR (L861Q), 10µg - (Human, recombinant; | ~89kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EGFR (L861Q) Kinase Enzyme System | V4103 | 1 each | amino acids 695–end) | | . o.j (a.a, .j., . optao | DTT |
| EGFR (T790M) Kinase Enzyme System | V4506 | 10µg | EGFR (T790M), 10µg - (Human, recombinant; amino acids 695—end) | ~89kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EGFR (T790M) Kinase Enzyme System | V4507 | 1 each | | | | |
| EGFR (T790M, L858R) Kinase Enzyme System | V5324 | 10µg | EGFR (T790M, L858R), 10µg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 695—end) | ~89kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EGFR (T790M, L858R) Kinase Enzyme System | V5325 | 1 each | | | | DTT |
| EIF2AK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5328 | 10µg | _ EIF2AK2, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™Kinase Assay + EIF2AK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5329 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 252–end) | ~64kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| EPHA1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3561 | 10µg | _ EPHA1, 10μg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + EPHA1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9271 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 569–end) | ~71kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| ERK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V1951 | 10µg | - ERK1, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ERK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9281 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~44kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ERK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V1961 | 10µg | - ERK2, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ERK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V9291 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~68kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| FAK Kinase Enzyme System | V1971 | 10µg | _ FAK, 10μg (Human, | | | Pagation Puffor DTT |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + FAK Kinase Enzyme System | V9301 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 393–698) | ~35kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT, MnCl ₂ |
| FES Kinase Enzyme System | V1981 | 10µg | - EEC 10ug //lim | | Daly (Art Cly Try) Dantida | Pagation Duff DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FES Kinase Enzyme System | V9311 | 1 each | - FES, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~125kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT, MnCl ₂ |
| FGFR1 Kinase Enzyme System | V2991 | 10µg | FGFR1, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FGFR1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9321 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 399–822) | ~73kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer; DTT |
| FGFR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4060 | 10µg | FGFR2, 10µg (Human, | | | Descripe D. # DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FGFR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4061 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 285–end) | ~72kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT, MnCl ₂ |
| | | | | | | |

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

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9526LD

Note: 1mg sizes of each Kinase Enzyme System are available upon request.



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Kinase Enzyme Systems-continued Product Cat.# Size

| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other |
|--|--|---------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| FGFR3 (K650E) Kinase Enzyme System | V5082 | 10µg | _ FGFR3 (K650E), 10µg | | Poly (Ala Glu Lve Tur) (AAAAAAEEV | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FGFR3 (K650E) Kinase Enzyme System | V5083 | 1 each | (Human recombinant, amino acids 397–end) | ~73kDa | Poly (Ala ₆ , Glu ₂ , Lys ₅ , Tyr ₁) (AAAAAAEEK-KKKKY) | DTT |
| FGFR4 Kinase Enzyme System | V4062 | 10µg | _ FGFR4, 10μg (Human, | | | Reaction Bffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FGFR4 Kinase Enzyme System | V4063 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 460–end) | ~65kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| FLT1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3001 | 10µg | _ FLT1, 10μg (Human, | | IGF1Rtide (KKKSPGEYVNIEFG); derived | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FLT1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9331 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 784-end) | ~94kDa | from human IRS-1 protein residues 891-902 | MnCl ₂ |
| FLT3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4064 | 10µg | _ FLT3, 10μg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FLT3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4065 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 571–993) | ~73kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| FLT3 (D835Y) Kinase Enzyme System | V4514 | 10µg | FLT3 (D835Y), 10µg - (Human, recombinant, | ~73kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + FLT3 (D835Y) Kinase Enzyme System | V4515 | 1 each | amino acids 571–993) | ~1 JNDa | Native Swille Infellit basic Flotelii (Mbr) | neaction bullet, bit |
| FMS Kinase Enzyme System | V4022 | 10µg | FMS, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + FMS Kinase Enzyme System | V4023 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 539–end) | ~76kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| FYN A Kinase Enzyme System | V3571 | 10µg | - FYN A, 10μg (Human, | ~85kDa | | |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + FYN A Kinase Enzyme System | V9341 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| GRK5 Kinase Enzyme System | V3981 | 10µg | - GRK5, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~95kDa | Native Casein Protein; purified from bovine milk | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + GRK5 Kinase Enzyme System | V9351 | 1 each | | | | Hodolion Bullot, BTT |
| GSK3 $lpha$ Kinase Enzyme System | V3051 | 10µg | - GSK3α, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | | GSK3 Substrate (YRRAAVPPSPSLSRHS- SPHQ(pS)EDEEE); derived from human | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + GSK3α Kinase Enzyme System | V9361 | 1 each | | ~81kDa | muscle glycogen synthase 1 (amino acids 636-661) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| GSK3β Kinase Enzyme System | me System V1991 10µg ———————————————————————————————————— | - CSV2R 10ug /Human | | GSK3 Substrate (YRRAAVPPSPSLSRHS- SPHQ(pS)EDEEE); derived from human | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + GSK3β Kinase Enzyme System | V9371 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | | muscle glycogen synthase 1 (amino acids | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| HER2 Kinase Enzyme System | V3891 | 10µg | _ HER2, 10μg (Human, | | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + HER2 Kinase Enzyme System | V9381 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 676-end) | ~116kDa | | |
| HER4 Kinase Enzyme System | V3101 | 10µg | _ HER4, 10μg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + HER4 Kinase Enzyme System | V9391 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 682-993) | ~57kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| HIPK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4066 | 10µg | _ HIPK1, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + HIPK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4067 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 156–555) | ~71kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| HIPK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4164 | 10µg | _ HIPK3, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + HIPK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4165 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 163–562) | ~49kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| HPK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4098 | 10µg | _ HPK1, 10μg (Human, | 051.0 | N | D # D# === |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + HPK1 Kinase Assay System | V4099 | 1 each | recombinant, amino acids 1–346) | ~65kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| IGF1R Kinase Enzyme System | V3581 | 10µg | _ IGF1R, 10µg (Human, | 50LD. | IGF1Rtide (KKKSPGEYVNIEFG); derived | Reaction Buffer, DTT, |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + IGF1R Kinase Enzyme System | V9401 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 960-end) | ~53kDa | from human IRS-1 protein residues 891-902 | MnCl ₂ |
| IKK α Kinase Enzyme System | V4068 | 10µg | - IKKα, 10μg (Human, | | IKKtide (KKKKERLLDDRHDSG-LDSMK- | D # D# === |
| ADP-Glo TM Kinase Assay + IKK α Kinase Enzyme System | V4069 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~114kDa | DEE); derived from human IkBA (amino acids 21–41) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| Note: 1mg sizes of each Kin | ase Enz | yme Syste | m are available upon re | quest. | | 9526LE |

For complete and up-to-date product information visit: www.promega.com/catalog

| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other |
|---|-------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|---|
| KKβ Kinase Enzyme System | V4502 | 10µg | - IKKß, 10µg (Human, | | IKKtide (KKKKERLLDDRHDSG- | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + IKKβ Kinase Enzyme System | V4503 | 1 each | recombinant, full-length) | ~105kDa | LDSMKDEE); derived from human IkBA (amino acids 21–41) | |
| nsR Kinase Enzyme System | V3901 | 10µg | _ InsR, 10µg (Human, | | AxItide (KKSRGDYMTMQIG); derived from | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + InsR Kinase Enzyme System | V9411 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1011-end) | ~70kDa | the mouse insulin receptor substrate 1 (amino acids 979-989) | MnCl ₂ |
| RAK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V2621 | 10µg | IDAKA 10ug /lluman | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + IRAK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V9421 | 1 each | - IRAK4, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~81kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| TK Kinase Enzyme System | V3191 | 10µg | _ ITK, 10μg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 352–end) | | | Daniel Doffer DT |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ITK (inase Enzyme System | V9431 | 1 each | | ~53kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT MnCl ₂ |
| AK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V3701 | 10µg | _ JAK3, 10μg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 781-end) | | | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + JAK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V9441 | 1 each | | ~64kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | |
| INK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4070 | 10µg | – JNK1, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~70kDa | | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + JNK1 (inase Enzyme System | V4071 | 1 each | | | p38 Substrate (IPTTPITTTYFFFKKK) | |
| NK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V3821 | 10µg | - JNK3, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~71kDa | p38 peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + JNK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V9461 | 1 each | | | | |
| CDR Kinase Enzyme System | V2681 | 10µg | _ KDR, 10μg (Human, | | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + KDR Kinase Enzyme System | V9471 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 789–end) | ~110kDa I | | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| KHS1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4108 | 10µg | - KHS1, 10µg (Human, | ~135kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + KHS1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4109 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | | | |
| CK Kinase Enzyme System | V2691 | 991 10µg LCK, 10µg (Human, 04 LDs | | Reaction Buffer, DT | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + LCK Kinase Enzyme System | V9491 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~84 kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ |
| LRRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4474 | 10µg | _ LRRK2, 10µg (Human, | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + .RRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4475 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 968–end) | ~210kDa | LRRKtide (RLGRDKYKTLRQIRQ) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| YN B Kinase Enzyme System | V3711 | 10µg | - LYN B, 10μg (Human, | | SRC substrate (KVEKIGEGTYGVVYK- | Reaction Buffer, DT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + LYN B Kinase Enzyme System | V9501 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~85kDa | amide); derived from human p34cdc2 (amino acids 6-20) | MnCl ₂ |
| MAPKAPK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4024 | 10µg | MAPKAPK2, 10µg - (Human, recombinant, | ~41kDa | HSP27tide (RRLNRQLSVA-amide); derived from the mouse HSP27 (amino acids 80–85) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase ASsay + MAPK APK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4025 | 1 each | amino acids 46–end) | TINDA | | |
| MAPKAPK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4026 | 10µg | MAPKAPK3, 10µg | - 60kDa | HSP27tide (RRLNRQLSVA-amide); | Reaction Buffer DT |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MAPK APK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4027 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~69kDa | derived from the mouse HSP27 (amino acids 80–85) | Reaction Buffer, DTT |

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

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V4166

V4167

V4028

V4029

V4150

V4151

APK3 Kinase Enzyme System MAPKAPK5 Kinase

 $\mathsf{ADP}\text{-}\mathsf{Glo}^\mathsf{TM}$ Kinase $\mathsf{ASsay} + \mathsf{MAPK}$

APK5 Kinase Enzyme System MARK1 Kinase Enzyme System

ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MARK1 Kinase Enzyme System

MELK Kinase Enzyme System

ADP-GLo™ Kinase Assay + MELK Kinase Enzyme System

Enzyme System

10µg

1 each

10µg

1 each

10µg

1 each

MAPKAPK5, 10µg (Human, recombinant

MARK1, 10µg (Human,

recombinant full-length)

MELK, 10µg (Human, recombinant, amino acids

full-length)

1-340)

~79kDa

~125kDa

~61kDa

9526LF

Reaction Buffer, DTT

Reaction Buffer, DTT

Reaction Buffer, DTT

HSP27tide peptide (RRLNRQLSVA-amide);

Chktide (KKKVSRSGLYRSPSMPENLNRPR);

derived from human CDC25C protein isoform A (amino acid 205–225)

ZIPtide (KKLNRTLSFAEPG)

derived from the mouse HSP27 (amino

acids 80-85)

Life Science Catalog 2014

Worldwide Contact List





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| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
|--|-------|--------|--|------------------|--|--|--|
| :-MER Kinase Enzyme System | V3541 | 10µg | c-MER, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + c-MER Kinase Enzyme System | V9561 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 578–872) | ~58kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DT MnCl ₂ | |
| MET Kinase Enzyme System | V3361 | 10µg | MET, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MET inase Enzyme System | V9571 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 956–end) | ~81kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| MET (M1250T) Kinase inzyme System | V4168 | 10µg | MET (M1250T), 10μg | 041-D- | Dalu (4.4 Oliv Tirk) Dankida | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase ASsay + MET M1250T) Kinase Enzyme System | V4169 | 1 each | (Human, recominant; amino acids 956–end) | | | MnCL ₂ | |
| /INK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3911 | 10µg | MINK1, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ⁄IINK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V8001 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–320) | ~61kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer; DT | |
| ILCK Kinase Enzyme System | V4496 | 10µg | MLCK, 10µg (Human, | | MRCL3 Peptide (KKRPQRATSN-VFAM- | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MLCK inase Enzyme System | V4497 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1425–1776) | ~70kDa | NH2); derived from human myosin regulatory light chain MRCL3 (amino acids 11–24) | CA ²⁺ /Calmodulin Solution | |
| /ILK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4072 | 10µg | _ MLK1, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MLK1 inase Enzyme System | V4073 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–433) | ~77kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| MLK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4476 | 10µg | MLK2, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MLK2 inase Enzyme System | V4477 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–446) | ~76kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| IRCK $lpha$ Kinase Enzyme System | V5710 | 10µg | _ MRCKα, 10μg (Human, | | S6K substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + IRCKα Kinase Enzyme System | V5711 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–473) | ~73kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| ISK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V5092 | 10µg | MSK1, 10µg (Human, | | RSK Substrate (KRRRLSSLRA); derived | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MSK1 inase Enzyme System | V5093 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~120kDa | from human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–239) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| ISK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5080 | 10µg | MSK2, 10µg (Human, | | RSK Substrate (KRRRLSSLRA); derived | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MSK2 inase Enzyme System | V5081 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~114kDa | from human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–239) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| IST1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4152 | 10µg | MST1, 10µg (Human, | | Axltide (KKSRGDYMTMQIG); derived from | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + MST1 inase Enzyme System | V4153 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~83kDa | mouse Insulin receptor substrate 1 (amino acids 979–989) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| IYO3β Kinase Enzyme System | V4074 | 10µg | _ MY03β , 10μg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + IYO3β Kinase Enzyme System | V4075 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–326) | ~63kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| EK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V3871 | 10µg | - NEK2, 10µg (Human, | 701.5 | N. W. O. J. M. W. D. J. D. J. J. MADD) | D " D " DT | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + NEK2 inase Enzyme System | V9231 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~76kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| EK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4500 | 10µg | – NEK3, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + NEK3 inase Enzyme System | V4501 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~86kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| IK Kinase Enzyme System | V4076 | 10µg | NIK, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + NIK nase Enzyme System | V4077 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 325–end) | ~108kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| UAK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5096 | 10µg | – NUAK2, 10μg (Human, | 44015 | CHKtide (KKKVSRSGLYRSPSMPENLNRPR); | D | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + UAK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V5097 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~110kDa | derived from human CDC25C protein isoform A (amino acids 205–225) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| 38α Kinase Enzyme System | V2701 | 10µg | – p38α, 10μg (Human, | | | | |
| DP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + p38α inase Enzyme System | V9591 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~67kDa | p38 peptide | Reaction Buffer, DT | |

| Kinase Enzyme Sys | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
|---|-------|--------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| p38β Kinase Enzyme System | V4154 | 10µg | Tanaoo | morodular Worgin | Ousoutto | Outor | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + p38β Kinase Enzyme System | V4155 | 1 each | - p38β, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~71kDa | p38 Substrate (IPTTPITTTYFFFKKK) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| p38δ Kinase Enzyme System | V4078 | 10µg | | | | | |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + p38δ Kinase Enzyme System | V4079 | 1 each | - p38δ, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~71kDa | p38 Substrate (IPTTPITTTYFFFKKK) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| p38γ Kinase Enzyme System | V3371 | 10µg | | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + p38γ Kinase Enzyme System | V9601 | 1 each | - p38γ, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~71kDa | p38 peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| p70S6K Kinase Enzyme System | V2741 | 10µg | - n7006V 10ug (Human | | S6K substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + p70S6K Kinase Enzyme System | V9611 | 1 each | - p70S6K, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~76 kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230-238) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| p70S6Kb Kinase Enzyme System | V4030 | 10µg | – p70S6Kb, 10µg (Human, | | RSK Substrate (KRRRLSSLRA); derived | Kinase Assay Buffer I, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + p70S6Kb Kinase Enzyme System | V4031 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~85kDa | from human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–239) | DTT | |
| PAK1/CDC42 Kinase Enzyme System | V4478 | 10µg | PAK1/CDC42, 10µg - (Human, recombinant | ~96kDa (PAK1) | PAKtide (RRRLSFAEPG) | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PAK1/ CDC42 Kinase Enzyme System | V4479 | 1 each | full-length) | JONDA (I AINT) | Tritude (Tillicornel dy | GTP Solution | |
| PAK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4080 | 10µg | PAK3, 10ug (Mouse, | PAK3, 10μg (Mouse, | Notice Of the Martin Death Death (MDD) | Describes D. West DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PAK3 Kinase Enzyme System | V4081 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~89kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PAK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V3201 | 10µg | - PAK4, 10μg (Human, | 001.0 | Modified AKT Substrate II peptide | D # D # DT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PAK4 Kinase Enzyme System | V9451 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~90kDa | (modified-CKRPRAASFAE); based on the N-terminus of GSK3 | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PASK Kinase Enzyme | V4240 | 10µg | _ PASK, 10μg (Human | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PASK Kinase Enzyme System | V4241 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 981–end) | ~66kDa | ZIPtide (KKLNRTLSAEPG) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PDGFR $lpha$ Kinase Enzyme System | V3721 | 10µg | _ PDGFRα, 10μg (Human, | OFI D | D.1. (4.4.0) T.) D. (1.1.) | Describes D. West DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PDGFRα Kinase Enzyme System | V8011 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 550–end) | ~95kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PDGFR α (D842V) Kinase Enzyme System | V4480 | 10µg | _ PDGFRα (D842V), 10μg | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + PDGFRα (D842V) Kinase Enzyme System | V4481 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant; ~95kDa Native amino acids 550–end) | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | MnCl ₂ | | |
| PDGFRα (T6741) Kinase Enzyme System | V4486 | 10µg | _ PDGFRα (D842V), 10μg | | | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , | |
| ADP-Glo [™] Kinase Assay + PDGFRα (T6741) Kinase Enzyme System | V4487 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant; amino acids 550–end) | ~95kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | DTT | |
| PDGFRβ Kinase Enzyme System | V3731 | 10µg | _ PDGFRβ, 10μg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PDGFRβ Kinase Enzyme System | V8021 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 557–end) | ~104kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PDK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V2761 | 10µg | _ | | PDKtide (KTFCGTPEYLAPEVRREPRILSEE- EQEMFRDFDYIADWC); derived from two | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PDK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9681 | 1 each | PDK1, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~67 kDa | human proteins: residues 1–14 are based on AKT1 (307–320) and residues 16–39 are based on PKN2/PRK2 (961–984) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PIM1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4032 | 10µg | - PIM1, 10µg (Human, | | S6K Substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PIM1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4033 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~62kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PIM2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4034 | 10μg | - PIM2, 10µg (Human, | | S6K Substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | n | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PIM2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4035 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~61kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino aicd 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |

Note: 1mg sizes of each Kinase Enzyme System are available upon request.

9526LH

Available in the Helix® on-site



| Table of | |
|----------|--|
| rubie oj | |
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| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
|---|-------|----------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| PKA Kinase Enzyme System | V4246 | 2,500 units | PKA, 2,500 units (Bovine, | ~40kDa | Kemptide (LRRASLG) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKA Kinase Enzyme System | V4247 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~40kDd | rempilide (EnnASEd) | neaction bullet, DTT | |
| PKC Kinase Enzyme System | V4504 | 0.5µg | _ | various (contains | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKC Kinase Enzyme System | V4505 | 1 each | PKC, 0.5µg (rat brain, native full-length) | α,β and γ isoforms with lesser amounts of δ and ζ isoforms) Neurogranin (AAKIQASFRGHMARKK) | | PKC Activation 5X Buffer, PKC Coactivation Buffer | |
| PKCα Kinase Enzyme System | V3381 | 10µg | DVC 10ug //luman | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | Departies Duffer DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCα Kinase Enzyme System | V9691 | 1 each | PKCα, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~103kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109-121) | Reaction Buffer, DTT Lipid Solution | |
| PKCBI Kinase Enzyme System | V5094 | 10µg | - DI/COL 10us //luman | | PCKtide (ERMRPRKRQGSVRRRV); derived | Departies Duffer DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCβ1 Kinase Enzyme System | V5095 | 1 each | - PKCβI, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~102kDa | from protein kinase C epsilon (amino acids 149–164) | Reaction Buffer, DTT Lipid Activator Solution | |
| PKCβ II Kinase Enzyme System | V3741 | 10µg | - PKCβ II, 10μg (Human, | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | Posetion Ruffor DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCβ II Kinase Enzyme System | V9701 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~105kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109-121) | Reaction Buffer, DTT Lipid solution | |
| PKC _γ Kinase Enzyme System | V3391 | 10µg | - PKCγ, 10μg (Human, | | PKCtide (ERMRPRKRQGSVRRRV); derived | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCγ Kinase Enzyme System | V9711 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~105kDa | from protein kinase C epsilon (amino acids 149-164) | Lipid solution | |
| PKCδ Kinase Enzyme System | V3401 | 10µg | - PKCδ, 10μg (Human, | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCδ Kinase Enzyme System | V9721 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~104kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109-121) | Lipid solution | |
| PKCζ Kinase Enzyme System | V2781 | 10µg | DVC5 10ug (Human | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCζ Kinase Enzyme System | V9731 | 1 each | | | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109-121) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| PKCι Kinase Enzyme System | V3751 | 10µg | | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCι Kinase Enzyme System | V9751 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~98kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109-121) | Lipid solution | |
| PKCε Kinase Enzyme System | V4036 | 10µg | - PKCε, 10μg (Human, | | PKCtide (ERMRPRKRQGSVRRRV); derived | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCε Kinase Enzyme System | V4037 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~110kDa | from protein kinase C epsilon (amino acids 149–164) | Lipid Solution | |
| PKCµ Kinase Enzyme System | V4038 | 10µg | - РКСµ, 10µg (Human, | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCµ Kinase Enzyme System | V4039 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~131kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109–121) | Reaction Buffer, DT1 | |
| PKC0 Kinase Enzyme System | V4040 | 10µg | - PKCθ, 10μg (Human, | | PKCtide (ERMRPRKRQGSVRRRV); derived | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PKCθ Kinase Enzyme System | V4041 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~110kDa | from protein kinase C epsilon (amino acids 149–164) | Lipid Solution | |
| PKD2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4042 | 10µg | - PKD2, 10µg (Human, | | CREBtide (KRREILSRRPSYR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PDK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4043 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~130kDa | human CREB1 isoform A (amino acids 109–121) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| PLK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V2841 | 10μg | - PLK1, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PLK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V8041 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~70kDa | Casein, Dephosphorylated (Bovine) | Reaction Buffer; DT | |
| PYK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4082 | 10µg | _ PYK2, 10μg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + PYK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4083 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 360–690) | ~39kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ | |
| RET Kinase Enzyme System | V3761 | 10µg | RET, 10µg (Human, | | IGF1Rtide (KKKSPGEYVNIEFG); derived | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RET Kinase Enzyme System | V8061 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 658–end) | ~74kDa | from human IRS-1 protein residues 891–902 | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |

| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
|---|-------|--------|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| RET (V804L) Kinase Enzyme System | V4472 | 10µg | RET (V804L), 10µg | 7410. | IGF1Rtide (KKKSPGEYVNIEFG); derived | Devet's D. West DT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RET (V804L) Kinase Enzyme System | V4473 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant; amino acids 658–end) | ~74kDa | from human IRS-1 protein residues 892–902 | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| RET (Y791F) Kinase Enzyme System | V5326 | 10µg | RET (Y791F), 10μg | 7410. | IGF1Rtide (KKKSPGEYVNIEFG); derived | D | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RET (Y791F) Kinase Enzyme System | V5327 | 1 each | (Human, recombinant; amino acids 658–end) | ~74kDa | from human IRS-1 protein residues 891–902 | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| RIPK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4084 | 10µg | RIPK2, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RIPK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4085 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–299) | ~59kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protien (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| ROCK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3411 | 10µg | _ ROCK1, 10μg (Human, | | S6K substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ROCK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9581 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 17–535) | ~85kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| ROCK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4044 | 10µg | ROCK2, 10µg (Human, | | S6K Substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ROCK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4045 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 5–554) | ~88kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| RON Kinase Enzyme System | V3921 | 10µg | RON, 10µg (Human, | AxItio | | Axltide (KKSRGDYMTMQIG); derived from | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RON Kinase Enzyme System | V8071 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 983-end) | ~71kDa | the mouse Insulin receptor substrate 1 (amino acids 979–989) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| RSK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4046 | 10µg | DOI/1 10/Il | | S6K Substrate (KRRRLASLR); derived from | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RSK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4047 | 1 each | RSK1, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~108kDa | human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–238) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| RSK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V3501 | 10µg | - DCI/2 10ug /Human | | RSK Substrate (KRRRLSSLRA); derived | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + RSK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V9651 | 1 each | RSK2, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~112kDa | from human 40S ribosomal protein S6 (amino acids 230–239) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| SGK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V2911 | 10µg | SGK1, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + SGK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9671 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–303) | ~73kDa | Akt (PKB) substrate (CKRPRAASFAE) | Reaction Buffer, D | |
| SIK Kinase Enzyme System | V4156 | 10µg | SIK, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + SIK Kinase Enzyme System | V4157 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 60–end) | ~36kDa | AMARA Peptide (AMARAASAAALARRR) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| SLK Kinase Enzyme System | V4242 | 10µg | CLIV 10 //h | | Netice History IIO Destrict and force | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + SLK Kinase Enzyme System | V4243 | 1 each | - SLK, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~180kDa | Native Histone H3 Protein; purified from calf thymus tissues | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| SRC Kinase Enzyme System | V2921 | 10µg | - SRC, 10µg (Human, | | SRC substrate (KVEKIGEGTYGVVYK- | Reaction Buffor DT | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + SRC Kinase Enzyme System | V9741 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~83kDa | amide); derived from human p34cdc2 (amino acids 6-20) | Reaction Buffer, DT MnCl ₂ | |
| STK33 Kinase Enzyme System | V4086 | 10µg | - CTV22 10ug // luman | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + STK33 Kinase Enzyme System | V4087 | 1 each | - STK33, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~94kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |
| SYK Kinase Enzyme System | V3801 | 10µg | - CVV 10ug /Uman | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + SYK Kinase Enzyme System | V8271 | 1 each | - SYK, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~100kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer; DT | |
| TAK1-TAB1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4088 | 10µg | TAK1-TAB1, 10µg (Human, recombinant; | 741-0- | Native Covins Martin David David (1900) | Desetted D. W. C.T. | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TAK1- TAB1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4089 | 1 each | TAK1 (1–303) and TAB1 (437–end)) | ~74kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DT | |

Note: 1mg sizes of each Kinase Enzyme System are available upon request.

V4090

V4091

10µg

1 each

TAOK1, 10µg (Human, recombinant; amino acids 1–314)

~63kDa

Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP)

TAOK1 Kinase Enzyme System

ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TAOK1 Kinase Enzyme System

9526LJ

Reaction Buffer, DTT

Mille

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Life Science Catalog 2014

Worldwide Contact List



| Kinase Enzyme Sys | stems- | -contin | ued | | | | |
|--|--------|---------|---|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Product | Cat.# | Size | Kinase | Molecular Weight | Substrate | Other | |
| TBK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3991 | 10µg | — ТВК1, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TBK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V8291 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~105kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| TGFβR1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4092 | 10µg | _ TGFβR1, 10μg (Human, | | TGFBR1 Peptide (KKKVLTQMGSPSIRC- | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TGFβR1 Kinase Enzyme System | V4093 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 80–end) | ~66kDa | S(pS)VS); derived from human SMAD3 (215–230) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| TGFβR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V3931 | 10µg | | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TGFβR2 Kinase Enzyme System | V8301 | 1 each | TGFβR2, 10µg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~68kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| TNIK Kinase Enzyme System | V4158 | 10µg | _ TNIK, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TNIK Kinase Enzyme System | V4159 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–367) | ~67kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | MnCl ₂ | |
| TOPK Kinase Enzyme System | V4094 | 10µg | TODY 40 AL | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TOPK Kinase Enzyme System | V4095 | 1 each | - TOPK, 10μg (Human, recombinant full-length) | ~68kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| TRKA Kinase Enzyme System | V2931 | 10µg | _ TRKA, 10µg (Human, | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TRKA Kinase Enzyme System | V9761 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 440-end) | ~66kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| TRKB Kinase Enzyme System | V4048 | 10µg | _ TRKB, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + TRKB Kinase Enzyme System | V4049 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 455–end) | ~67kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ | |
| ULK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V3521 | 10µg | _ ULK1, 10µg (Human, | | ~125kDa Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ULK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V9191 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–649) | ~125kDa | | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| VRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4494 | 10µg | VRK2, 10µg (Human, | | Native Casein Protein was purified from | Reaction Buffer, DTT. | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + VRK2 Kinase Enzyme System | V4495 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 1–375) | ~66kDa | bovine milk | MnCl ₂ | |
| WNK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V5084 | 10µg | _ WNK1, 10µg (Human | | | Reaction Buffer, MnCl ₂ , | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + WNK1 Kinase Enzyme System | V5085 | 1 each | recombinant; amino acids 181–507) | ~67kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | DTT | |
| ZAK Kinase Enzyme System | V4244 | 10µg | - 7AV 10ug (llumon | | | | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ZAK Kinase Enzyme System | V4245 | 1 each | – ZAK, 10µg (Human recombinant full-length) | ~82kDa | Native Swine Myelin Basic Protein (MBP) | Reaction Buffer, DTT | |
| ZAP70 Kinase Enzyme System | V3811 | 10µg | ZAP70, 10µg (Human, | | | Reaction Buffer, DTT, | |
| ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay + ZAP70 Kinase Enzyme System | V8311 | 1 each | recombinant full-length) | ~96kDa | Poly (4:1 Glu, Tyr) Peptide | MnCl ₂ | |
| | | | | | | | |

Note: 1mg sizes of each Kinase Enzyme System are available upon request.



Section Contents

9526LK

Kinase-Glo® Luminescent Kinase Assays

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------------|-------|
| Kinase-Glo® Luminescent Kinase Assay | 10 ml | V6711 |
| | 10 × 10 ml | V6712 |
| | 100 ml | V6713 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | V6714 |
| Kinase-Glo® Max Luminescent Kinase Assay | 10 ml | V6071 |
| | 10 × 10 ml | V6072 |
| | 100 ml | V6073 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | V6074 |
| Kinase-Glo® Plus Luminescent Kinase Assay | 10 ml | V3771 |
| | 10 × 10 ml | V3772 |
| | 100 ml | V3773 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | V3774 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procede | ures. | |

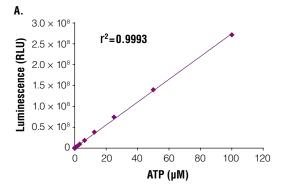
Description: The Kinase-Glo® Luminescent Kinase Assays are homogeneous non-radioactive methods for determining the activity of purified kinases by quantifying the amount of ATP remaining in solution following a kinase reaction. The assays are designed for use with multiwell plate formats, making them ideal for automated high-throughput screening (HTS), and they can be used to assay protein, lipid and sugar kinases. The assay procedure involves adding a single reagent directly to a completed kinase reaction, which results in generation of a luminescent signal correlated with the amount of ATP present and inversely proportional to the amount of kinase activity. The Kinase-Glo® Assays generate a "glow-type" luminescent signal produced using a patented stabilized luciferase (Ultra-Glo™ Luciferase) coupled with a proprietary buffer system. When assayed in the presence of kinase reaction buffers, such as the reaction buffer for PKA, the half-life of the luminescent output is greater than five hours, eliminating the need for luminometers with injectors and allowing for batch plate processing. The assay produces excellent Z' values of greater than 0.7 in 96- and 384-well formats, easily detects known kinase inhibitors and provides IC₅₀ values comparable to those reported in the literature.

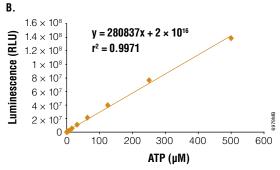
The Kinase-Glo® Assay systems are differentiated by their linear response to ATP (see figure below). The original Kinase-Glo® Assay is linear to $10\mu M$ ATP, while Kinase-Glo® Plus Assay is linear to $100\mu M$ ATP. The newest assay, Kinase-Glo® Max, is linear to $500\mu M$ ATP, making it well suited for use with kinases with high K_m for ATP as well as for screening for kinase inhibitors that do not compete at the ATP binding site.

Features:

- Assay a Variety of Kinases: Use with a wide range of kinases (including lipid, sugar and alcohol kinases) and substrates (peptides, proteins, lipids, sugars and alcohols).
- Obtain Reliable Results: Luminescence is much less susceptible to interference from library compounds than other luciferase-based ATP detection reagents. Z'-factors greater than 0.7 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats.
- Simplify Your Assay: Homogeneous—everything is performed in a single well.
- Non-Radioactive: No radioactive waste disposal and safety issues.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/
- Screen for Non-ATP Binding Site Inhibitors: Use ATP concentrations as high as 500μM (Kinase-Glo® Max Assay).

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles and exposure to frequent temperature changes. These fluctuations can greatly alter product stability.





Luminescent output correlates with amount of ATP. A direct relationship exists between luminescence measured with the Kinase-Glo® Assay systems and the amount of ATP in the reaction. Panel A. Data generated with Kinase-Glo® Plus Assay. Panel B. Data generated with Kinase-Glo® Max Assay. The Kinase-Glo® Assay is linear to 10µM (data not shown).



Helix® on-site stocking system

ProFluor® PKA Assay

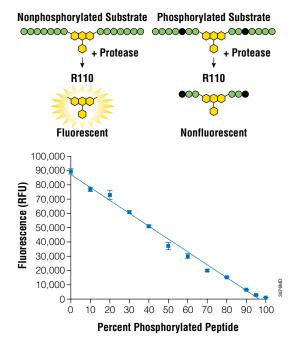
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| ProFluor® PKA Assay | 4 plate | V1240 |
| | 8 plate | V1241 |
| For December Hea Only Not for Hea in Diagnostic Dressdures | | |

Description: The ProFluor® PKA Assay measures protein kinase A activity using purified kinase in a multiwell plate format and involves "add-mix-read" steps only—ideal for high-throughput applications. The assay begins with a standard kinase reaction performed with a provided PKA bisamide rhodamine 110 peptide substrate. Following the kinase reaction, a termination buffer containing a protease reagent is added, which simultaneously stops the kinase reaction and removes amino acids specifically from the nonphosphorylated PKA substrate, liberating highly fluorescent rhodamine 110. Phosphorylated PKA substrate, however, is resistant to digestion by the protease reagent and remains nonfluorescent. Thus, fluorescence intensity measured in this assay is inversely correlated with kinase activity. The assay produces excellent Z'-factor values (>0.8) in either 96- or 384-well plate formats and easily distinguishes known PKA inhibitors from other compounds.

Features:

- Achieve Highly Predictive Results: Robust Z' values greater than 0.7 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats.
- Observe Minimal Test Compound Interference: Rhodamine 110 fluorescent signal produced is much higher than the fluorescent signal given off by test compounds.
- Homogeneous: Add-mix-read format reduces the number of steps.
- Non-Radioactive: No radioactive waste disposal and safety issues.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system at -20° C. Protect the PKA R110 Substrate from light. For best results, make solutions fresh and use immediately. System components should be thawed on ice and returned to -20° C as soon as possible. The PKA R110 Substrate is provided in 100% DMSO and therefore requires thawing at room temperature.



Schematic and graph demonstrating that the presence of a phosphorylated amino acid (black circles) blocks the removal of amino acids from the PKA peptide substrate by the protease.

ProFluor® Src-Family Kinase Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| ProFluor® Src-Family Kinase Assay | 4 plate | V1270 |
| | 8 plate | V1271 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The ProFluor® Src-Family Kinase Assay measures the activity of purified Src-family tyrosine kinases (Src, Lck, Lyn, Fyn, and Hck tested) in a multiwell plate format and involves "add-mix-read" steps only—ideal for high-throughput applications. The assay begins with a standard kinase reaction performed with a provided Src-family kinase bisamide rhodamine 110 peptide substrate. Following the kinase reaction, a termination buffer containing a protease reagent is added, which simultaneously stops the kinase reaction and removes amino acids specifically from the nonphosphorylated substrate, liberating highly fluorescent rhodamine 110. Phosphorylated substrate, however, is resistant to digestion by the protease reagent and remains nonfluorescent. Thus, fluorescence intensity measured in this assay is inversely correlated with kinase activity. A control peptide (AAF-AMC) is included to control for compounds that may inhibit the protease. The assay produces excellent Z' values (>0.7) in either 96- or 384-well plate formats and easily distinguishes known Src-family kinase inhibitors from other compounds.

Features:

- Achieve Highly Predictive Results: Robust Z' values greater than 0.7 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats.
- Observe Minimal Test Compound Interference: Rhodamine 110 fluorescent signal produced is much higher than the fluorescent signal given off by test compounds.
- Control Peptide Included: Use AAF-AMC control peptide to monitor protease activity and reduce false-positive hits.
- Homogeneous: Add-mix-read format reduces the number of platehandling steps.
- Non-Radioactive: No radioactive waste disposal and safety issues.

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, store the system at -20° C. Protect the Src-Family Kinase R110 Substrate and Control AMC Substrate from light. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles or exposure to frequent temperature changes. These fluctuations can greatly alter product stability.



SAM^{2®} Biotin Capture Membrane

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 SAM2® Biotin Capture Membrane
 96 samples
 V2861

 7.6 × 10.9 cm
 V7861

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The SAM^{2®} Biotin Capture Membrane binds biotinylated molecules based on their affinity for streptavidin. The proprietary process by which the SAM2® Membrane is produced results in a high density of streptavidin on the filter, providing rapid, quantitative substrate binding in the nmol/ cm² range, depending upon the substrate used. In addition, the membrane is designed to minimize nonspecific binding. The membrane is available either as a large, prenumbered, partially cut sheet (approximately 10.5×15.0 cm; Cat.# V2861) or as a smaller, uncut sheet (approximately 7.6 × 10.9cm; Cat.# V7861). The partially cut membrane allows easy separation into 96 individual squares and is designed for small-scale experiments where high binding capacity is required. The uncut sheet can be analyzed as a whole membrane or may be cut to the size desired. The uncut membrane allows for sample application using a multichannel pipettor. Both membranes may be analyzed using phosphorimaging analysis, autoradiography or scintillation counting to quantitate results. The membranes have also been used successfully with chemiluminescence detection techniques. The use of fluorescence for detection of captured molecules is not recommended at this time.

Features:

- Use a Variety of Substrates: Analysis of biotinylated substrates can be
 applied to a wide variety of substrate types without the need to optimize
 each substrate for binding to a matrix. The user can perform experiments
 with a wide array of sample numbers and sizes without changing the
 analysis technique, since the membrane is available in 96-square (partially
 cut) and solid sheet (uncut) formats.
- Minimize Nonspecific Binding: The combination of protein denaturant and high-salt washes minimizes nonspecific binding to the membrane without interfering with the high-affinity interaction between streptavidin and biotin.
- Obtain High Signal-to-Noise Ratios: The stringent washing conditions employed assist in attaining very low background counts.
- **Perform Kinetic Studies:** Membrane can linearly bind biotinylated substrates up to the nmol/cm² range. Allows for kinetic studies.
- Strong Binding Reaction: Membrane retains the biotin conjugate over 8 logs of pH (pH 2–10), changes in temperature, organic solvents, ionic and nonionic detergents (SDS, CHAPS, Triton® X-100, Tween® 20 and Tween® 80) and denaturing agents (5M guanidine-HCl and 2M urea).
- Rapid: Binds within 1 minute.
- Convenient: Compatible with enzyme assays using radioactive detection.
 Membranes manufactured by this method have been shown to allow chemiluminescent detection.

Storage Conditions: Store membranes at -20°C in resealable bag.

SignaTECT® Protein Kinase Assay Systems

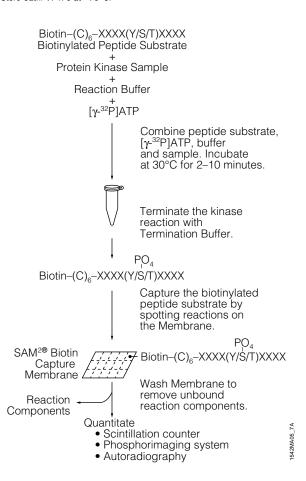
Section .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| SignaTECT® cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (PKA) Assay System | 96 reactions | V7480 | |
| SignaTECT® Protein Kinase C (PKC) Assay System | 96 reactions | V7470 | |
| SignaTECT® Protein Tyrosine Kinase (PTK) Assay System | 96 reactions | V6480 | |
| SignaTECT® Calcium/Calmodulin-Dependent Protein Kinase (CaM KII) Assay System | 96 reactions | V8161 | |
| SignaTECT® DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Assay System | 96 reactions | V7870 | |
| SignaTECT® cdc2 Protein Kinase Assay System | 96 reactions | V6430 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | | |

Description: The SignaTECT® Protein Kinase Assay Systems contain the proprietary SAM2® Biotin Capture Membrane, which offers significant advantages over other radioactive technologies for assaying protein kinases. The streptavidin-coated SAM^{2®} Membranes possess high binding capacity and high specificity characteristics, which produce lower backgrounds and higher signal-to-noise ratios compared to the traditional P81 phosphocellulose method of capture and measurement. The perforated and numbered membrane allows researchers to measure from 1 up to 96 kinase reactions. The SAM^{2®} Membrane format does not require as much "hands-on" manipulation as other methods used to measure kinase activity. Following the kinase reaction, samples are spotted onto the SAM2® Membrane, and a series of short wash steps are performed to remove nonspecific label. The process is complete in less than 1 hour. In addition, the nature of the SAM^{2®} Membrane allows it to be used under a variety of buffer/reaction conditions (e.g., cell extracts), which many other methods do not allow. Lastly, the high binding capacity allows use of the SignaTECT® Systems for kinetic studies.

Each system contains highly specific biotinylated peptide substrates for the appropriate kinase as well as the necessary reaction components. The researcher must supply $[y_-^{32}P]ATP$.

Storage Conditions: Store all SignaTECT® Systems except V7470 at -20°C. Store Cat.# V7470 at -70°C.



Schematic diagram of the SignaTECT® Protein Kinase Assay protocol. Protocol steps to prepare, run and analyze a specific protein kinase activity using any of the SignaTECT® Protein Kinase Assay Systems.

Mille

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Section Contents

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PepTag® Non-Radioactive Protein Kinase **Assays**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| PepTag® Non-Radioactive PKC Assay | 120 reactions | V5330 | |
| PepTag® Non-Radioactive cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Assay | 120 reactions | V5340 | |

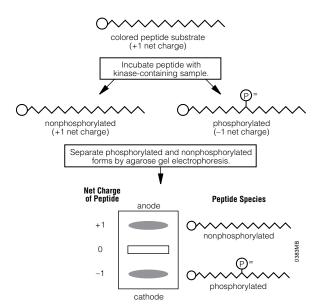
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The PepTag® Non-Radioactive Protein Kinase Assay Systems provide a rapid, sensitive and non-radioactive method to detect either Protein Kinase C (PKC) or Protein Kinase A (PKA) activity. The PepTag® Assays use brightly colored, fluorescent peptide substrates that are highly specific for PKC (PepTag® C1 Peptide-PLSRTLSVAAK) and PKA (PepTag® A1 Peptide-LRRASLG). Phosphorylation of the peptide alters the net charge from +1 to -1. This change in the net charge allows the phosphorylated and nonphosphorylated versions of the substrate to be rapidly separated on an agarose gel at neutral pH. Using fluorescent detection, less than 2ng of purified kinase can be detected in less than 2 hours. The PepTag® Non-Radioactive Protein Kinase Assay Systems can detect kinase activity in partially purified samples as well as purified preparations of enzymes, making it a good choice for the rapid screening of column fractions or the screening of kinase activators and inhibitors. In addition to the assay components, each system includes purified kinase for use as a positive control.

Features:

- Non-Radioactive: The fluorescent tag on the peptide substrate facilitates quantitation of the phosphorylation reaction without the use of radioactivity.
- Low Background: Because the phosphorylation of the colored peptide supplied with the system is used to measure kinase activity, phosphorylation of other substrates occurring naturally in the sample does not add to the kinase activity measured.
- Convenient: Quantitation of the phosphorylated peptide can be accomplished using a densitometer, spectrophotometer, 96-well plate reader, or fluorometer.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



Schematic diagram of PepTag® Non-Radioactive Protein Kinase Assay procedure.

Ocamp-Dependent Protein Kinase, Catalytic Subunit

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase, Catalytic Subunit | 2,500 u 1.5–3 mg/ml | V5161 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description: The purified 40kDa cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (PKA), Catalytic Subunit, may be used to phosphorylate target proteins or for in vitro enzymological studies of neural and hormonal signal transduction. Intracellular targets include ion channels, transcriptional activator proteins, and regulatory enzymes of glycogen metabolism.

Features:

• Highly Pure: The PKA Catalytic Subunit has been purified from a recombinant E. coli strain expressing the catalytic subunit of bovine PKA and is

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase | 2,500 u | V5811 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase (DNA-PK) phosphorylates several DNA-binding substrates in vitro, including the tumor suppressor protein p53, the SV40 large T antigen and several transcription factors. DNA-PK is thought to play a role in controlling gene regulation and cell growth.

DNA-PK is isolated from HeLa nuclear extracts as a complex consisting of a 400kDa catalytic subunit and a 155kDa heterodimeric DNA-binding component named Ku, which itself consists of subunits of approximately 85kDa and 70kDa.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

CGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| cGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (α-Isozyme) | 6,000 u | V5171 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: cGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase is a serine/threonine protein kinase present in smooth muscle and a variety of other tissues. The kinase is a 78kDa polypeptide composed of a regulatory domain and a catalytic domain and is active as a homodimer.

Specific Activity: >1,000u/µg (kinase activity).

. Highly Pure: cGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase has been purified by the method of Corbin and Doskeland and is >90% pure as determined by SDS-PAGE (single band).

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



Casein Kinase I

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Casein Kinase I | 100 u | V5631 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Casein Kinase I (CKI or CK-1) is a ubiquitous and highly conserved serine/threonine protein kinase found in eukaryotic cells. CKI exists in multiple forms in mammalian tissue and is present in the nucleus, cytosol, plasma membrane and microsomes. CKI isolated from most species is a 35–37kDa monomer. In contrast to Casein Kinase II, CKI primarily uses Mg²⁺/ATP as the phosphate donor and is not sensitive to heparin inhibition.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

EGF Receptor

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| EGF Receptor | 10 u | V5551 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGF Receptor) is a cell-surface glycoprotein composed of a single polypeptide chain that binds the peptide Epidermal Growth Factor (EGF). The EGF Receptor consists of an extracellular ligand binding domain, a single transmembrane region and a cytoplasmic intrinsic tyrosine kinase domain. Upon ligand binding, the EGF Receptor autophosphorylates, activating the tyrosine kinase domain of the EGF Receptor. EGF Receptor is immunopurified from the A431 cell line following a procedure detailed by Weber *et al.*. The purified EGF Receptor does possess tyrosine kinase activity due to the bound EGF; however, the EGF Receptor has not been autophosphorylated.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Protein Kinase C

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-------|--|
| Protein Kinase C | V5261 | | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | | |

Description: Protein Kinase C is an 82kDa monomeric enzyme consisting of a C-terminal catalytic domain and a cysteine-rich N-terminal regulatory domain. The regulatory domain contains the sites for calcium and phospholipid binding and a pseudosubstrate subdomain, the target for PKC autophosphorylation. PKC is isolated from rat brain following the procedure of Walton and colleagues. The purified PKC consists primarily of α , β and γ isoforms with lesser amounts of δ and ζ isoforms.

Features:

• **Highly Pure:** PKC is greater than 90% pure as determined by SDS-PAGE. **Storage Conditions:** Store at -70° C.

Cell Signaling Antibodies

Mati-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb ■■■

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-pS ⁴⁷³ Akt pAb | 40 µl | G7441 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 222.

Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb, Rabbit, (pTPpY)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb, Rabbit, (pTPpY) | 40 µl | V7931 | |
| | 120 µl | V7932 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 223.

№ Anti-ACTIVE[®] MAPK pAb, Rabbit, (pTEpY)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb, Rabbit, (pTEpY) | 40 µl | V8031 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 223.

№ Anti-ACTIVE[®] p38 pAb, Rabbit, (pTGpY)



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb, Rabbit, (pTGpY) | 100 µl | V1211 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 224.

Anti-ERK 1/2 pAb, Rabbit

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-ERK 1/2 pAb, Rabbit | 40 µl | V1141 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 225

Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) HRP, Anti-ACTIVE® Qualified

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP | 60 µl | V7951 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 230.



Helix® on-site stocking system

Protein Kinase Inhibitors, Activators and Substrates

Protein Kinase Inhibitors and Activators

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| MEK Inhibitor U0126 | 5 mg | V1121 |
| cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide Inhibitor | 1 mg | V5681 |
| Myristoylated Protein Kinase C Peptide Inhibitor | 1 mg | V5691 |
| InCELLect™ AKAP St-Ht31 Inhibitor Peptide | 150 µl | V8211 |
| InCELLect™ St-Ht31P Control Peptide | 150 µl | V8221 |
| Olomoucine (cdc2 Protein Kinase Inhibitor) | 0.5 mg | V2372 |
| | 10 mg | V2373 |
| PD 98059 | 5 mg | V1191 |
| SB 203580 | 1 mg | V1161 |
| LY 294002 | 5 mg | V1201 |
| PMA | 5 mg | V1171 |
| 4α-PMA | 1 mg | V1181 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------|--------|-------|--|
| cGMP, 1mM | 500 µl | V6411 | |
| cAMP, 1mM | 500 µl | V6421 | |
| For Laboratory Use | | | |

Protein Kinase Substrates

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| Kemptide (PKA) Peptide Substrate | 1 mg 10 mg/ml | V5601 |
| Neurogranin ₍₂₈₋₄₃₎ (PKC) Peptide Substrate | 1 mg 10 mg/ml | V5611 |
| DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide | | |
| Substrate | 1 mg 10 mg/ml | V5671 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Protein Phosphatases and Phosphatase Assays

PPase-2A

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| PPase-2A | 25 u | V6311 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Protein Phosphatase-2A (PPase-2A) is a serine/threonine phosphatase isolated from human red blood cells. It is isolated as the heterodimer of 60kDa (A) and 36kDa (C) subunits. It has the ability to dephosphorylate the α -subunit of phosphorylase kinase. With its 36–38kDa catalytic subunit, PPase-2A has broad substrate specificity and may play a regulatory role in DNA replication, transcription, protein synthesis, mitosis and glycogen metabolism. PPase-2A is stimulated in vitro by basic proteins such as protamine, histones and polylysine. The enzyme is inhibited by several environmental toxins and tumor promoters such as okadaic acid and microcystin-LR. The chemically synthesized phosphopeptide, RRA(pT)VA (available in the Ser/Thr Phosphatase Assay System, Cat.# V2460), is an excellent substrate for PPase-2A.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

PPase-2B

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| PPase-2B | 10 u | V6361 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: PPase-2B is a heterodimeric enzyme composed of a 19kDa calcium-binding subunit and a catalytic subunit (61kDa) that binds calmodulin. PPase-2B was originally identified based on its calcium- and calmodulin-dependent activity toward phosphorylase kinase and inhibitor-1. PPase-2B is identical to the brain protein calcineurin, which constitutes up to 1% of total brain protein. The immunosuppressive drugs FK-506 and cyclosporin A inhibit PPase-2B activity in immune cells, implicating a role for this enzyme in regulation of the immune system. PPase-2B also plays a major role in regulating secretory functions of a variety of cells.

PPase-2B is less sensitive to okadaic acid than PPase-2A and PPase-1, requiring micromolar concentrations of okadaic acid for inhibition. It is not inhibited by Inhibitor-1 or Inhibitor-2. Promega PPase-2B is isolated from bovine brain.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



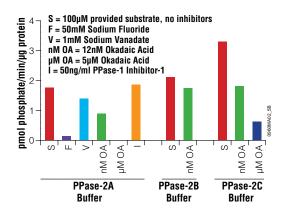
Non-Radioactive Phosphatase Assay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Serine/Threonine Phosphatase Assay System | 96 reactions | V2460 | |
| Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay System | 96 reactions | V2471 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Non-Radioactive Phosphatase Assay Systems provide a fast, convenient and flexible alternative for measuring protein phosphatase activity. These systems determine the amount of free phosphate generated in a reaction by measuring the absorbance of a molybdate:malachite green:phosphate complex. These systems allow the use of a variety of buffer conditions and substrates, including naturally phosphorylated proteins or synthetic phosphopeptides. The Serine/Threonine Phosphatase Assay System contains the chemically synthesized phosphopetide, RRA(pT)VA, a peptide substrate that is compatible with several serine/threonine phosphatases such as the Protein Phosphatases 2A, 2B, and 2C. **However the supplied phosphopeptide** is a poor substrate for Protein Phosphatase 1 because of its more stringent structural requirements.

The Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay System contains two chemically synthe-sized phosphopeptides, END(pY)INASL and DADE(pY)LIPQQG, that serve as substrates for many protein tyrosine phosphatases. The effective range for the detection of phosphate released during an assay using the Phosphatase Assay Systems is 100–4,000pmol of phosphate. In addition to measuring phosphatase activity in partially fractionated and purified samples, the Phosphatase Assay Systems can also measure phosphatase activity in crude cell or tissue extracts. For this application, the high concentration of phosphate in these preparations is eliminated prior to performing the assay using the supplied Spin Columns, which rapidly and effectively remove free phosphate and other low-molecular-weight inhibitors from the sample. In addition, a unique Molybdate Dye Additive that is combined with the Molybdate Dye Solution aids in the solubilization of proteins exposed to the acid conditions of the Molybdate Dye Solution, which alone could potentially cause precipitation of the proteins.

Storage Conditions: Store the entire kit at 4°C.



Serine/Threonine phosphatase activity in HeLa cell extract using the Serine/Threonine Phosphatase Assay System.



ProFluor® Ser/Thr PPase Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------|
| ProFluor® Ser/Thr PPase Assay | 4 plate | V1260 |
| | 8 plate | V1261 |
| 5 D | | |

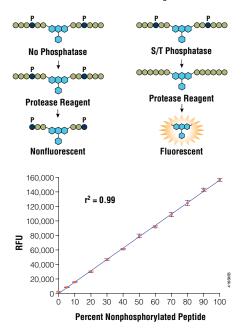
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The ProFluor® Ser/Thr PPase Assay measures purified serine/threonine protein phosphatase activity in a multiwell plate format and involves "addmix-read" steps only—ideal for high-throughput applications. The assay works with protein phosphatase 1 (PP1), PP2A, PP2B and PP2C. The assay begins with a standard phosphatase reaction performed with a provided phosphorylated bisamide rhodamine 110 peptide substrate (S/T PPase R110 Substrate) and Control AMC Substrate that serves as a control for compounds that may inhibit the protease reaction. Following the phosphatase reaction, a termination buffer containing a protease reagent is added, which simultaneously stops the phosphatase reaction and removes amino acids specifically from the nonphosphorylated substrate, liberating highly fluorescent rhodamine 110. Phosphorylated substrate, however, is resistant to digestion by the protease reagent and remains nonfluorescent. Thus, fluorescence intensity measured in this assay is directly correlated with phosphatase activity. The assay produces excellent Z' values (>0.8) in either 96- or 384-well plate formats and easily distinguishes known phosphatase inhibitors from other compounds.

Features:

- Achieve Highly Predictive Results: Robust Z' values greater than 0.7 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats.
- Observe Minimal Test Compound Interference: Rhodamine 110 fluorescent signal produced is much higher than the fluorescent signal given off by test compounds.
- Control Peptide Included: Use AAF-AMC control peptide to monitor protease activity and reduce false-positive hits.
- Simplify Your Assays: Add-mix-read format reduces the number of steps.
- Non-Radioactive: No radioactive waste disposal and safety issues.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system at -20°C. Protect the S/T PPase R110 Substrate and Control AMC Substrate from light.



Effect of phosphopeptide content on fluorescence intensity. The graph shows the average RFU obtained after a 90-minute digestion of mixtures of nonphosphorylated S/T PPase R110 Substrate and phosphorylated substrate as indicated to mimic a phosphatase titration.

ProFluor® Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| ProFluor® Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay | 4 plate | V1280 |
| | 8 plate | V1281 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | · |

Description: The ProFluor® Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay measures purified tyrosine phosphatase enzyme activity in a multiwell plate format and involves "add-mix-read" steps only—ideal for high-throughput applications. Tyrosine phosphatases tested with the assay include PTP-1B, CD45, LAR PTPase and YOP-51. The assay begins with a standard phosphatase reaction performed with a provided phosphorylated bisamide rhodamine 110 peptide substrate (PTPase R110 Substrate) and Control AMC Substrate that serves as a control for compounds that may inhibit the protease. Following the phosphatase reaction, a termination buffer containing a protease reagent is added, which simultaneously stops the phosphatase reaction and removes amino acids specifically from the nonphosphorylated substrate, liberating highly fluorescent rhodamine 110. Phosphorylated substrate, however, is resistant to digestion by the protease reagent and remains nonfluorescent. Thus, fluorescence intensity measured in this assay is directly correlated with phosphatase activity. The assay produces excellent Z' values (>0.7) in either 96- or 384-well plate formats and easily distinguishes known phosphatase inhibitors from other compounds.

Features:

- Achieve Highly Predictive Results: Robust Z' values greater than 0.8 in either 96- or 384-well plate formats.
- Observe Minimal Test Compound Interference: Substrate used at micromolar concentration. Rhodamine 110 fluorescent signal produced is much higher than the fluorescent signal given off by test compounds.
- Control Peptide Included: Control peptide (AAF-AMC) included that is used to monitor protease activity. Reduces false positive hits.
- Simplify Your Assays: Simple add-mix-read format reduces the number of plate-handling steps to fewer than that required for other phosphatase assays.
- Save Time: Minimal throughput time compared to the multiple steps and lengthy incubations with other phoshatase assays.
- Non-Radioactive: No radioactive waste disposal and safety issues.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Storage Conditions:} Store the entire system at -20°C. Protect the PTPase R110 Substrate and Control AMC Substrate from light. \end{tabular}$







6 Cloning and DNA Markers

| Molecular Weight Markers | 106 |
|--|-----|
| Restriction Enzymes | 112 |
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Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Molecular Weight Markers

BenchTop DNA Markers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| BenchTop ФX174 DNA/HaellI Markers | 250 µl | G7511 | |
| BenchTop pGEM® DNA Markers | 250 µl | G7521 | |
| BenchTop PCR Markers | 300 µl | G7531 | |
| BenchTop 1kb DNA Ladder | 600 µl | G7541 | |
| BenchTop 100bp DNA Ladder | 300 µl | G8291 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: The BenchTop DNA Markers offer the convenience of storage at room temperature (22-25°C) as well as the capability of direct loading onto agarose gels. The BenchTop DNA Markers are supplied in a stabilizing solution of 1X Blue/Orange Loading Dye, which circumvents any requirements for further manipulation.

BenchTop Φ**X174 DNA/Haelli Markers:** Eleven phenol-extracted, ethanolprecipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 72bp to 1.353bp.

BenchTop pGEM® DNA Markers: Fifteen phenol-extracted, ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 36bp to 2,645bp. These unique markers are generated from separate digests of pGEM®-3 Vector DNA with Hinfl. Rsal and Sinl later combined to form the markers.

BenchTop PCR Markers: Six bands of equal intensity of 50, 150, 300, 500, 750, and 1,000bp. The BenchTop PCR Markers may be run on polyacrylamide gels with less loading volume; however, additional bands may be visible compared to those visible on agarose gels.

BenchTop 1kb DNA Ladder: Thirteen blunt-ended fragments with sizes ranging from 250bp to 10,000bp. The 1,000bp and 3,000bp fragments have increased intensity relative to the other bands on ethidium bromide-stained agarose gels for easy identification. All other fragments are of equal intensity. The ladder is dephosphorylated and ready for 5' end-labeling with radioisotopes using T4 Polynucleotide Kinase, allowing visualization by autoradiography.

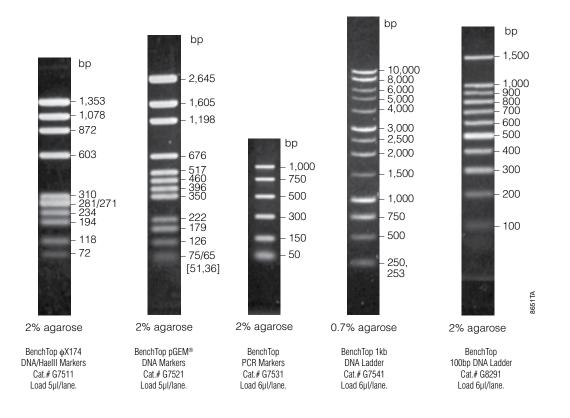
BenchTop 100bp DNA Ladder: Eleven fragments that range in size from 100bp to 1,000bp in 100bp increments with an additional band at 1,500bp. The 500bp fragment is present at increased intensity for easy identification. The ladder is dephosphorylated and ready for 5' end-labeling with radioisotopes using T4 Polynucleotide Kinase, allowing visualization by autoradiography.

Recommended Loading: Cat.# G7511, G7521: Load 5µl/lane. Cat.# G7531, G7541, G8291: Load 6µl/lane.

Features:

- Convenient: Storage at 22-25°C.
- Efficient: Premixed with loading buffer. Ready to load onto agarose gels.
- Versatile: Five different BenchTop DNA Markers available.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.





DNA Step Ladders

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|-------|--|
| 10bp DNA Step Ladder | 32.5 µg 0.65 | μg/μl | G4471 | |
| 25bp DNA Step Ladder | 100 μg 0.36 | β μg/μl | G4511 | |
| 50bp DNA Step Ladder | 90 μg 0.34 | l μg/μl | G4521 | |
| 100bp DNA Step Ladder | 100 μg 1 | μg/μl | G6951 | |
| 200bp DNA Step Ladder | 100 μg 1 | μg/μl | G6961 | |
| 1kb DNA Step Ladder | 90 μg 0.3 | β μg/μl | G6941 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | | |

Description: The DNA Step Ladders are ladders of defined sizes with exact incremental steps between bands. The ladders are not intended for use in quantitative analysis. Each ladder is provided with a tube of 6X Blue/Orange Loading Dye. The fragments may be stained with ethidium bromide.

10bp DNA Step Ladder: Ten blunt-ended DNA fragments ranging from 10bp to 100bp in exactly 10bp increments. All of the bands are of approximately equal intensity with the exception of the 10bp band, which may appear slightly less intense.

25bp DNA Step Ladder: Twelve DNA fragments ranging from 25bp to 300bp in 25bp increments. An 1,800bp "backbone" fragment is also visible. The 300bp band is \approx 3 times more intense than all other bands.

50bp DNA Step Ladder: Sixteen DNA fragments ranging from 50bp to 800bp in 50bp increments plus an 1,800bp "backbone" fragment. All bands except the 800bp band are of equal intensity; the 800bp band is ≈3 times more intense

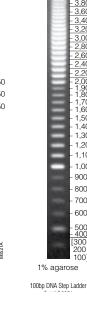
100bp DNA Step Ladder: Forty blunt-ended DNA fragments ranging from 100bp to 4,000bp in 100bp increments. Two internal features facilitate band identification. A high-intensity 500bp band stands out at the lowest segment of the ladder (<1kb). Bands within each segment (<1kb, <2kb, <4kb) have approximately the same intensity.

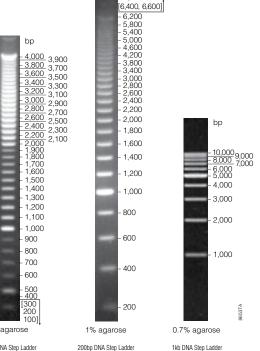
200bp DNA Step Ladder: Thirty-three blunt-ended DNA fragments ranging from 200bp to 6,600bp in 200bp increments. The 1,000bp band appears more intense than all other bands, which are of approximately equal intensity.

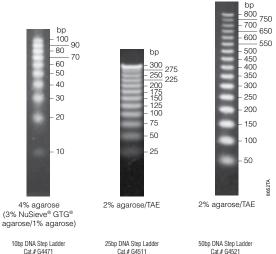
1kb DNA Step Ladder: Ten blunt-ended DNA fragments ranging from 1kb to 10kb in 1kb increments. All bands except the 5kb band are of equal intensity; the 5kb band is \approx 3 times more intense.

Recommended Loading: Cat.# 64471, 66951, 66961, 66941: Load 1μ l/ lane. Cat.# 64511, 64521: Load 5μ l/lane.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







Load 5ul/lane

Load 1ul/lane

Cat.# G4521 Load 5µl/lane.



Helix® on-site stocking system

DNA Ladders



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|--|
| PCR Markers | 250 μl ~0 | .06 µg/µl | G3161 | |
| 100bp DNA Ladder | 250 µl 0 | .13 µg/µl | G2101 | |
| 1kb DNA Ladder | 500 µl | 0.1 µg/µl | G5711 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | | |

Description: The DNA Ladders are ladders with defined sizes. The ladders are not intended for use in quantitative analysis. Each ladder is provided with a tube of 6X Blue/Orange Loading Dye.

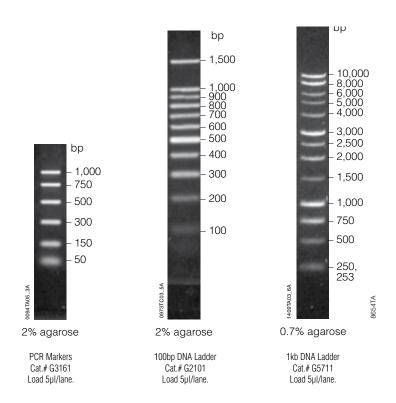
PCR Markers: Six bands of equal intensity of 50, 150, 300, 500, 750 and 1,000bp. The PCR Markers may be run on polyacrylamide gels with less loading volume; however, additional bands may be visible compared to those visible on agarose gels.

100bp DNA Ladder: Eleven fragments that range in size from 100bp to 1,000bp in 100bp increments with an additional band at 1,500bp. The 500bp fragment is present at increased intensity for easy identification. The ladder is dephosphorylated and ready for 5' end-labeling with radioisotopes using T4 Polynucleotide Kinase, allowing visualization by autoradiography.

1kb DNA Ladder: Thirteen blunt-ended fragments with sizes ranging from 250bp to 10,000bp. The 1,000bp and 3,000bp fragments have increased intensity relative to the other bands on ethidium bromide-stained agarose gels for easy identification. All other fragments are of equal intensity. The ladder is dephosphorylated and ready for 5' end-labeling with radioisotopes using T4 Polynucleotide Kinase, allowing visualization by autoradiography.

Recommended Loading: Load 5µl/lane.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Oconventional DNA Markers



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------|--|
| Lambda DNA/HindIII Markers | 100 μg C |).5 µg/µl | G1711 | |
| Lambda DNA/EcoRI Markers | 100 μg C |).5 µg/µl | G1721 | |
| Lambda DNA/EcoRI + HindIII Markers | 100 μg C |).5 µg/µl | G1731 | |
| ΦX174 DNA/Haelll Markers | 50 μg | 1 μg/μl | G1761 | |
| ΦX174 DNA/Hinfl Markers | 50 µg | 1 μg/μl | G1751 | |
| pGEM® DNA Markers | 50 µg | 1 μg/μl | G1741 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | | |

Description: The Conventional DNA Digest Markers are created by digesting either λ DNA, Φ X174 replicative form DNA, or plasmids to completion with one or more restriction enzymes. The enzymes are heat-inactivated, and the DNA fragments are either phenol-extracted, then ethanol-precipitated or just ethanol-precipitated. The precipitated fragments are resuspended in storage buffer. The markers are not intended for quantitative analysis. Each marker is supplied with a tube of 6X Blue/Orange Loading Dye.

 λ **DNA/HindIII Markers:** Eight ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 125bp to 23,130bp.

 λ **DNA/EcoRI Markers:** Six ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 3,530bp to 21,226bp.

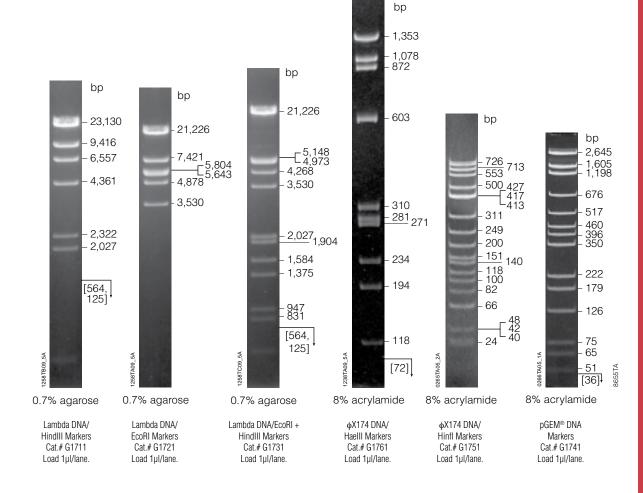
λ DNA/EcoRI + HindIII Markers: Thirteen ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 125bp to 21,226bp.

ΦX174 DNA/Haelll Markers: Eleven phenol-extracted, ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 72bp to 1,353bp.

ΦX174 DNA/Hinfl Markers: Twenty ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 24bp to 726bp.

pGEM® DNA Markers: Fifteen phenol-extracted, ethanol-precipitated DNA fragments ranging in size from 36bp to 2,645bp. These unique markers are generated from separate digests of pGEM®-3 Vector DNA with Hinfl, Rsal and Avall later combined to form the markers.

Recommended Loading: Load 1µl/lane. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Helix® on-site stocking system

№ ФX174 DNA/Hinfl Dephosphorylated Markers

Miller

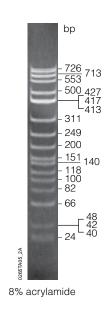
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ΦX174 DNA/Hinfl Dephosphorylated Markers | 2.5 µg | E3511 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Φ X174 DNA/Hinfl Dephosphorylated Markers are prepared by digesting double-stranded Φ X174 DNA to completion with Hinfl. The DNA fragments are then treated with calf intestinal alkaline phosphatase, phenol:chloroform-extracted, ethanol-precipitated and resuspended in TE buffer, making the markers ready for 5´ end-labeling. The 20 DNA fragments range in size from 24–726bp. The markers are not intended for use in quantitative analysis.

This marker is especially convenient for applications such as primer extension, requiring DNA or RNA size estimations.

Features:

Concentration: 50µg/ml.
Range (bp): 24–726.
Number of Bands: 20.
Convenient: Ready to label.
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



φX174 DNA/ Hinfl Markers Cat.# G1751 Load 1μl/lane.

ProMega-Markers® Lambda Ladders

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|-------|--|
| ProMega-Markers® Lambda Ladders | 40-60 lanes | G3011 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

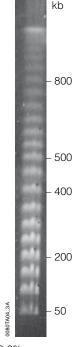
Description: ProMega-Markers® Lambda Ladders are prepared by concatemerization of λ phage DNA into multimers ranging in size from 50kb to 800kb and up, with each multimer, or rung, of the 20-step ladder differing in size by one λ genome (approximately 48.5kb). The ladders are embedded in dye-colored, 0.5% agarose string molds in 50mM EDTA. The ladders are not intended for use in quantitative analysis.

Features:

• Concentration: 0.5µg/5mm.

• Range (bp): 50,000–800,000 and up.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze.



0.6% agarose





| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-------------|-------|-------|--|
| RNA Markers | 50 µl | G3191 | |
| RNA Markers | 50 µl | G3191 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

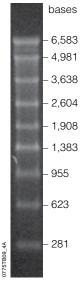
Description: Promega RNA Markers are suitable for size estimation of single-stranded RNA from 0.28–6.58kb in glyoxal or formaldehyde-agarose gels. The RNA Markers consist of a ladder of nine RNA transcripts that are synthesized in vitro from specific templates. The sizes are 281, 623, 955, 1,383, 1,908, 2,604, 3,638, 4,981 and 6,583 bases. The markers are not intended for use in quantitative analysis. After electrophoresis, the fragments can be visualized by ethidium bromide staining.

Recommended Loading: 3µl (prepared in formaldehyde/MOPS buffer and separated onto a 1% formaldehyde-agarose gel using MOPS running buffer).

Features:

Range (bases): 281–6,583.Number of Bands: 9.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



1% formaldehyde-agarose

Broad Range Protein Molecular Weight Markers

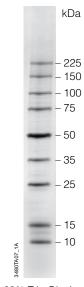
| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|-------|
| Broad Range Protein Molecular Weight Markers | 100 lanes 5 µl/lane | V8491 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Broad Range Protein Molecular Weight Markers consist of nine clearly identifiable bands at convenient molecular weights. The protein sizes are 10, 15, 25, 35, 50, 75, 100, 150 and 225kDa. Each protein is present at a concentration of 0.1μg/μl, except for the 50kDa protein, which is present at 0.3μg/μl and serves as a reference indicator, having triple the intensity of the other proteins. All other proteins appear with equal intensity on the gel. These markers are intended for use as a size standard when performing SDS-PAGE (sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis) for estimation of the molecular weight of the protein of interest. Note that they are not stained.

Features:

- Reference Band: Band at 50kDa is 3X intensity for use as a reference.
- Convenient: 9 bands at evenly spaced intervals.
- Fast: Ready to load.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C (weekly/monthly use) or 4°C (daily use).



4-20% Tris-Glycine SDS-PAGE gel



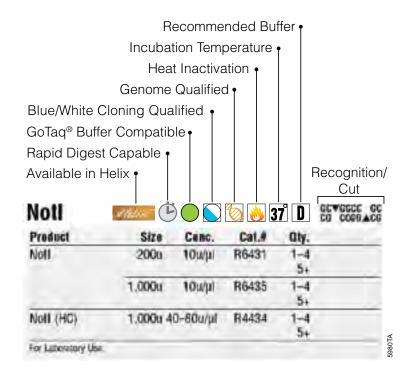
stocking system

Available in the

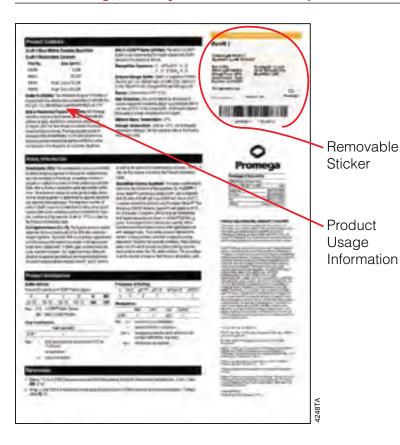
Helix® on-site stocking system

All the Information You Need—At a Glance

On the following pages, restriction enzyme information is organized using icons to help you quickly and easily identify the features of each enzyme. See the diagram to the right to identify the meaning of the icons used.

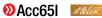


Product Usage, Quality Control and Lot-Specific Information



Each enzyme comes in recyclable packaging that holds the enzyme, buffers (if applicable) and a lot-specific Product Information Sheet. The **Product Information Sheet** contains details of the quality control assays performed, product storage and usage information, protocols and references. Lot-specific information is printed on a removable sticker that can be pasted into a notebook or log book, simplifying your recordkeeping.























G♥GTAC C

C CATG_▲G

Features:

- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.
- Blue/White Cloning Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning applications.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|----------|-------|--|
| Accl | 100 u 3- | -10 u/µl | R6411 | |
| | 500 u 3- | -10 u/µl | R6415 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

 $\mathsf{GT}^{\blacktriangledown}(\mathsf{A/C})(\mathsf{T/G})$ AC

CA (T/G)(A/C)_▲TG

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTag® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Accili | 200 u 10 u/μl | R6581 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description:

T♥CCGG A

A GGCC_▲T

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Do not freeze.



| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Agel | 100 u 3–10 u/µl R7251 | | | |
| For Descript Use Only Not for Use in Disconnectic Presendance | | | | |

Description:

A▼CCGG T

T GGCC_▲A

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.











| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---|---------------------|
| Alul | 500 u 10 u/µl R6281 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | cedures. |

Description:

AG♥CT

TC_▲GA

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.











| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|--|
| Apal | 5,000 u 10 u/µl | R6361 | | |
| Apal (HC) | 25,000 u 40-80 u/µl | R4364 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

G GGCC[▼]C

C_CCGG G

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|---------|-------|--|
| Aval | 200 u 8- | 12 u/µl | R6091 | |
| | 1,000 u 8- | 12 u/µl | R6095 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic F | rocedures. | | | |

Description:

C▼(T/C)CG(A/G) G G (A/G)GC(T/C)

C

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system



stocking system











| Product | Size Cond | . Cat.# | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---------|--|--|--|
| Avall | 100 u 1–10 u/µ | I R6131 | | | |
| | 1,000 u 1–10 u/µ | I R6135 | | | |
| For Research Use Only Not for | For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | |

Description:

G♥G(A/T)C C C C(T/A)G_▲G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|----------|-------|--|
| Ball | 50 u 2- | -10 u/μl | R6691 | |
| | 250 u 2- | -10 u/μl | R6695 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | | |

Description:

TGG♥CCA ACC_▲GGT

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|------------|------------|------------|-------|--|
| BamHI | 2,500 u | 10 u/μl | R6021 | |
| | 12,500 u | 10 u/μl | R6025 | |
| BamHI (HC) | 12,500 u 4 | 40–80 u/μl | R4024 | |
| | 50,000 u 4 | 10–80 u/μl | R4027 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

G♥GATC C

C CTAG_▲G

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





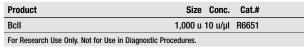
| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|----------|-------|--|
| Banl | 200 u 8- | –12 u/µl | R6891 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

G♥ G(T/C)(A/G)C C

C $C(A/G)(T/C)G_{\blacktriangle}G$

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Description:

T♥ GATC A

A CTAG_▲T

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| BgII | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6071 | |
| | 5,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6077 | |
| BgII (HC) | 5,000 u 40 |)–80 u/μl | R4074 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

GCCN NNN™NGGC CGGN▲NNN NCCG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| _ | | |
|-----|-----|---|
| | 079 | D |
| () | 31 | |
| | | |

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|-------|--|
| BgIII | 500 u 10 u/μl | R6081 | |
| | 2,500 u 10 u/µl | R6085 | |
| | 10,000 u 10 u/µl | R6087 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description:

A♥ GATC T

T CTAG_▲A

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| BsrSI | 500 u 10 u/μl R7241 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

ACTG GN▼

TGAC_▲CN

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.













| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|
| BssHII | 100 u 10 u/µl | R6831 | | |
| | 500 u 10 u/μl | R6835 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

G▼CGCG C C GCGC_▲G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

BstEll

| Description: | | | |
|---------------------|------|--|--|
| G | CG▼C | | |

Product Cfol

C_▲GC G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.







Size Conc. Cat.#

3,000 u 10 u/µl R6241

| Product | Size Cond | . Cat.# |
|--|----------------|---------|
| Clal | 500 u 10 u/μ | I R6551 |
| | 2,500 u 10 u/µ | I R6555 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | |

Description:

Product

BstEll

G♥ GTNAC C C CANTG_▲G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

AT▼ CG AT

TA GC_▲TA

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







60° D

Size Conc.

2,000 u 10 u/µl R6641

Cat.#

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| Bst0I | 2,000 u 10 u/µl | R6931 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | |

Description:

CC▼(A/T) GG GG (T/A)_▲CC

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Description: CG[▼]G(A/T)C CG

GC C(T/A)G_▲GC



Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|---------------|-------|
| Cspl | 500 u 10 u/μl | R6675 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | cedures. | |

MRstXI

| BstXI | Miller | | | 50° D |
|--------|--------|------|------|--------------|
| roduct | | Cizo | Conc | Cat # |

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|---------|-------|--|
| BstXI | 250 u 8- | 12 u/µl | R6471 | |
| | 1,000 u 8- | 12 u/µl | R6475 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | | |

Description:

CCAN NNNN™NTGG GGTN▲NNNN NACC

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|---------|-------|--|
| Ddel | 200 u | 10 u/µl | R6291 | |
| | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6295 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | cedures. | | | |





| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| BstZI | 500 u 10 u/μl | R6881 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description:

C▼GGCC G G CCGG_▲C

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Description:

C▼TNA G G ANT_▲C

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system



















| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|----------------|-------|
| Dpnl | 200 u 10 u/μl | R6231 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnosti | ic Procedures. | |

Description:

G^{me}A[▼]TC

CT_▲meAG

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------------|-------|--|
| Dral | 2,000 u 10 u/µl | R6271 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | ocedures. | | |

Description:

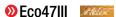
TTT▼AAA

 $AAA_{\blacktriangle}TTT$

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|----------|-------|--|
| Eco47III | 50 u 2 | 2–5 u/µl | R6731 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | | |

Description:

AGC▼GCT

TCG_▲CGA

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|
| EcolCRI | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6951 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnost | ic Procedures. | | |

Description:

GAG♥CTC

CTC_▲GAG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Section **Contents**





| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------|--|
| EcoRI | 5,000 u | 12 u/µl | R6011 | |
| | 15,000 u | 12 u/µl | R6017 | |
| EcoRI (HC) | 25,000 u 40 |)–80 u/μl | R4014 | |
| | 50,000 u 40 |)–80 u/μl | R4017 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

G▼AATT C

C TTAA_▲G

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.













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|--|-------------|---|
| | | |

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| EcoRV | 2,000 u | 10 u/μl | R6351 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6355 | |
| EcoRV (HC) | 10,000 u 4 | 0–80 u/µl | R4354 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

GAT♥ATC

CTA_▲TAG

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. (| Cat.# | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| Haell | 1,000 u 10 u/µl R | 6661 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

(A/G) GCGC[▼](T/C)

(T/C)_▲CGCG (A/G)

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|----------|-------|--|
| HaellI | 2,500 u | 10 u/µl | R6171 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6175 | |
| Haelli (HC) | 12,500 u 40 | –80 u/µl | R4174 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

GG▼CC

 $CC_{\blacktriangle}GG$

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





| Hpal 📱 | erica. |
|--------|--------|
|--------|--------|





| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|---|--|
| Hhal | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6441 | Ī | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | |

G CG▼C C_▲GC G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Hinell | 1000 |
|--------|------|



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|-----------------|-------|
| HincII | 200 u 10 u/µl | R6031 |
| | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6035 |
| | 5,000 u 10 u/µl | R6037 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | edures. | |

Description:

GT(T/C)[▼](A/G)AC CA(A/G)_▲(T/C)TG

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

MindIII











| | ② |
|--|----------|
| | |









37° A

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| HindIII | 5,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6041 | | |
| | 15,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6045 | | |
| HindIII (HC) | 25,000 u 40 |)–80 u/μl | R4044 | | |
| | 50,000 u 40 |)–80 u/µl | R4047 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description:

A▼AGCT T

T TCGA_▲A

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|------------|------------|----------|-------|--|
| Hinfl | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6201 | |
| | 5,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6205 | |
| Hinfl (HC) | 5,000 u 40 | –80 u/µl | R4204 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

G▼ANT C C TNA_▲G

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------|-----------|--------|-------|--|
| Hpal | 100 u 3–1 | 0 u/µl | R6301 | |
| | 500 u 3–1 | 0 u/µl | R6305 | |
| | | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description:

GTT▼AAC

CAA₄TTG

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| | West . | | | | | |
|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--|

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---------|-----------------------|
| Hpall | 1,000 u 10 u/µl R6311 |
| | 5,000 u 10 u/µl R6315 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

C▼ CG G

G GC_▲C

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | | | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| Hsp92I | 500 u 10 u/μl | R7151 | | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | | |

Description:

G(A/G) TCG (T/C)C C(T/C) $GC_{\blacktriangle}(A/G)G$

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Msp92II





🏀 <u> </u> 37°

| Product | Size C | Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Hsp92II | 1,000 u 10 | u/µl | R7161 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description:

CATG▼

▲GTAC

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

I-Ppol (Intron-Encoded)

| ndor | nuclease) | Miller |
|------|-----------|--------|
| | | |

| | , | | | |
|---|--------|-------------|-------|--|
| i | Size | e Conc. | Cat.# | |
| | 10.000 | 400 000 / 1 | D=004 | |

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-----------|-------|--|
| I-Ppol | 10,000 u 100 | –200 u/µl | R7031 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagn | | | | |

Description:

CTCTC TTAA▼GGTAGC GAGAG_▲AATT CCATCG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Section

Contents

stocking system

Table of **Contents** stocking system



Product Kpnl

KpnI (HC)





| Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|----------|-----------|-------|--|
| 2,500 u | 8–12 u/μl | R6341 | |
| 10,000 u | 8–12 u/µl | R6345 | |

12,500 u 40-80 u/µl R4344

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

G GTAC▼C

C_CATG G

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|----------|----------|-------|--|--|
| Mbol | 200 u 8- | -12 u/µl | R6711 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description:

▼GATC

CTAG_▲

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|----------|-------|--|
| Mboll | 100 u 2 | –10 u/µl | R6723 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic | c Procedures | | | |

Description:

GAAGA(N)₈▼

CTTCT(N)₇▲

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Mlul | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6381 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | | |

Description:

A▼ CGCG T

T GCGC_▲A

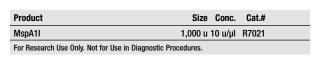
• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









Description:

 $C(A/C)G^{\blacktriangledown}C(G/T)G$ $G(T/G)C_{\blacktriangle}G(C/A)C$

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Mspl | 2,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6401 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6405 | |
| Mspl (HC) | 10,000 u 40 |)–80 u/μl | R4404 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

Mspl

C♥CG G

G GC_▲C

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







🔥 37° B

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Narl | 200 u 10 u/µl | R6861 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | |

Description:

GG♥ CG CC

CC GC_▲GG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| Ncil | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R7061 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | |

Description:

CC▼(C/G) GG

GG (G/C)_▲CC

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Ncol | 200 u 10 u/μl R6513 |
| | 1,000 u 10 u/µl R6515 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use | a in Diagnostic Procedures |

Description:

C▼CATG G

G GTAC_▲C

Features:

- . Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



























CA[▼]TA TG

GT AT_▲AC

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.











| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| Nhel | 250 u 10 u/μl | R6501 |
| | 1,250 u 10 u/µl | R6505 |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | · |

Description:

G[▼]CTAG C

C GATC_▲G

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Product Notl

Notl (HC)









| Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------|------------|-------|--|
| 200 u | 10 u/µl | R6431 | |
| 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6435 | |
| 1,000 u | 40–80 u/µl | R4434 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description:

GC▼GGCC GC

CG CCGG_▲CG

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|
| Nrul | 200 u 10 u/μl R7091 |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagno | ostic Procedures |

Description:

TCG[▼]CGA

AGC_GCT

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Nsil | dillo |
|------|-------|
|------|-------|

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Nsil | 250 u 10 u/µl | R6531 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic I | Procedures. | | |

Description:

A TGCA▼T

T_ACGT A

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.













| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|--|------------------------|
| Pstl | 3,000 u 10 u/µl R6111 |
| | 15,000 u 10 u/µl R6115 |
| For Pagazeh Ilea Only Not for Ilea in Diagnost | ic Procedures |

Description:

C TGCA▼G

G_▲ACGT C

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|------------|----------|-------|--|
| Pvul | 100 u 2- | -10 u/μl | R6321 | |
| | 500 u 2- | -10 u/μl | R6325 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | rocedures. | | | |

Description:

CG AT▼CG

GC_▲TA GC

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTag® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.













| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|---------|-------|--|
| Pvull | 1,000 u 8– | 12 u/µl | R6331 | |
| | 5,000 u 8– | 12 u/µl | R6335 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

CAG♥CTG

GTC_▲GAC

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTag® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



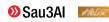
Section **Contents**

stocking system











| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|----------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Rsal | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6371 | |
| Rsal (HC) | 5,000 u 4 | 0–80 u/µl | R4374 | |
| For Passarah Usa Only Not for Usa in Diagnost | tio Dropoduroo | | | |

GT▼AC

 $CA_{\blacktriangle}TG$

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



37° J

Product Size Conc. Sau3Al 100 u 3-10 u/µl R6191 500 u 3-10 u/µl R6195 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

▼GATC

CTAG_▲

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





| Sacl | Miles | | | | 37° J |
|-----------|-------|------------|----------|-------|-------|
| Product | | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Sacl | | 1,000 u | 10 u/μl | R6061 | |
| | | 5,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6065 | |
| Sacl (HC) | | 5,000 u 40 | –80 u/µl | R4064 | |

Description:

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

| | | | • | | | |
|---|---|---|----|---|---|--|
| 3 | Α | G | СТ | ▼ | С | |

C_▲TCGA G





| Sacii | Filter. | | <u> </u> |] [[|
|-------|---------|--|----------|--------------|
| | | | | |

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|
| SacII | 500 u 10 u/μl | R6221 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

CC GC▼GG

GG_▲CG CC

Sall

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|--|
| Sall | 2,000 u 10 u/µl | R6051 | | |
| | 10,000 u 10 u/µl | R6055 | | |
| Sall (HC) | 10,000 u 40-80 u/µl | R4054 | | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | |

Description:

G▼TCGA C

C AGCT_▲G

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|------------|-------|--|
| Scal | 1,000 u | 8–12 u/µl | R6211 | |
| Scal (HC) | 5,000 u | 40–80 u/μl | R4214 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

AGT▼ACT

TCA▲TGA

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Sfil | 250 u | 10 u/µl | R6391 | |
| Sfil (HC) | 1,250 u 40 |)–80 u/µl | R4394 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

GGCCN NNN™NGGCC CCGGN_NNN NCCGG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|--------------------|-------|--|--|
| SgfI | 250 u 8–12 u/µl | R7103 | | |
| SgfI (HC) | 1,250 u 40-80 u/µl | R5104 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

GCG AT[▼]CGC CGC_▲TA GCG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Do not freeze.









| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| Smal | 1,000 u 8–12 u/µl | R6121 |
| | 5,000 u 8–12 u/µl | R6125 |
| Smal (HC) | 5,000 u 40-80 u/µl | R4124 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

CCC▼GGG

GGG_▲CCC

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Section

Contents













| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|-----------------|-------|
| SnaBl | 100 u 2–10 u/µl | R6791 |
| | 500 u 2–10 u/μl | R6795 |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic D | rooduroo | |

TAC♥GTA ATG_▲CAT

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.









| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|
| Spel | 200 u 10 u/μl | R6591 | |
| | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6595 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description:

A♥ CTAG T

T GATC_▲A

Features:

• Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.











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|---|---|----------|----------|----|---|
| | _ | _ | | | |

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Sphl | 200 u 10 u/µl | R6261 | | | |
| | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | R6265 | | | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | | |

Description:

G CATG[▼]C

C_▲GTAC G

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| SspI | 500 u | 10 u/µl | R6601 | |
| SspI (HC) | 2,500 u 40 | 0–80 u/µl | R4604 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | | |

Description:

AAT▼ATT

 $\mathsf{TTA}_{\blacktriangle}\mathsf{TAA}$

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Stul | 400 u 10 u/μl | R6421 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description:

AGG♥CCT

TCC_▲GGA

Features:

• GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|------------|-------|--|
| Taql | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6151 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6155 | |
| Taql (HC) | 5,000 u | 40–80 u/µl | R4154 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

T♥CG A

A GC_▲T

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|----------|-------|--|
| Tru9I | 200 u 8- | -12 u/µl | R7011 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | | | | |

Description:

T▼TA A A $AT_{\blacktriangle}T$

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|----------|-------|--|
| VspI | 500 u 8 | –12 u/µl | R6851 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

AT▼TA AT TA AT_▲TA

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system



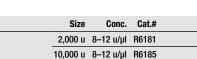


Product

Xbal (HC)

Xbal





10,000 u 40-80 u/µl R4184

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

T♥CTAG A

A GATC_▲T

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.











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|----------|-------------|---|
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| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Xhol | 3,000 u | 10 u/μl | R6161 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/μl | R6165 | |
| Xhol (HC) | 15,000 u 4 | 0–80 u/µl | R4164 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

C▼TCGA G

G AGCT_▲C

Features:

- Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less.
- GoTaq® Buffer Compatible: Active and capable of digestion directly in GoTaq® Green Master Mix.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.











| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Xmal | 50 u 1–5 u/μl R6491 | | | |
| | 250 u 1–5 u/μl R6495 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description:

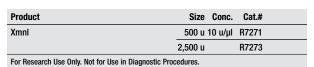
C▼CCGG G

G GGCC_▲C

Features:

· Rapid Digest Capable: Capable of digesting DNA in 15 minutes or less. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Description:

GAANN[▼]NNT TC CT TNN NNAAG

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

MULTI-CORE™ Buffer Pack MULTI-CORE™ Buff



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| MULTI-CORE™ Buffer Pack | 3 × 1 ml | R9991 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description:

The MULTI-CORE™ Buffer Pack contains convenient aliquots of the Promega universal restriction enzyme 10X buffer. The MULTI-CORE™ Buffer is formulated to provide simple buffering conditions for performing multiple digestions. Many Promega restriction enzymes have between 50% and 100% activity in reactions using MULTI-CORE™ Buffer.

Features:

 Convenient and Economical: MULTI-CORE™ Buffer enables co-digestion of DNA with more than one enzyme in a single reaction. In most cases, only modest adjustments in the amount of enzyme used will ensure complete multiple digestions.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

4-CORE® Buffer Pack

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| 4-CORE® Buffer Pack (Buffers A, B, C and D), 1ml each | 4 ml | R9921 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description:

The 4-CORE® Buffer Pack contains convenient aliquots of Promega Restriction Enzyme 10X Buffers A, B, C and D. The majority of Promega restriction enzymes have optimal activity in one of these four 10X reaction buffers.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Alkaline Phosphatases

Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal (CIAP)

dillo

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---|-----------------------|
| Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal | 1,000 u 1 u/µl M1821 |
| Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal (HC) | 1,000 u 20 u/µl M2825 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| CIAP Buffer Pack | 1.5 ml M1833 |
| For Donate Handle And Handle in Diamontic Des | and was |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal (CIAP), catalyzes the hydrolysis of 5'-phosphate groups from DNA, RNA, and ribo- and deoxyribo-nucleoside triphosphates. This enzyme is used to prevent recircularization and religation of linearized cloning vector DNA by removing phosphate groups from both 5'-termini and may also be used for the dephosphorylation of 5' phosphorylated ends of DNA or RNA for subsequent labeling with [\$^2P]ATP and T4 Polynucleotide Kinase. CIAP is active on 5' overhangs, 5' recessed and blunt ends.

Features:

- Available at High Concentration: Cat.# M2825 contains 1,000 units of CIAP at 20u/ul.
- Blue/White Cloning Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning applications.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 0.5M Tris-HCl (pH 9.3 at 25°C), 10mM MgCl₂, 1mM ZnCl₂, 10mM spermidine.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.

TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase

della

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase | 100 units | M9910 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | :S. | | |

Description: TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase catalyzes the removal of 5′ phosphate groups from DNA, thus preventing the recircularization and religation of linearized cloning vector DNA during ligation. It is effective on 3′ overhangs, 5′ overhangs and blunt ends. It is also useful for preparing DNA for 5′ end-labeling by removing existing phosphate groups from the 5′ end.

TSAP is irreversibly inactivated by heating at 74°C for 15 minutes. Therefore, a DNA cleanup step is not required before proceeding to a ligation reaction. TSAP is fully active in all restriction enzyme reaction buffers tested under the conditions listed below, facilitating a streamlined restriction digestion, dephosphorylation and ligation reaction.

Features:

- Easy To Use: TSAP is active in all Promega restriction enzyme buffers, eliminating any cleanup steps or buffer swaps.
- Convenient: TSAP is irreversibly inactivated by heating at 74°C for 15 minutes. This allows streamlining of the restriction enzyme digestion, dephosphorylation and ligation procedure by eliminating the need for cleanup after alkaline phosphatase treatment.
- Blue/White Cloning-Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning applications.
- Provided with Promega MULTI-CORE™ Buffer.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. See the expiration date on the label.

| Comparison of Alkaline Phosphatases. | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | TSAP | CIAP* |
| Heat Inactivated | Yes | No |
| Inactivation Temperature | 74 | N/A |
| Incubation Time | 15 min | $2 \times 30 \text{ min}$ |
| Special Buffer Required/Recommended | No | Yes |
| Active in all Promega | | |
| Restriction Enzyme Buffers | Yes | No |
| Units required in different RE Buffers | 1–2 | N/A |
| Blue/White Cloning-Qualified | Yes | Yes |
| Only TSAP does not require a special buffer and is a | ctive in all Prome | na restriction |

Only TSAP does not require a special buffer and is active in all Promega restriction enzyme buffers, making it the most convenient and cost-effective choice.

CIAP = Calf Intestinal Alkaline Phosphatase



stocking system



Polymerases

DNA Polymerase I

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|
| DNA Polymerase I | 500 u 5–10 u/μl | M2051 | |
| | 2,500 u 5–10 u/µl | M2055 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: DNA Polymerase I catalyzes the template-directed polymerization of nucleotides into duplex DNA in a $5'\rightarrow 3'$ direction. DNA Polymerase I possesses a $3'\rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activity or "proofreading" function, which lowers the error rate during DNA replication, and also contains a $5'\rightarrow 3'$ exonuclease activity, which enables the enzyme to replace nucleotides in the growing strand of DNA by nick translation. The enzyme, purified from recombinant *E. coli*, is capable of catalyzing de novo synthesis of synthetic homopolymers and provides a convenient method for the preparation of a variety of defined DNA substrates.

Features:

- Flexible: DNA Polymerase I may be used in a variety of molecular applications.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: DNA Polymerase I is inactivated by heating at 68°C for 10 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 500 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2 at 25°C), 100 mM MgSO₄, 1 mM DTT.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment

Sept.

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment | 150 u 5 u/µl | M2201 | |
| | 500 u 5 u/μl | M2206 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment is a DNA-dependent DNA polymerase that lacks the $5'\rightarrow 3'$ exonuclease activity of intact $E.\ coli$ DNA Polymerase I but retains its $5'\rightarrow 3'$ polymerase, $3'\rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease and strand displacement activities. The enzyme is a 68kDa C-terminal fragment of DNA Polymerase I. The $5'\rightarrow 3'$ polymerase activity of Klenow Fragment can be used to fill in 5'-protruding ends with unlabeled or labeled dNTPs, to sequence single- or double-stranded DNA templates, for in vitro mutagenesis using synthetic oligonucleotides, for cDNA second-strand synthesis and to generate single-stranded DNA probes. The $3'\rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activity can be used to generate blunt ends from a 3'-overhang.

Features:

- Flexible: DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment may be used in a variety of molecular applications. It is also active in many Promega 1X restriction enzyme buffers.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment is inactivated by heating at 75°C for 10 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 500mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2 at 25°C), 100mM MgSO₄, 1mM DTT.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment Mini Kit

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Frag | gment Mini Kit | 150 u | U1300 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment | 150 u | 5 u/µl | M2201 | |
| Set of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP | 10µmol each | 100 mM | U1330 | |
| M2201, U1330 For Laboratory Use. U1300 F Procedures. | or Research Use 0 | nly. Not fo | r Use in D | iagnostic |

Description: The DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment Mini Kit provides a convenient combination of polymerase and dNTPs. The kit contains 5µmol each of dATP, dGTP, dTTP and dCTP (10mM in water) and DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment, ready for use in a variety of applications.

Features

 Convenient: The kit provides DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment and dNTPs conveniently packaged and ready to use in your application.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment, Exonuclease Minus

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Klenow Fragment, Exonuclease Minus | 100 u 5–10 u/µl M2181 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description:

DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment, Exonuclease Minus, is a DNA-dependent DNA polymerase that lacks both the $5'\rightarrow 3'$ and the $3'\rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease activities present in intact $E.\ coli$ DNA Polymerase I. It is used for random primer labeling and in strand displacement amplification. Klenow Fragment, Exonuclease Minus, will leave a single-base 3' overhang on a significant proportion of DNA fragments during fill-in of 5'-overhangs. Therefore, this enzyme is not recommended for preparation of blunt-ended fragments for ligation.

Features:

- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 500mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.2 at 25°C), 100mM MgSO₄, 1mM DTT.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: DNA Polymerase I Large (Klenow) Fragment, Exonuclease Minus, is inactivated by heating at 75°C for 10 minutes.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



T4 DNA Polymerase

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| T4 DNA Polymerase | 100 u 5–10 u/µl M4211 |
| | 500 u 5–10 u/μl M4215 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description:

T4 DNA Polymerase catalyzes the 5'→3' synthesis of DNA from a primed single-stranded DNA template. Although possessing a potent 3'→5' proofreading exonuclease, T4 DNA Polymerase contains no 5'→3' exonuclease activity. T4 DNA Polymerase can be used to fill 5' protruding ends with labeled or unlabeled dNTPs or for the generation of blunt ends from DNA molecules with 3' overhangs.

Features:

- . High Fidelity: T4 DNA Polymerase is the enzyme of choice for applications where misincorporation is a concern.
- Flexible: T4 DNA Polymerase may be used in a variety of molecular applications. Active in many Promega 1X restriction enzyme buffers.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: T4 DNA Polymerase is inactivated by heating at 75°C for 10 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 250mM Tris-acetate (pH 7.7), 1M potassium acetate, 100mM magnesium acetate and 10mM DTT.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

SP6 RNA Polymerase

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|----------------------|-------|
| SP6 RNA Polymerase | 1,000 u 10–20 u/µl | P1085 |
| | 5,000 u 10–20 u/µl | P1081 |
| SP6 RNA Polymerase (HC) | 2,500 u 80 u/µl | P4084 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Dia | ignostic Procedures. | |

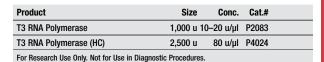
Description: SP6 RNA Polymerase is a DNA-dependent RNA polymerase that exhibits extremely high specificity for its cognate promoter sequences. Only SP6 DNA or DNA cloned downstream from an SP6 promoter can serve as a template for SP6 RNA Polymerase-directed RNA synthesis.

Features:

- Specific: SP6 RNA Polymerase exhibits extremely high affinity and specificity for SP6 promoter sequences.
- **Highly Pure:** SP6 RNA Polymerase is >90% pure as determined by SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Free of detectable levels of contaminating RNase and DNase activity (<1% release).
- Flexible: Will incorporate ³²P, ³³P, ³H and ³⁵S nucleoside triphosphates.
- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: Provided with 100mM DTT and Transcription Optimized 5X Buffer: 200mM Tris-HCI (pH 7.9 at 25°C), 30mM MgCl₂, 10mM spermidine, 50mM NaCl.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

T3 RNA Polymerase



Description: T3 RNA Polymerase is a DNA-dependent RNA polymerase that exhibits extremely high specificity for its cognate promoter sequences. Only T3 DNA or DNA cloned downstream from a T3 promoter can serve as a template for T3 RNA Polymerase-directed RNA synthesis.

Features:

- Specific: T3 RNA Polymerase exhibits extremely high affinity and specificity for T3 promoter sequences.
- Highly Pure: T3 RNA Polymerase is >90% pure as determined by SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Free of detectable levels of contaminating RNase and DNase activity (<1% release).
- Flexible: Will incorporate ³²P, ³³P, ³H and ³⁵S nucleoside triphosphates.
- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: Provided with 100mM DTT and Transcription Optimized 5X Buffer: 200mM Tris-HCI (pH 7.9 at 25°C), 30mM MgCl₂, 10mM spermidine, 50mM NaCl.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

T7 RNA Polymerase



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--|
| T7 RNA Polymerase | 1,000 u 10 |)–20 u/µl | P2075 | |
| | 5,000 u 10 |)–20 u/μl | P2077 | |
| T7 RNA Polymerase (HC) | 10,000 u | 80 u/µl | P4074 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: T7 RNA Polymerase is a DNA-dependent RNA polymerase that exhibits extremely high specificity for its cognate promoter sequences. Only T7 DNA or DNA cloned downstream from a T7 promoter can serve as a template for T7 RNA Polymerase-directed RNA synthesis.

- Specific: T7 RNA Polymerase exhibits extremely high affinity and specificity for T7 promoter sequences.
- **Highly Pure:** T7 RNA Polymerase is judged to be greater than 90% pure as determined by SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Free of detectable levels of contaminating RNase and DNase activity (<1% release).
- Flexible: Will incorporate ³²P, ³³P, ³H and ³⁵S nucleoside triphosphates.
- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: Provided with 100mM DTT and Transcription Optimized 5X Buffer: 200mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.9 at 25°C), 30mM MgCl₂, 10mM spermidine, 50mM NaCl.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



stocking system

Helix® on-site

stocking system

RNA Polymerase Promoter Sequencing Primers

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| SP6 Promoter Primer | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5011 |
| T7 Promoter Primer | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5021 |
| T7 EEV Promoter Primer | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q6700 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | |

Description: The SP6 and T7 Promoter Primers are designed for sequencing inserts cloned into the pGEM® Vectors. The SP6 Promoter Primer is designed for sequencing inserts cloned into the pALTER®-MAX and pCl-neo Vectors. The primers are designed to be annealed to single-stranded DNA or, after alkaline denaturation, to double-stranded DNA. The promoter primers are purified by gel electrophoresis or HPLC. The T7 EEV Promoter Primer is suitable for sequencing the pALTER®-MAX, pCMVTNTTM, pTNTTM and phMGFP Vectors, and the pCl/pSI series of mammalian expression vectors.

Primer Sequences

- SP6: 5'-d(TATTTAGGTGACACTATAG)-3'
- T7: 5'-d(TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG)-3'
- T7 EEV: 5'-d(AAGGCTAGAGTACTTAATACGA)-3'

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Ligases

™ LigaFast™ Rapid DNA Ligation System

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| LigaFast™ Rapid DNA Ligation System | 30 reactions | M8221 | |
| | 150 reactions | M8225 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer | 1.5 ml | C6711 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | dures. | | |

Description:

The LigaFast™ Rapid DNA Ligation System is designed for the efficient ligation of sticky-ended DNA inserts into plasmid vectors in just 5 minutes (blunt-ended inserts in as little as 15 minutes). Rapid ligation is based on the combination of T4 DNA Ligase with a unique 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer. The LigaFast™ System is designed to eliminate any further purification prior to transformation of ligated DNA. The specially formulated 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer requires no additional ATP or Mg²+ addition prior to use.

Features

- Flexible: Use with 5', 3' or blunt-ended DNA inserts.
- Fast: Ligation of cohesive ends in 5 minutes, blunt ends in 15 minutes at room temperature.
- Convenient: No requirement to purify ligated DNA prior to heat-shock transformation in E. coli. Ligations conducted at room temperature.
- Ready-To-Use: No additional buffer modifications required prior to use.
- Efficient: Ligations performed using the LigaFast™ System are comparable to standard overnight ligations.
- Blue/White Cloning Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning applications

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

T4 DNA Ligase

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| T4 DNA Ligase | 100 u | 1–3 u/µl | M1801 | |
| | 500 u | 1–3 u/µl | M1804 | |
| T4 DNA Ligase (HC) | 500 u 1 | 0-20 u/µl | M1794 | |
| Available Separately | | Size | Cat.# | |
| T4 DNA Ligase Buffer Pack | | 1.5 ml | C1263 | |
| C1263 For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagra | nostic Prod | edures M1 | 801. M180 | 04. M1794 |

Description: T4 DNA Ligase catalyzes the joining of two strands of DNA between the 5'-phosphate and the 3'-hydroxyl groups of adjacent nucleotides in either a cohesive-ended or blunt-ended configuration. The enzyme has also been shown to catalyze the joining of RNA to either a DNA or RNA strand in a duplex molecule but will not join single-stranded nucleic acids.

The T4 DNA Ligase Buffer Pack includes 3 tubes of T4 DNA Ligase 10X Reaction Buffer. The composition of the 10X reaction buffer is 300mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.8 at 25°C), 100mM MgCl₂, 100mM DTT and 10mM ATP.

Features:

For Laboratory Use.

- Available at High Concentration: Cat.# M1794 contains 500 units of T4 DNA Ligase at 10–20u/µl.
- Flexible: Use with 5', 3' or blunt-ended DNA inserts.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 300mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.8 at 25°C), 100mM MgCl₂, 100mM DTT and 10mM ATP.
- Blue/White Cloning Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning applications.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

T4 RNA Ligase

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|---------|---------|-------|--|
| T4 RNA Ligase | 500 u | 10 u/μl | M1051 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proc | edures. | | | |

Description: T4 RNA Ligase catalyzes the ATP-dependent ligation of single-stranded RNA or DNA onto the 5′-phosphoryl termini of single-stranded RNA or DNA. The enzyme, purified from recombinant *E. coli* CA4 (RNase I-deficient), has an apparent molecular weight of 43.5kDa. T4 RNA Ligase also catalyzes the addition of [5′-3²P] nucleoside 3′,5′-bis (phosphate) onto single-stranded RNA

Features:

- May Be Heat-Inactivated: T4 RNA Ligase may be inactivated by heating at 65°C for 15 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 500mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.8 at 25°C), 100mM MgCl₂, 50mM DTT, 10mM ATP.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Kinases and DNA Labeling Systems

T4 Polynucleotide Kinase

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| T4 Polynucleotide Kinase | 100 u 5–10 u/µl | M4101 |
| | 1,000 u 5-10 u/µl | M4103 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| T4 PNK Buffer Pack | 1.5 ml | C1313 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: T4 Polynucleotide Kinase catalyzes the transfer of the γ-phosphate from ATP to the 5'-terminus of polynucleotides or to mononucleotides bearing a 5'-hydroxyl group. The enzyme, purified from recombinant E. coli, may be used to phosphorylate RNA, DNA and synthetic oligonucleotides prior to subsequent manipulations such as ligation.

- May Be Heat-Inactivated: T4 Polynucleotide Kinase may be inactivated by heating at 68°C for 10 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 700mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.6 at 25°C), 100mM MgCl₂, 50mM DTT.
- Blue/White Cloning Qualified: Promega's blue/white cloning assay provides a higher level of quality control for enzymes used in cloning
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

DNA 5' End-Labeling System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| DNA 5' End-Labeling System | 10 reactions | U2010 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic I | Procedures. | | |

Description: The DNA 5' End-Labeling System is a complete system for phosphorylating both double- and single-stranded DNA and RNA with T4 Polynucleotide Kinase and [γ-32P]ATP. The system includes enzymes, buffers and control DNA standards to measure reaction efficiencies. Calf Intestinal Alkaline Phosphatase is included for removal of the 5'-phosphate prior to labeling with T4 Polynucleotide Kinase.

Features:

- **Convenient:** Can use to label both single-stranded and double-stranded DNA and RNA.
- Complete: System includes enzymes, buffers and control DNA standards for measuring reaction efficiencies (except radionucleotides).
- Flexible: Works with [γ-³²P]ATP, [γ-³³P]ATP or [γ-³⁵S]ATP.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Prime-a-Gene® Labeling System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Prime-a-Gene® Labeling System | 30 reactions | U1100 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 150 ml | P1195 | |
| Labeling 5X Buffer | 300 µl | U1151 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Proces | durae | | |

Description: The Prime-a-Gene® Labeling System provides a complete set of complementary reagents, including Labeling 5X Buffer that contains random synthetic hexadeoxynucleotide primers for random-primed labeling of linear template DNA with radionucleotides. As little as 25ng of input DNA can be used to generate probes with specific activities $>1 \times 10^9$ cpm/µg.

- Ready to Use: Includes reagents needed for random-primed labeling of linear DNA, including random synthetic hexadeoxynucleotide primers (excluding radionucleotides).
- High Specific Activity: Probes with specific activities >1 × 10⁹cpm/μg can be generated.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Nucleases

Exonuclease III



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Exonuclease III | 5,000 u 150- | –200 u/µl | M1811 | |
| | 25,000 u 150- | –200 u/µl | M1815 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagn | nstic Procedures | | | |

Description: Exonuclease III is a 3'→5' exonuclease specific for doublestranded DNA. The enzyme catalyzes the stepwise removal of mononucleotides starting from a 3'-OH at nicks, blunt ends, recessed ends and 3'-overhangs of less than 4 bases, yielding nucleoside 5'-phosphates. Exonuclease III will also degrade DNA from 3'-phosphate ends due to its intrinsic 3'-phosphatase activity. In addition, the enzyme has apurinic endonuclease activity and ribonuclease H activity. Exonuclease III is used in conjunction with S1 nuclease for unidirectional deletion of sequences from the termini of DNA fragments.

Features:

- Flexible: Control deletion rate by varying incubation temperature.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: Exonuclease III may be inactivated by heating to 75°C for 10 minutes.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 660mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0 at 25°C), 6.6mM MgCl₂.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system

System System

Product Cat.# Erase-a-Base™ System (minus vectors & bacterial 1 system E5750 strain)

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Erase-a-Base[™] System is designed for the rapid construction of plasmid or M13 subclones containing progressive unidirectional deletions of any inserted DNA. The system is based on the procedure developed by Henikoff, in which exonuclease III (Exo III) is used to specifically digest insert DNA from a 5' protruding or blunt end restriction site. The adjacent sequencing primer binding site is protected from digestion by a 4-base 3' overhang restriction site or by an α -phosphorothioate-filled end.

Features:

- Rapid: Construction of nested deletions from plasmid or M13 clones are rapid. Construction is complete in a few hours.
- Efficient: Produce deletion sets spanning several kilobases.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Mung Bean Nuclease

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|--------|-------|--|
| Mung Bean Nuclease | 2,000 u 50–100 | 0 u/µl | M4311 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: Mung Bean Nuclease catalyzes the degradation of singlestranded DNA and RNA endonucleolytically to yield 5´-phosphoryl-terminated products. While the nuclease prefers ssDNA over dsDNA by 30,000-fold, at very high concentrations the enzyme degrades double-stranded DNA from both ends. Mung Bean Nuclease has been used for transcript mapping studies, for flushing staggered ends and for the separation of cDNA strands after synthesis with reverse transcriptase and DNA Polymerase I.

Features:

 Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 300mM sodium acetate (pH 5.0 at 15°C), 500mM NaCl, 10mM ZnCl₂.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Ribonuclease H



| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| Ribonuclease H | 50 u 0.5–2 u/μl M4281 |
| | 250 u 0.5–2 u/µl M4285 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: Ribonuclease H (RNase H) is an endonuclease that specifically hydrolyzes the phosphodiester bonds of RNA hybridized to DNA to produce 3'-OH and 5'-P-terminated products. It will not degrade single-stranded nucleic acids, double-stranded DNA or double-stranded RNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Product Size Conc. Cat.# RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease 1,000 u 5-10 u/µl M4261 5,000 u 5-10 u/µl M4265 For Laboratory Use.

Description: RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease is a 27kDa periplasmic enzyme from E. coli that catalyzes the degradation of RNA to cyclic nucleotide monophosphate (NMP) intermediates. Slower hydrolysis further catalyzes the degradation of these intermediates to 3'-NMPs. RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease is one of the few known RNases that can cleave a phosphodiester bond between any two ribonucleotides. RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease may be used to remove RNA from DNA preparations, for RNase protection assays and for mapping or quantitation of RNA by selective cleavage of single-stranded regions.

Features:

- Flexible: RNase ONETM Ribonuclease has the ability to cleave phosphodiester bonds between any two ribonucleotides.
- Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 100mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 50mM EDTA, 2M sodium acetate.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Do not freeze at -70°C. Do not store on dry ice.

RQ1 RNase-Free DNase

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| RQ1 RNase-Free DNase | 1,000 u 1 u/µl M6101 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

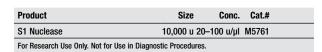
Description: RQ1 RNase-Free DNase is a preparation of deoxyribonuclease I that degrades single-stranded or double-stranded DNA to produce 3'-hydroxyl oligonucleotides. This preparation is qualified for use in applications where maintaining the integrity of RNA is critical.

Features:

• Convenient: 10X Reaction Buffer (400mM Tris-HCl [pH 8.0 at 25°C], 100mM MgSO₄, 10mM CaCl₂) and Stop Buffer (20mM EGTA [pH 8.0 at 25°C]) are provided.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

S1 Nuclease



Description: S1 Nuclease degrades single-stranded DNA and RNA endonucleolytically to yield 5´-phosphoryl-terminated products. Double-stranded nucleic acids (DNA:DNA, DNA:RNA or RNA:RNA) are resistant to degradation except with extremely high concentrations of enzyme. The enzyme is used to remove single-stranded termini from double-stranded DNA, for selective cleavage of single-stranded DNA and for mapping RNA transcripts.

Features:

• Provided with 10X Reaction Buffer: 0.5M sodium acetate (pH 4.5 at 25°C), 2.8M NaCl, 45mM ZnSO₄.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Additional Enzymes

Single-Stranded DNA Binding Protein



Description: E. coli Single-Stranded DNA Binding Protein (SSB) consists of four identical 18.9kDa subunits. It binds with high affinity in a cooperative manner to single-stranded DNA but does not bind well to double-stranded DNA. It is involved in DNA replication and in recombination in vivo.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase. Recombinant

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|
| Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase, | 300 u 30 u/µl | M1871 | |
| Recombinant | 1,500 u 30 u/µl | M1875 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Terminal Transferase Buffer Pack | 3 × 500 μl | M1893 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase, Recombinant, catalyzes the repetitive addition of mononucleotides to the terminal 3´-OH of a DNA initiator accompanied by the release of inorganic phosphate. Single-stranded DNA is preferred as an initiator. Polymerization is not template-dependent. The addition of 1mM Co²⁺ (as CoCl₂) in the reaction buffer allows the tailing of 3'-ends with varying degrees of efficiency.

- Tails Any Type of 3' End: The presence of 1mM CoCl₂ in the reaction buffer allows the tailing of any type of 3' end (3' and 5' overhangs or blunt ends).
- Tested for Apoptotic DNA Labeling: Each lot of enzyme is qualified for success in the procedure outlined in the DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System Technical Bulletin #TB235.
- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: 500mM cacodylate buffer (pH 6.8 at 25°C), 5mM CoCl₂, 0.5mM DTT.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Topoisomerase I

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|----------|-------|--|
| Topoisomerase I | 200 u 2- | -10 u/µl | M2851 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | ocedures. | | | |

Description:

Topoisomerase I, isolated from wheat germ, is an enzyme capable of removing negative supercoils from covalently closed circular DNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Ribonuclease Inhibitors

RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor Massin® Plus RNase Inhibi

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor | 2,500 u 40 u/µl N2611 |
| | 10,000 u 40 u/µl N2615 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor is a recombinant mammalian RNase inhibitor that is expressed as a soluble protein in E. coli, allowing easy purification through a combination of ion exchange and hydrophobic interaction chromatography. The protein is capable of inhibiting eukaryotic RNases (e.g., RNase A and RNase B) similarly to human placental RNase inhibitor. RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor is tested in RT-PCR and is compatible with enzymes such as AMV, M-MLV and ImProm-IITM Reverse Transcriptases or Tag and Tfl DNA Polymerases. RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor also is tested and compatible with quantitative, real-time RT-PCR in a TagMan® assay.

The inhibitor offers increased resistance to oxidation over the human version of the protein. Two cysteines in the human protein have been identified as especially sensitive to oxidation and react by forming a disulfide bond that can block the active site of the inhibitor. RNasin® Plus, through natural amino acid diversity, lacks the ability to form this site-blocking disulfide. In addition, the new protein has characteristics never before realized, including continued inhibition of RNases above 50°C. Heating solutions of RNasin® Plus and RNase followed by cooling does not result in the reappearance of RNase activity—even when the solution is heated above the denaturation temperature of the RNasin® Plus protein alone. This allows RNasin® Plus to protect RNA species prior to, during and after heating, even at temperatures normally used during first-strand DNA synthesis in RT-PCR. We have taken solutions up to 70°C for 15 minutes and did not see RNase reactivation.

Features:

- Improved Resistance to Oxidation: Due to natural amino acid diversity, RNasin® Plus lacks the capability to form the active site-blocking disulfide bond that can form in the human protein under oxidative conditions.
- Improved Purification: RNasin® Plus is expressed by *E. coli* as a soluble protein, allowing easy purification by a combination of ion exchange and hydrophobic interaction chromatography. No direct affinity chromatography required. The new process yields a >90% pure protein with no E. coli RNase carryover.
- Proven Compatibility with RT-PCR Systems: RNasin® Plus has proven compatible with the Access and AccessQuick™ RT-PCR Systems, ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcription System and the Reverse Transcription System. Also proven compatible with TaqMan®-based RT-PCR Systems.
- Protection During RNA Template Denaturation: Heating mixtures of RNasin® Plus and RNase does not lead to reactivation of the RNase at temperatures even as high as 70°C for 15 minutes. Many RT-PCR protocols call for RNA template denaturation (e.g., 65–70°C for 5–10 minutes) in the presence of the RT primers prior to full RT reaction assembly for maximum sensitivity. You can now include RNasin® Plus at this step.
- Protection During Higher Temperature RT Reactions: Add RNasin® Plus during RT reaction assembly and take the reaction to temperatures above 50°C with enzymes like the ImProm-II™ and AMV Reverse Transcriptases. RNases that may be present will not be reactivated at the higher temperature.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





stocking system



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease | 2,500 u 20–40 u/µl | N2511 | |
| Inhibitor | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2515 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: RNases are ubiquitous, cause RNA degradation and can compromise RNA integrity. Recombinant RNasin® Inhibitor is a 50kDa protein that inhibits RNase A family and human placental RNases by noncovalently binding to RNases in a 1:1 ratio. Recombinant RNasin® Inhibitor does not inhibit RNase T1, S1 nuclease, RNase from Aspergillus, RNase H, RNase ONETM Ribonuclease and enzymes for downstream applications such as GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase, AMV/M-MLV reverse transcriptases, SP6, T7/T3 RNA polymerase, and Tag DNA polymerases. Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

- Inhibits Common Eukaryotic RNases: Carries broad-spectrum RNase inhibitory properties.
- Compatible: Does not inhibit SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase; GoScript™, AMV or M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase; or Tag DNA polymerase.
- Broad pH Range (pH 5-8): Offers flexibility in downstream assays.
- Recombinantly Produced: Minimizes chances of human nucleic acid contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Native RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor



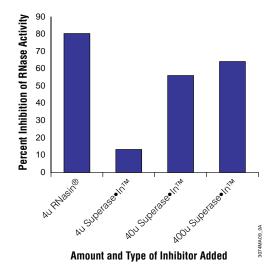
| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|-------|
| RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor | 2,500 u 20–40 u/µl | N2111 |
| | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2115 |
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease | 2,500 u 20–40 u/µl | N2511 |
| Inhibitor | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2515 |
| N2111, N2115 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. N2511, N2515 For Laboratory Use. | | |

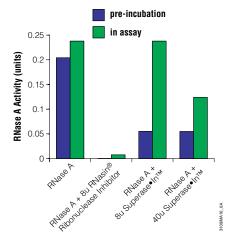
Description: Native RNasin® Inhibitor is a 50kDa protein that inhibits RNase A family and human placental RNases by noncovalently binding to RNases in a 1:1 ratio. Recombinant RNasin® Inhibitor does not inhibit RNase T1, S1 nuclease, RNase from *Aspergillus*, RNase H, RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease and enzymes for downstream applications such as GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase, AMV/M-MLV reverse transcriptases, SP6, T7/T3 RNA polymerase and Taq DNA polymerases.

Features:

- Inhibits Common Eukaryotic RNases: Carries broad-spectrum RNase inhibitory properties.
- Compatible: Does not inhibit SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase; GoScript™, AMV or M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase; or Tag DNA polymerase.
- Broad pH Range (pH 5-8): Offers flexibility in downstream assays.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Comparison of RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor and Superase•In™ inhibition of RNase A activity. Panel A. Total yeast RNA assay. Total yeast RNA was incubated in the presence of 5ng RNase A for 5 minutes at 37°C in 0.5ml of reaction mix containing 50mM MOPS and 5mM MgCl₂ (pH 6.5). The indicated amounts of inhibitor (RNasin® or Superase●In™) were mixed with the RNA prior to RNase addition. After incubation, 0.5ml 10% TCA was added to stop the reaction and to precipitate the large RNA molecules. An OD₂₈₀ measurement was taken of the TCA-soluble material. Panel B. "Pre-incubation" and "in assay" conditions. The total yeast RNA assay was performed as described in Panel A along with an experimental modification of "pre-incubation." For the pre-incubation assay, the ribonuclease inhibitors were mixed with RNase and incubated for 15 minutes at 22°C. The pre-incubation mix was then added to the RNA.



Subcloning Tools and Vectors

Subcloning Tools Bundle

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Subcloning Tools Bundle | 1 each | M1060 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | cedures. Product ma | av not be a | vailable in |

For Research Use Unly. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. Product may not be available if all countries. Please contact your local representative for more information.

Description: Speed your subcloning with these easy-to-use tools. Purchase the Subcloning Tools Bundle, and get LigaFast™ Rapid DNA Ligation System, TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase, BenchTop 100bp DNA Ladder, Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System and PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System for one low price. It's like getting the PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System for free.

Features:

- LigaFastTM Rapid DNA Ligation System: Rapid room temperature ligations of vectors and inserts in as little as 5 minutes. Transform competent bacteria immediately following the reaction.
- TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase: Use rapid protocol (included) to digest and dephosphorylate at the same time or use in standard application. Heat kill the enzyme after the reaction in 15 minutes. Active in common restriction enzyme buffers with no zinc requirement.
- BenchTop 100bp DNA Ladder: Ready-to-load marker for agarose gel electrophoresis. Use when gel purifying either vector or insert.
- Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System: Rapid gel purification of fragments for 100bp to 10kb. Great for removing enzymes from DNA as well. High-capacity and low elution volume.
- PureYieldTM Plasmid Miniprep System: Rapid 10-minute miniprep.
 Prepare your vector for subcloning or use to screen for recombinants. Go from screening to transfection thanks to the high-quality DNA.

Storage Conditions: Store the LigaFast™ Rapid DNA Ligation System (M8221) and TSAP Thermosensitive Alkaline Phosphatase (M9910) at −20°C. Store the BenchTop 100bp DNA Ladder at 22–25°C; storage at −20°C can enhance the shelf life of this product. Store the Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System (A9281) and PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System (A1223) at 22–25°C.

Flexi® Cloning System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---|----------------|--|
| Flexi® System, Entry/ Transfer | 5 entry and 20 transfer reactions | C8640 | |
| Flexi® System, Transfer | 100 transfer reactions | C8820 | |
| Carboxy Flexi® System, Transfer | 50 transfer reactions | C9320 | |
| | | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Available Separately 10X Flexi® Enzyme Blend (| | Cat.# R1851 | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Sgfl & Pmel) 25 µl 100 µl | R1851 | |
| 10X Flexi® Enzyme Blend (| Sgfl & Pmel) 25 μl 100 μl nd (Sgfl & EcolCRI) 50 μl | R1851 R1852 | |

Description: The Flexi[®] Vector System is a directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions without the need to resequence.

All Flexi® Vectors carry the lethal barnase gene, which is replaced by the DNA fragment of interest and acts as a positive selection for the successful ligation of the insert.

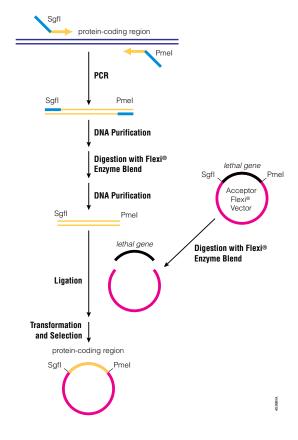
Unlike site-specific recombination vector systems, the Flexi® Vector Systems do not require appending multiple amino acids to the amino or carboxy termini of the protein of interest. In addition, the systems do not require an archival entry vector, and most applications allow direct entry into the vector suited to the experimental design.

C-terminal Flexi® Vectors allow expression of C-terminal-tagged proteins. While these vectors can act as acceptors of protein-coding regions flanked by Sgfl and Pmel, they lack a Pmel site and contain a different blunt-ended site, EcolCRI. This joined sequence cannot be removed from the C-terminal Flexi® Vectors and transferred to other Flexi® Vectors.

Features:

- Versatility: You can choose between a variety of initial applications (e.g., bacterial protein, mammalian or cell-free protein expression) and then transfer to others as required.
- Time Savings: Efficient transfer allows direct use of recombinant clones, minimizing time wasted screening background colonies.
- Enhanced Productivity: Adaptable to high-throughput formats for large screening projects.
- Easy Access: No licensing fees or complicated transfer restrictions.

Storage Conditions: Cat.# C8640 is comprised of Cat.# C8641 and A9280. Store Cat.# C8641 at -20°C; store Cat.# A9280 at room temperature. Store Cat.# C8820 and C9320 at -20°C. Store enzyme blends at -20°C.





Helix® on-site stocking system

Untagged Flexi® Mammalian Expression **Vectors**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pF4A CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8481 | |
| pF4K CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8491 | |
| pF5A CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9401 | |
| pF5K CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9411 | |
| pF9A CMV hRluc-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9361 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: These vectors are designed specifically for high-level expression of proteins in mammalian cells from the CMV promoter with or without a selectable marker. The pFN9A Vector provides Renilla luciferase, which may be used as a transfection control. The pFN9A Vector was designed to complement pGL4 firefly luciferase vectors when exogenous proteins (e.g., a receptor of transcription factor) must be expressed for reporter assays. All inserts may be confirmed by cell-free expression with the TNT® T7 Quick System (Cat.# L1170).

Note: Flexi® Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of E. coli without an insert.

Features:

- Versatility: You can choose between a variety of initial applications (e.g., bacterial protein, mammalian, or cell-free protein expression) and then transfer to others as required.
- Time Savings: Efficient transfer allows for direct use of recombinant clones, minimizing time wasted screening background colonies.
- Enhanced Productivity: Adaptable to high-throughput formats for large screening projects.
- Easy Access: No licensing fees or complicated transfer restrictions.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

HaloTag® Vectors for E. coli and Cell-Free **Protein Expression**

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| pH6HTN His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G7971 |
| pH6HTC His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G8031 |
| pF1A T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8441 |
| pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8451 |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2751 |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2681 |
| pFN19A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1891 |
| pFN19K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1841 |
| pFC20A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1681 |
| pFC20K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1691 |
| pFN29A His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8261 |
| pFN29K His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8331 |
| pFC30A His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8321 |
| pFC30K His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Flexi [®] Vector | 20 µg | G8381 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: These vectors are used for inducible expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins in E. coli and cell-free systems using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter. Expression levels depend highly on the nature of the protein, but in general the N-terminal HaloTag® fusion protein (e.g., pFN18A/K, Cat.# G2751, G2681) can increase expression level, enhance refolding and boost solubility of the expressed protein. HaloTag® vectors are supplied in two formats: as multiple cloning site (MCS) vectors for traditional cloning and as Flexi® System vectors.

The Flexi® Vector System is a simple, directional cloning method for proteincoding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence. Direct transfers can only occur between two N-terminal tagged vectors or from an N-terminal to a C-terminal vector. The MCS vectors and several Flexi® system vectors contain a His6-HaloTag® dual tag. The dual tag enables protein purification with the reusable Ni-resin while retaining the HaloTag® covalent labeling properties.



Multiple Cloning Site (MCS) Vectors

pH6HTN ${\rm His_6HaloTag^8}$ T7 Vector (Cat.# G7971) is designed for protein expression with an N-terminal ${\rm His_6}$ -HaloTag[®] dual tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

pH6HTC ${\rm His_6HaloTag^8}$ T7 Vector (Cat.# G8031) is designed for protein expression with a C-terminal ${\rm His_6}$ -HaloTag® dual tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

Flexi® System Vectors

pF1A/KT7 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# C8441, C8451) are designed for untagged protein expression.

pFN18A/K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G2751, G2681) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal HaloTag® in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

pFN19A/K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G1891, G1841) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal HaloTag® in T7 and SP6 cell-free expression systems. These vectors are optimized for cell-free expression systems.

pFC20A/K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G1681, G1691) are designed for protein expression with a C-terminal HaloTag® in *E. coli* and SP6 cell-free expression systems. These vectors are optimized for cell-free expression systems.

pFN29A/K His $_6$ HaloTag 8 T7 Flexi 9 Vectors (Cat.# G8261, G8331) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal His $_6$ -HaloTag 9 dual tag in *E. coli* T7 cell-free expression systems.

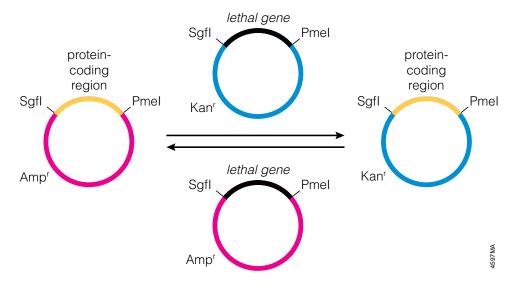
pFC30A/K His $_6$ HaloTag $^{\otimes}$ T7 Flexi $^{\otimes}$ Vectors (Cat.# G8321, G8381) are designed for protein expression with a C-terminal His $_6$ -HaloTag $^{\otimes}$ dual tag in *E. coli* T7 cell-free expression systems.

Note: Flexi® Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of *E. coli* without an insert.

Features:

- Choice of Systems: Choose between traditional (MCS) and Flexi[®] cloning to get the benefits of HaloTag[®] technology.
- Dual Tag: Couple the protein solubility and labeling benefits of HaloTag® technology with the reusability and the throughput of Ni-affinity technology.
- Versatile Cloning: Choose from a variety of expression systems and fusion tag orientations and then transfer to others as required (for Flexi[®] system).
- Time Savings: Barnase insert (Flexi® system) decreases the number of background colonies, allowing efficient transfer of genetic constructs.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.



Transferring coding regions in the Flexi® Vector System.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

•• HQ and GST Tag Flexi® Vectors for E. coli and Cell-Free Protein Expression

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pFN2A (GST) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8461 | |
| pFN2K (GST) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8471 | |
| pFN6A (HQ) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8511 | |
| pFN6K (HQ) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8521 | |
| pFC7A (HQ) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8531 | |
| pFC7K (HQ) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8541 | |
| pF1A T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8441 | |
| pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8451 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: These vectors are used for inducible expression of HQ- and GST-tagged fusion proteins in *E. coli* and cell-free systems using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter. The HQ tag and polyhistidine tag (His) are comparable in their affinity for Ni ions and will bind to all His-binding surfaces and resins. In certain cases the HQ-tagged proteins can be eluted from the affinity columns at lower concentrations of imidazole—a property useful for some downstream applications such as enzymatic reactions. As with His tag, proteins can be expressed from bacterial, insect and mammalian systems and purified under either native or denaturing conditions. The GST tag has been successfully used to boost tagged protein solubility during *E. coli* expression.

The Flexi® Vector System is a simple, directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence. Direct transfers can only occur between two N-terminal tagged vectors or from an N-terminal to a C-terminal vector.

pFN2A/K (GST) Flexi® Vectors are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal GST tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems. pFN6A/K (HQ) Flexi® Vectors are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal HQ tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems. pFC7A/K (HQ) Flexi® Vectors are designed for protein expression with an C-terminal HQ in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

pF1A/K T7 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# C8441, C8451) are designed for inducible expression of native untagged protein.

Note: Flexi® Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of *E. coli* without an insert.

Features:

- Easy to Implement and Reliable: Choose between traditional His-affinity and GST-affinity resins for standard protein purification and prokaryotic expression applications.
- Cost-Effective: Technology for reusable and cost-efficient Ni (His-affinity) and gluthathione (GST-affinity) resins.
- Versatile Cloning: Choose from a variety of expression systems and fusion tag orientations and then transfer to others as required (for Flexi® system).
- Time Savings: Barnase insert (Flexi® system) decreases the number of background colonies, allowing efficient transfer of genetic constructs.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

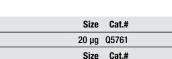
pALTER®-MAX Vector

Product

pALTER®-MAX Vector

Available Separately

Ampicillin Repair Oligonucleotide



30 µl Q6311

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pALTER®-MAX Vector is a 5,534bp plasmid. It contains the human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate-early enhancer/promoter region for strong, constitutive expression of cloned DNA inserts in a variety of mammalian cell types. The pALTER®-MAX Vector as supplied is chloramphenicol-resistant and ampicillin-sensitive.

Storage Conditions: Store vector DNA at -20°C.

pGEM®-3Z Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| pGEM®-3Z Vector | 20 µg | P2151 |
| For Donnersh House Only Not for House in Diagnostic Donnerships | | · |

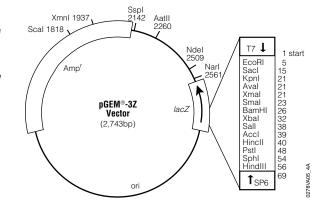
Description: The pGEM®-3Z Vector is intended for use as a standard cloning vector, as well as for the highly efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro. The vector carries the lacZ α -peptide and the multiple cloning region arrangement from pUC18 allowing selection of recombinants by blue/white screening. In addition, the vector contains both the SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.

The pGEM®-3Z and pGEM®-4Z Vectors are essentially identical except for the orientation of the SP6 and T7 promoters.

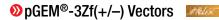
Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones
- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20 °C.







| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2271 | |
| pGEM®-3Zf(-) Vector | 20 μg | P2261 | |

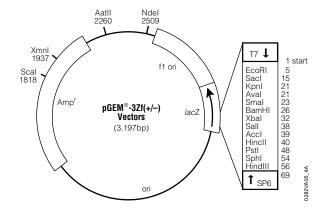
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGEM®-3Zf(+) and pGEM®-3Zf(-) Vectors are derived from the pGEM®-3Z Vector and contain the origin of replication of the filamentous phage f1. These plasmids contain T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a multiple cloning region within the α -peptide coding region of β-galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α -peptide allows recombinant clones to be identified directly by color screening on indicator plates when using appropriate *E. coli* strains (e.g., JM109). The multiple cloning region contains unique restriction sites for EcoRl, Sacl, Kpnl, Aval, Smal, BamHl, Xbal, Sall, Accl, Hincll, Pstl, Sphl and Hindlll. The pGEM®-3Zf(+) and -3Zf(-) Vectors are identical except for the orientation of the f1 origin and can be used as standard cloning vectors, as templates for in vitro transcription and for the production of circular ssDNA.

Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones.
- Versatile: These vectors can be used for standard cloning, single-stranded DNA production and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.



pGEM®-4Z Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-4Z Vector | 20 µg | P2161 | |
| For Pagagrah Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

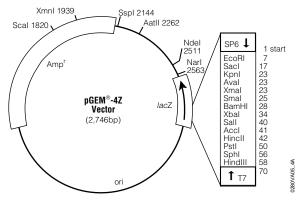
Description: The pGEM®-4Z Vector is intended for use as a standard cloning vector, as well as for the highly efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro. The vector carries the lacZ α -peptide and the multiple cloning region arrangement from pUC18 allowing selection of recombinants by blue/white screening. In addition, the vector contains both the SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.

The pGEM®-3Z and pGEM®-4Z Vectors are essentially identical except for the orientation of the SP6 and T7 promoters.

Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones.
- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.





Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector

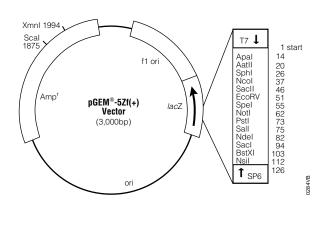
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2241 | |
| For Pagazeh Llea Only Not for Llea in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector is derived from the pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector and contains the origin of replication of the filamentous phage f1. This plasmid serves as a standard cloning vector, as a template for in vitro transcription and can be used for the production of circular ssDNA. This vector contains T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a multiple cloning region within the α-peptide coding region of β-galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α-peptide allows recombinant clones to be identified directly by color screening on indicator plates when using appropriate *E. coli* strains (e.g., JM109). The multiple cloning region contains unique restriction sites for Apal, Aatll, Sphl, Ncol, Sacll, EcoRV, Spel, Notl, Pstl, Sall, Ndel, Sacl, BstXl and Nsil. This arrangement is designed specifically for generating unidirectional deletions with the Erase-a-BaseTM System.

Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones
- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning, single-stranded DNA production and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.
- Unidirectional Deletions: Restriction sites are positioned conveniently for use with the Erase-a-Base™ System.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.



pGEM®-7Zf(+/-) Vectors

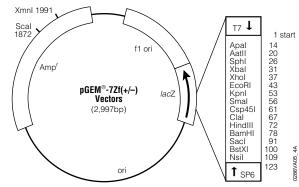
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-7Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2251 | |
| pGEM®-7Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2371 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The pGEM®-7Zf(+) and pGEM®-7Zf(-) Vectors are derivatives of the pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector and contain the origin of replication of the filamentous phage f1. These plasmids serve as standard cloning vectors, as templates for in vitro transcription and can be used for the production of circular ssDNA. These plasmids contain SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a region of multiple cloning sites within the α -peptide coding region of β-galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α -peptide allows recombinant clones to be identified directly by color screening on indicator plates when using appropriate *E. coli* strains (e.g., JM109). The multiple cloning region is unique and includes restriction sites for Apal, Aatll, Sphl, Xbal, Xhol, EcoRl, Kpnl, Smal, Clal, Hindlll, BamHl, Sacl, BstXl and Nsil. This arrangement is designed specifically for generating unidirectional deletions with the Erase-a-BaseTM System. pGEM®-7Zf(+) and pGEM®-7Zf(-) Vectors are identical except for the orientation of the f1 origin.

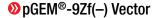
Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones.
- Versatile: These standard cloning vectors are equipped for singlestranded DNA production and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.
- Unidirectional Deletions: Restriction sites are positioned conveniently for use with the Erase-a-Base™ System.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.







| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-9Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2391 | |

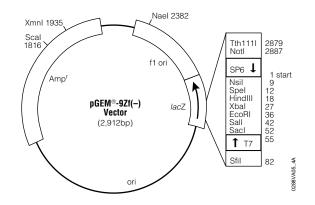
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGEM®-9Zf(—) Vector is a recombinant plasmid designed to provide a versatile range of cloning strategies, efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro and the production of single-stranded DNA. The plasmid contains T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a multiple cloning region within the α -peptide coding region of β -galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α -peptide allows recombinant clones to be identified directly by color screening on indicator plates when using appropriate *E. coli* strains (e.g., JM109). The multiple cloning region is unique and includes restriction sites for Nsil, Spel, HindIll, Xbal, EcoRl, Sall and Sacl.

Features:

- Excisable SP6/T7 Insert: This vector allows the excision of an insert containing the SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters.
- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones.
- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning, single-stranded DNA production and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.



pGEM®-11Zf(+/-) Vectors

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|----------------------|-------------|
| pGEM®-11Zf(+) Vector | 20 μg P2411 |
| pGEM®-11Zf(-) Vector | 20 μg P2421 |

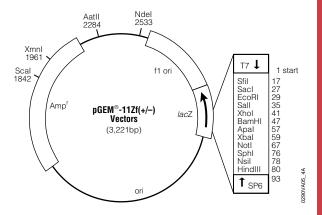
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGEM®-11Zf(+) and pGEM®-11Zf(-) Vectors can be used as standard cloning vectors, as templates for in vitro transcription and for the production of ssDNA. These plasmids contain T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a multiple cloning region within the α -peptide coding region of β-galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α -peptide allows recombinant clones to be identified directly by color screening on indicator plates when using appropriate *E. coli* strains (e.g., JM109). The multiple cloning region contains unique restriction sites for Sfil, Sacl, EcoRl, Sall, Xhol, BamHl, Apal, Xbal, Notl, Sphl, Nsil and Hindlll. The pGEM®-11Zf(-) and pGEM®-11Zf(+) Vectors are identical except for the orientation of the f1 origin.

Features:

- Blue/White Screening: Allows the easy identification of recombinant clones
- Versatile: These vectors can be used for standard cloning, single-stranded DNA production and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C and bacterial strain at -70°C.





Helix® on-site stocking system

pSP64 Poly(A) Vector

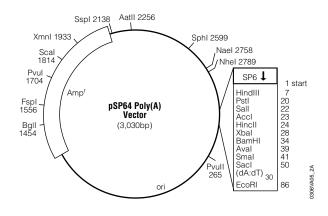
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP64 Poly(A) Vector | 20 µg | P1241 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pSP64 Poly(A) Vector can be used as a standard cloning vector and for in vitro transcription from the SP6 promoter. The pSP64 Poly(A) Vector also can be used to generate poly(A)+ transcripts in vitro. The vector has a stretch of 30 dA:dT residues inserted between the SacI and EcoRI sites. Therefore, when foreign DNA is cloned into any polylinker site other than EcoRI (HindIII, Pstl, SaII, AccI, HincII, XbaI, BamHI, AvaI, Smal or SacI), linearization of the recombinant plasmid with EcoRI allows the use of SP6 RNA polymerase in vitro to prepare RNA copies of the inserted sequences that contain a synthetic 3′ "poly(A)" tail of 30 residues.

Features:

- In Vitro Transcription: The SP6 promoter is next to the polylinker.
- Generates Poly(A)+ Transcripts In Vitro: A stretch of 30 dA:dT residues are inserted between the Sacl and EcoRl sites in the polylinker. Poly(A) tails can stabilize RNAs and lead to greater yields for in vitro translation reactions.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning region provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C.



pSP72 Vector

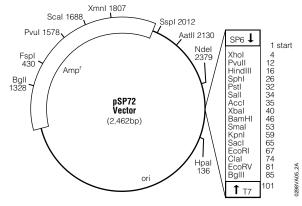
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP72 Vector | 20 µg | P2191 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pSP72 Vector can be used as a standard cloning vector and also can be used for transcription of RNA in vitro. The pSP72 Vector contains the SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking a unique multiple cloning region, which includes restriction sites for Xhol, Pvull, Hindlll, Sphl, Pstl, Sall, Accl, Xbal, BamHI, Smal, Kpnl, Sacl, EcoRl, Clal, EcoRV and Bglll. The pSP72 and pSP73 Vectors are essentially identical except for the orientation of the multiple cloning site region.

Features:

- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C.







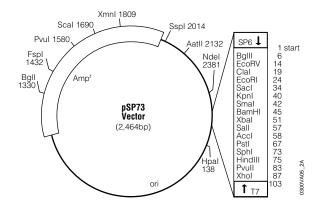
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP73 Vector | 20 µg | P2221 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The pSP73 Vector offers a wide range of restriction sites, providing greater versatility in cloning and transcription of RNA in vitro. The pSP73 Vector contains the SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters and a unique multiple cloning region, which includes restriction sites for BgIII, EcoRV, ClaI, EcoRI, SacI, KpnI, Smal, BamHI, XbaI, SalI, AccI, PstI, SphI, HindIII, PvuII and XhoI. The pSP72 and pSP73 Vectors are essentially identical except for the orientation of the multiple cloning region.

Features:

- Versatile: This vector can be used for standard cloning and in vitro transcription from SP6 and T7 RNA polymerase promoters flanking the multiple cloning region.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C.



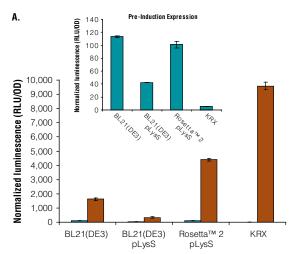
Bacterial Strains and Competent Cells

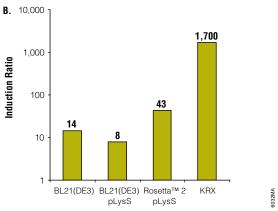
Bacterial Strains

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Bacterial Strain ES1301 mutS, Glycerol Stock | | | |
| (noncompetent) | 200 µl | Q6131 | |
| Bacterial Strain BMH 71-18 mutS, Glycerol Stock | | | |
| (noncompetent) | 500 µl | Q6321 | |
| Bacterial Strain JM109, Glycerol Stock | 500 µl | P9751 | |
| Bacterial Strain JM109(DE3), Glycerol Stock | 500 µl | P9801 | |
| Bacterial Strain LE392, Glycerol Stock | 500 µl | K9981 | |
| Bacterial Strain NM522, Glycerol Stock | 500 µl | P2301 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Competent Cells

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|
| Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells | $20\times 50~\mu l$ | L3002 | |
| L-Rhamnose Monohydrate | 10 g | L5701 | |
| | 50 g | L5702 | |
| Single-Use JM109 Competent Cells, >108cfu/µg | 1 ml | L2005 | |
| JM109 Competent Cells, >107cfu/µg | 1 ml | L1001 | |
| JM109 Competent Cells, >108cfu/µg | 1 ml | L2001 | |
| Single-Use HB101 Competent Cells, >108cfu/µg | 1 ml | L2015 | |
| HB101 Competent Cells, >108cfu/µg | 1 ml | L2011 | |
| Single-Use Pro 5-alpha Competent Cells, | | | |
| >10 ⁹ cfu/µg | 1 ml | L1221 | |
| Single-Use BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells | 1 ml | L1195 | |
| BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells, >106cfu/µg | 1 ml | L1191 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | es. | | |





Pre-induction and post-induction expression levels of firefly luciferase. Cells were transformed with the pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector containing the firefly luciferase gene. Cultures were grown at 37°C to an optical density $(0.D_{-600})$ of 0.8–1.0 and then moved to a 25°C incubator shaker. When cultures reached an $0.D_{-600}$ of 1.0–1.5, protein expression was induced using either 0.1% rhamnose or 1mM lPTG and grown overnight at 25°C. Samples for luciferase assays were removed prior to and after induction. **Panel A.** Firefly luciferase expression level was determined using the Bright-GloTM Luciferase Assay Reagent. Pre- and post-induction firefly luciferase expression levels were normalized to cell number (n = 3). **Panel B.** Induction ratios were calculated by dividing the post-induction luminescence values by the pre-induction values.



Helix® on-site stocking system



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- · Simplify reaction setup and save time with a ready-to-use master mix
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Achieve robust and improved PCR using our broad portfolio of amplification products.

Additional products to upgrade your downstream applications:

Use a Safe and Sensitive Fluorescent Dye to Stain Nucleic Acids – Diamond^{$^{\text{M}}$} Nucleic Acid Dye | p. 15 Confidently Extract and Purify DNA Fragments – Wizard^{$^{\text{G}}$} SV and PCR Clean-Up System | p. 142 Increase Your Cloning Efficiencies – pGEM^{$^{\text{G}}$}-T Vector Systems | p. 280

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| | Products tagged with the Haliv® icon are available for d | stribution. |

Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

stocking system

DNA Fragment Purification

Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System

Miller

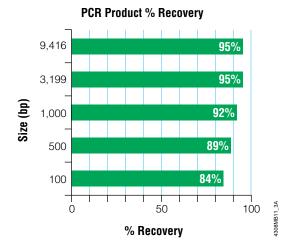
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------------|-------|--|
| Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up | 50 preps | A9281 | |
| System | 250 preps | A9282 | |
| | 1,000 preps | A9285 | |
| Wizard® SV Gel and PCR | 50 preps/25 extractors | A9283 | |
| Clean-Up System and x-tracta [™] Gel Extractor Bundle | 250 preps/100 extractors | A9284 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Membrane Binding Solution | 20 ml | A9301 | |
| Vacuum Adapters | 20 each | A1331 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Dia | gnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Wizard[®] SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System is designed to extract and purify DNA fragments of 100bp to 10kb from standard or low-melting agarose gels or to purify products directly from PCR and other common reactions such as restriction digests. Up to 95% recovery is achieved, depending upon the DNA fragment size. PCR products are commonly purified to remove excess nucleotides and primers. This membrane-based system, which can bind up to 40μg of DNA, allows recovery of isolated DNA fragments or PCR products in as little as 15 minutes, depending on the number of samples processed. The purified DNA can be used for automated fluorescent DNA sequencing, cloning, labeling, restriction enzyme digestion or in vitro transcription/translation without further manipulation.

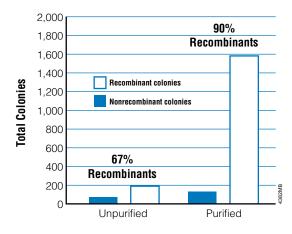
Features

- Improved Productivity: Purify DNA fragments or PCR products in as little as 15 minutes.
- Enhanced Cloning Results: Up to 95% recovery eluted in as little as 15ul.
- Confidence in Results: Purified DNA routinely achieves 700 bases with >98% accuracy in automated fluorescent sequencing.
- Applications Tested: DNA is suitable for automated fluorescent sequencing, cloning, labeling, restriction enzyme digestion or in vitro transcription/translation without further manipulation.
- One System to Do It All: One system can replace up to four kits from other suppliers.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Percent recovery of PCR products (100bp–9kb) from agarose gel slices using the Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System.



Purification of PCR products enhances cloning success. A 500bp PCR product was purified with the Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System and cloned into the pGEM®-T Easy Vector. Both the percent recombinants and total number of colonies increase with a pure PCR product. White bars represent recombinant colonies. Blue bars represent nonrecombinant colonies.



∞x-tracta™ Gel Extractor **E**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------------|-------|--|
| x-tracta™ Gel Extractor | 25 /pack | A2121 | |
| | 100 /pack | A2122 | |
| Wizard® SV Gel and PCR | 50 preps/25 extractors | A9283 | |
| Clean-Up System and x-tracta [™] Gel Extractor Bundle | 250 preps/100 extractors | A9284 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Die | annotic Procedures | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The x-tracta[™] Gel Extractor tool provides a convenient, safe method for removal of agarose gel fragments for further processing. The device removes a 0.13×0.33 inch gel piece from agarose gels for easy transfer into a microcentrifuge tube for processing. The x-tracta[™] tool eliminates the need for razor blades or scalpels, and its single-use design eliminates the possibility for sample-to-sample cross-contamination.

Note: The x-tracta[™] Gel Extractor works best on 0.6–2% analytical grade agarose gels. Please exercise caution if using the x-tracta™ Gel Extractor on Low Melting Point (LMP) agarose gels because the extractor does not work effectively on these due to the gel consistency.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Wizard® PCR Preps DNA Purification System

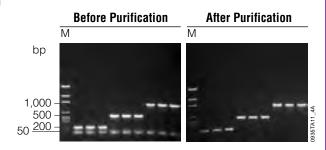
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Wizard® PCR Preps DNA Purification System | 50 preps | A7170 | |
| | 250 preps | A2180 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Wizard® PCR Preps DNA Purification Resin | 250 ml | A7181 | |
| Direct Purification Buffer | 25 ml | A7241 | |
| Wizard® Minicolumns | 250 each | A7211 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Wizard® PCR Preps DNA Purification System provides a simple, reliable way to purify double-stranded PCR-amplified DNA. Using the 15-minute batch column purification method, PCR products are effectively separated from contaminants, including primer-dimers and amplification primers. This system also can be used to purify DNA fragments from agarose gels. The DNA can be eluted in water or TE buffer, free of salts or macromolecular contaminants. Multiple PCR Preps may be processed easily at one time with the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A7231).

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Purify PCR products directly from reactions in 15 minutes.
- Flexibility: Separate PCR products from other reaction components such as primers and primer-dimers or from gel slices.
- Labor Saving Format: Process multiple purifications simultaneously using the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Recovery of PCR products using Wizard® PCR Preps Resin. A representative sample from the simultaneous purification of 96 PCR products was chosen to determine the effectiveness of the procedure by gel electrophoresis. Equivalent amounts from before and after purification were separated on a 1% agarose gel and stained with ethidium bromide.

Wizard® DNA Clean-Up System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Wizard® DNA Clean-Up System | 100 preps | A7280 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Wizard® DNA Clean-Up System provides a simple and effective way to purify linear and circular DNA (200-50,000bp) from many molecular biology reactions. Using a guick batch-column procedure, the entire process can be completed in 15 minutes or less with no organic extractions or ethanol precipitations. DNA is eluted in water or TE buffer, ready for use.

- Improved Productivity: Results in 15 minutes or less.
- Convenience: No phenol extractions or ethanol precipitations.
- Flexibility: Works with a wide range of DNA sizes from 200–50,000bp in

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



stocking system

Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System | 1 × 96 preps | A9340 | |
| | 100 × 96 preps | A9345 | |
| | 4 × 96 preps | A9341 | |
| | 8 × 96 preps | A9342 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Membrane Binding Solution | 20 ml | A9301 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | redures | | |

Description: The Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System is designed for high-throughput purification of 100bp to 10kb PCR products from excess nucleotides, primers and primer dimers. This membrane-based system allows recovery of >90% in as little as 20 minutes. The purified DNA can be used for automated fluorescent sequencing, cloning, labeling, restriction digestion or microarray analysis without further manipulation. The Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System uses 96-well filtration without the need to disassemble the manifold. Filtrate waste is delivered directly to a vacuum trap, eliminating the need to dispose of collected waste within the manifold assembly. Protocols are available for automated instruments from Beckman Coulter and PerkinElmer.

Features:

- **High Performance:** Optimized methods deliver purified PCR products suitable for demanding applications such as microarray analysis.
- Confidence: Average recovery for 100–500bp fragments of >90%.
 Automated fluorescent sequencing Phred* 20 scores >600.
- Automation: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Your Choice of Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

*A Phred score is a widely recognized method to measure the quality of DNA sequences. Phred is a base-calling program for DNA sequence traces available from Codoncode Corporation.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



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Microarray of purified PCR products. PCR products (300bp) were amplified in the presence or absence of 1M betaine, then purified using the Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System. Panel A. Agarose gel analysis. Purified (P) and unpurified (U) PCR products amplified with (+) or without (-) betaine were separated on an ethidium bromide-stained, 2% agarose gel. Panel B. Representative microarray blocks of purified PCR product hybridized to complementary Cy®-labeled cDNA. Betaine interferes with microarray analysis, so the fact that the microarray data for PCR with and without betaine are equivalent clearly demonstrates removal of betaine using the Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System. 1. PCR product amplified under standard amplification conditions (–betaine). 2. 1M betaine added to the PCR mix.



Wizard® MagneSil® Sequencing Reaction Clean-Up System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| Wizard® MagneSil® Sequencing Reaction | 4 × 96 preps | A1831 | |
| Clean-Up System | 8 × 96 preps | A1832 | |
| Wizard® MagneSil® Sequencing Reaction Clean-Up System, HTP1 | 100 × 96 preps | A1835 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| MagneSil® GREEN | 100 ml | A8231 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Wizard® MagneSil® Sequencing Reaction Clean-Up System was developed for high-throughput purification of sequencing reactions, including BigDye® Terminator reactions. Cleanup is performed using the proprietary MagneSil® GREEN Paramagnetic Particles with standard, nonskirted 96-well amplification plates. No user intervention is required from the time the

96-well amplification plates. No user intervention is required from the time the plates are placed on the instrument until the samples are ready for loading onto the fluorescent DNA sequencer. Protocols are available for automated instruments from Beckman Coulter and Tecan.

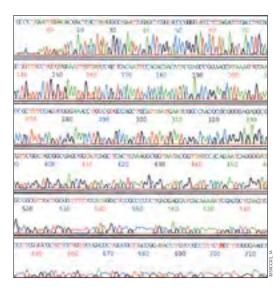
The system relies upon the MagnaBot® II for magnetic separation. The Plate Clamp 96 and Plate Stand are recommended for automated use because they ensure PCR plates are uniformly flat for liquid transfer on a robotic instrument.

Features:

- Get Immediate Results: Validated, walkaway method.
- Gain Confidence in Results: Purified products are approved for fluorescent sequencing reactions. Phred* 20 quality scores ≥650 bases.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

*A Phred score is a widely recognized method to measure the quality of DNA sequences. Phred is a base-calling program for DNA sequence traces available from Codoncode Corporation.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Electropherogram of purified sequencing reactions analyzed on an ABI PRISM® 3700 DNA Sequencer. BigDye® terminator reactions purified with the Wizard® MagneSil® Sequencing Reaction Clean-Up System.



Cleanup is performed using the MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8351) accompanied by the Plate Clamp 96 (Cat.# V8251). These devices are designed to work with most robotic platforms.



stocking system

Genomic DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------|------|
| ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT 96 | 6 × 10ml to 960 × 1ml preps | A1751 | |
| gDNA Isolation System | | A2751 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument | 1 each | A2715 | |
| Alkaline Protease (APA) | 130 ml | A1721 | |
| Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) | 1,400 ml | A1731 | |
| Binding Buffer (BBA) | 1,600 ml | A1741 | |
| ReliaPrep™ Resin | 115 ml | A1752 | |
| Prepared Wash Buffer (WBC) | 3,500 ml | A2681 | |
| Proteinase K (PK) Solution | 23 ml | A5051 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 500 ml | P1197 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| RNase A Solution | 5 ml 4 mg/ml | A7974 | |
| 20X TE Buffer (pH 7.5) | 25 ml | A2651 | |
| Tissue Lysis Buffer (TLA) | 500 ml | A5091 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 1,000 ml | P1199 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument Cover | 1 each | A2712 | |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack | 1 each | A2713 | |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack Stand | 1 each | A2714 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument 1-Year Servi Agreement | ce 1 each | SA1330 | |
| ReliaPrep™ LV 32 HSM Standard Agreement | Service 1 each | SA3070 | |
| Bottle for 50% Ethanol | 1 each | A2691 | |
| A1751 A7074 A0051 A0751 A0715 A | FOO4 84704 D4400 84704 8074 | 0 44744 4 | 0740 |

A1751, A7974, A2651, A2751, A2715, A5091, A1721, P1199, A1731, A2712, A1741, A2713, A1752, A2714, A2681, A5051, SA3070, A2691, P1197 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System isolates genomic DNA (gDNA) from 1–10ml of blood in a scalable format. The chemistry eliminates tedious centrifugation steps as well as the use of hazardous chemicals, which are inherent in precipitation-based chemistries. Each reagent kit provides enough reagents to process up to 96 × 10ml whole blood samples. The system has been automated on robotic liquid-handling workstations, allowing walkaway purification of genomic DNA from 1–10ml of whole blood, regardless of sample storage or shipping conditions. For low-throughput isolation of gDNA from up to 32 samples at one time, the HSM 2.0 can be used in a manual mode, where the user performs the pipetting functions. The HSM has software that controls the instrument and directs the user through the purification protocol.

Features:

- Decrease Hands-On Time: Automation reduces operator time spent on instrument setup and takedown by allowing walkaway operation for large numbers of samples at a time.
- Remove Protocol Bottlenecks: Heater Shaker Magnet eliminates the need to move samples on the robot deck, reducing instrument failures; precipitation-free chemistry dramatically reduces purification failures.
- Achieve Peace of Mind: Automated liquid level sensing for all samples and solutions with operator notification allows recovery of samples in case of error
- Isolate Pure DNA from All Samples: Purification chemistry is equally
 effective at recovering DNA from pristine as well as challenged (hemolysed
 or frozen) samples.
- Save a Day or Two of Processing: Samples are eluted in buffer, ready for use in downstream assays or archiving, eliminating resuspension of pelleted DNA, which can take 24–48 hours.
- Reduce Waste: Chemistry is automatically scaled for each sample, using only the reagent required for optimal purification. Plastic use is also conserved, reducing liquid and solid waste during sample runs.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.



HSM 2.0 Instrument, Cat.# A2715



1000

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------|
| ReliaPrep™ Blood gDNA Miniprep System | 100 preps | A5081 |
| | 250 preps | A5082 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ReliaPrep[™] Blood gDNA Miniprep System provides a complete, ready-to-use method for purification of gDNA from up to $200\mu l$ of blood or body fluid, consistently isolating pure, intact gDNA without the use of alcohol washes or precipitations. Genomic DNA can be prepared from fresh or frozen blood in less than 40 minutes with expected DNA yields of 4–10 μ g, depending on the white blood cell count of the blood sample.

Features

- Easy to Use: Reagents are supplied "ready-to-go"; no additions required.
- Save Time: Eluted DNA obtained in 30 minutes or less.
- No Ethanol: Eliminates alcohol inhibition and carryover.
- Pure gDNA: Improved A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀ ratios vs. the leading competitor.
- Peace of Mind: Consistent results from run to run and between users even with hemolyzed samples.
- Concentrated DNA: Good recovery and purity in as little as 50µl elution. Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

• ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Miniprep System • ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Minipre

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| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-----------|-------|
| ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Miniprep System | 100 preps | A2051 |
| | 250 preps | A2052 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Miniprep System provides a complete, ready-to-use method for purification of gDNA from up to 25mg of tissue, a buccal (cheek) swab, or a 1cm mouse tail snip, obtaining intact gDNA without the use of ethanol washes or precipitations.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Reagents are supplied ready to use—no additions required.
- Save Time: Eluted DNA obtained in 30 minutes or less (hands-on time).
- No Ethanol: Eliminates alcohol inhibition and carryover.
- Pure gDNA: Improved A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀ ratios vs. the leading competitor.
- Peace of Mind: Consistent results from run to run and between users.
- Concentrated DNA: Good recovery and purity in as little as 50µl elution.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

• ReliaPrep™ 96 gDNA Miniprep HT System • Propried to the system of the system of the system of the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the system of the system of the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the system. • Propried to the system of the s

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| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ 96 gDNA Miniprep HT System | 1 × 96 preps | A2670 | |
| | 4 × 96 preps | A2671 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| 20X TE Buffer (pH 7.5) | 25 ml | A2651 | |
| Heat Block Adapter | 1 each | A2661 | |
| RNase A Solution | 5 ml 4 mg/ml | A7974 | |
| 25mM Tris-HCI (pH 8.0) | 60 ml | A2641 | |
| 10mM EDTA (pH 8.0) | 10 ml | A2631 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The ReliaPrep™ 96 gDNA Miniprep HT System provides a simple and reliable method for the rapid isolation of gDNA in a multiwell format. gDNA may be purified from blood and Oragene®•Discover sample collection devices. The purified gDNA can be used directly in PCR assays, microarrays and next-generation sequencing applications. The use of paramagnetic particles for DNA capture eliminates the need for centrifugation or vacuum manifolds, making the system suitable for full automation. In addition, the system does not require an organic solvent, making it safe and convenient. DNA yields of up to 12µg are expected from input blood volumes of 350µl, depending on the WBC count of the sample. Saliva samples can have variable amounts of gDNA, and up to 18µg or more of DNA may be recovered from a 700µl Oragene® collection device sample.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Walkaway automation of genomic DNA extraction.
- Eliminate Sample Rework: Robust, precipitation-free protocol, no chance of lost pellets.
- Simplify Workflow: High yields of pure DNA from pristine and challenged or hemolysed samples.
- Reduce Time to Results: Pure gDNA ready for demanding applications—samples in solution—no resuspension required.

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ FFPE gDNA Miniprep System | 10 reactions | A2351 | |
| | 100 reactions | A2352 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The ReliaPrep™ FFPE gDNA Miniprep System provides a complete, all-inclusive method for purifying quality genomic DNA from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue without using hazardous solvents or overnight digestion. Genomic DNA can be isolated from FFPE tissue in approximately two and one-half hours with minimal hands-on time.

Features:

- Isolate Quality, Intact gDNA: Optimized lysis and binding conditions reverse modifications introduced by the fixation process, resulting in intact, amplifiable gDNA.
- Safely Deparaffinize Your Sample: Deparaffinization step occurs without harsh organic solvents.
- Save Time: Purify gDNA from FFPE tissue in less than two and one-half hours with minimal hands-on time. No overnight digestion required.
- Easy to Use: Minimal preparation time; simply add ethanol and go!

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.



Helix® on-site

stocking system

Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit

Product Size Cat.# Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification 100 isolations × 300 µl A1120 500 isolations × 300 µl A1125 100 isolations × 10 ml A1620 **Available Separately** Size Conc. Cat.# Cell Lysis Solution (Genomic Purification) 1 liter A7933 **Nuclei Lysis Solution** 50 ml A7941 1 liter A7943 **Protein Precipitation Solution** 25 ml A7951 350 ml A7953 **DNA Rehydration Solution** 50 ml A7963

1 ml 4 mg/ml A7973

V3021

100 mg

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit provides a simple, solution-based method for isolation of DNA from white blood cells, tissue culture cells, animal tissue, plant tissue, yeast and Gram-positive and Gramnegative bacteria. DNA purified with this system is suitable for a variety of applications, including amplification, digestion with restriction endonucleases and membrane hybridizations (e.g., Southern and dot/slot blots).

Features:

RNase A Solution

Proteinase K

- Improved Productivity: Rapidly isolate genomic DNA from blood, tissue culture, animal and plant cells, bacteria and yeast in approximately 60 minutes.
- Scalability: Reagent volumes can be adjusted to correspond to the amount of material to be processed.
- Flexibility: Genomic DNA purified from a variety of sample types is suitable for a variety of applications.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

DNA Yields from Various Starting Materials Using the Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit.

| Source | Amount of Starting Material | Typical DNA Yield |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|
| Whole Blood | 300µl | 5–15µg |
| | 1ml | 25–50µg |
| | 10ml | 250-500µg |
| | 96-well plate, 50µl/well | 0.2-0.7µg |
| Tissue Culture Cells | 10 ⁶ –10 ⁷ cells | 5–30µg |
| Animal Tissue | | |
| Mouse Liver | 11mg | 15–20µg |
| Mouse Tail | 0.5–1cm of tail | 10-30µg |
| Insect Cells | 5×10^6 cells | 16µg |
| Plant Leaf Tissue | 40mg | 7–12µg |
| Bacterial Culture* | 10 ⁸ –10 ¹⁰ cells | 5–20µg |
| Yeast* | 1.9×10^8 cells | 4.5–6.5µg |
| *Overnight culture. | | 9483LA |

Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification System

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------------|----------|------------|
| Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification Sy | stem 50 preps | A2360 | |
| Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification Sy | stem 250 preps | A2361 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Wizard® SV Lysis Buffer | 50 ml | Z3052 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 185 ml | A1311 | |
| Nuclei Lysis Solution | 50 ml | A7941 | |
| EDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), Molecular Biology | 100 ml | V4231 | |
| Grade | | | |
| RNase A Solution | 1 ml 4 mg/ml | A7973 | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| Δ2360 Δ6772 73052 Δ2361 Δ6770 Δ7941 V4 | 231 A6774 A7973 V1231 | V4741 Fo | r Research |

A2360, A6772, Z3052, A2361, A6770, A7941, V4231, A6774, A7973, V1231, V4741 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A1311 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification System provides a fast, simple, membrane-based technique for preparing genomic DNA from cultured cells and tissue, including mouse tails. Genomic DNA can be purified from cultured cells in about 20 minutes. Isolation from tissue or mouse tails requires an overnight digestion with Proteinase K (Cat.# V3021). Amplifiable genomic DNA can be isolated from up to 5×10^6 cells, 20mg of tissue or up to 1.2cm of a mouse tail tip without a centrifugation clearing step.

The Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification System can be used in either a microcentrifuge (spin) or vacuum protocol. Up to 20 samples can be processed at once in the vacuum format with the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A7231) and the Vacuum Adapters (Cat.# A1331).

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Obtain genomic DNA approximately 20 minutes after lysis.
- High Yield: Purify 20-30µg of DNA per prep from 1.2cm mouse tail.
- Format Choice: Perform purification by either spin or vacuum formats.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

Average Yield of Genomic DNA Purified From Various Tissues Using the Wizard $^{\rm SV}$ and SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification Systems.

| Sample Type | Starting Amount | Average Yield |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Mouse Tail Clipping | 20mg | 20µg |
| Mouse Liver | 20mg | 15µg |
| Mouse Heart | 20mg | 10µg |
| Mouse Brain | 20mg | 6µg |
| CHO Cells | 1×10^6 cells | 5µg |
| NIH/3T3 Cells | 1×10^6 cells | 9µg |
| 293 Cells | 1×10^6 cells | 8µg |
| | | 9484Ι Δ |



Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------------|--------------|------|
| Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System | 1 × 96 preps | A2370 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System | 4 × 96 preps | A2371 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Wizard® SV Lysis Buffer | 50 ml | Z3052 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 185 ml | A1311 | |
| Nuclei Lysis Solution | 50 ml | A7941 | |
| EDTA, 0.5M (pH 8.0), Molecular Biology Grade | 100 ml | V4231 | |
| RNase A Solution | 1 ml 4 mg/ml | A7973 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 | |
| A2370, A6782, Z3052, A2371, A6780, A7941, V423 | 1 A6784 A7973 A2271 | For Research | llse |

Description: The Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System provides a high-throughput, membrane-based technique for consistent preparation of genomic DNA from cultured cells and tissue, including mouse tails. Amplifiable genomic DNA can be isolated from up to 5×10^6 cells, 20mg of tissue or up to 1.2cm of a mouse tail tip without a centrifugation clearing step.

Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A1311 For Laboratory Use.

With the Wizard® SV Genomic DNA purification system, genomic DNA is purified from cell lysates using 96-well vacuum filtration. Washing the bound DNA requires no disassembly of the manifold, and filtrate waste products are delivered directly to a vacuum trap, eliminating the need to empty waste collection trays.

The Wizard® SV Genomic DNA Purification System is designed for use either in a manual format or with Beckman Coulter or PerkinElmer automated instruments.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Obtain genomic DNA from mouse tails in 45–60 minutes, genomic DNA from cultured cells in 30 minutes. No spins required.
- Achieve High Yield: Purify 20–30µg of DNA per prep from 1.2cm of mouse tail.
- Gain Confidence in Applications: Purified DNA ready for amplification.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

MagneSil® ONE, Fixed Yield Blood Genomic System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|---------------------|
| MagneSil® ONE, Fixed Yield Blood Genomic System | 1 × 96 preps MD1370 |
| Collection Plates (4-pack) | 1 each A9161 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Lysis Buffer, Blood | 160 ml MD1392 |
| MagneSil® PMPs-Fixed Yield | 25 ml MD1451 |
| Anti-Foam Reagent | 300 μl MD1431 |
| Alcohol Wash, Blood | 120 ml MD1412 |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml MD1421 |
| | |

MD1370, MD1392, MD1451, A9161, MD1421 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. MD1431, MD1412 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The MagneSil® ONE, Fixed Yield Blood Genomic System purifies 1µg of DNA (+/– 50%) from 60µl of anti-coagulated whole blood. Purification of a fixed yield of DNA eliminates the need to quantitate and normalize concentrations postpurification. The highly pure DNA isolated is suitable for use in PCR, multiplex PCR and SNP genotyping applications.

Walkaway automation is available on the Beckman Coulter Biomek® FX in a 96-well format. Process 96 samples in about 1 hour with no hands-on time following robot setup.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Use walkaway automation to extract genomic DNA and eliminate DNA quantitation prior to PCR.
- Achieve Consistent Results: Obtain 1µg (fixed yield) of highly pure DNA from 60µl of blood.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 20-25°C.





stocking system

MagneSil® Blood Genomic, Max Yield System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| MagneSil® Blood Genomic, Max Yield System | 1 × 96 preps MD1360 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Anti-Foam Reagent | 300 μl MD1431 |
| MagneSil® Paramagnetic Particles | 25 ml MD1441 |
| Salt Wash, Blood | 90 ml MD1401 |
| Alcohol Wash, Blood | 70 ml MD1411 |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml MD1421 |
| MD1360, MD1401, MD1411, MD1421 For Research Use | e Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic |

Procedures. MD1431, MD1441 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The MagneSil® Blood Genomic, Max Yield System provides automated high-throughput DNA purification on the Beckman Coulter Biomek® FX using MagneSil® Paramagnetic Particle technology. DNA from 96 samples of anti-coagulated human whole blood is purified in about 1 1/2 hours with no hands-on time once the robot protocol is initiated. Studies on DNA recovery and purity and PCR results show no cross-contamination between samples in adjacent wells. Purified DNA is qualified for single-locus simple PCR as well as more demanding applications such as multiplex PCR (e.g., PowerPlex® 16 System [Cat.# DC6531], Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System [Cat.# MD1531]) and SNP genotyping.

- Improve Productivity: Walkaway automation of genomic DNA extraction.
- Achieve Maximum Yield: The average yield of 96 purified samples from normal healthy adults is ≥4µg.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

MagneSil® Genomic, Large Volume System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|-------|
| MagneSil® Genomic, Large Volume System | 48 preps | A4082 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| eLysis Buffer, Large Volume System | 1 L | A4091 |
| A4082 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A4091 For Laboratory Use. | | |

Description: The MagneSil® Genomic, Large Volume System, is designed for scalable, automated genomic DNA isolation from large-volume samples, eliminating laborious centrifugation steps and the use of hazardous organic solvents. The system has been automated on the Tecan Freedom EVO® liquid handler, providing walkaway purification of genomic DNA from a variety of starting materials, including 1-10ml whole blood samples, regardless of sample storage or shipping conditions. The instrument uses only the amount of reagents required to process each sample, maximizing efficiency and value

The MagneSil® Genomic, Large Volume System, uses a robust noncentrifugation-based automated method to purify genomic DNA from fresh, frozen or mishandled blood and other samples with similar yields and quality. The system bypasses many of the challenges of traditional centrifugation-based methods by lysing the entire whole blood sample and then directly capturing total genomic DNA from the lysed sample using MagneSil® Paramagnetic Particles (PMPs). The genomic DNA bound to the MagneSil® PMPs is washed to remove contaminants such as heme and cellular proteins, then eluted into an aqueous solution ready for use in downstream applications. There is no need for tedious and lengthy DNA rehydration. The purified genomic DNA is suitable for a variety of downstream applications such as single and multiplex PCR, restriction digestion and real-time PCR.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Walkaway automation from blood-collection tube to application-ready DNA.
- Rely on an Integrated Solution: One reagent system and automated method provide yield and purity from any sample type (fresh or frozen blood, samples of unknown quality and mixed sample populations).
- Enjoy Smart Scalability: Scale sample size from 1–10ml of blood, batch size from 1-96 samples and reagent usage from input sample volume.
- . Achieve Turnkey Automation: Optimized protocol available for the Tecan Freedom EVO® instrument. This and other validated automated methods are available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Fixed-Tissue Genomic DNA Purification

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--|--------------------|--|
| MagneSil® Genomic, Fixed Tissue System | 100 samples MD1490 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The MagneSil® Genomic, Fixed Tissue System provides a fast, simple technique to prepare genomic DNA from formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded tissue. After an overnight Proteinase K digestion, genomic DNA can be manually purified from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded thin tissue sections in less than an hour. Amplifiable genomic DNA can be isolated from 10μm thin sections without centrifugation of the lysate prior to purification. Up to 12 samples can be processed in the manual format using the MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) (Cat.# Z5342).

Features:

- Purify High-Quality DNA: The composition of the wash buffers and protocol have been optimized to yield genomic DNA that is largely free of small DNAs, a potent inhibitor of PCR amplification.
- Rely on Performance-Tested Amplification Results: Amplify targets in multiplex PCR and targets as large as 450–1,800bp.

Storage Conditions: MD1490 consists of two separate items shipped at different temperatures. MD1170 (part 1 of 2 for MD1490—Processing Module) contains Proteinase K, DTT and Incubation Buffer, which are shipped on dry ice. Store MD1170 at –20°C. MD1180 (part 2 of 2 for MD1490—Purification Module) contains Lysis Buffer, 2X Wash Buffer, Resin and Elution Buffer, which are shipped at room temperature, 22–25°C. Store MD1180 at room temperature, 22–25°C.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| ReadyAmp [™] Genomic DNA Purification System | 100 reactions | A7710 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

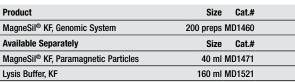
Description: The ReadyAmp TM Genomic DNA Purification System yields single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) from whole blood or blood stains that may be used directly in amplification reactions without further manipulation. The process takes less than one hour and requires no organic extractions or ethanol precipitations.

Features:

- **Simple and Effective:** ReadyAmp™ resin removes PCR inhibitors.
- Convenient: Isolated DNA can be used directly in PCR amplifications.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

MagneSil® KF, Genomic System



MD1460 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. MD1471, MD1521 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The MagneSil[®] KF, Genomic System is designed for easy, walkaway, low- to moderate-throughput automated genomic DNA purification from blood and other samples. For blood samples, lysis occurs concurrently with DNA binding to MagneSil[®] Paramagnetic Particles. After washes to remove heme and proteins, purified genomic DNA is ready for PCR and other downstream applications. The system is designed to purify 2–6μg of genomic DNA from 200μl of anticoagulated liquid blood.

The MagneSil® KF, Genomic System is designed to run on the Thermo Electron KingFisher® mL instrument, which automates DNA purification in a flexible 1- to 15-sample batch, 25-minute walkaway format. The compact size of the KingFisher® mL allows it to be used on the benchtop or in a laminar flow hood. Please contact Thermo Electron for more information on the KingFisher® mL instrument.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Use automated 25-minute optimized, walkaway protocol with no training. Eliminate laborious manual methods.
- Rely On a Performance-Tested System: Purified DNA is tested in PCR, multiplex PCR, fluorescent STR analysis and SNP genotyping applications.
- Conserve Valuable Lab Space: The small footprint (30 × 30 × 30cm) of the Thermo Electron KingFisher® mL instrument delivers automated throughput that makes sense for smaller labs. No external PC required.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ Do not freeze the MagneSil $^{\otimes}$ KF Paramagnetic Particles.



stocking system

MagaZorb® DNA Mini-Prep Kit

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|-----------------------|
| MagaZorb® DNA Mini-Prep Kit | 200 preps MB1004 |
| | 800 preps MB1008 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# |
| Proteinase K (PK) Solution | 16 ml 20 mg/ml MC5008 |
| 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator | 1.5 ml CD4002 |
| For Passarch Llea Only Not for Llea in Diagna | otio Procedures |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The MagaZorb® DNA Kit provides an easy, fast and cost-effective technique for isolating PCR-quality DNA. Using one simple protocol, a high yield of purified DNA can be isolated from a wide variety of sources including whole blood (fresh or frozen, citrate-, heparin- or EDTA-treated), buffy coat, leukocytes, milk, seminal fluid, dried blood spots, cultured cells, tissue (fresh, frozen or formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded), saliva, urine, stool, hair, buccal swabs and vaginal swabs.

The 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator (Cat.# CD4002) utilizes a microcentrifuge tube rack that can be removed from the high-strength magnets for wash steps or incubation in a water bath. The rack is designed to hold the microcentrifuge tubes so that they will not fall out even when turned upside down, and it can withstand temperatures of up to 80°C for convenient manipulation of sample tubes. Please note that the magnets in the 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator are designed specifically for use with the MagaZorb® DNA Kit; separation may not work with other particles.

Features:

- Convenient: Contains all needed reagents so that no reagent preparation is required.
- Efficient: Eliminates centrifugation, vacuum filtration or column separation, increasing sample throughput and improving reproducibility.
- Safe: Does not require organic solvents, eliminating the need for special storage or waste disposal.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

Proteinase K (PK) Solution

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Proteinase K (PK) Solution | 4 ml 20 mg/ml MC5005 | |
| | 16 ml 20 mg/ml MC5008 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Proteinase K, produced by the fungus *Tritirachium album* Limber, is a serine protease that exhibits broad cleavage activity. It cleaves peptide bonds adjacent to the carboxylic group of aliphatic and aromatic amino acids and is useful for general digestion of protein in biological samples. It has been purified to remove RNase and DNase activities. The stability of Proteinase K in urea and SDS and its ability to digest native proteins make it useful for a variety of applications including preparation of chromosomal DNA for pulsed-field gel electrophoresis, protein fingerprinting and removal of nucleases from preparations of DNA and RNA. A typical working concentration for Proteinase K is 50–100μg/ml.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Formulation:} Proteinase K (PK) Solution is supplied at a concentration of $20mg/ml in 10mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 1mM calcium chloride and 50% glycerol. \end{tabular}$

Features:

- **Stable:** Active over a pH range of 4.3–12.0 in 0.5% SDS or 1% Triton[®] X-100 and retains >80% of its activity at temperatures up to 60°C.
- Easy to Use: Provided in solution stable at room temperature and does not require resuspension or thawing prior to use.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System

dillo

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--|---------------------|--|
| Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System | 2 × 96 preps FF3760 | |
| | 4 × 96 preps FF3761 | |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| Wash Buffer, Plant | 40 ml A3811 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System is designed for manual or automated 96-well, high-throughput purification of DNA from plant leaf and seed tissue. The system has been validated with corn and tomato leaf, as well as with canola and sunflower seeds. The DNA purified from these samples can be used in PCR as well as more demanding applications such as RAPD analysis. Unlike column-based systems, the binding of nucleic acids to magnetic particles can occur in solution, enhancing contact with the wash buffer and increasing nucleic acid purity.

Protocols are available for Beckman Coulter instruments.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Manual and automated 96-well protocols cut purification time compared to CTAB extraction.
- Ease of Handling: Eliminates organic extractions, multiple centrifugations and cumbersome filter plates.
- Confidence in Applications Performance: Validated for both leaf and seed tissue by PCR and RAPD analysis.
- Automation: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for Food

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|--------|--|
| Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for | 200 preps | FF3750 | |
| Food | 400 preps | FF3751 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Lysis Buffer A, Food | 100 ml | A8191 | |
| Lysis Buffer B, Food | 100 ml | Z3191 | |
| Precipitation Solution, Food | 150 ml | Z3201 | |
| A8191, Z3191, Z3201 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. FF3750, FF3751 For in vitro use only. | | | |

Description: The Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for Food is designed for purification of DNA from a variety of food samples including corn seeds, cornmeal, soybeans, soy flour and soy milk. Processed food, such as corn chips, chocolate and chocolate-containing foods, lecithin and vegetable oils may also be used with the suggested protocol variations. The DNA purified from these samples can be used in PCR-based testing for genetically modified organism (GMO) DNA sequences.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Obtain results in one-third the time of current methods.
- Ease of Handling: Requires minimal centrifugation and eliminates organic extractions
- Versatility and Robustness: Validated with a broad variety of foodstuffs, including difficult samples such as lecithin and vegetable oils.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25 $^{\circ}$ C.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

Maxwell® 16 System DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|----------|--|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Blood DNA Kit | 48 preps | AS1290 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Plus LEV DNA Purification Kit | t 48 preps | AS1135 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1140 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Buccal Swab LEV DNA Purification | | | |
| Kit | 48 preps | AS1295 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | 1 | | |
| System | 48 preps | AS1155 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Tissue LEV DNA Purification | | | |
| Kit | 48 preps | AS1130 | |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1010 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVI | D) 48 preps | AS1015 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1020 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1030 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1120 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Instrument | 1 each | AS2000 | |
| Maxwell® 16 MDx Instrument | 1 each | AS3000 | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk | AS6101 | |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk | AS6201 | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml | MD1421 | |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5201 | |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5101 | |
| AC1000 AC110E AC1140 AC100E AC11E0 AC1010 AC | 4000 404000 | 101100 5 | |

AS1290, AS1135, AS1140, AS1295, AS1150, AS1010, AS1020, AS1030, AS1120 For Laboratory Use. AS2000, AS3000, AS6101, AS6201, V1231, V4741, MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. AS1015, AS1155 For In Vitro Diagnostics Use. This product is only available in certain countries.

Description: The Maxwell[®] 16 Genomic DNA Purification Kits are designed for use with the Maxwell[®] 16 Instrument. DNA purification kits are provided with corresponding optimized automated methods. You get consistent yield and purity from easy-to-use automation.

For genomic DNA purification, the Maxwell® 16 System is the only system that makes purification from tissue as easy as purification from blood or cells. The action of the plunger grinds solid tissue samples directly in the lysis buffer in the prefilled reagent cartridges. Integrated grinding replaces time- and labor-intensive use of lytic enzymes such as proteinase K or manual tissue grinding prior to purification.

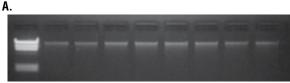
Kits for optimized DNA purification from eukaryotic tissue, blood, cells, mouse tail and FFPE tissue sections are available. Protocols for a variety of new samples are being developed. The Maxwell® 16 DNA Purification Kits are General Purpose Medical Devices (GPR) in the USA. For up-to-date information visit: www.promega.com/maxwell16/

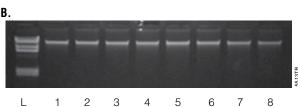
Features

- Achieve High Yield: Efficient processing and higher sample capacity than comparable systems.
- Enjoy Amazing Speed: Hands-free purification of genomic DNA in 18–30 minutes.
- Get More Time: Easily process tissues and cells.



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS3000) with optional bar code reader.





Genomic DNA purified from 8 samples of 200µl of whole human blood (Panel A) and 8 samples of 1cm of mouse tail (Panel B) was visualized on a 1% agarose gel stained with ethidium bromide. Lane L, Lambda DNA/Hindlll Markers (Cat.# G1711); Lanes 1–8, 5µl of purified genomic DNA.

| DNA Yields from Various Starting Materials. | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sample Type | Sample Size | Yield | | | |
| Whole blood | 200μΙ | 4–9μg (>3pg/white blood cell) | | | |
| Whole blood | 400µl | 8-15μg (>3pg/white blood cell) | | | |
| Mouse tail | 1.2cm | 20μg | | | |
| Animal tissue | 20-25mg | 60-100μg (mouse liver) | | | |
| Tissue culture cells | 5×10^{6} | 10μg (HeLa) | | | |
| Gram- bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 10μg (BL21) | | | |
| Gram+ bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 1μg (<i>B. cereus</i>) | | | |
| Plant leaf (tomato) | 25mg | 10μg | | | |
| | | 9482LA | | | |



Plasmid Purification

Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|------------|---------|
| Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification | 50 preps | A1330 | |
| System | 250 preps | A1460 | |
| | 1,000 preps | A1465 | |
| Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification | 50 preps | A1340 | |
| System + Vacuum Adapters | 250 preps | A1470 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 185 ml | A1311 | |
| Alkaline Protease Solution | 3 ml | A1441 | |
| Vacuum Adapters | 20 each | A1331 | |
| A1311 For Laboratory Use A1330 A1340 A1460 A146 | 5 Δ1470 Δ6762 | Δ1441 Δ133 | 1 Δ6760 |

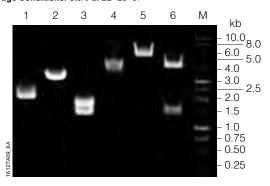
A1311 For Laboratory Use. A1330, A1340, A1460, A1465, A1470, A6762, A1441, A1331, A6760, A6764 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Wizard® *Plus* SV Minipreps DNA Purification System, a silica membrane-based system, provides a simple and reliable method for rapid isolation of plasmid DNA. The entire miniprep procedure can be completed in 45 minutes or less, depending on the number of samples processed. Using the system, plasmid DNA can be purified from 1–10ml of overnight *E. coli* culture. The purified plasmid DNA can be used directly for automated fluorescent BigDye® terminator DNA sequencing as well as for other standard molecular biology techniques without further manipulation. It also can be used for in vitro transcription reactions when supplemented with a ribonuclease inhibitor such as Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat.# N2511).

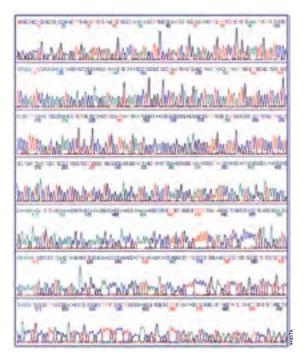
Features:

- Improved Productivity: 20 minipreps processed in less than 45 minutes.
- High Performance: 1–20µg of high-quality plasmid DNA, enough for multiple applications.
- Safety and Convenience: No phenol extractions or precipitations
- Flexibility: Choice of spin (microcentrifuge) or vacuum purification formats.
- Consistent Quality: Alkaline protease step improves plasmid quality.
- Confidence in Results: Purified DNA meets a target of >98% accuracy over 500 bases using pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector in BigDye® terminator sequencing.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



High-quality restriction digests using plasmid purified with the Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System. High-copy pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector (lanes 1–3) and low-copy pALTER®-1 Vector (lanes 4–6) were each digested in two separate Promega restriction enzyme reactions. All lanes show reproducible and efficient cutting of the plasmid DNA. Lane M is the 1kb DNA Ladder (Cat.# G5711).



pGEM®-3Zf(+) plasmid sequenced with the T7 Promoter Primer (Cat.# Q5021) using DNA purified with the Wizard® *Plus* SV Minipreps DNA Purification System.

№ PureYield[™] Plasmid Miniprep System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System | 100 preps | A1223 | |
| | 250 preps | A1222 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System is designed to rapidly isolate highly pure plasmid DNA. The system provides a rapid method for purification of up to 15µg of plasmid DNA from 600µl to 3ml of bacteria culture. Plasmid DNA can be purified in as little as 10 minutes. The PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System incorporates a unique Endotoxin Removal Wash designed to remove substantial amounts of protein, RNA and endotoxin contaminants from purified plasmid DNA. Removal of contaminants improves the robustness of sensitive applications such as eukaryotic transfection, in vitro transcription and coupled in vitro transcription/translation (e.g., TNT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System). Purification is achieved without isopropanol precipitation of purified plasmid DNA or extensive centrifugation, providing rapid purification from a single method.

The system has been designed for use with centrifugation or vacuum (e.g., the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold).

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Rapid protocol purifies plasmid DNA in 10 minutes.
- Robust Performance: High purity and concentration of plasmid DNA gives proven performance in transfection, cell-free expression and other molecular biology applications.
- Confidence in Results: Lysis/neutralization indicator dye ensures success every time.
- Flexible: Centrifugation and vacuum protocols are available.

Storage Conditions: Store all system components at 22–25°C.



• PureYield™ Plasmid Midiprep System • PureYield™ Plasmid Midiprep • P

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|-------|--|
| PureYield™ Plasmid Midiprep System | 25 preps | A2492 | |
| | 100 preps | A2495 | |
| | 300 preps | A2496 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| | | | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution (CRA) | 315 ml | A7115 | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution (CRA) Cell Lysis Solution (CLA) | 315 ml 315 ml | | |
| . , | | A7125 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The PureYield[™] Plasmid Midiprep System is designed to isolate transfection-quality plasmid DNA. The system provides a rapid method for purification of 100–200μg of plasmid DNA from 50ml bacteria culture. Plasmid DNA can be purified in as little as 30 minutes with the vacuum protocol, greatly reducing the time spent on purification compared to silica resin or other membrane-column methods. An alternative protocol allows purification of over 400μg of high-copy-number plasmid from 250ml of *E. coli* culture.

The PureYield™ Plasmid Midiprep System incorporates a unique Endotoxin Removal Wash designed to remove substantial amounts of protein, RNA and endotoxin contaminants from purified plasmid DNA. Removal of contaminants improves the robustness of sensitive applications such as eukaryotic transfection, in vitro transcription and coupled in vitro transcription/translation (e.g., TNT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System). Purification is achieved without isopropanol precipitation of purified plasmid DNA or extensive centrifugation, providing rapid purification from a single method.

The system has been designed for use with centrifugation or vacuum (e.g., the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold).

The Eluator™ Vacuum Elution Device is used to elute nucleic acids from PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns. It consists of two pieces, a blue base and a clear column assembly. The base interfaces with a Vacuum Manifold that contains Luer-Lok® fittings, such as the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A7231), and holds a 1.5ml tube to capture the eluted nucleic acids. The column assembly accepts PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns.

The Eluator™ Device eliminates the requirement for a centrifuge with a swinging bucket rotor for nucleic acid purification, simplifying and speeding purification protocols.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Vacuum protocol allows plasmid DNA purification in as little as 30 minutes.
- Confidence in Results: High purity and concentration of plasmid DNA gives proven performance in transfection, in vitro expression and other molecular biology applications.
- Ease of Use: Simple protocol eliminates tedious high-speed centrifugation, gravity-drip columns, and post-elution alcohol precipitation.
- Flexibility: PureYield™ membrane column allows purification of large amounts of plasmid DNA, exceeding the capabilities of other midiprep systems.

Storage Conditions: Store all system components at 22-25°C.

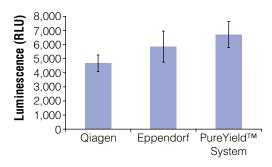
Midiprep



Comparison of time required per midiprep for different systems. Each system protocol was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions using 50ml of an overnight culture of JM109 bacteria transformed with high-copy-number plasmid [pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector, Cat.# P2271]. Total time to perform midiprep is noted.



PureYield™ Plasmid Midiprep System. Proper assembly of Lysate Clearing Column (blue) and DNA Binding Column (white) for use with the DNA Purification by Vacuum protocol.



DNA Preparation Methods

Comparison of transfection of plasmid DNA purified with the PureYield™ System and other midiprep systems. psiCHECK™-2 Vector (Cat.# C8021), which carries a firefly luciferase gene, was isolated from *E. coli* using the PureYield™ System, the Qiagen HiSpeed® Plasmid Midi Kit or the Eppendorf Perfectprep® Plasmid Midi Kit. HeLa cells were transfected using 0.07μg of DNA in a total of 25μl. The firefly luciferase signal was monitored with the Dual-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920).



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

№ PureYieldTM Plasmid Maxiprep System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| PureYield™ Plasmid Maxiprep System | 10 preps | A2392 | |
| | 25 preps | A2393 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Eluator™ Vacuum Elution Device | 4 each | A1071 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The PureYield™ Plasmid Maxiprep System isolates transfection-quality plasmid DNA. The system provides a rapid method for purification of up to 1mg of plasmid DNA from a 250ml bacterial culture. Plasmid DNA can be purified rapidly with the vacuum protocol, greatly reducing the time spent on purification compared to silica resin or other membrane-column methods.

The PureYield™ Plasmid Maxiprep System incorporates a unique Endotoxin Removal Wash designed to remove substantial amounts of protein, RNA and endotoxin contaminants from purified plasmid DNA. Removal of contaminants improves the robustness of sensitive applications such as eukaryotic transfection, in vitro transcription and coupled in vitro transcription/translation (e.g., TnT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System). Purification is achieved without isopropanol precipitation of purified plasmid DNA.

The system has been designed for use with a vacuum source and vacuum manifold (e.g., the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold).

The Eluator™ Vacuum Elution Device is used to elute nucleic acids from PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns. It consists of two pieces, a blue base and a clear column assembly. The base interfaces with a Vacuum Manifold that contains Luer-Lok® fittings, such as the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A7231), and holds a 1.5ml tube to capture the eluted nucleic acids. The column assembly accepts PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns.

The Eluator™ Device eliminates the requirement for a centrifuge with a swinging bucket rotor for nucleic acid purification, simplifying and speeding purification protocols.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Vacuum protocol simplifies purification of multiple samples at one time.
- Confidence in Results: High purity and concentration of plasmid DNA gives proven performance in transfection, in vitro expression and other molecular biology applications.
- Ease of Use: Simple protocol eliminates tedious, gravity-drip columns and post-elution alcohol precipitation.
- Flexibility: PureYield™ membrane column allows purification of large amounts of plasmid DNA, exceeding the capabilities of other maxiprep systems.

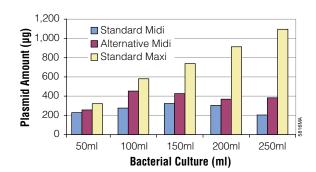
Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Maxiprep



Comparison of time required per prep using different systems.

PureYield™ system protocols were performed according to the instructions using 250ml overnight cultures of JM109 bacteria transformed with a high-copy-number plasmid. Total times to perform the PureYield™ preps are noted. Other times are estimated based on protocols.



Plasmid yield from various culture volumes using the PureYieldTM Maxiprep and Midiprep Systems. Increasing amounts of JM109 containing the phMGFP plasmid were grown and processed using the PureYieldTM Plasmid Systems. Lysate was prepared using the midiprep standard vacuum protocol, the midiprep alternative lysate clearing protocol and the standard maxiprep protocol. The midiprep standard protocol is recommended only for 50ml cultures.



Wizard® Plus Minipreps DNA Purification Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Wizard® Plus Minipreps DNA Purification System | 50 preps | A7100 | |
| | 100 preps | A7500 | |
| | 250 preps | A7510 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution (CRA) | 150 ml | A7112 | |
| Wizard® Minipreps DNA Purification Resin | 250 ml | A7141 | |
| Cell Lysis Solution (CLA) | 150 ml | A7122 | |
| Neutralization Solution (NSA) | 150 ml | A7131 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWB) | 125 ml | A8102 | |
| Wizard® Minicolumns | 250 each | A7211 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The resin-based Wizard® *Plus* Minipreps DNA Purification System provides a simple and reliable method for rapid isolation of plasmid DNA. When using the standard protocol, the entire miniprep process can be completed in 15 minutes or less, with no organic extractions or ethanol precipitations. Minipreps may be processed individually or in multiples with the Vac-Man® (20-sample capacity, Cat.# A7231) or Vac-Man® Jr. (2-sample capacity, Cat.# A7660) Laboratory Vacuum Manifold. DNA is eluted from the Wizard® Minicolumn in Nuclease-Free Water (Cat.# P1193). The purified plasmid can be used directly for automated fluorescent DNA sequencing and restriction digestion without further manipulation and also can be used for in vitro transcription reactions supplemented with a ribonuclease inhibitor, such as Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat.# N2511).

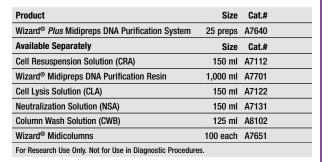
The Wizard® Minipreps DNA Purification Resin is used in the isolation and preparation of plasmid DNA in conjunction with the Wizard® *Plus* Minipreps DNA Purification Systems. The resin is available with the systems and as a standalone product.

Features:

- High Performance: DNA is suitable for most molecular biology applications, including fluorescent sequencing.
- Confidence in Results: Purified DNA meets a target of >98% accuracy over 500 bases using pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector in BigDye® terminator sequencing.
- Fast: Entire procedure may be completed in 15 minutes or less.
- **Convenient:** No phenol extractions or ethanol precipitations required.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

Wizard® Plus Midipreps DNA Purification System



Description: The resin-based Wizard® *Plus* Midipreps DNA Purification System provides a simple and reliable method for rapid isolation of plasmid DNA. When using the standard protocol, the entire midiprep process can be completed in 90 minutes or less, yielding up to 200μg of high-quality DNA with no organic extractions or ethanol precipitations. Multiple midipreps can be easily processed at one time with the Vac-Man® (20-sample capacity, Cat.# A7231) or Vac-Man® Jr. (2-sample capacity, Cat.# A7660) Laboratory Vacuum Manifold. DNA is eluted from the Wizard® Midicolumn in Nuclease-Free Water (Cat.# P1193). The purified plasmid can be used directly for automated fluorescent DNA sequencing or restriction digestion without further manipulation and also can be used for in vitro transcription reactions supplemented with a ribonuclease inhibitor such as Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat.# N2511). The system includes sufficient reagents for 25 DNA isolations from 10–100ml of liquid culture.

Features:

- Fast: Rapid batch column method used for DNA isolation.
- Safe: Eliminates the need for cesium chloride: ethidium bromide gradient centrifugation and does not require organic extractions.
- Reliable: Yields plasmid DNA of comparable quantity and quality to cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient techniques that are much more timeand labor-intensive.
- High Performance: DNA is suitable for restriction enzyme digestions, automated fluorescent DNA sequencing, transformation and subcloning.
- Confidence in Results: Purified DNA meets a target of >98% accuracy over 500 bases using pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector in BigDye® terminator sequencing.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.





Wizard® Plus Maxipreps DNA Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| Wizard® Plus Maxipreps DNA Purification System | 10 preps | A7270 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution (CRA) | 150 ml | A7112 | |
| Wizard® Maxipreps DNA Purification Resin | 500 ml | A7401 | |
| Cell Lysis Solution (CLA) | 150 ml | A7122 | |
| Neutralization Solution (NSA) | 150 ml | A7131 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWB) | 125 ml | A8102 | |
| Wizard® Maxi/Megapreps Filtering System | 50 each | A7421 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The Wizard® *Plus* Maxipreps DNA Purification System provides a simple and rapid resin-based batch column method for purification of plasmid DNA that eliminates the need for cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient centrifugation. Use of this system requires only a centrifuge, a vacuum source and a vacuum manifold. This system typically yields 300µg–1mg of high-copynumber plasmid DNA (200–20,000bp) from a 100–500ml culture in less than three hours. The purified DNA is eluted in Nuclease-Free Water (Cat.# P1193) and can be used directly for DNA sequencing and restriction digestion without further manipulation. The DNA also can be used for in vitro transcription reactions supplemented with a ribonuclease inhibitor such as Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat.# N2511).

Features:

- Flexible: DNA is suitable for restriction enzyme digestions, automated fluorescent DNA sequencing, transformation and subcloning.
- High Quality: Yields plasmid DNA of comparable quantity and quality to cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient techniques that are much more time- and labor-intensive.
- Fast: Rapid batch binding and column washing method used for DNA isolation.
- Safe: Eliminates the need for cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient centrifugation and does not require organic extractions.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.

Wizard® Plus Megapreps DNA Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| riouuci | SIZE | Gal.# | |
| Wizard® Plus Megapreps DNA Purification System | 5 preps | A7300 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution (CRA) | 150 ml | A7112 | |
| Wizard® Megapreps DNA Purification Resin | 1,000 ml | A7361 | |
| Cell Lysis Solution (CLA) | 150 ml | A7122 | |
| Neutralization Solution (NSA) | 150 ml | A7131 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWB) | 125 ml | A8102 | |
| Wizard® Maxi/Megapreps Filtering System | 50 each | A7421 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | S. | | |

Description: Wizard® *Plus* Megapreps DNA Purification System provides a simple and rapid method for large-scale purifications of plasmid DNA that eliminates the need for cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient centrifugation. Use of this system requires only a centrifuge, a vacuum source and a vacuum manifold. The system yields greater than one milligram of high-copynumber plasmid DNA (200–20,000bp) from a 1,000ml culture in less than three hours. The purified DNA is eluted in Nuclease-Free Water (Cat.# P1193) or TE buffer and can be used directly for DNA sequencing and restriction digestion without further manipulation. The DNA also can be used for in vitro transcription reactions supplemented with a ribonuclease inhibitor such as Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor (Cat.# N2511).

Features:

- Fast: Rapid batch binding and column washing method used for DNA isolation
- Safe: Eliminates the need for cesium chloride: ethidium bromide gradient centrifugation and does not require organic extractions.
- Reliable: Yields plasmid DNA of comparable quantity and quality to cesium chloride:ethidium bromide gradient techniques that are much more timeand labor-intensive.
- Yield: Each megaprep produces >1mg of DNA from 1,000ml of bacterial culture when using a high-copy-number plasmid.
- Quality: DNA is suitable for restriction enzyme digestions, automated fluorescent DNA sequencing, transformation and subcloning.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22–25°C.



Wizard® SV 96 and SV 9600 Plasmid DNA Purification Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| Wizard® SV 96 Plasmid DNA Purification | 1 × 96 preps | A2250 | |
| System | 5 × 96 preps | A2255 | |
| Wizard® SV 9600 Plasmid DNA Purification System | 100 × 96 preps | A2258 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 185 ml | A1311 | |
| Column Wash Solution (CWA) | 370 ml | A1318 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution | 500 ml | A1481 | |
| | 950 ml | A1488 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Cell Resuspension Solution | 500 ml | A7113 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 150 ml | P1195 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Cell Resuspension Solution | 800 ml | A7118 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Cell Lysis Solution | 500 ml | A7123 | |
| | 800 ml | A7128 | |
| Alkaline Protease Solution | 3 ml | A1441 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 | |
| | 100 pack | A2278 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Lysate Clearing Plates | 10 pack | A2241 | |
| | 100 pack | A2248 | |

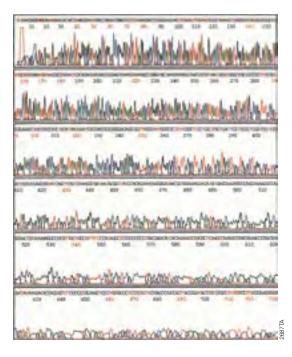
A1311 For Laboratory Use. A2250, A2255, A2258, A1318, A1481, A1488, A7113, P1195, A7118, A7123, A7128, A1441, A2271, A2278, A2241, A2248 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Wizard® SV 96 and SV 9600 Plasmid DNA Purification Systems provide a simple and reliable method for the rapid isolation of plasmid DNA using a silica-membrane, 96-well, high-throughput format. A single plate can be processed in 60 minutes or less. The purified plasmid can be used directly for automated fluorescent DNA sequencing as well as for other standard molecular biology techniques, including restriction enzyme digestion. The Wizard® SV 96 and SV 9600 Systems are designed for use either in a manual format or with Beckman Coulter or PerkinElmer automated instruments.

Features

- Performance by Design: Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold eliminates waste handling and allows simultaneous lysate clearing and DNA binding. Novel plate design prevents cross-contamination during sample processing.
- Flexibility: Designed for use in both manual and automated formats.
- Confidence in Results: Purified DNA meets a target of >98% accuracy over 600 bases using pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector DNA in BigDye® terminator sequencing.
- Automation: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Your Choice of Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Electropherogram of plasmid DNA sequence following isolation by the Wizard® SV 96 System and cycle sequencing using BigDye® terminator reactions. Results demonstrate greater than 600 consecutive bases analyzed with greater than 98% accuracy of base identity.



Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 2000

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification | 4 × 96 preps | A1630 | |
| System | 8 × 96 preps | A1631 | |
| Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System, HTP1 | 100 × 96 preps | A1635 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| MagneSil® RED | 100 ml | A1641 | |
| MagneSil® BLUE | 100 ml | A2201 | |
| Cell Resuspension Solution | 500 ml | A7114 | |
| Cell Lysis Solution | 500 ml | A7124 | |
| Neutralization Solution | 500 ml | A7132 | |
| Elution Buffer | 500 ml | A1655 | |
| Collection Plates (4-pack) | 1 each | A9161 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Prod | cedures. | | |

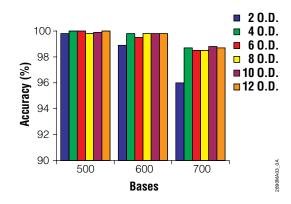
Description: The Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid DNA Purification System provides a simple and reliable method for the rapid isolation of plasmid DNA in a 96-well, high-throughput format. The purified plasmid can be used directly for automated fluorescent sequencing, such as with BigDye® terminator sequencing chemistry, as well as for other standard molecular biology techniques including restriction enzyme digestion.

The use of the MagneSil® Paramagnetic Particles for lysate clearing (BLUE) as well as DNA capture (RED) circumvents the need for centrifugation or vacuum manifolds, making the system ideal for full automation on a Beckman Coulter or Tecan instrument.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Process multiple plates without user intervention.
- Gain Confidence: Consistent performance in fluorescent sequencing reactions.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



Accuracy by read length for plasmid DNA sequenced following isolation using Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System. Results demonstrate >700 consecutive bases analyzed with >98% accuracy of base identity.

Wizard MagneSil Tfx™ System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|------------|-------|--|
| Wizard MagneSil Tfx™ System 4 : | × 96 preps | A2380 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Endotoxin Removal Resin | 100 ml | A2191 | |
| 4/40 Wash Solution | 115 ml | A2221 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure: | S. | | |

Description: The Wizard MagneSil Tfx[™] System provides a simple and reliable method for the rapid isolation of transfection-quality plasmid DNA in a 96-well, high-throughput format. The use of MagneSil® Paramagnetic Particles for lysate clearing as well as DNA capture circumvents the need for centrifugation or vacuum manifolds, allowing DNA purification with the Wizard MagneSil Tfx™ System to be completely automated.

An automated method has been developed for use of this product with a Beckman Coulter Biomek® FX robotic workstation. This procedure requires approximately 45 minutes to process a single 96-well plate. The method can be adapted to other robotic workstations, such as the Beckman Coulter Biomek® 2000 or the Tecan Genesis® instrument.

- Improve Transfection Results: Use of Endotoxin Removal Resin cuts endotoxin carryover as much as 95% over standard sequencing-grade automated plasmid systems.
- Enhance Mammalian Protein Expression: Three- to fivefold increase in protein expression compared to plasmid isolated from an automated sequencing-grade plasmid purification system.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Transfection Results



A comparison of transfection efficiencies for different DNA purification systems with various cell lines. A variety of eukaryotic cell lines were transfected with pGL3-Control Vector purified using the Wizard MagneSil Tfx[™] System or Qiagen Turbo or Ultra systems. Transfection efficiency was determined by measuring firefly luciferase luminescence, and the results were normalized to those for the Qiagen Ultra system.



RNA Purification

18 May 1

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ FFPE Total RNA Miniprep System | 10 reactions | Z1001 | |
| | 100 reactions | Z1002 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| | | | |

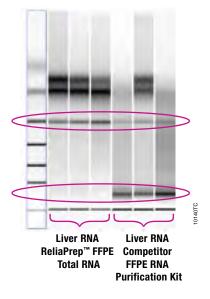
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ReliaPrep™ FFPE Total RNA Miniprep System provides a complete, all-inclusive method for purification of quality total RNA from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue without using hazardous solvents or overnight digestion. Total RNA can be isolated from FFPE tissue in approximately one and one-half hours with minimal hands-on time.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Minimal preparation time.
- Safe: Deparaffinization step occurs without harsh organic solvents.
- Isolate Quality, Intact Total RNA: Fine-tuned protocol results in highquality, intact, amplifiable total RNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.



Total RNA purified from sequential 10µm mouse liver FFPE sections analyzed on an Agilent Bioanalyzer. More large-fragment RNA was purified with the ReliaPrep™ FFPE Total RNA Miniprep System than competitor kits.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ RNA Cell Miniprep System | 10 preps | Z6010 | |
| | 50 preps | Z6011 | |
| | 250 preps | Z6012 | |
| ReliaPrep™ RNA Tissue Miniprep System | 10 preps | Z6110 | |
| | 50 preps | Z6111 | |
| | 250 preps | Z6112 | |

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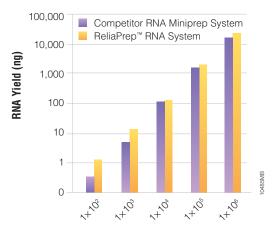
Description: The ReliaPrep™ RNA Miniprep Systems provide a fast and simple technique for preparation of intact total RNA from cultured cells or tissue in as little as 30 minutes. The proprietary column/binding matrix can efficiently capture RNA from very small amounts of input material, isolating RNA eluted in a minimal volume (less than 15µl). Using this membrane-based purification system, from 100 to 5×10^6 cultured cells or from 0.25 to 20mg of tissue can be processed per purification. The system incorporates a DNase treatment step directly on the minicolumn membrane and effectively removes substances that can inhibit downstream assays. Purification is achieved without the use of phenol:chloroform extractions or ethanol precipitations, resulting in pure RNA that does not require additional purification or concentration of the RNA for use in demanding applications.

Features:

- Be Efficient: Allows use of hard-to-obtain samples.
- Have Confidence: Provides maximum sensitivity for downstream assays without worry of inhibition when measuring low-copy-number targets.
- Save Effort: No need to further concentrate samples for use.
- Save Time: Rapid protocol and provided DNase reagents streamline laboratory processes.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15-30°C.

RNA yield from HeLa cells (quantitation via qPCR)



HeLa Cell Input Level

Purified RNA quantitated using TaqMan® qPCR assay with the GAPDH gene as the target.



SV Total RNA Isolation System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------|
| SV Total RNA Isolation System | 10 preps | Z3101 |
| | 50 preps | Z3100 |
| | 250 preps | Z3105 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| Red Blood Cell Lysis Solution (CLB) | 200 ml | Z3141 |
| RNA Lysis Buffer (RLA) | 50 ml | Z3051 |

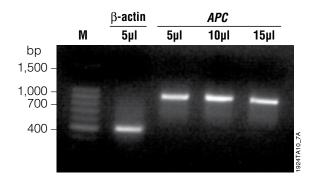
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The SV Total RNA Isolation System provides a fast and simple technique for preparation of intact total RNA from tissues, cultured cells and white blood cells in as little as one hour. Using this membrane-based purification system, up to 60mg of tissue can be processed per purification, depending on tissue type. The system incorporates a DNase treatment step directly on the minicolumn membrane. This step substantially reduces genomic DNA contamination, which can interfere with amplification-based methodologies. Purification is achieved without the use of phenol:chloroform extractions or ethanol precipitations, and there is no DNase carryover in the final RNA preparation.

Features:

- Safety and Efficiency: Rapid isolation of high yields of total RNA without the use of hazardous compounds like phenol.
- Flexibility: Single system for isolation directly from blood, cells or tissue.
 Two methods available for purification: microcentrifugation (spin) or vacuum.
- Confidence: Purified RNA suitable for all routine molecular biology applications, including RT-PCR and Northern blotting.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



RNA was isolated from 1ml of human blood using the SV Total RNA Isolation System. RT-PCR was performed using the indicated volumes of eluted RNA and primers complementary to human β -actin or human adenomatous polyposis coli (APC) gene with the Access RT-PCR System (Cat.# A1250). Lane M = 100bp DNA Ladder (Cat.# G2101).

| Average Yields of Total RNA Isolated Using SV Total RNA Isolation System. | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Samples | Maximum Amt. to Process | Avg. Yield per Prep (µg) | Avg. Yield per mg Tissue (µg) | A ₂₆₀ /A ₂₈₀ | |
| Mouse Tissues | | | | | |
| Liver | 30mg | 131 | 4.4 | 1.9 | |
| Kidney | 20mg | 44 | 2.2 | 1.9 | |
| Spleen | 15mg | 79 | 5.3 | 1.9 | |
| Brain | 60mg | 39 | 0.65 | 2.1 | |
| Muscle | 30mg | 22 | 0.73 | 2.1 | |
| Rat Tissues | | | | | |
| Pancreas | 30mg | 100 | 3.5 | 1.9 | |
| Heart | 60mg | 16 | 0.27 | 2.1 | |
| Lung | 60mg | 36 | 0.6 | 2.1 | |
| Bacteria | | | | | |
| E. coli | 1×10^9 cells | 36 | N/A | 2.0 | |
| Yeast | | | | | |
| S. cerevisiae | 4×10^7 cells | 19 | N/A | 2.1 | |
| Plant | | | | | |
| Tomato Leaf | 30mg | 4.6 | 0.15 | 2.0 | |
| Cell Line | | | | | |
| RAW264.7 | 5×10^6 cells | 51 | N/A | 2.1 | |

N/A = Not applicable



№ PureYield[™] RNA Midiprep System **E**

Product

DuraVioldTM DNA Midinron C

| | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------|----------|-------|--|
| system | 10 preps | Z3740 | |
| | 50 preps | Z3741 | |
| | | | |

| rule fielu ···· niva iviiuipiep systeiii | 10 preps | 23740 |
|--|----------|-------|
| | 50 preps | Z3741 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| RNA Lysis Buffer (RLA) | 50 ml | Z3051 |
| RNA Wash Solution (RWA) | 58.8 ml | Z3091 |
| Red Blood Cell Lysis Solution (CLB) | 200 ml | Z3141 |
| Eluator™ Vacuum Elution Device | 4 each | A1071 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The PureYield™ RNA Midiprep System isolates intact, pure total RNA from essentially any sample type for use in a wide range of applications. The use of a novel Clearing Agent rapidly purifies total RNA with undetectable levels of genomic DNA contamination without using DNase. A novel combination of reagents, membranes and protocol yields up to 1mg of total RNA without organic solvents, protease digestions or alcohol precipitations. One kit can be used to isolate pure total RNA from a wide variety of sample types, such as tissues, cultured cells, bacteria, yeast, plants and blood. The protocol also can be adapted for other sample types.

Commonly used methods provide total RNA that is contaminated with genomic DNA. This contamination can interfere with sensitive methods, such as realtime RT-PCR and microarray analysis. The PureYield™ RNA Midiprep System avoids this problem by selectively removing the genomic DNA prior to total RNA purification. The eluted total RNA is free of detectable DNA and ready for use in sensitive downstream applications.

The system has been designed for use with centrifugation or vacuum (e.g., the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold) formats.

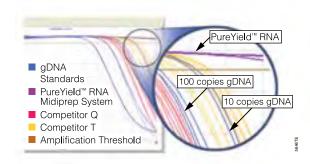
The Eluator™ Vacuum Elution Device is used to elute nucleic acids from PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns. It consists of two pieces, a blue base and a clear column assembly. The base interfaces with a Vacuum Manifold that contains Luer-Lok® fittings, such as the Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A7231), and holds a 1.5ml tube to capture the eluted nucleic acids. The column assembly accepts PureYield™ Midiprep or Maxiprep columns.

The Eluator™ Device eliminates the requirement for a centrifuge with a swinging bucket rotor for nucleic acid purification, simplifying and speeding purification protocols.

Features:

- Enhanced Results: Purified total RNA with undetectable genomic DNA contamination improves results in downstream applications.
- Improved Productivity: Purifying total RNA without the use of DNase treatment reduces steps during purification and in downstream applica-
- Safety and Efficiency: Rapid purification of high yields of total RNA without the use of hazardous organic solvents.
- Flexibility: Single system for purifying total RNA directly from cultured cells, bacteria, yeast, plants and other sample types.

Storage Conditions: Store the RNA Lysis Buffer (RLA) with added β-Mercaptoethanol (BME) at 4°C. Store all other components at 22-25°C.



RNA purified with the PureYield™ RNA Midiprep System has no detectable genomic DNA contamination. Total RNA was isolated from 1×10^8 HEK 293T cells using the PureYield $^{\text{TM}}$ RNA Midiprep System, a competitor's kit and a competitor's reagent. One hundred nanograms of each total RNA sample was assayed using the Plexor® qPCR System (Cat.# A4011) to detect genomic DNA contamination. Human Genomic DNA (Cat.# G3051) in quantities of 10⁴, 10³, 10² and 10¹ copies was used as a standard. The PureYield™ RNA Midiprep System samples showed no detectable genomic DNA. Competitor Q and Competitor T showed an average of 227 and 17 copies, respectively. The horizontal purple line in the upper right corner of this figure indicates no detectable genomic DNA in the PureYield™ RNA Midiprep System sample.

| Average | Yields of | Total RN | A Isolated | from T | issues and | Cells. |
|---------|-----------|----------|------------|--------|------------|--------|
|---------|-----------|----------|------------|--------|------------|--------|

| Sample Type | Maximum Amount to Process | Average Yield per Prep (μg)¹ | Average A ₂₆₀ /A ₂₃₀ | Average A ₂₆₀ /A ₂₈₀ |
|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Rat Tissues | | | | |
| Liver | 300mg | 1025.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| Lung | 300mg | 217.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Bacteria | | | | |
| E. coli | 1×10^{10} cells | 782.7 | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| Cell Line | | | | |
| HEK 293T | 5×10^7 cells | 453.3 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| HeLa | 5×10^7 cells | 329.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 |

1 The average total RNA yield shown is from a 1ml elution. A second 1ml elution yielded an additional average of 366.4µg (rat liver), 47.0µg (rat lung), 196.8µg (E. coll), 45.7µg (HEK 293T cells) and 73.8µg (HeLa cells) of total RNA



stocking system

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stocking system

NAgents® Denaturing Solution

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| RNAgents® Denaturing Solution | 120 ml | Z5651 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: RNAgents® Denaturing Solution lyses cells or tissue under conditions that rapidly inhibit ribonucleases, using two potent inhibitors of RNase, guanidine thiocyanate and β -mercaptoethanol. The RNAgents® Denaturing Solution is designed to be used in concert with acidic phenol:chloroform and alcohol (isopropanol) for purification of total RNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

SV 96 Total RNA Isolation System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|-------|--|
| SV 96 Total RNA Isolation System | 1 × 96 each | Z3500 | |
| | 5 × 96 each | Z3505 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| RNA Lysis Buffer (RLA) | 50 ml | Z3051 | |
| RNA Wash Solution (RWA) | 58.8 ml | Z3091 | |
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 150 ml | P1195 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | | |

Description: The SV 96 Total RNA Isolation System provides a high-throughput technique to prepare intact RNA from tissue and cultured cells. Total RNA can be purified from 96 samples in less than an hour without centrifugation. The system also incorporates a DNase treatment step that is designed to substantially reduce genomic DNA contamination, which can interfere with amplification-based methodologies. Purification is achieved without phenol:chloroform extraction or ethanol precipitation, and there is no detectable DNase carryover in the final RNA preparation.

Protocols are available for Beckman Coulter and PerkinElmer instruments.

Features:

- Confidence in Results: The product is tested to ensure that purified RNA will perform optimally in RT-PCR.
- Unique Design: Novel vacuum manifold eliminates waste handling. Novel
 plate design prevents cross-contamination during sample processing.
- Flexibility: The system is designed for both manual and automated formats.
- Automation: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Your Choice of Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the SV RNA Lysis Buffer with β -Mercaptoethanol (BME) added at 4°C. Store all other components at 22–25°C.



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MagneSil® Total RNA mini-Isolation System

Marie .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| MagneSil® Total RNA mini-Isolation System | 4 plate | Z3351 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The MagneSil® Total RNA mini-Isolation System provides a high-throughput 96-well format for fast, simple preparation of intact total RNA from small amounts of cell culture ($\le 1 \times 10^5$ tissue culture cells), tissue (≤ 2 mg tissue lysate in 100µl) or freshly isolated whole blood (≤ 20 µl). The protocol enables high-throughput automated purification on a variety of liquid-handling workstations. Isolation of total RNA in a 384-well format from cell culture ($\le 1 \times 10^3$ cells) and freshly isolated whole blood (≤ 5 µl) also may be performed. Total RNA purification is achieved without vacuum filtration, centrifugation or precipitation. The 96-well total RNA isolation procedure takes about 30 minutes to complete using a liquid-handling workstation.

Total RNA purified using this system is suitable for a variety of molecular biology applications including endpoint RT-PCR amplification and real-time RT-PCR.

Features:

- Improve Productivity: Only 30 minutes are required to process one 96-well plate, or 50 minutes for one 384-well plate on a Beckman Coulter Biomek® FX liquid handler.
- Improve Real-Time PCR Performance: Elution volumes as low as 15µl provide concentrated RNA without the need for time-consuming vacuum concentration.
- Gain Confidence in Results: DNase I treatment is included to remove genomic DNA contamination.
- Achieve Convenience: Robotic protocols require no user intervention once you start the automated robotic method.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods are available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

MagaZorb® Total RNA Mini-Prep Kit

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|------------------|
| MagaZorb® Total RNA Mini-Prep Kit | 200 preps MB2004 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator | 1.5 ml CD4002 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | dures. |

Description: The MagaZorb® RNA Kit provides an easy, fast and cost-effective technique for isolating PCR-quality total RNA. Using one simple protocol, a high yield of purified total RNA can be isolated from various sources including whole blood (fresh or citrate-, heparin- or EDTA-treated), buffy coat, leukocytes and tissue (fresh or frozen).

The 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator (Cat.# CD4002) uses a microcentrifuge tube rack that can be removed from the high-strength magnets for wash steps or incubation in a water bath. The rack is designed to hold the microcentrifuge tubes so that they will not fall out even when turned upside down, and it can withstand temperatures of up to 80°C for convenient manipulation of sample tubes. Please note that the magnets in the 20-Position Microcentrifuge Tube Magnetic Separator are designed specifically for use with the MagaZorb® RNA Kit; separation may not work with other particles.

Features:

- Convenient: Contains all needed reagents so that no reagent preparation is required.
- Efficient: Eliminates the need for centrifugation, vacuum filtration or column separation, increasing sample throughput and improving reproducibility.
- Safe: Does not require organic solvents, eliminating the need for special storage or waste disposal.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

PolyATtract® System 1000

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| PolyATtract® System 1000 with Magnetic Stand | Scal able | Z5420 | |
| PolyATtract® System 1000 without Magnetic Stand | Scal able | Z5400 | |
| PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation Stand | 1 each | Z5410 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The PolyATtract® System 1000 isolates messenger RNA directly from crude cell or tissue lysates, eliminating the need for total RNA isolations. This system uses the MagneSphere® technology for the purification of poly(A)+RNA, eliminating the need for oligo(dT) cellulose columns. The increased yield of mRNA using this system allows the detection of low-copy-number mRNAs in relatively small amounts of material using Northern blot analysis. The isolated mRNA is suitable for all molecular biology applications, including in vitro translation, cDNA synthesis, PCR analysis, ribonuclease (RNase) protection assays, primer extension and Northern blots.

The MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stands can be used in conjunction with any of the PolyATtract® Systems and are ideal for applications requiring multiple paramagnetic isolations of biomolecules.

Features

- Improved Productivity: mRNA purification directly from tissue or cells in 45 minutes or less. Allows quick collection of magnetic particles.
- Flexibility: Works with tissue amounts from 5mg-2g per isolation.
 Magnetic separation stand (Cat.# Z5410) accommodates 1.5ml, 2ml, 15ml and 50ml tube sizes.
- Convenience: No lengthy ethanol precipitation steps, phenol:chloroform extractions, or overnight ultracentrifugation through cesium chloride gradients and lithium chloride (LiCl) precipitations.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze the MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles.

Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic | 9 ml 1 mg/ml | Z5481 | |
| Particles | 25 ml 1 mg/ml | Z5482 | |
| For Laboratory Use | | | |

Description: The Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles (PMPs) may be used in the magnetic separation and purification of a wide variety of biotinylated nucleic acid or protein molecules. The particles are quality-tested and approved for isolation of biotinylated nucleic acids, proteins and antibodies.

Features:

- Confidence: The Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles feature strong, specific binding to biotinylated molecules.
- Improved Purity: Enable binding, washing and magnetic separation from undesired materials in a solution.
- Flexibility: Applications include purification of DNA, mRNA and proteins.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze the paramagnetic particles.

PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System I (Refill for Z5200) | 3 isolations | Z5210 | |
| PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System II with Magnetic Stand | 3 isolations | Z5200 | |
| PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System III with Magnetic Stand | 15 isolations | Z5300 | |
| PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System IV (Refill for Z5300) | 15 isolations | Z5310 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Biotinylated Oligo(dT) Probe (50pmol/µl) | 35 µl | Z5261 | |
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic | 1.5 ml | Z5332 | |
| Separation Stand (two-position) | 12 × 75 mm | Z5333 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Cat.# Z5200 contains sufficient reagents for 3 separate mRNA isolations, each from 1–5mg of total RNA. Cat.# Z5210 contains the same reagents as Cat.# Z5200, excluding the Magnetic Separation Stand. Cat.# Z5300 contains sufficient reagents for 15 separate mRNA isolations, each from 100–1,000μg of total RNA. Cat.# Z5310 contains the same reagents as Cat.# Z5300, excluding the Magnetic Separation Stand.

The PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation Systems use the MagneSphere® technology to isolate mRNA rapidly and effectively from total RNA. The systems use a biotinylated oligo(dT) primer to hybridize, at high efficiency in solution, to the 3′ poly(A)+ region present in most mature eukaryotic mRNAs. The hybrids are bound to streptavidin coupled to paramagnetic particles, captured using a magnetic separation stand and washed at high stringency. The mRNA is eluted from the solid phase by the simple addition of ribonuclease-free, deionized water. With total RNA as the starting material, poly(A)+ mRNA is isolated in approximately 45 minutes. The isolated mRNA is suitable for all molecular biology applications, including in vitro translation and cDNA synthesis.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Entire mRNA purification process can be completed in approximately 45 minutes.
- Highly Pure mRNA: Due to the strength and selectivity of the interaction between streptavidin and biotin, mRNA bound to the biotinylated oligo(dT) is captured by streptavidin-coated magnetic particles.
- Confidence in Your Applications: Isolated mRNA is suitable for use with in vitro translation, RT-PCR and cDNA synthesis.
- Flexibility: Configurations for use with large or small amounts of cells and tissues.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze the MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles.





RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor | 2,500 u 40 u/µl N2611 |
| | 10,000 u 40 u/µl N2615 |
| For Laboratory Use | |

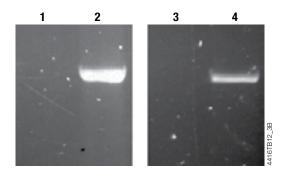
Description: RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor is a recombinant mammalian RNase inhibitor that is expressed as a soluble protein in *E. coli*, allowing easy purification through a combination of ion exchange and hydrophobic interaction chromatography. The protein is capable of inhibiting eukaryotic RNases (e.g., RNase A and RNase B) similarly to human placental RNase inhibitor. RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor is tested in RT-PCR and is compatible with enzymes such as AMV, M-MLV and ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcriptases or *Taq* and *Tfl* DNA Polymerases. RNasin® Plus RNase Inhibitor also is tested and compatible with quantitative, real-time RT-PCR in a TaqMan® assay.

The inhibitor offers increased resistance to oxidation over the human version of the protein. Two cysteines in the human protein have been identified as especially sensitive to oxidation and react by forming a disulfide bond that can block the active site of the inhibitor. RNasin® Plus, through natural amino acid diversity, lacks the ability to form this site-blocking disulfide. In addition, the new protein has characteristics never before realized, including continued inhibition of RNases above 50°C. Heating solutions of RNasin® Plus and RNase followed by cooling does not result in the reappearance of RNase activity—even when the solution is heated above the denaturation temperature of the RNasin® Plus protein alone. This allows RNasin® Plus to protect RNA species prior to, during and after heating, even at temperatures normally used during first-strand DNA synthesis in RT-PCR. We have taken solutions up to 70°C for 15 minutes and did not see RNase reactivation.

Features:

- Improved Resistance to Oxidation: Due to natural amino acid diversity, RNasin[®] Plus lacks the capability to form the active site-blocking disulfide bond that can form in the human protein under oxidative conditions.
- Improved Purification: RNasin[®] Plus is expressed by *E. coli* as a soluble protein, allowing easy purification by a combination of ion exchange and hydrophobic interaction chromatography. No direct affinity chromatography required. The new process yields a >90% pure protein with no *E. coli* RNase carryover.
- Proven Compatibility with RT-PCR Systems: RNasin® Plus has proven compatible with the Access and AccessQuick™ RT-PCR Systems, ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcription System and the Reverse Transcription System. Also proven compatible with TaqMan®-based RT-PCR Systems.
- Protection During RNA Template Denaturation: Heating mixtures of RNasin[®] Plus and RNase does not lead to reactivation of the RNase at temperatures even as high as 70°C for 15 minutes. Many RT-PCR protocols call for RNA template denaturation (e.g., 65–70°C for 5–10 minutes) in the presence of the RT primers prior to full RT reaction assembly for maximum sensitivity. You can now include RNasin[®] Plus at this step.
- Protection During Higher Temperature RT Reactions: Add RNasin®
 Plus during RT reaction assembly and take the reaction to temperatures above 50°C with enzymes like the ImProm-II™ and AMV Reverse
 Transcriptases. RNases that may be present will not be reactivated at the higher temperature.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Protection from RNase at 70°C. Separate tubes of RNasin® Plus and RNase (lanes 1 and 3) were heated to 70°C for 15 minutes. RNasin® Plus and RNase were combined and then heated to 70°C for 15 minutes (lanes 2 and 4). To each set of reactions, either 100ng (lanes 1 and 2) or 10ng (lanes 3 and 4) of Luciferase Control RNA (Cat.# L4561) were added. The reactions were held at 37°C for 1 hour, then used in an RT-PCR to amplify the entire 1.8kb transcript. The gel shows the amplified product from the RT-PCR. All lanes used 400u of RNasin® Plus and 1.25µg of a rat liver protein extract (abundant source of RNase; Sigma Cat.# L-1380) dissolved in water to 0.5µg/µl.

Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor

Miller

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease | 2,500 u 20-40 u/µl | N2511 | |
| Inhibitor | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2515 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: RNases are ubiquitous, cause RNA degradation and can compromise RNA integrity. Recombinant RNasin[®] Inhibitor is a 50kDa protein that inhibits RNase A family and human placental RNases by noncovalently binding to RNases in a 1:1 ratio. Recombinant RNasin[®] Inhibitor does not inhibit RNase T1, S1 nuclease, RNase from *Aspergillus*, RNase H, RNase ONE[™] Ribonuclease and enzymes for downstream applications such as GoScript[™] Reverse Transcriptase, AMV/M-MLV reverse transcriptases, SP6, T7/T3 RNA polymerase, and *Taq* DNA polymerases. Learn more about our custom options for this product at: **www.promega.com/custom/**

Features:

- Inhibits Common Eukaryotic RNases: Carries broad-spectrum RNase inhibitory properties.
- Compatible: Does not inhibit SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase; GoScript™, AMV or M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase; or Taq DNA polymerase.
- Broad pH Range (pH 5–8): Offers flexibility in downstream assays.
- Recombinantly Produced: Minimizes chances of human nucleic acid contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Native RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor



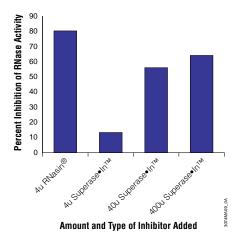
| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|-------|
| RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor | 2,500 u 20–40 u/µl | N2111 |
| | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2115 |
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease | 2,500 u 20-40 u/µl | N2511 |
| Inhibitor | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2515 |
| N2111 N2115 For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures N2511 N2515 | | |

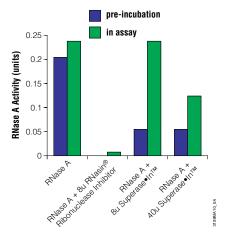
For Laboratory Use.

Description: Native RNasin® Inhibitor is a 50kDa protein that inhibits RNase A family and human placental RNases by noncovalently binding to RNases in a 1:1 ratio. Recombinant RNasin® Inhibitor does not inhibit RNase T1, S1 nuclease. RNase from *Asperaillus*. RNase H. RNase ONE™ Ribonuclease and enzymes for downstream applications such as GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase, AMV/M-MLV reverse transcriptases, SP6, T7/T3 RNA polymerase and Taq DNA polymerases.

Features:

- Inhibits Common Eukaryotic RNases: Carries broad-spectrum RNase inhibitory properties.
- Compatible: Does not inhibit SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase; GoScript™, AMV or M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase; or Taq DNA polymerase.
- Broad pH Range (pH 5-8): Offers flexibility in downstream assays. Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Comparison of RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor and Superase•In™ inhibition of RNase A activity. Panel A. Total yeast RNA assay. Total yeast RNA was incubated in the presence of 5ng RNase A for 5 minutes at 37°C in 0.5ml of reaction mix containing 50mM MOPS and 5mM MgCl₂ (pH 6.5). The indicated amounts of inhibitor (RNasin® or Superase●In™) were mixed with the RNA prior to RNase addition. After incubation, 0.5ml 10% TCA was added to stop the reaction and to precipitate the large RNA molecules. An O.D.₂₈₀ measurement was taken of the TCA-soluble material. Panel B. "Pre-incubation" and "in assay" conditions. The total yeast RNA assay was performed as described in Panel A along with an experimental modification of "pre-incubation." For the pre-incubation assay, the ribonuclease inhibitors were mixed with RNase and incubated for 15 minutes at 22°C. The pre-incubation mix was then added to the RNA.





stocking system

Life Science Catalog 2014

Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Maxwell® 16 System RNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|------------------------------|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Cells Kit | 48 preps AS1270 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Blood Kit | 48 preps AS1310 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit | 48 preps AS1280 |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1220 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1225 |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | |
| System | 48 preps AS1155 |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1050 |
| Available Separately | |
| Maxwell® 16 High Strength LEV Magnetic Rod and | |
| Plunger Bar Adaptor | 1 each SP1070 |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6101 |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk AS6201 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5201 |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5101 |
| AS1270, AS1280, AS1220, AS1225, AS1150, AS1050 For Lab | oratory Use. AS1310. SP1070. |

Procedures. AS1155 For In Vitro Diagnostics Use. This product is only available in certain countries.

Description: The Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Cells Kit and the Maxwell® 16

AS6101, AS6201, AS1251, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic

Description: The Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Cells Kit and the Maxwell® 1 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit are for use with the Maxwell® 16 Instrument configured with the LEV High Strength Magnetic Rod and Plunger Bar Adaptor. This RNA purification procedure is a simple method with minimal

lysate handling before automated purification on the Maxwell® 16 Instrument. The low elution volume is used to generate concentrated high-quality RNA suitable for use in downstream applications such as quantitative RT-PCR. The kit provides the reagents for processing the samples and uses prefilled cartridges for purification, maximizing simplicity and convenience.

The Maxwell® 16 Total RNA Purification Kit, Maxwell® 16 Tissue LEV Total RNA Purification Kit and Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV Total RNA Purification Kit are designed for use with the Maxwell® 16 Instrument in either the standard or low elution volume (LEV) configuration. The kits provide high-quality, essentially DNA-free total RNA using novel approaches to selectively remove genomic DNA prior to automated RNA purification. You get enhanced sensitivity and improved confidence in your results for quantitative RT-PCR (qRT-PCR), RT-PCR, cDNA synthesis and other applications.

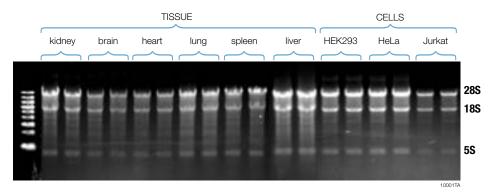
The simple protocols require adding a cleared lysate to the reagent cartridge. Simply place the reagent cartridge into the Maxwell® 16 Instrument, and press start. Purified RNA is obtained in less than 45 minutes of hands-free instrument operation. No post-purification treatment with nuclease, cleanup or concentration is required to achieve superior performance in downstream applications.

The Maxwell® 16 Total RNA Purification Kits are General Purpose Medical Devices (GPR) in the USA. For up-to-date information visit:

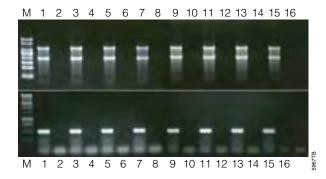
www.promega.com/maxwell16/

Features:

- Enjoy Confidence in Your Application Results: Essentially undetectable contaminating genomic DNA means fewer repeated experiments and unexplained or variable results.
- Choose Your Sample Type: Flexibility to purify from tissue, cells, blood and other samples.
- Achieve High Yield and High Concentration: High yields and highconcentration total RNA result in better performance in gene expression analysis applications.



Intact RNA extracted from tissue using the Maxwell[®] 16 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit. Extracted tissue samples were run on a FlashGel[®] System for 5 minutes and signal developed for 15 minutes. The 28S, 18S and 5S are clearly visible indicating intact RNA.



No detectable cross-contamination. Sixteen purification reactions were performed using an input of 25mg of mouse liver lysate (odd lanes) or SV RNA Lysis Buffer alone (even lanes). **Panel A.** Four-microliter aliquots of each purified sample were resolved by 1.2% agarose gel electrophoresis under denaturing conditions. Lane M, RNA Markers (Cat.# G3191). **Panel B.** Equivalent volumes (1µl) of each sample were amplified by endpoint RT-PCR using a primer pair specific for a portion of beta actin RNA. A total of five microliters of each amplification reaction was analyzed by 1.2% agarose gel electrophoresis and visualized by ethidium bromide staining. Lane M, 1kb DNA Ladder (Cat.# G5711).



Section Contents

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DNA and RNA Quantitation

QuantiFluor® dsDNA System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor® dsDNA System | 1 ml | E2670 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The QuantiFluor® dsDNA System contains a fluorescent DNAbinding dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of doublestranded DNA (dsDNA) in solution. The quantitation of dsDNA is a very important step in many biological applications, particularly in standard molecular biology techniques. The dye shows minimal binding to single stranded DNA (ssDNA) and RNA, allowing specific quantitation of dsDNA.

- Specificity: Highly specific to dsDNA, minimal binding to ssDNA, RNA, protein and interfering compounds.
- Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop® spectrophotometer) for low-concentration samples. Performs better or equal to PicoGreen® dye and can detect as little as 50pg/ml.
- Ease of Use: System includes all required reagents to quickly set up and quantitate dsDNA.
- Instrument Compatibility: Pre-optimized on both the Quantus™ Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

QuantiFluor® ssDNA System

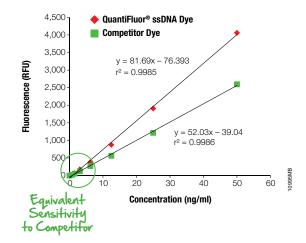
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor® ssDNA System | 1 ml | E3190 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The QuantiFluor® ssDNA System contains a fluorescent dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of single-stranded (ssDNA) in solution. Detecting and quantitating ssDNA is useful for a variety of research interests in molecular biology. These include studying ssDNA viruses, quantitating short synthetic ssDNA probes for site-directed mutagenesis, analysis of first-strand cDNAs and quantitating bisulfite-converted DNA to study DNA methylation.

Features:

- Increase your Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop® spectrophotometer) for those samples that are low in concentration.
- Save Precious Sample for Downstream Assays: Less template DNA required than spectrophotometry.
- Set Up Quickly and Easily: System includes all the necessary reagents to quickly set up and quantitate ssDNA.
- Experience Flexible Instrument Compatibility: Sets up easily on both the QuantiFluor® Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System. This dye system also can be used on any fluorescent instrument with appropriate optical channels.
- Remain Cost-Effective: Value priced for those customers who are costconscious and budget-constrained.
- Instrument Compatibility: Pre-optimized on both the Quantus™ Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° to -10°C, protected from light.



The QuantiFluor® ssDNA System will detect ssDNA as little as 1ng/ ml (200pg per well) in a 96-well microplate (200ml total volume). Detection limit is defined as greater than three standard deviations above the background RFU.



QuantiFluor® RNA System



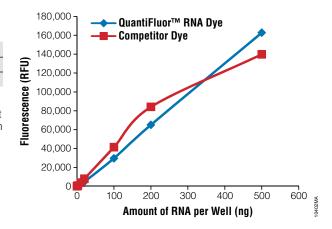
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor® RNA System | 1 ml | E3310 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Sensitive quantitation of RNA is important for the success of downstream applications. The QuantiFluor® RNA System contains a fluorescent RNA-binding dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of RNA in solution. Detecting and quantitating small amounts of RNA is a very important step that is used in many biological applications, particularly in molecular biology techniques.

Features:

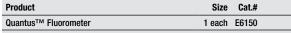
- **Highly Sensitive:** Significantly increased sensitivity over NanoDrop® spectrophotometer, especially for low-concentration samples.
- Save Precious Sample for Downstream Assays: Less template RNA required than for quantification by spectrophotometry.
- Flexible: Compatible with both QuantiFluor®-ST and GloMax®-Multi Instruments and other fluorometers with appropriate optical channels.
- Cost-Effective: Value priced, robust option for RNA quantitation.
- **Instrument Compatibility:** Pre-optimized on both the Quantus™ Fluorometer and GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C, protected from light.



Standard curves using the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye and a competitor dye. The standard curves were generated using RNA Standard in a 96-well format and 200µl total volume as described in Section 5 of the Technical Manual. The standard curve RNA amounts are 2ng, 10ng, 20ng, 50ng, 100ng, 200ng and 500ng per well. Fluorescence was measured using the GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System. The fluorescence values shown were blank-subtracted. Under these conditions, the dynamic range for the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye is approximately 2-500ng per well (in 200µl total volume), and the QuantiFluor® RNA Dye limit of detection is approximately 100pg per well.





For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Quantus[™] Fluorometer is a dual-channel fluorometer for your personal quantitation workflow. Designed to provide highly sensitive fluorescent detection when quantifying nucleic acids, the compact instrument is simple to operate. The Quantus™ Fluorometer is optimized with preprogrammed settings for Promega QuantiFluor® Dye Systems (QuantiFluor® dsDNA, RNA and ssDNA Systems) for nucleic acid quantitation, and allows users the flexibility to create their own methods and quantitation settings for other dyes.

The Quantus $^{\mathsf{TM}}$ Fluorometer is equipped with two fluorescence channels for nucleic acid and protein quantitation:

- · Blue fluorescence channel: Excitation 495nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 495nm), emission 510-580nm.
- Red fluorescence channel: Excitation 640nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 640nm), emission 660-720nm.

Features:

- High Performance: Integrated with QuantiFluor® Dyes for high sensitivity, broad dynamic range and target specificity. Great for low-level sample quantitation such as FFPE or viral samples.
- · Increased Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop® spectrophotometer) for those samples that are low in concentration. Ten times more sensitive than Qubit® 2.0. A detection limit of 50pg/ml, compared to 500pg/ml for the Qubit® 2.0. With a customized low standard curve, the detection limit can read as low as 1pg/ml.
- Easy-to-Use Workflow and Navigation: Flexible with custom protocols and user-defined settings. PC software for data management workflow.
- Affordable Price: Cost-effective to easily incorporate into your laboratory.



QuantiFluor® Single-Tube Fluorometers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| QuantiFluor®-ST Handheld Fluorometer with UV/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6090 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with Green/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6100 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with UV/Blue Channels | 1 each | E6105 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 245.



QuantiFluor®-ST and QuantiFluor®-P Single-Tube Fluorometers.

Helix® on-site stocking system

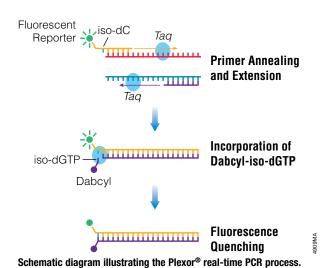
Section **Contents**

Table of **Contents**

Plexor® HY System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Plexor® HY System | 200 reactions DC1001 |
| | 800 reactions DC1000 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

For additional information see page 8.



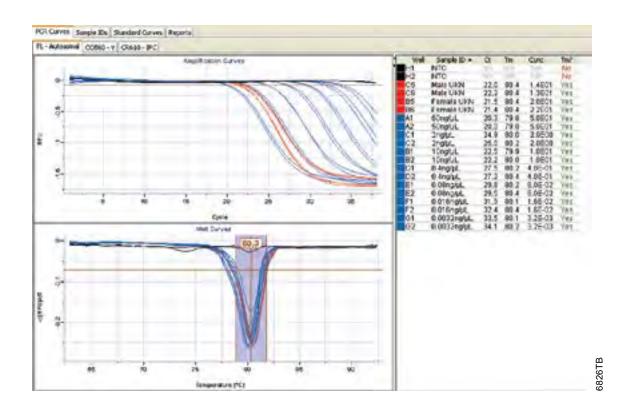
Nucleic Acid Purification Accessories

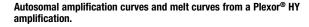
Plates

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|-------|
| Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates | 10 pack | A2271 |
| | 100 pack | A2278 |
| Wizard® SV 96 Lysate Clearing Plates | 10 pack | A2241 |
| | 100 pack | A2248 |
| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | V5291 |
| 384-Well Plate, Conical | 10 /pk | V5311 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Binding Plates, Lysate Clearing Plates and 384-Well Plates (Flat and Conical) are available for nucleic acid purification. The Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates are used with the Wizard® SV 96 Plasmid DNA Purification System (Cat.# A2250, A2255), Wizard® SV 96 Genomic DNA Purification System (Cat.# A2370, A2371) and Wizard® SV 96 PCR Clean-Up System (Cat.# A9340, A9341, A9342) to isolate DNA, or with the SV 96 Total RNA Isolation System (Cat.# Z3500, Z3505) to isolate RNA. The isolation procedures can be performed manually or on a robotic platform. The Binding Plates are designed for use with the Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A2291) or a comparable manifold.

The Wizard® SV 96 Lysate Clearing Plates are used with the Wizard® SV 96 Binding Plates (Cat.# A2271, A2278) and the Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold (Cat.# A2291) for simultaneous lysate clearing and DNA binding in the Wizard® SV 96 (Cat.# A2250, A2255) and Wizard® SV 9600 (Cat.# A2258) Plasmid DNA Purification System protocols.







Magnetic Stands and Spacers

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------|-------|
| MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8151 |
| MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8351 |
| MagnaBot® Flat Top Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V6041 |
| Plate Clamp 96 | 1 each | V8251 |
| Plate Stand | 1 each | V8261 |
| Deep Well MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation | | |
| Device | 1 each | V3031 |
| Heat Transfer Block | 1 each | Z3271 |
| Heat Block Insert | 1 each | Z3651 |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 3/16 inch | 1 each | V8381 |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/8 inch | 1 each | V8581 |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/16 inch | 1 each | V8681 |
| 1/4 inch Foam Spacer | 1 each | Z3301 |
| MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8241 |
| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | V5291 |
| 384-Well Plate, Conical | 10 /pk | V5311 |
| V8151, V8351, V6041, V8251, V8261, Z3271, V5291, V5311 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. V3031, Z3651, V8241 For Laboratory Use. | | |



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151).



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151) with a 96-well Collection Plate and robotic gripper arm.



MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8351).



Plate Clamp 96 (Cat.# V8251) with a 96-well PCR plate.



Plate Stand (Cat.# V8261).



MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8241).



Section Contents

Table of Contents

Magnetic Stands and Spacers (continued)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------------|-------|
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) | 0.5 ml | Z5331 |
| | 1.5 ml | Z5332 |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5333 |
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 0.5 ml | Z5341 |
| | 1.5 ml | Z5342 |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5343 |
| PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation | | |
| Stand | 1 each | Z5410 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |



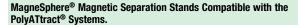
MagneSphere $^{\circ}$ Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) (Cat.# Z5331, Z5332, Z5333).



MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) (Cat.# Z5341, Z5342, Z5343).



PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation Stand (Cat.# Z5410).



| Stand Cat.# | Sample Size | Compatible Product | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 2-Position Stand | j | | | |
| Z5331 | 5-10mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| Z5332 | 5-35mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| | | PolyATtract® System III or IV | | |
| | 1×10^6 cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| Z5333 | 35-100mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| | | PolyATtract® System I or II | | |
| Z5410 | 0.1-1g or 10 ⁷ -10 ⁸ cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| 12-Position Star | nd | | | |
| Z5341 | 5-10mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| Z5342 | 5–35mg or 1×10^6 cells | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| | | PolyATtract® System III or IV | | |
| Z5343 | 35-100mg | PolyATtract® System 1000 | | |
| | | 9488LA | | |

Vacuum Manifolds and Accessories

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold | 1 each | A2291 | |
| Vac-Man® Jr. Laboratory Vacuum Manifold, | | | |
| 2-sample capacity | 1 each | A7660 | |
| Vac-Man® Laboratory Vacuum Manifold, | | | |
| 20-sample capacity | 1 each | A7231 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| Collar for Vac-Man® 96 Vacuum Manifold | 1 each | A2311 | |
| One-Way Luer-Lok® Stopcocks | 10 each | A7261 | |
| Vacuum Adapters | 20 each | A1331 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |



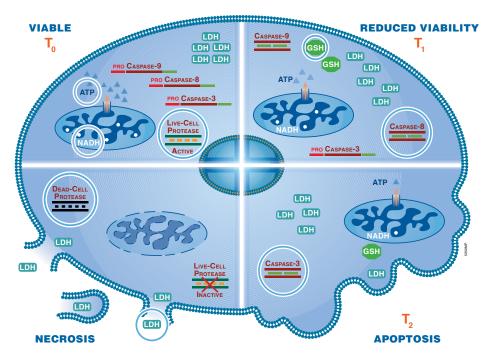




Section **Contents**

Drug Discovery Solutions

Harnessing the Power of Bioluminescence for Biochemical and Cell-Based Assays



Today's drug development needs are mature and complex. Instead of targets, biology and workflow are key elements. Drug developers in academia and industry alike need assays that are sensitive, robust, scalable and easy to use, that fit their workflows while maintaining physiological relevance.

Promega has developed key platform technologies based on luminescence and fluorescence that can be applied across the discovery spectrum.

Promega continues to offer solutions that enable you to develop better drugs, faster:

- Better profiling data
- More biologically relevant data
- Multiplexing solutions for increased understanding of biology
- Custom Assay Services (CAS@promega.com)

Starting with a single, well-defined biological reaction, we have developed a solid technology platform from which hundreds of unique in vitro biochemical and cell-based assays have been configured.

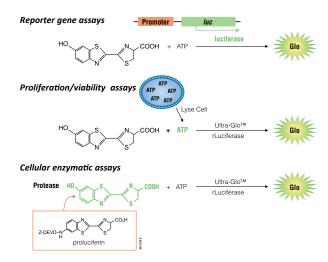
On the following pages are multiple robust and functionally tested assays for many early drug discovery needs. And if what you are looking for isn't here, let us partner with you to develop a custom solution.

Custom Assay Services

Biology-driven, Promega technology-enabled custom solutions for:

- Cell Engineering
- Assay Development & Qualification
- · Assay-Ready Cells In-Scale
- Custom Assay Materials

www.promega.com/CAS/



GPCR Assays

○ CAMP-Glo[™] Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|--|
| cAMP-Glo™ Assay | 300 assays | V1501 | |
| | 3,000 assays | V1502 | |
| | 30,000 assays | V1503 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The cAMP-Glo $^{\mathsf{TM}}$ Assay is a homogeneous, bioluminescent and high-throughput assay for measuring cAMP levels in cells. The cAMP-Glo™ Assay monitors cAMP production in cells in response to the effects of test compounds on G protein-coupled receptors (GPCR). GPCRs that couple with adenylate cyclase will increase or decrease intracellular cAMP. The assay is based on the principle that cyclic AMP (cAMP) stimulates protein kinase A (PKA) holoenzyme activity, decreasing available ATP and leading to decreased light production in a coupled luciferase reaction.

The cAMP-Glo[™] Assay can be performed in 96-, 384- or 1536-well plates. The cells are induced with a test compound for an appropriate period of time to modulate cAMP levels. After induction, cells are lysed to release cAMP, then the cAMP detection solution, which contains protein kinase A, is added. The Kinase-Glo® Reagent is then added to terminate the PKA reaction and detect the remaining ATP via a luciferase reaction. Plates are read using a microplatereading luminometer. Luminescence can be correlated to the cAMP concentrations by using a cAMP standard curve. The half-life for the luminescent signal is greater than 4 hours. This extended signal half-life eliminates the need for luminometers with reagent injectors and allows batch-mode processing of multiple plates.

Features:

Fast and Easy to Use:

- · Assay can be completed in approximately 45 minutes.
- · Homogeneous.
- · Just two steps following cell lysis.

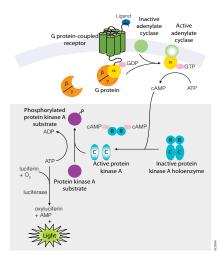
Excellent Signal-to-Noise Ratios:

- · Best signal:background ratio of all the cAMP assays.
- Signal:Background >200 (with cAMP), >15 (on cells).
- Easily scalable to 1536-well plate formats and beyond.

Proven Luminescent Technology:

- Powered by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase.
- No interference by fluorescent compounds.
- Non-radioactive.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -20°C. Once prepared, the cAMP detection solution (cAMP-Glo™ Reaction Buffer with Protein Kinase A) should not be frozen. Once prepared, the Kinase-Glo® Reagent should be dispensed into aliquots and stored at -20°C. See the product label for the expiration date.



○ CAMP-Glo[™] Max Assav

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------|----------------|-------|
| cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay | 2 plates | V1681 |
| | 20 plates | V1682 |
| | 10 × 20 plates | V1683 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay is a homogeneous, bioluminescent, high-throughput assay to measure cyclic AMP (cAMP) levels in cells. Compounds that modulate GPCRs coupled with adenylate cyclase typically alter intracellular cAMP levels. The cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay monitors cAMP levels in cells in response to the effect of agonists, antagonists or test compounds on G protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs). The assay is based on the principle that cyclic AMP (cAMP) stimulates protein kinase A (PKA) holoenzyme activity, decreasing available ATP and leading to decreased light production in a coupled luciferase reaction.

This improved version combines the lysis and cAMP reaction buffers into the cAMP-Glo™ ONE Buffer. This new format streamlines the protocol and reduces the time needed to complete the assay. The new ONE Buffer is supplied at a 5X concentration, which provides increased flexibility for starting cell culture

The cAMP-Glo[™] Max Assay can be performed in 96-, 384- or 1536-well plates. The cells are induced with a test compound for an appropriate period of time to modulate cAMP levels. After induction, cells are lysed and the cAMP released stimulates protein kinase A in the reagent (Figure 1). The Kinase-Glo® Reagent is then added to terminate the PKA reaction and detect the remaining ATP via a luciferase reaction. Plates are read using a microplate-reading luminometer. The half-life for the luminescent signal is greater than 4 hours allowing ample time to read the plates and eliminates the need for luminometers with reagent injectors.

Features:

Fast and Easy to Use:

- Improved—Lysis and cAMP detection steps combined (cAMP-Glo™ ONE Buffer).
- ONE Buffer—5X concentration provides better flexibility for starting cell culture volumes.
- · Assay can be completed in approximately 30 minutes.

Excellent Signal-to-Noise Ratios:

- · Best signal:background ratio of all the cAMP assays.
- Signal:Background >200 (with cAMP), >15 (on cells).
- Easily scalable to 1536-well plate formats and beyond.

Proven Luminescent Technology:

- Powered by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase.
- No interference by fluorescent compounds.
- · Non-radioactive.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at -20°C. Before use, completely thaw components at room temperature, except for the Protein Kinase A, which should be kept on ice when not at -20°C. After thawing, mix all components thoroughly before use. Once prepared, the cAMP detection solution (cAMP-Glo™ ONE Buffer with Protein Kinase A) should not be frozen. Once prepared, the Kinase-Glo® Reagent should be dispensed into aliquots and stored at -20°C. See the product label for the expiration date.



Helix® on-site stocking system

Section

Contents

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| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|----------------------------------|---------|-------|
| GloSensor™ cAMP HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E1261 |
| pGloSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid | 20 µg | E2301 |
| pGloSensor™-20F cAMP Plasmid | 20 µg | E1171 |
| GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent | 25 mg | E1290 |
| | 250 mg | E1291 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The GloSensorTM cAMP Assay presents a novel approach to measuring cAMP levels in live cells. cAMP is a key second messenger involved in signal transduction of GPCRs acting through $G\alpha_s$ and $G\alpha_l$ proteins. The new assay is based on the GloSensorTM Technology, a genetically modified form of firefly luciferase into which a cAMP-binding protein moiety has been inserted. Upon binding of cAMP, conformational change is induced leading to increased light output. This live-cell assay excels at kinetic and modulation studies of signaling through cAMP.

Researchers can use the GloSensor™ cAMP Assay by transiently expressing a receptor of interest and the biosensor in the cell line of choice. Alternatively, stably transfected cell lines with both the biosensor and the receptor of interest can be made. The protocol is simple: Cells are pre-equilibrated with GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent for approximately 2 hours; then cells are treated with specific agonists/antagonists or compounds, and luminescence is measured after 10–30 minutes. No other reagent additions or manipulations are required. Most common luminometers with injectors can be used to read the assay. GloSensor™ cAMP Reagent is required for use with this assay per the GloSensor™ Limited Use Label License.

Choosing the Appropriate Plasmid

We offer two variants of the biosensor, and we recommend the pGloSensor TM -22F cAMP Plasmid as the first choice for most applications.

pGIoSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid. Following cell-free expression in vitro, the version encoded by this construct shows an increased EC₅₀ for activation together with increased signal-to-background ratio at cAMP saturation relative to the version encoded by the pGIoSensor™-20F cAMP construct. In general, we have observed similar relationships between the two constructs when their performance is compared in living cells.

pGIoSensor™-20F cAMP Plasmid. The version encoded by this construct performs well in HEK293 cells at 37°C. Luminescence from the pGIoSensor™-22F cAMP Plasmid construct can be more difficult to detect at physiologic temperatures.

For a more thorough explanation of the general performance differences between the two plasmids, please consult Section 3.B, Recommendations on Choice of GloSensorTM Plasmid, in the *GloSensorTM cAMP Assay Technical Manual*, #TM076.

Features:

- Best-in-Class Performance: High Z' and large signal:background ratio values. Ideally suited to HTS/uHTS. Up to 1,000-fold changes in light output obtained.
- Live-Cell, Non-Lytic Assay Format: "Zero-step assay" greatly facilitates HTS/uHTS. Easy monitoring of cAMP in live cells enables a more complete analysis of receptor biology.
- High Sensitivity and Increased Biological Relevance: Easy detection
 of low-abundance, endogenous receptors; direct detection of G_I-coupled
 receptor activation and inverse agonist activity in the absence of added
 forskolin. PDE inhibitors not needed.

Storage Conditions: Store the pGloSensor[™] cAMP Plasmid at -20° C and the GloSensor[™] cAMP Reagent at -70° C. Store the resuspended GloSensor[™] cAMP Reagent at -70° C in single-use aliquots.

• PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay | 1,000 assays | V1361 |
| | 10,000 assays | V1362 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The PDE-Glo[™] Phosphodiesterase Assay is a luminescent, high-throughput screening (HTS) method for measuring cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase activity from **purified** sources. Cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterases (PDEs) are involved in a myriad of cellular processes due to their ability to hydrolyze, and thus control, the levels of the second-messenger signaling molecules cAMP and cGMP.

The availability of selective inhibitors for PDEs has facilitated their use as tools to study cyclic nucleotide signaling and paved the way to investigate the role of PDEs in cellular and tissue pathologies. The PDE-GloTM Phosphodiesterase Assay allows lead candidates to be identified from compound libraries. The assay is designed for 384-well plates, but assay volumes can easily be scaled for 96- or 1536-well plates. The PDE-GloTM Phosphodiesterase Assay is optimized to work with both cAMP- and cGMP-dependent phosphodiesterases. The total time required for the assay from start to finish is less than 1 hour after the PDE reaction is complete.

Features:

Versatile:

· Works with both cAMP and cGMP PDEs.

Sensitive:

- · Excellent signal:background ratios.
- Scalable to 1536-well plate formats.

Fast and Easy to Use:

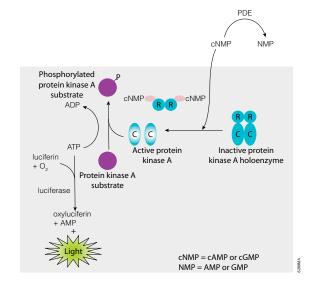
- Assay can be completed in <1 hour.
- · Homogeneous.

Proven Luminescent Technology:

- Powered by Ultra-Glo™ Luciferase.
- · Non-radioactive.

No Interference by Fluorescent Compounds.

Storage Conditions: Store the system at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. See the product label for the expiration date.



The PDE-Glo $^{\text{TM}}$ Phosphodiesterase Assay.



○ GloResponse[™] Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloResponse™ CRE-luc2P HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 | |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 | |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloResponse™ Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines contain optimized, state-of-the-art luciferase reporter technology integrated into a cell line. This allows the rapid development of a reporter assay based on the pathway of interest regulating the luciferase gene. Assays configured using the GloResponse™ Cell Lines are amenable for high-throughput screening. These assays typically have greater response dynamics (fold of induction) than other assay formats and good quality as indicated by the high Z′ values. GloResponse™ Cell Lines were developed to study a variety of signaling pathways. Activators of these pathways may be native to the HEK293 cell line. Activity of non-native activators can be studied after they have been introduced by transfection.

GPCRs regulate a wide-range of biological functions and are one of the most important target classes for drug discovery. GPCR signaling pathways can be categorized into three classes based on the G protein α -subunit involved: G_s , $G_{i/o}$ and G_q . The GloResponse TM CRE-Iuc2P HEK293 Cell Line can be used to study and configure screening assays for G_s - and $G_{i/o}$ -coupled GPCRs, which signal through cAMP and the cAMP Response Element (CRE). For G_q -coupled GPCRs, which signal through calcium ion release and activate the Nuclear Factor of Activated T-Cells response element (NFAT-RE), the GloResponse TM NFAT-RE-Iuc2P HEK293 Cell Line should be used.

NF- κ B-REs are the DNA binding sequences for the NF- κ B transcription factor complex, which is responsible for regulating inflammation, immune response, cell growth and apoptosis. The GloResponseTM NF- κ B-RE-luc2P HEK293 Cell Line is designed for rapid and convenient analysis of any cellular response that results in modulation of NF- κ B activities.

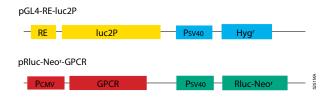
The GloResponseTM 9X*GAL4*UAS-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line contains nine repeats of GAL4 UAS (Upstream Activator Sequence) driving the transcription of the luciferase reporter gene luc2P in response to binding of a fusion protein containing the GAL4 DNA Binding Domain, such as the Estrogen Receptor Ligand Binding Domain in pBIND-ER α Vector (Cat.# E1390) when activated by a ligand. This makes the cell line suitable for the study of nuclear receptors or can be used to study other types of protein:protein and protein:DNA interactions. The GAL4 DNA Binding Domain partner must be introduced to this cell line by transfection or other similar techniques.

The GloResponse[™] Cell Lines were generated by clonal selection of HEK293 cells stably transfected with pGL4-based vectors carrying specific response elements for the pathway of interest. These cell lines incorporate the improvements developed for the pGL4 family of reporter vectors for enhanced performance. The destabilized *luc2P* luciferase reporter is used for improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics. The *luc2P* gene is codon optimized for enhanced expression in mammalian cells, and the pGL4 plasmid backbone was engineered to reduce background reporter expression. The result is a cell line with very high induction levels when the pathway of interest is activated.

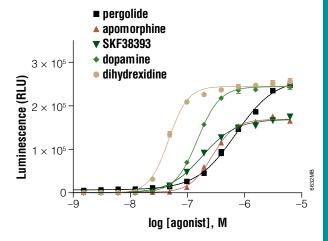
Features:

- Convenient: Prebuilt, optimized luciferase reporter cell lines.
- Robust: Large assay window provided by high levels of induction and low background expression.
- Faster Results: Improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics with destabilized luciferase.

Storage Conditions: Place frozen cells in storage at less than or equal to -140° C (mechanical deep freeze or vapor phase liquid nitrogen) until you are ready to thaw and propagate them. We strongly recommend that the cells are propagated, using the provided procedure, as soon as possible. This will ensure the optimal cell viability and assay performance.



Two plasmids involved in the dual-luciferase GPCR assay. RE, response element/promoter; luc2P, destabilized firefly luciferase with PEST sequence; P_{SV40} , SV40 promoter; Hygr, hygromycin resistance gene; P_{CMV} , CMV promoter; Rluc-neor, Renilla luciferase and neomycin resistance gene fusion. PEST sequences are associated with rapidly degraded proteins.



Ranking compound potency and detection of DRD1 partial agonists. A GloResponse™ CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor D1 was plated at 10,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate. Each agonist was serially diluted 1:2, then added to wells in replicates of four, beginning with 50µM. Cells were incubated with agonist for four hours, harvested and analyzed using the Dual-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920). Luciferase activity was measured on the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer (Cat.# E6501).



stocking system

Protease Assays

Protease-Glo™ Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Protease-Glo™ Assay | 1 each | G9451 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| pGloSensor™-10F Linear Vector | 1 µg | G9461 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | | |

Description: The Protease-Glo[™] Assay is a novel method to detect and measure protease activities using a genetically engineered firefly (Photinus pyralis) luciferase and represents one example of the GloSensor™ platform technology. The assay uses a circularly permuted firefly luciferase, the GloSensor™-10F protein, with a protease recognition site as the protease substrate. This assay system allows rapid generation of protease substrates through molecular cloning and coupled transcription/translation cell-free expression, thus enabling the facile evaluation of protease function. Oligonucleotides encoding a protease recognition sequence are designed and cloned into the GloSensor[™]-10F gene located on a linearized vector. The GloSensor™ protein containing the protease site of interest is then synthesized in a cell-free protein expression system and subsequently used as a protease substrate. Cleavage of the protease recognition sequence leads to activation of the GloSensor™ protein and light emission. The level of luminescence correlates to protease activity. The Protease-Glo™ Assay has the advantage of a bioluminescent readout, which provides easy quantitation, high sensitivity and wide dynamic range.

Visit the Protease-Glo[™] Assay Design Tool to see how to generate your protease recognition site of interest in the pGloSensor[™]-10F Linear Vector and express the protein using cell-free translation.

Features:

- Flexible: Use with P' requiring proteases.
- Avoid Fluorescent Background Problems: Physical and chemical features of luminescence overcome problems due to fluorescence interference.
- Greater Sensitivity: Ease and dynamic range of luminescence.
- Open Platform System: Create your own recognition substrates.
- Interrogate Sequences: Excellent tool to determine optimal protease recognition sequences or effects of amino acid substitutions.
- Web Application: Makes proper oligo design fast and easy; simply enter your amino acid sequence of interest.

See the Protease-Glo™ Assay Design Tool.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20° C, except the TnT® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Master Mix, which must be stored at -70° C.

Luminometer Plates

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Luminometer Plates | 50 plates | Z3291 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | | |

Description: These plates are White 96-Well Cliniplate, Universal Binding, Flat Bottom, and are multiwell plates recommended for use with the Protease-Glo™ Assay. The plates offer excellent optical, binding precision and are compatible with all common instruments (manufactured by Thermo Fisher Scientific).

Features:

 Compatible with All Common Instruments: Excellent optical and binding properties.

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature in a cool and dry location.

№ DUB-Glo[™] Protease Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| DUB-Glo™ Protease Assay (DUB/SENP/NEDP) | 10 ml | G6260 | |
| | 50 ml | G6261 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The DUB-Glo[™] Protease Assay (DUB/SENP/NEDP) is a homogeneous, bioluminescent assay that measures the activity of numerous deconjugating enzymes including deubiquitinating (DUB), deSUMOylating (SENP) and deneddylating (NEDP) proteases. These proteases reverse the protein modification by ubiquitin and ubiquitin-like proteins (UbI proteins) and thus are integral components in the complex mechanisms of posttranslational protein regulation in eukaryotes.

Features:

- Greater Sensitivity: The luminescent format provides enough sensitivity to enable use of a simple peptide-based substrate, Z-RLRGG-aminoluciferin, for assaying deconjugating proteases. Fluorescence generally requires the use of full-length substrates.
- Broad Dynamic Range: The assays are linear over 2–3 logs of deconjugating protease concentrations.
- Signal Stability: The coupled-enzyme format results in very stable signal
 with a half-life >3 hours. Substrate depletion is not a concern as it is when
 using the full-length substrates, Ub-AMC, SUMO-AMC or Nedd8-AMC.
- Fast: Maximum sensitivity is reached in 10–30 minutes after reagent addition because the signal is not dependent on accumulation of cleaved product for sensitivity in the coupled-enzyme format.
- Accurate and Robust: The broad linear range and excellent sensitivity readily translate to accurate kinetic analysis of inhibitors. Assays can be scaled to 384-well with suitable Z' factors.
- Greater Flexibility: The K_m values for the peptide substrates are much higher than they are for full-length substrates, yet the sensitivity of the luminescent assay allows the assay to be run significantly below K_m while still achieving good signal-to-background ratios for extended time periods. A single luminescent substrate concentration can be used for a wide variety of DUB/SENP/NEDP proteases without worrying about substrate depletion or substrate inhibition.
- Batch-Processing Capability: The homogeneous coupled-enzyme format results in a continuous signal, providing excellent stability and allowing plates to be read over an extended period of time.

Storage Conditions: Store components at -20°C protected from light.





| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------|-------|-------|
| DPPIV-Glo™ Protease Assay | 10 ml | G8350 |
| | 50 ml | G8351 |
| 5 D | | |

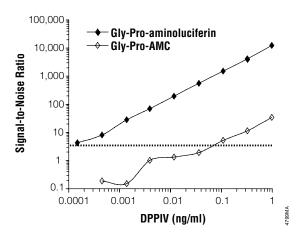
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The DPPIV-Glo[™] Protease Assay is a homogeneous, luminescent assay that measures dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPPIV) activity. DPPIV is a serine protease that cleaves N-terminal dipeptides from polypeptides with L-proline or L-alanine at the penultimate position. The DPPIV-Glo[™] Assay provides a proluminescent DPPIV substrate, Gly-Pro-aminoluciferin, in a buffer system optimized for DPPIV and luciferase activities. The addition of a single DPPIV-Glo[™] Reagent in an "add-mix-measure" format results in DPPIV cleavage of the substrate and generation of a "glow-type" luminescent signal produced by the luciferase reaction. In this homogeneous, coupled-enzyme format, the signal is proportional to the amount of DPPIV activity present. The assay is designed for use with purified enzyme preparations.

Features:

- Simplified Method: The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol makes the assay highly amenable to automation.
- Greater Sensitivity: The assay is more sensitive than fluorescent-based DPPIV assays. In contrast to fluorescent assays, the luminescent assay avoids inherent fluorescent background signals and thus provides excellent signal-to-background readings. The assay is linear over more than 3 logs of DPPIV concentration and can detect less than 1pg/ml enzyme.
- Faster Results: The maximum signal (and maximum sensitivity) of the assay is reached in as little as 30 minutes after reagent addition and, unlike fluorescent assays, is not dependent on accumulation of cleaved product.
- Amenable to Batch Processing: The stability of the signal allows plates to be read over an extended period of time.

Storage Conditions: Store components at -20°C protected from light.



Sensitivity of the DPPIV-Glo $^{\text{TM}}$ Protease Assay compared to a fluorescent assay.

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 Proteasome-Glo™ Chymotrypsin-Like Assay
 10 ml
 G8621

 50 ml
 G8622

 Proteasome-Glo™ Trypsin-Like Assay
 10 ml
 G8631

 50 ml
 G8632

 Proteasome-Glo™ Caspase-Like Assay
 10 ml
 G8641

 50 ml
 G8642

 Proteasome-Glo™ 3-Substrate System
 10 ml
 G8531

 50 ml
 G8532

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Proteasome-Glo[™] Assays are homogeneous, luminescent assays that individually measure the chymotrypsin-like, trypsin-like and caspase-like protease activities associated with the proteasome in a purified enzyme-based format. The 26S proteasome is a 2.5MDa multiprotein complex found in all eukaryotic cells. Adding the Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based Reagent in an "add-mix-measure" format results in proteasome cleavage of the substrate and rapid generation of a luminescent signal produced by the luciferase reaction.

The three luminogenic substrates used to monitor specific protease activities include: Suc-LLVY-aminoluciferin for chymotrypsin-like, Z-LRR-aminoluciferin for trypsin-like, and Z-nLPnLD-aminoluciferin for caspase-like activity. Each luminogenic substrate is added to a buffer system optimized for its specific proteasome activity and luciferase activity. The reagents are added to test samples containing proteasome enzyme that cleaves the substrates, releasing luciferin, which is consumed by luciferase, producing "glow-type" luminescence correlating to enzyme activity or inhibition.

The **Proteasome-GloTM 3-Substrate System** consists of three homogeneous bioluminescent assays in an enzyme-based format (each of these three assays also is available separately).

The **Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based 3-Substrate System** consists of three homogeneous bioluminescent assays that measure the three proteolytic activities associated with the proteasome in a cell-based format (each of these three assays also is available separately).

Features:

- Simplified Method: The "add-mix-measure" protocol minimizes handling steps and makes the assays amenable to automation.
- Faster Results: Maximum sensitivity is reached 10–30 minutes after reagent addition.
- Greater Sensitivity: The luminescent assay format avoids inherent fluorescent background signals, providing excellent signal-to-background readings. The assays are miniaturizable to 384-well format.

Storage Conditions: Store the Proteasome-GloTM Assay components at -20° C.



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

™ Cell-Based Proteasome-Glo[™] Assays

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| Proteasome-Glo™ Chymotrypsin-Like Cell-Based | 10 ml | G8660 | |
| Assay | 5 × 10 ml | G8661 | |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G8662 | |
| Proteasome-Glo™ Trypsin-Like Cell-Based Assay | 10 ml | G8760 | |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G8761 | |
| Proteasome-Glo™ Caspase-Like Cell-Based | 10 ml | G8860 | |
| Assay | 5 × 10 ml | G8861 | |
| Proteasome-Glo™ 3-Substrate Cell-Based Assay | 10 ml | G1180 | |
| System | 50 ml | G1200 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | es. | | |

Description: The Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based Assays are homogeneous, luminescent assays that individually measure the chymotrypsin-like, trypsin-like and caspase-like protease activities associated with the proteasome complex in cultured cells. The 26S proteasome is a 2.5MDa multiprotein complex found in all eukaryotic cells. Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based Assays provide luminogenic proteasome substrates in buffers optimized for cell permeabilization, proteasome activity and luciferase activity. Addition of the Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based Reagent in an "add-mix-measure" format results in proteasome cleavage of the substrate and rapid generation of a luminescent signal produced by the luciferase reaction.

The three luminogenic substrates used to monitor specific protease activities include: Suc-LLVY-aminoluciferin for chymotrypsin-like, Z-LRR-aminoluciferin for trypsin-like, and Z-nLPnLD-aminoluciferin for caspase-like activity. Each luminogenic substrate is added to a buffer system optimized for its specific proteasome activity and luciferase activity. The reagents are added to cells in culture, and the proteasome cleaves the substrates, releasing luciferin, which is consumed by luciferase, producing "glow-type" luminescence correlating to enzyme activity or inhibition.

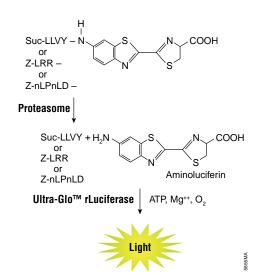
The **Proteasome-GloTM Cell-Based 3-Substrate System** consists of three homogeneous bioluminescent assays that measure the three proteolytic activities associated with the proteasome in a cell-based format (each of these three assays also is available separately).

The **Proteasome-GloTM 3-Substrate System** consists of three homogeneous bioluminescent assays in a purified enzyme-based format (each of these three assays also is available separately).

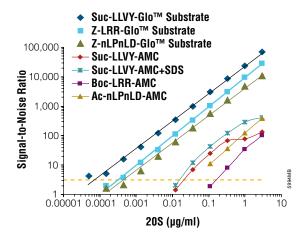
Features:

- More Biologically Relevant Results: Obtain activity data directly from a cellular environment with the Proteasome-Glo[™] Cell-Based Assay.
- Simplified Method: The "add-mix-measure" protocol minimizes handling steps and makes the assays amenable to automation.
- Faster Results: Maximum sensitivity is reached 10–30 minutes after reagent addition.
- Greater Sensitivity: The luminescent assay format avoids inherent fluorescent background signals, providing excellent signal-to-background readings. The assays are miniaturizable to 384-well format.

Storage Conditions: Store the Proteasome-GloTM Assay components at $-20^{\circ}\text{C}.$



The luminogenic substrates containing the Suc-LLVY, Z-LRR or ZnLPnLD sequence are recognized by the 20S proteasome. Following cleavage by the 20S proteasome, the substrate for luciferase (aminoluciferin) is released, allowing the luciferase reaction to produce light.



Luminescent proteasome assays are more sensitive than fluorescent proteasome assays.





| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Calpain-Glo™ Protease Assay | 10 ml | G8501 | |
| | 50 ml | G8502 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The Calpain-GloTM Protease Assay is a homogeneous, luminescent assay that measures calpain 1 (μ) and 2 (m) activities. Calpains are a family of calcium-activated cysteine proteases involved in cleaving a wide variety of proteins. Calpains modulate the biological activities of their substrates via limited proteolysis.

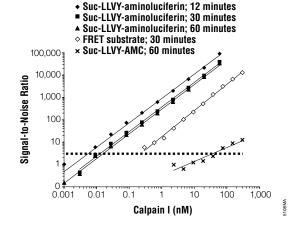
The Calpain-Glo™ Protease Assay provides a succinyl, proluminescent calpain substrate, Suc-LLVY-aminoluciferin, in a buffer system optimized for calpain and luciferase activities. The addition of the calpain reagent in an "add-mix-measure" format results in calpain cleavage of the substrate and rapid development of a "glow-type" luminescent signal produced by the luciferase reaction. The signal is proportional to the amount of calpain activity present. The assay is designed for use with purified enzyme preparations.

Features:

- Faster Results: The homogeneous, enzyme-coupled format is especially well suited for rapidly autolysed enzymes like calpain; maximum sensitivity is reached in as little as 10 minutes, while the enzyme is fully active.
- Simple Protocol: The homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol makes the assay easy to automate.
- Greater Sensitivity: The assay is up to 1,000 times more sensitive than
 competitive fluorometric assays. The luminescent assay avoids inherent
 fluorescent background signals, providing excellent signal-to-background
 readings. The assay is linear over 4 logs of calpain concentration.

Storage Conditions: Store components at -20°C protected from light.

The proluminescent substrate containing the Suc-LLVY sequence recognized by calpain. Following calpain cleavage, the substrate for luciferase (aminoluciferin) is released, allowing the luciferase reaction to occur and producing light.



Sensitivity of the Calpain-Glo $^{\text{TM}}$ Protease Assay compared to fluorescent assays.



Helix® on-site

stocking system

¹⁰Tryptase, Human, Recombinant, β

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| rhSkin β Tryptase | 100 µg | G7061 | |
| rhLung β Tryptase | 100 µg | G5631 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Tryptase is the predominant protein in mast cell granules and cleaves proteins at arginine and lysine residues. Tryptase is stored and released from mast cell granules upon activation. Mast cells are found in many tissues but are present in greater numbers along epithelial linings of the body, such as the skin, respiratory tract and gastrointestinal tract, as well as the perivascular tissue surrounding blood vessels. They are involved in a variety of physiological and pathophysiological states, including immediate hypersensitivity, delayed-type hypersensitivity, cell growth regulation, defense against neoplasia, and pain and itch sensation. They have also been implicated in chronic inflammatory states and are involved in neuroimmune interactions. The availability of recombinant human tryptase will aid in research directed toward a more complete understanding of the biological role(s) of tryptase and mast cells and the identification of tryptase in vivo targets.

Skin β_l Tryptase, Human, Recombinant (rhSkin β Tryptase) and Lung β_{ll} Tryptase, Human, Recombinant (rhLung β Tryptase) are neutral serine proteases. The human β tryptase enzymes have been cloned and stably expressed in *Pichia pastoris* as fully active tetrameric enzymes and purified by affinity chromatography. The two enzymes differ in buffer formulation, enzyme concentration and glycosylation pattern. rhLung Tryptase is provided at a much higher concentration (2mg/ml) in minimal buffer without heparin for chromatographic studies and with glycosylation more closely resembling cadaveric enzyme as demonstrated by glycosidase digestion followed by Western analysis of the two recombinant enzymes and native lung tryptase.

Specific Activity: Measured as the rate of hydrolysis of 0.4mM N α CBZ-L-Lysine Thiobenzyl Ester as substrate coupled with Ellman's Reagent (5,5'-Dithio-bis(5-Nitrobenzoic Acid)) in a final volume of 1ml, incubating for 1 minute at 25°C, and monitoring the absorbance change at 410nm. One unit is defined as 1.0 absorbance unit change per minute.

- rhSkin β Tryptase: >1,000 units/mg protein.
- rhLung β Tryptase: >1,200 units/mg protein.

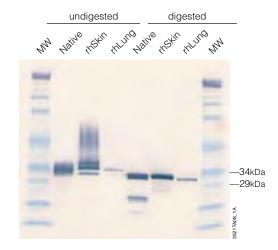
Concentration:

rhSkin β Tryptase: 200µg/ml.
rhLung β Tryptase: 2mg/ml.

Features:

- High Specific Activity: Specific activity is consistently 130–150% higher than native lung tryptase.
- Consistent: Recombinant protein expression results in uniform enzyme from batch to batch.
- Safe: Void of human pathogens associated with native cadaveric tryptase.
- Pure: Skin β and Lung β Tryptase are free of other contaminating proteases, providing more active enzyme per milligram of protein and eliminating extraneous protein interactions observed with native tryptase.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Glycosidase digestion of human β tryptase with PNGase F yields single tryptase core protein. Western blot with Anti-Human Tryptase mAb (clone AA5, Cat.# G3361).

ADME Assays

For additional information see page 44.

Apoptosis Assays

For additional information see page 49.

Bioassays for Biologics

For additional information see page 30.

Cell Viability Assays

For additional information see page 58.

Cytotoxicity Assays

For additional information see page 63.

Oxidative Stress Assays

For additional information see page 70.

Metabolism Assays

For additional information see page 72.

Histone Deacetylase Assays

For additional information see page 81.

Nuclear Receptor Pathway Tools

For additional information see page 334.

Kinase Assays

For additional information see page 83.





| 9 Epigenetics | |
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Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Workflow Solutions for DNA Methylation Analysis

Promega offers cutting-edge, effective and flexible solutions to streamline your DNA methylation analysis workflow.

- Compatibility: Instruments and chemistries designed to work together and provide higher throughput and greater reproducibility
- Confidence: Consistent, high-quality reagents from a trusted manufacturer from start to finish
- Flexibility: Maximize your sample diversity upstream and downstream

DNA Methylation workflow

Purification & Quantification Downstream Analysis Bisulfite Conversion Promega offers DNA purification Whether you need andpoint or The Mittly/Edge "Bisulfat Conversion real-time solutions, amplity your chemistries and automation. System offers efficient bisulfee conversion bisuffite-converted DNA with the platforms for variable sample sizes: and disanup of DNA from a variety of sources. most robust, reliable amplification and throughput needs as well as: in less than 0 hours, with reduced template fools on the market. fast, sensitive and fuorescence fragmastation. and PCR-based assays for accurate DNA quantitation.

Start simplifying your workflow with solutions designed to work together:





Bisulfite Conversion

MethylEdge™ Bisulfite Conversion System

116/10

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| MethylEdge™ Bisulfite Conversion System | 50 reactions | N1301 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Methylated Human Control | 5 μg | N1231 | |
| Converted Methylated Human Control | 1 µg | N1221 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The MethylEdge[™] Bisulfite Conversion System provides a rapid, efficient method to perform bisulfite conversion with minimal DNA fragmentation in less than two hours. The rapid protocol and complete conversion mean that you can produce completely converted DNA ready for your choice downstream assays with minimal preparation and hands-on time. Coupled with purification chemistries and flexible, robust amplification technologies for detection, the MethylEdge[™] Bisulfite Conversion System delivers high-quality, intact converted DNA for your experiments.

Features:

- Effective Conversion Reagents: High-efficiency DNA conversion.
- Rapid Protocol: Time savings compared to other conversion systems.
- Intact DNA: Robust conversion of DNA with reduced DNA fragmentation.
- Room-Temperature, Ready-to-Use Reagents: Convenient system configuration allows room-temperature storage and minimal up-front proparation.

Storage Conditions: Store the MethylEdgeTM Bisulfite Conversion System at $22-25^{\circ}$ C (room temperature). Store the Methylated Human Control at $2-10^{\circ}$ C. Store the Converted Methylated Human Control at -30 to -10° C.



Degree of DNA fragmentation after conversion. DNA was purified from whole blood using the ReliaPrepTM Blood gDNA Miniprep System (1) or Maxwell[®] 16 LEV Blood Kit (2) and was converted using the MethylEdgeTM Bisulfite Conversion System (P) or a competing bisulfite conversion kit (Z or N). B = BenchTop 1kb DNA Ladder, D = nonconverted, purified DNA.

DNA Purification Technologies

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------------|----------|--------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT | 96 × 10ml to 960 × 1 | ml preps | A1751 | |
| gDNA Isolation System | | | A2751 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument | | 1 each | A2715 | |
| Alkaline Protease (APA) | | 130 ml | A1721 | |
| Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) | | 1,400 ml | A1731 | |
| Binding Buffer (BBA) | | 1,600 ml | A1741 | |
| ReliaPrep™ Resin | | 115 ml | A1752 | |
| Prepared Wash Buffer (WBC) | ; | 3,500 ml | A2681 | |
| Proteinase K (PK) Solution | | 23 ml | A5051 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | | 500 ml | P1197 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| RNase A Solution | 5 ml | 4 mg/ml | A7974 | |
| 20X TE Buffer (pH 7.5) | 25 ml | | A2651 | |
| Tissue Lysis Buffer (TLA) | 500 ml | | A5091 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 1,000 ml | | P1199 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument Cover | 1 each | | A2712 | |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack | 1 each | | A2713 | |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack Stand | 1 each | | A2714 | |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument 1-Year Ser | vice 1 each | ; | SA1330 | |
| Agreement | | | | |
| ReliaPrep [™] LV 32 HSM Standa Agreement | rd Service 1 each | : | SA3070 | |
| Bottle for 50% Ethanol | 1 each | | A2691 | |

A1751, A7974, A2651, A2751, A2715, A5091, A1721, P1199, A1731, A2712, A1741, A2713, A1752, A2714, A2681, A5051, SA3070, A2691, P1197 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagn.ostic Procedures. A1751, A2751 and A2715 may not be available in all countries. Please contact your local representative for more information.

Description: The ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System isolates genomic DNA (gDNA) from 1–10ml of blood in a scalable format. The chemistry eliminates tedious centrifugation steps as well as the use of hazardous chemicals, which are inherent in precipitation-based chemistries. Each kit provides enough reagents to process up to 96×10 ml whole blood samples. The system has been automated on robotic liquid-handling workstations, allowing walkaway purification of genomic DNA from 1–10ml of whole blood, regardless of sample storage or shipping conditions. For low-throughput isolation of gDNA from up to 32 samples at one time, the HSM 2.0 can be used in a manual mode, where the user performs the pipetting functions. The HSM has software that controls the instrument and directs the user through the purification protocol.

Features:

- Decrease Hands-On Time: Automation reduces operator time spent on instrument setup and takedown by allowing walkaway operation for large numbers of samples at a time.
- Remove Protocol Bottlenecks: Heater Shaker Magnet eliminates the need to move samples on the robot deck, reducing instrument failures; precipitation-free chemistry dramatically reduces purification failures.
- Achieve Peace of Mind: Automated liquid level sensing for all samples and solutions with operator notification allows recovery of samples in case of error.
- Isolate Pure DNA from All Samples: Purification chemistry is equally
 effective at recovering DNA from pristine as well as challenged (hemolysed
 or frozen) samples.
- Save a Day or Two of Processing: Samples are eluted in buffer, ready for use in downstream assays or archiving, eliminating resuspension of pelleted DNA, which can take 24–48 hours.
- Reduce Waste: Chemistry is automatically scaled for each sample, using only the reagent required for optimal purification. Plastic use is also conserved, reducing liquid and solid waste during sample runs.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.



Helix® on-site

Section Contents

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stocking system

All Control

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ Blood gDNA Miniprep System | 100 preps | A5081 | |
| | 250 preps | A5082 | |
| For Describ Hee Only Not for Hee in Diagnostic Dre | and unan | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ReliaPrepTM Blood gDNA Miniprep System provides a complete, ready-to-use method for purification of gDNA from up to 200 μ l of blood or body fluid, consistently isolating pure, intact gDNA without the use of alcohol washes or precipitations. Genomic DNA can be prepared from fresh or frozen blood in less than 40 minutes with expected DNA yields of 4–10 μ g, depending on the white blood cell count of the blood sample.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Reagents are supplied "ready to go"; no additions required.
- Save Time: Eluted DNA obtained in 30 minutes or less.
- No Ethanol: Eliminates alcohol inhibition and carryover.
- Pure gDNA: Improved A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀ ratios vs. the leading competitor.
- Peace of Mind: Consistent results from run to run and between users, even with hemolyzed samples.
- Concentrated DNA: Good recovery and purity in as little as 50µl elution. Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Miniprep System | 100 preps | A2051 | |
| | 250 preps | A2052 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | | |

Description: The ReliaPrep™ gDNA Tissue Miniprep System provides a complete, ready-to-use method for purification of gDNA from up to 25mg of tissue, a buccal (cheek) swab, or a 1cm mouse tail snip, obtaining intact gDNA without the use of ethanol washes or precipitations.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Reagents are supplied "ready-to-use"—no additions required.
- Save Time: Eluted DNA obtained in 30 minutes or less (hands-on time).
- No Ethanol: Eliminates alcohol inhibition and carryover.
- Pure gDNA: Improved A₂₆₀/A₂₃₀ ratios vs. the leading competitor.
- Peace of Mind: Consistent results from run to run and between users.
- \bullet $\,$ Concentrated DNA: Good recovery and purity in as little as $50\mu l$ elution.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

№ ReliaPrep[™] FFPE gDNA Miniprep System

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| ReliaPrep™ FFPE gDNA Miniprep System | 10 reactions | A2351 | |
| | 100 reactions | A2352 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The ReliaPrep™ FFPE gDNA Miniprep System provides a complete, all-inclusive method for purifying quality genomic DNA from formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue without using hazardous solvents or overnight digestion. Genomic DNA can be isolated from FFPE tissue in approximately two and one-half hours with minimal hands-on time.

Features:

- Isolate Quality, Intact gDNA: Optimized lysis and binding conditions reverse modifications introduced by the fixation process, resulting in intact, amplifiable oDNA.
- Safely Deparaffinize Your Sample: Deparaffinization step occurs without harsh organic solvents.
- Save Time: Purify gDNA from FFPE tissue in less than two and one-half hours with minimal hands-on time. No overnight digestion required.
- Easy to Use: Minimal preparation time; simply add ethanol and go! Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.



Maxwell® 16 System DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|------------|------------|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Blood DNA Kit | 48 preps | AS1290 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Plus LEV DNA Purification Kit | t 48 preps | AS1135 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1140 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Buccal Swab LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1295 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System | 1 48 preps | AS1155 | |
| Maxwell [®] 16 FFPE Tissue LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1130 | |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1010 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IV | D) 48 preps | AS1015 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1020 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1030 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1120 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Instrument | 1 each | AS2000 | |
| Maxwell® 16 MDx Instrument | 1 each | AS3000 | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk | AS6101 | |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk | AS6201 | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml | MD1421 | |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5201 | |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5101 | |
| AS1290 AS1135 AS1140 AS1295 AS1150 AS1010 AS | 1020 AS1030 | ΔS1120 For | Lahoratory |

AS1290, AS1135, AS1140, AS1295, AS1150, AS1010, AS1020, AS1030, AS1120 For Laboratory Use. AS2000, AS3000, AS6101, AS6201, V1231, V4741, MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. AS1015, AS1155 For In Vitro Diagnostics Use. This product is only available in certain countries.

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Genomic DNA Purification Kits are designed for use with the Maxwell® 16 Instrument. DNA purification kits are provided with corresponding optimized automated methods. You get consistent yield and purity from easy-to-use automation.

For genomic DNA purification, the Maxwell® 16 System is the only system that makes purification from tissue as easy as purification from blood or cells. The action of the plunger grinds solid tissue samples directly in the lysis buffer in the prefilled reagent cartridges. Integrated grinding replaces time- and laborintensive use of lytic enzymes such as proteinase K or manual tissue grinding prior to purification.

Kits for optimized DNA purification from eukaryotic tissue, blood, cells, mouse tail and FFPE tissue sections are available. Protocols for a variety of new samples are being developed. The Maxwell® 16 DNA Purification Kits are General Purpose Medical Devices (GPR) in the USA. For up-to-date information visit: www.promega.com/maxwell16/

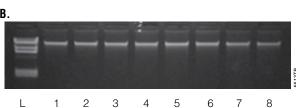
Features

- Achieve High Yield: Efficient processing and higher sample capacity than comparable systems.
- Enjoy Amazing Speed: Hands-free purification of genomic DNA in 18–30 minutes.
- Get More Time: Easily process tissues and cells.



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS3000) with optional bar code reader.





Genomic DNA purified from 8 samples of 200µl of whole human blood (Panel A) and 8 samples of 1cm of mouse tail (Panel B) was visualized on a 1% agarose gel stained with ethidium bromide. Lane L, Lambda DNA/Hindlll Markers (Cat.# G1711); Lanes 1–8, 5µl of purified genomic DNA.

| DNA Yields from Various Starting Materials. | | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Sample Type | Sample Size | Yield | | |
| Whole blood | 200μΙ | 4-9μg (>3pg/white blood cell) | | |
| Whole blood | 400μΙ | 8-15μg (>3pg/white blood cell) | | |
| Mouse tail | 1.2cm | 20μg | | |
| Animal tissue | 20-25mg | 60-100µg (mouse liver) | | |
| Tissue culture cells | 5×10^6 | 10µg (HeLa) | | |
| Gram- bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 10μg (BL21) | | |
| Gram+ bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 1μg (<i>B. cereus</i>) | | |
| Plant leaf (tomato) | 25mg | 10μg | | |
| | | 9482LA | | |



Luciferase-Based Methylation Detection

Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E2920 |
| | 100 ml | E2940 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E2980 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System is a homogeneous reagent system that enables fast and simple quantitation of a stable luminescent signal from two reporter genes in a single sample. This convenient "addand-read" system generates both firefly and Renilla luciferase luminescence signals from cells that have not been preconditioned or prelysed. The Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System provides high Z'-factors for cell-based, highthroughput screening applications. With the Dual-Glo® System, internal controls can be established to minimize sample variability by reducing false-positive and false-negative readings caused by nonspecific factors such as cytotoxicity. In the Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay, the activity of the primary reporter is correlated with the effect of specific stimuli, and the activity of the co-transfected control reporter provides an internal control to normalize results. The system is optimized for batch processing both 96- and 384-well plates and is compatible with a wide variety of mammalian cell culture media.

Features:

- Increased Precision and Accuracy: Normalize primary reporter results with an internal control, a co-reporter that minimizes effects of cell number and health, transfection efficiency and nonspecific cellular responses.
- **Homogeneous Format:** Perform fewer steps. Assay cells directly in growth medium for both reporters. No centrifugation or lysis steps required.
- Stable Signal: Obtain flexibility for either batch or continuous processing of 96- and 384-well plates. Each luminescent signal can be measured for up to 2 hours after reagent addition.
- . Convenience: Screen efficiently with simple, two-step assay ideal for any luminometer. On-board injectors not required.
- Wide Dynamic Range: Analyze high and low reporter activity without sample dilution. Linear over at least 6 logs of enzyme concentration for each reporter.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store Dual-Glo® Substrates at -20°C. Store Dual-Glo® Buffers below 25°C.

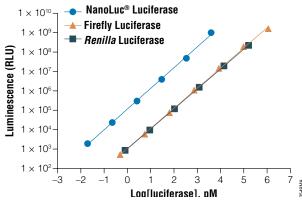
Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|
| Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay | 10 ml | N1110 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | N1150 | |
| | 100 ml | N1120 | |
| | 10 × 10 ml | N1130 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagno | ostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay System provides a simple, single-addition reagent that generates a glow-type signal in the presence of NanoLuc® luciferase with a half-life of approximately 120 minutes in commonly used tissue culture media. The reagent is prepared by mixing Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Substrate and Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Buffer. The reagent contains an integral lysis buffer allowing use directly on cells expressing NanoLuc® luciferase or the culture media when luciferase is secreted. Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Reagent is a dedicated product for the detection of NanoLuc® Luciferase. For more details on NanoLuc® Luciferase, visit: www.promega.com/nanoluc

Features:

- Advanced Reporter System: Bright NanoLuc® reporter allows use in challenging applications where sensitivity is limited.
- Simplified Assay Optimization: Add-and-read simplicity allows scaling from bench to HTS.
- Improved Assay Precision: No need for separate lysis and reagent injection steps.
- Brighter, Longer-Lasting Signal: Extended bright light output is optimized for batch and continuous-process handling.
- Greater Sensitivity: Low background formulation offers increased sensi-



A comparison of the sensitivity of NanoLuc®, firefly and Renilla luciferase assays.



Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay System



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|-------|--|
| Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E2510 | |
| | 100 ml | E2520 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E2550 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedu | ures | | |

Description: High-throughput quantitation of firefly (Photinus pyralis) luciferase expression in mammalian cells is commonly performed by batch processing of 96- and 384-well plates. Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay System is designed for this purpose by providing long-lived luminescence when added to cultured cells. The homogeneous assay provides signal half-lives of over 5 hours in commonly used cell culture media without prior sample processing. Throughput rates of several thousand samples per hour may be achieved with high reproducibility under standard laboratory conditions.

Features:

- Greater Light Output: Greater assay sensitivity than other leading extended-lifetime firefly luciferase assay reagents.
- Improved Assay Precision and Reproducibility: Less sensitive to mixing conditions in multiwell plates. Particularly useful in 384-well plates.
- Convenience: Simply mix buffer with lyophilized substrate and add to cells in culture medium; no need to thaw or measure before use.
- No Sample Preprocessing: No need to remove culture medium or wash cells prior to adding assay reagent. Grow cells and assay them directly within the same multiwell plate.
- Easy to Use: Simply add reagent, which contains a cell lysis component, wait 5 minutes and measure luminescence.
- · Robust: Compatible with many tissue culture media, including those containing up to 10% serum.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay Substrate at -20°C. Store Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay Buffer below 25°C.

Transfection Reagents

FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|-------|
| FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent | 1 ml | E2311 |
| | 5 × 1 ml | E2312 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent is a novel, nonliposomal formulation designed to transfect DNA into a wide variety of cell lines with high efficiency and low toxicity. The protocol does not require removal of serum or culture medium and does not require washing or changing of medium after introducing the reagent/DNA complex. Additionally, the FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent has been shown to support transfection in chemically defined media and does not contain any animal-derived components.

Features:

- More Biologically Relevant: Low toxicity, less impact on biology.
- · Simple Protocol: No culture changes, less variability, compatible with
- Effective in Many Cell Types: Online database with over 40 cell types, including primary and stem cells.
- Ideal for Use with Luciferase Assays: More expression, sensitive

Storage Conditions: Store FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent at 4°C. Do not freeze or store below 0°C.

Methylation-Specific Restriction Enzymes

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------|-------|--|
| Hpall | 1,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6311 | |
| | 5,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6315 | |
| Mbol | 200 u | 8–12 u/µl | R6711 | |
| Mspl | 2,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6401 | |
| Mbol | 200 u | 8–12 u/µl | R6711 | |
| Mspl | 2,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6401 | |
| | 10,000 u | 10 u/µl | R6405 | |
| Mspl (HC) | 10,000 u | 40–80 u/µl | R4404 | |
| Sau3Al | 100 u 3 | 3–10 u/µl | R6191 | |
| | 500 u 3 | 3–10 u/µl | R6195 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in | Diagnostic Proce | dures. | | |



O Promega

Section Contents

PCR Technologies

○ GoTaq[®] Hot Start Polymerase ■■■

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|
| GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase | 100 u | M5001 | |
| | 500 u | M5005 | |
| | 2,500 u | M5006 | |
| | 10,000 u | M5008 | |
| GoTaq® Hot Start Green Master Mix | 100 reactions | M5122 | |
| | 1,000 reactions | M5123 | |
| GoTaq® Hot Start Colorless Master Mix | 100 reactions | M5132 | |
| | 1,000 reactions | M5133 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | | |

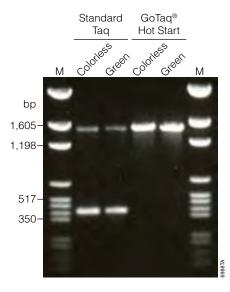
Description: GoTaq[®] Hot Start Polymerase contains the high-performance GoTag® DNA Polymerase bound to a proprietary antibody that blocks polymerase activity. The polymerase activity is restored during the initial denaturation step when the amplification reactions are heated at 94-95°C for two minutes. This enables hot-start PCR, where polymerase activity is eliminated or minimized at temperatures below 70°C. GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase exhibits 5'→3' exonuclease activity. The system is supplied with a tube of 25mM MgCl₂, allowing optimization of the magnesium concentration in your reactions. It is also supplied with 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer. The buffers contain a compound that increases sample density, so that samples sink easily into wells of an agarose gel. The green buffer also contains two dyes (yellow and blue) that separate to allow easy monitoring during electrophoresis. Use the green reaction buffer for direct-to-gel analysis after amplification and the colorless reaction buffer for amplifications where the dyes may interfere with post-amplification analysis such as fluorescence or absorbance testing.

GoTaq® Hot Start Master Mixes are premixed, ready-to-use solutions containing GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase, magnesium, dNTPs and buffer. Reactions can be set up in less than a minute at room temperature; simply add your template, water and primers. Available with either green or colorless reaction buffers, which also serve as loading buffers, allowing you to go directly from thermal cycler to gel analysis. GoTaq® Hot Start Master Mixes offer the specificity and sensitivity of an antibody-based hot-start polymerase in a convenient, easy-to-use, time-saving format.

Features:

- Enhanced Yield, Sensitivity and Specificity: The proven, robust amplification and sensitivity of GoTaq® DNA Polymerase now with built-in hot start to deliver even more superior results.
- Ease of Use: Set up your reaction at room temperature—no need to set up on ice.
- Higher Yield: Two-minute activation saves time and ensures maximum enzyme activity.
- **Higher Specificity:** Minimize nonspecific amplification and primer-dimers.
- Improve Productivity: Go directly from PCR to gel analysis. Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer serves as both reaction buffer and gel-loading solution.
- Convenience: One tube, one pipetting step. Only add template and primers when using the master mixes.
- Optimization: Control the magnesium concentration in your reaction for specialized templates when using the standalone polymerase.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30 to -10°C.



Improve amplification of targets that require hot start using GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase. A 1.5kb fragment of a *Corynephage* omega gene that requires hot start PCR was amplified from 500pg of plasmid DNA using either standard *Taq* or GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase in Green and Colorless Flexi Reaction Buffers. Use of GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase resulted in amplification of only the target 1.5kb fragment. Using standard *Taq* DNA Polymerase, a nonspecific 410bp product also was amplified.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix | 100 reactions | M4021 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

Description: GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix contains the high-performance GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase in a specially formulated mixture with a proprietary thermostable proofreading polymerase. This optimized enzyme mixture allows efficient amplification of up to 40kb from lambda DNA or 30kb from human genomic DNA. The presence of a proofreading enzyme to repair DNA mismatches and a highly processive polymerase allows the polymerase to continue to elongate the DNA much further, resulting in longer DNA amplification

The optimized formulation of the GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix components enables simple reaction setup and provides consistently efficient, accurate and robust amplification of long DNA amplicons.

Features:

- Easy: Hot-start master mix for convenient handling and simple setup.
- **Enhanced:** Yield, sensitivity and specificity with optimized components.
- Accurate: Blend of thermostable DNA polymerases with enhanced processivity and proofreading.
- Confident: Control primer pair and human gDNA template to perform control reactions and test template quality.
- Efficient: Perfect for cloning genes, mutational analysis and DNA sequencing.

Storage Conditions: Upon arrival, store all components at -30 to -10° C, protected from light. For immediate use, components may be stored at $2-8^{\circ}$ C, protected from light, for up to 3 months.

OGOTag® Real-Time gPCR and RT-gPCR Systems for Probe-Based Detection

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| GoTaq® Probe qPCR Master Mix | 200 reactions | A6101 |
| | 1,000 reactions | A6102 |
| GoTaq® Probe 2-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 reactions | A6110 |
| GoTaq® Probe 1-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 reactions | A6120 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | |

For additional information see page 270.

GoTag® Real-Time qPCR and RT-qPCR Systems for Dye-Based Detection

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|--|-------|--|
| GoTaq® qPCR Master | 200 × 50µl reactions | A6001 | |
| Mix | 1,000 × 50µl reactions | A6002 | |
| GoTaq® 1-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 × 50µl reactions | A6020 | |
| GoTaq® 2-Step RT-qPCR System | 50×20 μl RT reactions + 200×50 μl qPCR reactions | A6010 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not | for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 270.

Cell-Based and Biochemical Assays

◆ HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays and Screening I/II Assays and I/II Assays I/ Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assay | 10 ml | G6420 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6421 |
| | 100 ml | G6422 |
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Screening System | 10 ml | G6430 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6431 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| Trichostatin A | 10 µl 10 mM | G6560 |
| HeLa Nuclear Extract | 10 µl 5 mg/ml | G6570 |
| HDAC-Glo™ I/II Control Substrate | 10 μΙ | G6550 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | |

Description: The HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays and Screening Systems are single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, luminescent assays that measure the relative activity of histone deacetylase (HDAC) class I and II enzymes from cells, extracts or purified enzyme sources. The assays use an acetylated, live-cellpermeant, luminogenic peptide substrate that can be deacetylated by HDAC activities. Deacetylation of the peptide aminoluciferin substrate is measured using a coupled enzymatic system in which a protease in the Developer Reagent cleaves the deacetylated peptide from the aminoluciferin substrate, releasing aminoluciferin, which is quantified in a reaction using Ultra-Glo™ recombinant firefly luciferase. The assay reaction is typically complete within

15-45 minutes with no sample manipulation. The HDAC-mediated luminescent signal is persistent, with a half-life of greater than 3 hours, allowing batch processing of multiwell plates. The HDAC assay is broadly useful for class I and

The Trichostatin A. included in the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Screening Systems or available separately, is a known pan HDAC inhibitor that may be used as a positive control inhibitor. The Trichostatin A is supplied at a concentration of 10mM in DMSO.

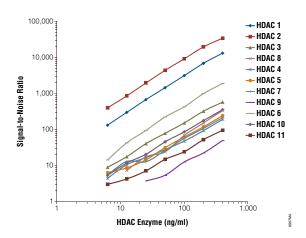
The HeLa Nuclear Extract, included in the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Screening Systems or available separately, may be used as a source of histone deacetylase activity. The diluted extract also can be used as an HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assay chemistry

The HDAC-Glo™ I/II Control Substrate, only available separately, is a nonacetylated form of the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Substrate with the same amino acid sequence and can be used with the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays and Screening Systems to confirm true HDAC inhibition in secondary screens. The Control Substrate is supplied at a concentration of 10mM and is sufficient for 480 assays in 96-well plate format when combined with the HDAC-Glo™ Reagent prepared with components in the HDAC-Glo™ I/II Assays or Screening Systems.

Features:

- Simple Measurement of Deacetylating Activities: Use a singlereagent-addition, homogeneous, add-mix-measure protocol for easy implementation from benchtop to screening
- Highly Sensitive: Obtain 10- to 100-fold higher sensitivity than comparable fluorescence methods.
- Fast Data Acquisition: Achieve maximum signal in as little as 15 minutes with persistent glow-type steady-state signal, making the protocol amenable to automation in high-throughput formats and compatible with luminometers without injectors.
- Flexible to Sample Type: Use with viable cells, extracts or purified recombinant enzyme sources.

Storage Conditions: Store the HDAC-Glo™ Assay components and HDAC-Glo™ I/II Control Substrate (sold separately) at -20°C. Store HeLa Nuclear Extract at -70°C.



Broad linearity with HDAC Class I and II enzymes.



[™] SIRT-Glo[™] Assays and Screening Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|---------------|-------|
| SIRT-Glo™ Assay | 10 ml | G6450 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6451 |
| | 100 ml | G6452 |
| SIRT-Glo™ Screening System | 10 ml | G6470 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6471 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| Nicotinamide | 30 μl 1 M | G6540 |
| HeLa Nuclear Extract | 10 μl 5 mg/ml | G6570 |
| SIRT-Glo™ Control Substrate | 35 µl | G6460 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proc | edures. | |

Description: The SIRT-Glo™ Assays and Screening Systems are single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, luminescent assays that measure the relative activity of the NAD+-dependent histone deacetylase (HDAC) class III enzymes (sirtuins; SIRTs) from purified enzyme sources. The assays use an acetylated, luminogenic peptide substrate that can be deacetylated by SIRT activities. Deacetylation of the peptide aminoluciferin substrate is measured using a coupled enzymatic system in which a protease in the Developer Reagent cleaves the deacetylated peptide from the aminoluciferin substrate, releasing aminoluciferin, which is quantified in a reaction using Ultra-Glo™ recombinant firefly luciferase. The assay reaction is typically complete within 15–45 minutes with no sample manipulation. The SIRT-mediated luminescent signal is persistent with a half-life of greater than 3 hours, allowing batch processing of multiwell plates. The SIRT-Glo™ Assay is broadly useful for NAD+-dependent Sirtuin enzymes.

Nicotinamide, included in the SIRT-GloTM Screening Systems or available separately, is a known inhibitor of SIRTs and used as a positive control inhibitor. Nicotinamide is supplied at a concentration of 1M in SIRT-GloTM Buffer.

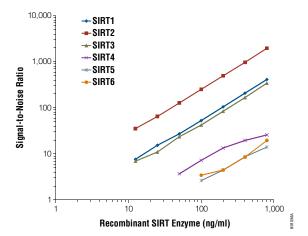
The HeLa Nuclear Extract, included in the SIRT-Glo™ Screening Systems or available separately, may be used as an assay chemistry control. HeLa Nuclear Extract is supplied at a concentration of 5mg/ml.

The SIRT-Glo™ Control Substrate, only available separately, is a non-acetylated form of the SIRT-Glo™ Substrate with the same amino acid sequence and can be used with the SIRT-Glo™ Assays and Screening Systems to confirm true SIRT inhibition in secondary screens. The Control Substrate is supplied at a concentration of 10mM and is sufficient for 480 assays in 96-well plate format when combined with the SIRT-Glo™ Reagent prepared with components in the SIRT-Glo™ Assays or Screening Systems.

Features:

- Simple Measurement of Deacetylating Activities: Use a single-reagent-addition, homogeneous, add-mix-measure protocol for easy implementation from benchtop to screening.
- Highly Sensitive: Achieve 10- to 100-fold higher sensitivity than comparable fluorescence methods.
- Fast Data Acquisition: Measure maximum signal in as little as 10-15 minutes with persistent glow-type steady-state signal.

Storage Conditions: Store the SIRT-Glo[™] Assay components and SIRT-Glo[™] Control Substrate at -20°C. Store HeLa Nuclear Extract at -70°C.



Broad linearity and isoenzyme utility.

№ DUB-Glo[™] Protease Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| DUB-GIo™ Protease Assay (DUB/SENP/NEDP) | 10 ml | G6260 | |
| | 50 ml | G6261 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The DUB-Glo[™] Protease Assay (DUB/SENP/NEDP) is a homogeneous, bioluminescent assay that measures the activity of numerous deconjugating enzymes including deubiquitinating (DUB), deSUMOylating (SENP) and deneddylating (NEDP) proteases. These proteases reverse the protein modification by ubiquitin and ubiquitin-like proteins (UbI proteins) and thus are integral components in the complex mechanisms of posttranslational protein regulation in eukaryotes.

Features:

- Greater Sensitivity: The luminescent format provides enough sensitivity to enable use of a simple peptide-based substrate, Z-RLRGG-aminoluciferin, for assaying deconjugating proteases. Fluorescence generally requires the use of full-length substrates.
- Broad Dynamic Range: The assays are linear over 2–3 logs of deconjugating protease concentrations.
- Signal Stability: The coupled-enzyme format results in very stable signal
 with a half-life >3 hours. Substrate depletion is not a concern as it is when
 using the full-length substrates, Ub-AMC, SUMO-AMC or Nedd8-AMC.
- Fast: Maximum sensitivity is reached in 10–30 minutes after reagent addition because the signal is not dependent on accumulation of cleaved product for sensitivity in the coupled-enzyme format.
- Accurate and Robust: The broad linear range and excellent sensitivity readily translate to accurate kinetic analysis of inhibitors. Assays can be scaled to 384-well with suitable Z' factors.
- Greater Flexibility: The K_m values for the peptide substrates are much higher than they are for full-length substrates, yet the sensitivity of the luminescent assay allows the assay to be run significantly below K_m while still achieving good signal-to-background ratios for extended time periods. A single luminescent substrate concentration can be used for a wide variety of DUB/SENP/NEDP proteases without worrying about substrate depletion or substrate inhibition.
- Batch-Processing Capability: The homogeneous coupled-enzyme format results in a continuous signal, providing excellent stability and allowing plates to be read over an extended period of time.

Storage Conditions: Store components at -20°C protected from light.



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-----------|-------|
| ApoTox-Glo™ Triplex Assay | 10 ml | G6320 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G6321 |
| For Passarch Llas Only Not for Llas in Diagnostic Procedure | • | |

Description: The ApoTox-Glo™ Triplex Assay combines three assay chemistries to easily assess viability, cytotoxicity and apoptosis events in the same cell-based assay well. First, viability and cytotoxicity are determined by measuring two differential protease biomarkers simultaneously with the addition of a single nonlytic reagent containing two peptide substrates. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant peptide substrate (GF-AFC Substrate). The substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease activity marker becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, cell-impermeant, fluorogenic peptide substrate (bis-AAF-R110 Substrate) is used simultaneously to measure dead-cell protease activity that has been released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. This results in ratiometric, inversely correlated measures of cell viability and cytotoxicity. The ratio of viable cells to dead cells is independent of cell number and, therefore, can be used to normalize data. A second reagent containing luminogenic DEVD-peptide substrate for caspase-3/7 and Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Thermostable Luciferase is added. Caspase-3/7 cleavage of the substrate releases luciferin, which is a substrate for luciferase and generates light. The light output, measured with a luminometer, correlates with caspase-3/7 activation as a key indicator of apoptosis.

Features

- Measure Viability, Cytotoxicity and Apoptosis in the Same Sample Well: Determine mechanism of cell death for cells in the same sample well.
- Easily Implement: Assay follows a simple sequential "add-mix-measure" format
- Normalize Data with a Built-In Control: The ratio of the number of live cells/number of dead cells is independent of cell number and normalizes data. This normalization makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Flexible and Easily Automated: The volumes of each assay component can be scaled to meet throughput needs and is amenable to automation in 96- and 384-well plates.
- Improves Efficiency and Saves on Lab Budget: Reduces cell culture and labor costs by performing three assays in a single well.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C protected from light.

MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-----------|-------|
| MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay | 10 ml | G9270 |
| | 5 × 10 ml | G9271 |
| | 2 × 50 ml | G9272 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The MultiTox-Glo Multiplex Cytotoxicity Assay is a sequential-reagent-addition fluorescent and luminescent assay that measures the relative number of live and dead cells in cell populations. The MultiTox-Glo Assay sequentially measures two protease activities; one is a marker of viability, and the other is a marker of cytotoxicity. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant, peptide substrate (GF-AFC). This substrate enters intact cells, where it is cleaved by the live cell protease activity to release AFC and generate a fluorescent signal that is proportional to the number of viable cells. The live-cell protease becomes inactive upon loss of membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. A second, luminogenic cell-impermeant peptide substrate (AAF-aminoluciferin) is used to measure dead-cell protease activity, which is released from cells that have lost membrane integrity. The liberated aminoluciferin product is measured as "glow type" luminescence generated by Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase provided in the assay reagent.

The MultiTox-Glo Assay gives ratiometric, inversely correlated measures of cell viability and cytotoxicity, which correlate with established methods for measuring viability and cytotoxicity. The ratio of viable cells to dead cells is independent of cell number and, therefore, can be used to normalize data. Having complementary cell viability and cytotoxicity measures reduces errors associated with pipetting and cell clumping, as well as serving as an internal control to allow identification of errors resulting from chemical interference from test compounds or media components.

Features

- Measure the Number of Live Cells and Dead Cells in Culture: Sequential-reagent-addition assay with a homogeneous "add-mix-measure" protocol.
- Normalize Data with a Built-In Internal Control: The ratio of the number of live cells/number of dead cells is independent of cell number and can be used to normalize data. This normalization makes results more comparable well-to-well, plate-to-plate and day-to-day.
- Immediately Identify More False-Positives and False-Negatives: Independent cell viability and cytotoxicity measurements serve as controls for each other. If test compounds interfere with one assay chemistry, the other serves as an internal control.
- Improve your Data: Reduce statistical probability of false-positives (or false-negatives), and eliminate fluorescence interference issues by luminescence readout.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C, protected from light.



Protein Analysis and Complex Purification

HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and Purification System | | 1 each | G6795 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification Sys | stem | 1 each | G6790 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and Purification System Sample Pack | | 1 each | G6799 | |
| | | | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Available Separately HaloTEV Protease | 1,000 u | | Cat.# G6601 | |
| | | | | |
| | 1,000 u 4,000 u | 5 u/µl | G6601 | |
| HaloTEV Protease | 1,000 u 4,000 u | 5 u/μl 5 u/μl | G6601 G6602 | |

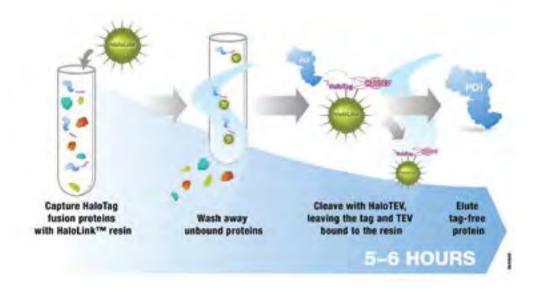
Description: The HaloTag[®] Mammalian Protein Purification System (Cat.# G6790) is an optimized kit for purification of HaloTag[®] fusion proteins from mammalian cell culture lysates. HaloTag[®] fusion proteins form a highly specific

and covalent bond with the HaloLink™ Resin. The covalent binding coupled with the low nonspecific binding of the HaloLink™ Resin provides superior purity and recovery of recombinant proteins from cultured mammalian cells, even at low expression levels. The HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and Purification System (Cat.# G6795) also includes HaloTag® TMRDirect™ Ligand. The simple-to-use fluorescent detection of the HaloTag® fusion facilitates rapid optimization of expression and purification conditions.

Features

- Purify More Protein: HaloLinkTM Resin covalently binds >7mg/ml of HaloTag[®] fusion protein (10X more capacity compared to FLAG[®]). Recovery is highly efficient, commonly >75%.
- Higher Purity: Covalent capture allows extensive and/or stringent washes without loss of bound protein, resulting in very low (<0.1%) nonspecific binding and a highly pure protein.
- Easily Scalable: Scale up and down, important for obtaining mg-plus quantities.
- Optimized for Mammalian Protein Expression: The HaloTag[®] platform allows flexibility to move between purification, pull-downs and cellular imaging with a single construct.

Storage Conditions: Store the Spin Columns at room temperature. Store the HaloLink™ Resin at 4°C. Store the HaloTEV Protease, HaloTag[®] TMRDirect™ Ligand and powdered Protease Inhibitor Cocktail at −30 to −10°C. Reconstituted Protease Inhibitor Cocktail can be stored at 2−10°C for 12 months.



Schematic of the HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification System protocol. Streamlined purification process leads to higher purity and recovery of recombinant proteins from cultured cells.



HaloTag® Protein Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------------|-------|--|
| HaloTag® Protein Purification System | 1 each | G6280 | |
| HaloTag® Protein Purification System Sample Pack | 1 each | G6270 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells | $20 \times 50 \; \mu l$ | L3002 | |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2681 | |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2751 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The HaloTag[®] Protein Purification System is designed to purify proteins fused to HaloTag[®], a novel protein tag that enhances the expression and solubility of recombinant proteins. HaloTag[®] Technology enables the covalent, efficient and specific capture of a protein of interest onto HaloLink™ Resin, thus overcoming the equilibrium-based limitations associated with affinity tags (i.e., poor capture of proteins expressed at low levels and protein loss during washing of the purification resin.

The HaloTag® technology offers a quick and convenient way to test protein expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins as well as monitor the efficiency of immobilization to HaloLink™ Resin by labeling with fluorescent HaloTag® TMR Ligand followed by SDS-PAGE analysis. Guidelines can be found in the HaloLink™ Resin Technical Manual #TM250, the HaloLink™ Protein Array Technical Manual #TM310 and the HaloCHIP™ System Technical Manual #TM075

Outline of Procedure

The HaloTag® protein, a 34kDa mutated hydrolase, covalently attaches to HaloLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin via an immobilized chloroalkane ligand. TEV Protease cleaves the target protein from the HaloLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin. The TEV Protease, which has an N-terminal (HQ) tag, is removed from the protein of interest using HisLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin, and the purified protein of interest is recovered. The appropriate vector that encodes the HaloTag® protein and expresses protein optimally in *E. coli* is pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector (G2751) or pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector (G2681). These vectors can be purchased separately.

Features:

- Experience Superior Yield, Purity and Specific Activity of Soluble, Functional Proteins Compared to His-Tag, GST and MBP Affinity Tags: Specific and covalent HaloTag[®] fusion protein capture and immobilization on HaloLink™ Resin.
- Achieve Enhanced Target Protein Expression in Prokaryotic, Mammalian and Cell-Free Systems: Proteins are expressed as HaloTag[®] fusion proteins.
- Purify Poorly Expressed Fusion Proteins: Rapid, specific and covalent capture of HaloTag[®] protein onto HaloLink™ Resin is a nonequilibrium process.
- Efficiently Recover Tag-Free Target Protein using TEV Protease Cleavage: Optimized TEV protease recognition site within the interconnecting polypeptide separating the HaloTag® protein and the fusion partner. HaloTag® protein remains immobilized on the resin due to covalent capture.
- Save Time: One buffer compatible with downstream applications for all purification steps.
- Perform Easy In-Gel Detection and Quantification of Protein Expression Levels with Fluorescent HaloTag® Ligands: Highly stable HaloTag® protein-ligand interaction permits boiling with SDS sample buffer followed by resolving on SDS-PAGE.

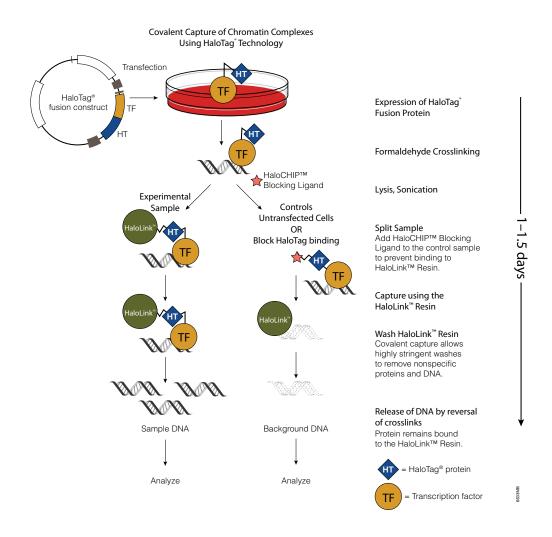
Storage Conditions: Store the HaloLinkTM Resin and HisLinkTM Resin at 4° C. Do not freeze the resins. Store the TEV Protease at -20° C.



Protein:Protein Interactions

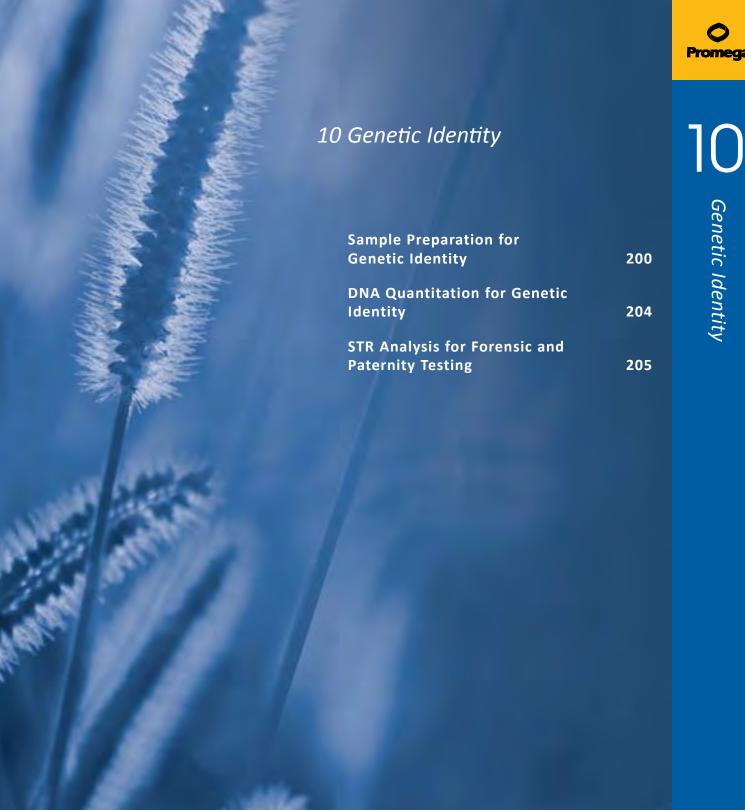
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------------|-------|
| HaloCHIP™ System | 20 reactions | G9410 |
| HaloLink™ Array Six Slide System | 6 slides | G6190 |
| HaloTag® Standard Protein | 30 µg | G4491 |
| Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein | 5 mg | G7291 |
| HaloTag® Complete Pull-Down System | 1 each | G6509 |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down and Labeling | | |
| System | 24 reactions | G6500 |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down System | 24 reactions | G6504 |
| HaloTag® Control Vector | 20 µg | G6591 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 |
| Mammalian Lysis Buffer | 40 ml | G9381 |
| MagneGST™ Pull-Down System | 80 reactions | V8870 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | |

See pages 283-286 for more information.



Schematic diagram of the HaloCHIP™ System.





Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Sample Preparation for Genetic Identity

SwabSolution™ Kit, PunchSolution™ Kit and 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| SwabSolution™ Kit | 100 preps DC8271 |
| PunchSolution™ Kit | 100 preps DC9271 |
| 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent | 100 preps DM1231 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

Description: The SwabSolution[™] Kit, PunchSolution[™] Kit and 5X AmpSolution[™] Reagent allow fast and simple processing of swabs and punches for PowerPlex[®] System analysis. These products are intended for preparation of single-source reference, database and paternity samples where DNA purification is unnecessary.

The **SwabSolution™ Kit** is used for rapid processing of swabs for STR analysis using PowerPlex® Systems. The SwabSolution™ Kit contains SwabSolution™ Reagent, which is used to generate a buccal swab extract that is added to the PowerPlex® System reaction. In addition, the SwabSolution™ Kit contains the 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent, which enables direct amplification from swabs with PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification.

The **PunchSolution[™] Kit** is used for rapid processing of punches from nonFTA storage cards (S&S 903, Bode Buccal Collector[™] device, etc.) for STR analysis using PowerPlex® Systems. The PunchSolution[™] Kit contains PunchSolution[™] Reagent, which is used to pretreat nonFTA punches prior to adding the PowerPlex® PCR amplification mix. In addition, the PunchSolution[™] Kit contains the 5X AmpSolution[™] Reagent, which enables direct amplification from punches with PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification.

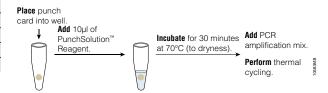
The **5X AmpSolution[™] Reagent** allows direct amplification of unwashed FTA® punches in most PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification. Additionally, the AmpSolution[™] Reagent allows use of the SwabSolution[™] and PunchSolution[™] Kits with more PowerPlex® Systems. The AmpSolution[™] Reagent is simply added to the PowerPlex® PCR amplification mix. See the supported PowerPlex® Systems at:

www.promega.com/directamp/

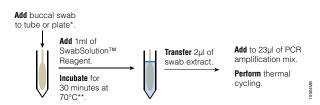
Features:

- Rapid, simple preparation methods for swabs and punches can save 2-4 hours per plate of samples.
- Compatibility with most PowerPlex® Systems increases the speed and versatility of the PowerPlex® Systems.

Storage Conditions: Upon receipt of kit, thaw and mix as per the instructions and store at 4°C.



PunchSolution[™] Kit nonFTA punch workflow. For reactions other than PowerPlex® 18D and PowerPlex® 21, add AmpSolution[™] Reagent. For more information, please visit: www.promega.com/directamp/



SwabSolution™ Kit buccal swab workflow. *For plate format, use 2.2ml, Square-Well Deep Well Plate (Cat.# V6781). **Use Heat Block Adapter (Cat.# A2661), with the heat set at 90°C. For reactions other than PowerPlex® 18D and PowerPlex® 21, add AmpSolution™ Reagent. For more information, please visit: www.promega.com/directamp/





| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| DNA IQ™ System | 100 reactions DC6701 |
| | 400 reactions DC6700 |
| Casework Extraction Kit | 100 reactions DC6745 |
| Tissue and Hair Extraction Kit (for use with DNA IQ™) | 100 reactions DC6740 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Lysis Buffer | 150 ml A8261 |
| 2X Wash Buffer | 70 ml A8271 |
| Elution Buffer | 50 ml A8281 |
| DNA IQ™ Resin | 50 ml A8251 |
| DNA IQ™ Spin Baskets | 1,000 /bag V1221 |
| Proteinase K | 100 mg V3021 |
| DTT, Molecular Grade (Dry Powder) | 5 g V3151 |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack V4741 |
| A8261, A8271, A8281, DC6745, A8251, V1221 Not | For Medical Diagnostic Use. DC6701, |

Description: The DNA IQ[™] System is a DNA isolation system designed specifically for forensic and paternity laboratories. This system employs novel paramagnetic particles to isolate clean DNA for use with short tandem repeat (STR) analysis. The DNA IQ™ System can be used to extract DNA from a variety of sample types, including stains and liquid samples. Protocols for database samples and casework samples are available.

DC6700, DC6740, V3021, V3151, V4741 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic

The unique DNA IQ™ Resin removes PCR inhibitors and contaminants frequently encountered in casework samples. When working with larger sample volumes, such as those found in paternity and databasing, the DNA IQ™ System can deliver a consistent amount of total DNA. Samples including buccal swabs, liquid blood and stains on FTA® and other blood cards have been used with the DNA IQTM System. More information about sample types that have been used with this product is available at: www.promega.com/products/ pm/genetic-identity/dna-ig/dna-ig-sample-types-examined/

Some samples, such as tissue and hair, require pretreatment with proteinase K. In addition, extracting DNA can be difficult from substrates such as denim, envelopes and carpet. The Tissue and Hair Extraction Kit increases DNA vield from challenging casework samples and substrates. The kit uses Proteinase K and other reagents to remove proteins and other components from DNA, helping to ensure maximal yield and recovery of DNA from casework samples. The DNA then can be purified using the DNA IQ™ System.

The DNA IQ™ System has been tested with the Plexor® HY System and PowerPlex® Systems to ensure a streamlined process. This translates into reliable products that give optimal results from isolation to quantitation and STR analysis.

Genomic DNA isolation using the DNA IQ™ System has been automated on the Biomek® 2000 and 3000 laboratory automation workstations, as well as the Tecan Freedom EVO® liquid handler. Please contact Promega Technical Services for additional information.

Features:

- Rapid: Only a few guick steps to obtain clean DNA with fewer PCR
- Flexible: One simple system for use with casework, paternity and database samples.
- Efficient: Sensitive to minute sample sizes. In addition, no harmful organic solvents such as phenol and chloroform are used, so use of a hood is not required and disposal of hazardous chemicals is eliminated.

Storage Conditions: Store the DNA IQ™ System at 22–25°C. Store the Tissue and Hair Extraction Kit (for use with DNA IQ™) at -20°C. Store the Casework Extraction Kit at 15-30°C.



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|--------------------|
| Differex [™] System | 50 samples DC6801 |
| | 200 samples DC6800 |
| Manual Differex [™] Magnet | 1 each V1591 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Differex [™] Digestion Buffer | 150 ml A8501 |
| Differex [™] Separation Solution | 40 ml A8511 |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack V4741 |

A8501, DC6801, A8511, DC6800 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. V1591, V4741 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The Differex[™] System extracts DNA from sexual assault samples easily and quickly. The system provides a simple and fast method for separating male and female fractions of a sample, making it possible to analyze samples more quickly and efficiently.

The Differex[™] System offers recovery similar to that of the standard method commonly used for differential extraction. The Differex™ System is used in combination with the DNA IQ™ System and Slicprep™ 96 Device on robotic platforms to process up to 48 differential extractions in less than 5 hours, including incubation time, and less than 1 hour of hands-on time.

Automated Differex[™] System methods are available for the Biomek[®] 2000 and 3000 laboratory automation workstations, as well as the Tecan Freedom EVO® liquid handler. Please contact Promega Technical Services for additional information. A manual protocol for the Differex[™] System is available for laboratories not yet using robotic platforms for DNA extraction.

Features:

- Automated Differential Extractions: The Differex[™] System is the first and only system that allows a forensic laboratory to automate every step of differential extraction.
- Direct Compatibility with the DNA IQ™ System and Downstream STR Applications: Clean DNA extracts mean you can be confident in your ability to obtain results regardless of your choice of STR systems.
- Robust Results With Even Tough Samples: The DifferexTM System works with challenging new and old samples typical of those from sexual
- More Information About Automated Differex™ System: See the Automated Differex™ System page at: www.promega.com/products/ pm/genetic-identity/automated-differex/

Storage Conditions: Store at room temperature.



Manual Differex™ Magnet.



Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|------------------------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument | 1 each AS3060 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Maxwell® 16 SEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1200 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1201 |
| Maxwell® 16 Magnetic Elution Rack | 1 each AS1202 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1250 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Magnet | 1 each AS1261 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each E2821 |
| UV Bulb, Maxwell® 16 | 1 each SP1080 |
| AC1000 AC1001 AC1000 AC10E0 AC10E1 AC10C1 F0001 | CD1000 For Passarah Usa Only |

AS1200, AS1201, AS1202, AS1250, AS1251, AS1261, E2821, SP1080 For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. AS3060 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. AS1150 For

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument provides easy-to-use, consistent and reliable automated nucleic acid extraction of one to 16 samples. bar-code sample tracking, a touch-screen interface and UV decontamination. The AS3060 instrument packages include the bar-code reader, UV light and Maxwell® Sample Track Software. You choose either low elution volume (50-100µl, LEV) or standard elution volume (300-400µl, SEV) format. Run report data can be transferred from the Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument to a PC or an external printer. Data transferred to a PC can be uploaded to a laboratory information management system (LIMS). The Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument is labeled as General Purpose Laboratory Equipment (GPLE) in the USA. For the rest of the world, it is intended for research use only.

Features:

- Fast, Hands-Free Purification: Improves workflow, and allows staff to perform other value-added tasks.
- Consistent, Reliable Performance: Results in less rework and more confidence in results.
- Ease of Use: Yields immediate productivity gains with minimal operator
- Small Size: Takes up less room on the lab bench. Fits inside biosafety cabinet or hood.
- Bar-Code Sample Tracking Capability: Eliminates sample mixup, and data can be integrated into LIMS.
- · UV Light: Helps decontamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15-40°C.



Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument.

◆DNA IQ™ Reference Sample Kit for Maxwell® 16

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|--------|--|
| DNA IQ™ Reference Sample Kit for Maxwell® 16 | 48 preps | AS1040 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The DNA IQ™ Reference Sample Kit for Maxwell® 16 is designed specifically for optimal DNA extraction from buccal swabs. FTA® blood card punches, liquid blood or other high-concentration DNA reference samples. These samples are typically encountered in forensic, convictedoffender database and paternity testing. The kit contains the same trusted reagents used in the DNA IQ™ System in a convenient prepackaged format and is optimized to yield a final DNA concentration that minimizes the need for concentration or dilution prior to amplification. Liquefied samples are placed directly into the cartridges, and genomic DNA ready for amplification is obtained in approximately 20 minutes.

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument allows efficient, automated DNA purification from a wide range of sample types. The instrument is preprogrammed with purification protocols that, when combined with prefilled reagent cartridges, maximize simplicity and convenience. The instrument processes up to 16 samples per instrument run. The purified DNA is of high quality and at high yield and concentration, suitable for direct use in a variety of downstream applications. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument, a magnetic-particle-handling device, purifies DNA using paramagnetic particles, allowing optimal capture, washing and elution of the target material.

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument includes a one-year basic warranty. Several products are offered to extend the warranty. If during the extended warranty period the instrument needs repair under normal use, Promega will be responsible for the repair. Premium warranties offer similar terms and the use of a temporary replacement instrument during the instrument repair period. Please contact Promega for complete warranty terms and limits.

Features:

- Maximize Your Time: Automating DNA extraction reduces hands-on bench time spent manually extracting DNA.
- Gain Confidence in Your Results: Instrument design, optimized reagents and automated methods provide consistent yield and purity.
- Use Trusted DNA IQ™ Chemistry: The DNA IQ™ System is the recognized leader in automated DNA extraction chemistries and is included in the prefilled Maxwell® 16 reagent cartridges.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|
| DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16 | 48 preps AS1240 | |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| Casework Extraction Kit | 100 reactions DC6745 | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6151 | |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk AS6201 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack V4741 | |
| AC1040 DCC745 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use ACC | C1E1 ACCORT VAZA1 For Decemb Hea | |

AS1240, DC6745 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use, AS6151, AS6201, V4741 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16 includes newly designed plungers and optimized preprocessing, which results in improved DNA yields.

The DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16 is designed for optimal DNA extraction from forensic casework samples. These samples may include blood stains, semen stains, hairs, cigarette butts, tissue samples, and trace or "touch" DNA samples regularly encountered in forensic DNA analysis. The kit contains the same trusted reagents used in the DNA IQ™ System in a convenient, prefilled cartridge format and is optimized to provide a final DNA extract in a concentrated format.

The DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16 uses a plastic cartridge and plunger that allow DNA elution in a final volume of no more than 50µl. DNA IQ™ Lysis Buffer, Resin and Wash Buffer are included in the prefilled cartridge, and DNA IQ™ Elution Buffer is included in the kit to ensure proper storage of the DNA. The DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit is compatible with the Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument, which includes the hardware necessary to use this kit.

The Casework Extraction Kit improves DNA extraction efficiency from a broad panel of sample types and is used for preprocessing samples before DNA extraction with the DNA IQ™ Casework Pro Kit for Maxwell® 16.

Features:

- Reduced Elution Volumes: Elute your sample in less than 50µl of DNA IQ™ Elution Buffer. No need for post-purification concentration steps.
- Confidence in Your Chemistry: The DNA IQ™ System is the recognized leader in automated DNA extraction chemistries and is included in the prefilled Maxwell® 16 reagent cartridges.
- Preprogrammed Methods: There is no need for programming or an external computer. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument comes preloaded with all of the necessary methods, which are optimized for maximum performance.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

Genetic Identity Automation Hardware and Software

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|--------|--|
| Shaker Integration Plate | 1 each | V3691 | |
| Deep Well Heat Transfer Block | 1 each | V6741 | |
| VARIOMAG® Teleshake (110V, for North America use only) | 1 each | V6751 | |
| V&P Scientific Heating Block (110V, North America use only) | 1 each | V6761 | |
| 1.2ml, Round-Bottom Deep Well Plate | 50 /case | V6771 | |
| 2.2ml, Square-Well Deep Well Plate | 50 /case | V6781 | |
| Pyramid-Bottom Reservoir, 12 Column | 25 /case | V6791 | |
| Pyramid-Bottom Reservoir | 25 /case | V6801 | |
| U-Bottom Microplate | 50 /case | V6811 | |
| 1.1ml, Square-Well, V-Bottom Deep Well Plate | 25 /case | V6821 | |
| 10ml, 24-Well Deep Well Plate | 25 /case | V6831 | |
| Four-Position Tube Holder | 1 each | V1601 | |
| STR Normalization Manager [™] | 3 CD-ROM | DG1820 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedu | ires. | | |

Description: The Genetic Identity Automation Hardware and Software can be used on automated platforms in conjunction with Promega Genetic Identity products. Please contact Technical Services for specific application and platform information.

Slicprep™ 96 Device Simple Sim



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|---------|-------|--|
| Slicprep™ 96 Device | 10 pack | V1391 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: The Slicprep[™] 96 Device allows solid material to be incubated with a solution in a basket that is placed in a deep-well plate. Following incubation, the basket is raised with a collar for an additional 0.5ml of space below the basket. This allows removal of the incubation liquid and solubilized material from the solid support without having to transfer material to another tube or plate. One-millimeter holes in the bottom of the basket allow rapid flow of liquid in and out of the baskets. The device is manufactured with polypropylene to reduce adsorption of biological material onto the plastic and give it strength and stability over a wide temperature range. The components are manufactured and assembled in a HEPA-filtered clean room with gloved and gowned personnel to reduce the chance of DNA contamination.

The package contains 10 units of the Slicprep™ 96 Device. Each unit consists of three components: the 96 Spin Basket, 96 Deep Well Plate and U-Shaped Collar, which is used to raise the baskets during centrifugation.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.



stocking system

DNA Quantitation for Genetic Identity

Plexor® HY System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Plexor® HY System | 200 reactions DC1001 |
| | 800 reactions DC1000 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Plexor® Calibration Kit, Set A | 1 each DC1500 |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl DW0991 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

Description: The Plexor® HY System is a real-time PCR assay to determine the concentration of total human DNA and male human DNA simultaneously in one reaction. The kit contains an internal PCR control (IPC) to test for falsenegative results that may occur in the presence of PCR inhibitors and a melt curve function to confirm that the correct product was amplified.

The Plexor® HY System is a sensitive multiplex kit that routinely detects approximately 6.4pg of total DNA. PCR setup is performed at room temperature and is compatible with automated platforms.

The Plexor® Systems work by measuring a reduction in fluorescent signal during amplification. Amplification of each target uses only two primers, one of which contains both a fluorescent tag and a modified base. As amplification proceeds, fluorescence is reduced by site-specific incorporation of a fluorescent quencher opposite the complementary modified base. The quencher is in close proximity to a fluorescent dye located on the end of the primer, resulting in a reduction of fluorescent signal. After PCR, a melt analysis can be performed to provide an internal control for the final assay design or to expedite troubleshooting.

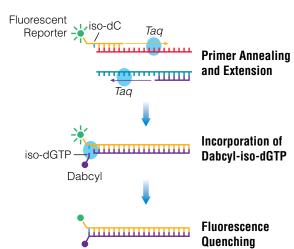
The Plexor® HY System is optimized for use on the Applied Biosystems 7500 and 7500 FAST real-time PCR systems and Stratagene Mx3005P® and Mx3000P® qPCR systems. For information about use with other qPCR instrumentation, contact Promega Technical Services.

The Plexor® Analysis Software is available for free download. The unique functions of this software allow you to quickly and easily review data and create reports. Replicate samples are automatically averaged, template amounts are calculated and the necessary volume of DNA is displayed for your optimized STR amplification conditions.

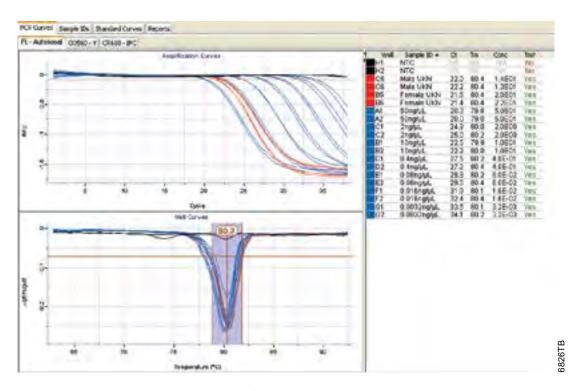
Features:

- Simultaneous Quantification of Autosomal and Y-Chromosome DNA: Less variability, less time, more valuable data.
- Consistent and Reproducible Detection of 6.4pg of DNA: If you can't
 detect it with Plexor[®] HY, you can't detect it with your STR system.
- Internal Positive Control and Melt-Curve Analysis: Guard against false-negative and false-positive results, allowing you to be confident in your data.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Schematic diagram illustrating the Plexor® real-time PCR process.





Contents

STR Analysis for Forensic and Paternity Testing

PowerPlex® ESX and ESI Fast Systems

dillo

| | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------|--|---|--|
| 400 | reactions | DC1610 | |
| 100 | reactions | DC1611 | |
| 400 | reactions | DC1620 | |
| 100 | reactions | DC1621 | |
| 400 | reactions | DC1630 | |
| 100 | reactions | DC1631 | |
| 400 | reactions | DC1710 | |
| 100 | reactions | DC1711 | |
| 400 reactions DC1720 | | DC1720 | |
| 100 reactions DC1721 | | DC1721 | |
| 400 reac | tions each | DC1730 | |
| 100 reac | tions each | DC1731 | |
| Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| 300 µl | | DG3481 | |
| 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 500 μl 0.25 ng/μl DD7251 | | | |
| 25 µl | 10 ng/µl | DD7101 | |
| | | | |
| | 100 400 100 400 100 400 100 400 100 400 reac 100 reac Size 300 µl 6,250 µl | 100 reactions 400 reactions 100 reactions 100 reactions 400 reactions 100 reactions 400 reactions 100 reactions 400 reactions 100 reactions 200 reactions 200 reactions each 200 reactions | 100 reactions DC1721 400 reactions each DC1730 100 reactions each DC1731 Size Conc. Cat.# 300 μl DG3481 6,250 μl DW0991 500 μl 0.25 ng/μl DD7251 |

Description: The PowerPlex® ESX and ESI Fast Systems meet the ENFSI recommendations for DNA profile sharing across Europe and allow co-amplification and detection of D3S1358, D8S1179, D18S51, D21S11, FGA, TH01, vWA, D2S441, D10S1248, D22S1045, D1S1656, D12S391, D2S1338, D16S539, D19S433, SE33 and Amelogenin. Rapid cycling technology enables amplification to be done in less than 50 minutes.

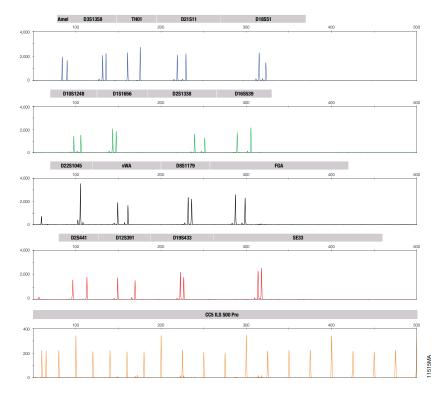
These kits are available in multiple formats, including the option to detect SE33, to accommodate various requirements or preferences. Additionally, the kits have superior tolerance to common inhibitors and superior sensitivity to obtain full profiles from low-level DNA and are robust enough to genotype degraded DNA samples through the use of miniSTR loci.

This system is compatible with ABI PRISM® 310, 3100 and 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130x/, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Features:

- <50-Minute Amplification Time: Shorter turnaround time to results.
- Multiple Kit Configurations: Confirm results from poor-quality samples.
- ENFSI-Recommended Loci: Data is more easily shared across borders.
- MiniSTRs: Obtain more complete profiles from degraded DNA.
- Robust Buffer: Achieve better results with challenging casework samples.
- One Kit for Databasing and Casework Samples: Simplified QC and inventory management.

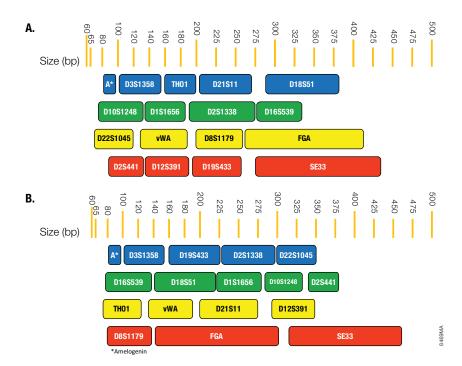
Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.



The PowerPlex® ESX 17 Fast System. 2800M Control DNA (0.5ng) was amplified with the PowerPlex® ESX 17 Fast System for 30 cycles. Amplification products were separated using an Applied Biosystems® 3130 Genetic Analyzer (3kV, 5-second injection).



stocking system



Configurations of PowerPlex® ESX and ESI 17 Fast Systems. Panel A. The PowerPlex® ESX 17 Fast System contains the new ENFSI/EDNAP loci as miniSTRs. Panel B. The PowerPlex® ESI 17 Fast System contains the new ENFSI/EDNAP loci but focuses on miniaturization of existing ESS loci. (A = Amelogenin). Both configurations are available without SE33.



PowerPlex® Fusion System

| Product | | Size Cat.# | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|--|
| PowerPlex® Fusion System | 200 re | eactions DC2402 | |
| | 800 re | eactions DC2408 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. Cat.# | |
| PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, | 25 µl | DG4700 | |
| 3100/3130 | | | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 1 | 0 ng/µl DD7101 | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 µl | DG1521 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | DW0991 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® Fusion System is a 24-locus multiplex for human identification applications including forensic analysis, relationship testing and research use. This five-color system allows co-amplification and fluorescent detection of the 13 core CODIS (US) loci (CSF1PO, FGA, TH01, TPOX, wWA, D3S1358, D5S818, D7S820, D8S1179, D13S317, D16S539, D18S51 and D21S11), the 12 core European Standard Set loci (TH01, wWA, FGA, D21S11, D3S1358, D8S1179, D18S51, D10S1248, D22S1045, D2S441, D1S1656 and D12S391) and Amelogenin for gender determination. In addition, the male-specific DYS391 locus is included to identify null Y allele results for Amelogenin. The Penta D, Penta E, D2S1338 and D19S433 loci are included to increase discrimination and allow searching of databases that include profiles with these popular loci. This extended panel of STR markers is intended to satisfy both CODIS and ESS recommendations.

The PowerPlex® Fusion System works well with extracted DNA samples, including low amounts of template DNA, mixtures and inhibitor-laden samples. The PowerPlex® Fusion System also is compatible with direct amplification, enabling streamlined STR databasing efforts. Amplification can be successfully performed with sample types such as FTA® card punches as well as pretreated swabs, Bode Buccal DNA Collector™ punches or S&S 903 punches. Fast cycling conditions used with the PowerPlex® Fusion System reduce sample-processing time for all samples.

The PowerPlex® Fusion System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper® *ID* and *ID-X* software and are available for download. The PowerPlex® Fusion System was given NDIS approval in March 2013 for NDIS CODIS databasing.

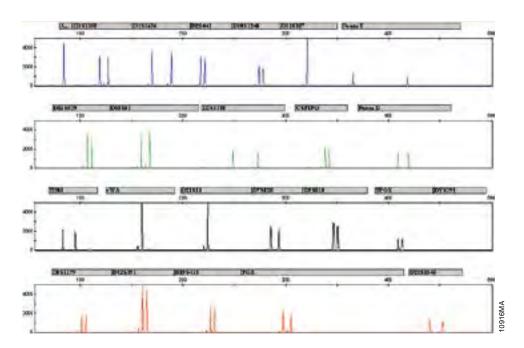
Features:

- Highest Interdatabase Compatibility and Discrimination: Twenty-four loci (23 STRs plus Amelogenin), including the CODIS and ESS required loci. Amplifies all loci found in Identifiler®, SGM Plus® and PowerPlex® 16 Systems, some of the most commonly used multiplexes over the last decade.
- Streamlined Workflows: Direct-amplification protocols and rapid cycling.
- Less Repeat Analysis of Difficult Samples: High inhibitor tolerance and sensitivity for casework.
- Easier Validation and QC: One kit for both casework and database sections.

Storage Conditions: Store kit at -20° C. Upon receipt, move 2800M Control DNA to 4° C storage.



The 24 loci included in the PowerPlex® Fusion System. This system includes Amelogenin, D3S1358, D1S1656, D2S441, D10S1248, D13S317 and Penta E labeled with fluorescein; D16S539, D18S51, D2S1338, CSF1P0 and Penta D labeled with J0E; TH01, vWA, D21S11, D7S820, D5S818, TPOX and DYS391 labeled with TMR-ET; and D8S1179, D12S391, D19S443, FGA and D22S1045 labeled with TMR-ET. The CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 (CC5 ILS 500) is labeled with CC5 dye and contains 21 DNA fragments of 60, 65, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 225, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350, 375, 400, 425, 450, 475 and 500 bases in length.



Direct amplification of two 1.2mm FTA® card punches from a buccal sample using the protocol described in the *PowerPlex® Fusion System Technical Manual #TMD039*. Amplified products were separated on an Applied Biosystems® 3130x/ Genetic Analyzer (3kV, 5-second injection).



Helix® on-site stocking system

Life Science Catalog 2014

🥶 Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

PowerPlex® Y23 System



| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® Y23 System | 5 | 0 reactions | DC2305 | |
| | 20 | 0 reactions | DC2320 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 Y23 | 300 µl | | DG3801 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 μl | 0.25 ng/µl | DD7251 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® Y23 System is a 23-loci, 5-color Y-STR multiplex designed for genotyping forensic casework samples, database samples and paternity samples. The kit contains all 12 loci in the current PowerPlex® Y System, the additional 5 loci found in AmpF.STR® Y-filer®, plus 6 new loci.

The PowerPlex® Y23 System works well with extracted DNA samples, including low amounts of template and male/female DNA mixtures. The PowerPlex® Y23 System also is compatible with direct amplification, enabling streamlined Y-STR databasing efforts. Amplification can be successfully performed with sample types such as FTA® card punches as well as pretreated swabs, Bode Buccal DNA Collector™ punches or S&S 903 punches.

Faster cycling conditions cut amplification time almost in half. Moreover, reduced sample-processing time and faster cycling conditions provide a significant time savings in every run.

The PowerPlex® Y23 System is tolerant of many known amplification inhibitors. The robust performance of the kit results in more interpretable data from inhibitor-laden samples.

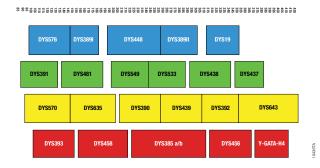
The PowerPlex® Y23 System was given NDIS approval in January 2013 for NDIS CODIS databasing.

Features:

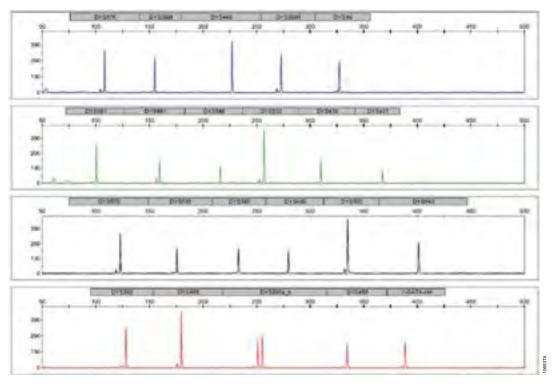
. More Meaningful STR Analysis: Higher power of discrimination from 23 loci results in fewer false-positive matches.

- More Usable Profile from Samples with Excess Female DNA: High sensitivity in the presence of female DNA (<0.1ng male DNA, 1:6,000 ratio).
- Streamlined Databasing Workflows: Direct-amplification-compatible.
- Significant Reduction in Amplification Time: Faster cycling conditions cut amplification time roughly in half.
- Full Profiles from Challenging Casework Samples: High tolerance for inhibitors including tannic acid, hematin and humic acid.
- Simplified Workflows and Inventory: One kit for both casework and databasing.

Storage Conditions: Upon receipt of kit, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4°C. Store all other kit components at -20°C.



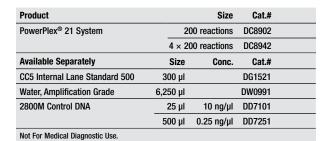
The PowerPlex® Y23 System allows co-amplification and four-color detection of 23 male-specific STR loci: DYS576, DYS389I/II, DYS448, DYS19, DYS391, DYS481, DYS549, DYS533, DYS438 (penta), DYS437, DYS570, DYS635, DYS390, DYS439, DYS392, DYS643 (penta), DYS393, DYS458, DYS385a/b, DYS456 and YGATA-H4.



Amplification of 62.5pg of male DNA in the presence of 400ng of female DNA using 30 cycles and the PowerPlex® Y23 System. Amplified products were separated on an Applied Biosystems 3130 Genetic Analyzer (3kV, 5-second injection).



PowerPlex® 21 System



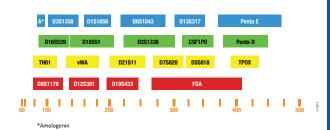
Description: The PowerPlex® 21 System is a multiplex STR system for human identification applications including forensic analysis, relationship testing and research use. The system allows co-amplification and fluorescent detection of 21 loci (20 STR loci and Amelogenin), including D1S1656, D2S1338, D3S1358, D5S818, D6S1043, D7S820, D8S1179, D12S391, D13S317, D16S539, D18S51, D19S433, D21S11, Amelogenin, CSF1PO, FGA, Penta D, Penta E, TH01, TPOX and vWA. The PowerPlex® 21 System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper[®] *ID* and *ID*-X software and are available for download.

Features:

- 21 Markers: Enjoy maximum discrimination for difficult cases and complete data overlap with most existing multiplexes.
- Direct-Amplification Compatibility: Save labor and time by removing the need to wash FTA® card punches. Simpler protocols are available for swabs and nonFTA card punches as well.
- High Inhibitor Tolerance: Experience higher success rates with challenging casework samples including less locus drop-out and reaction failure.
- 90-Minute PCR: Shorten PCR time by 1–2.5 hours, increasing laboratory productivity and decreasing average turnaround time for your cases.

Storage Conditions: Store kit at -20° C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4° C.



Configuration of the PowerPlex® 21 System. The PowerPlex® 21 System contains all 13 CODIS loci.



stocking system

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Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

PowerPlex® 18D System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® 18D System | 200 | 200 reactions | | |
| | 800 | reactions | DC1808 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 µl | | DG1521 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/µl | DD7101 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® 18D System is a multiplex STR system for use in database and paternity testing. This system is optimized for direct amplification of samples on FTA® cards. This five-color multiplex allows co-amplification of the 13 CODIS loci (D18S51, D21S11, TH01, D3S1358, FGA, TPOX, D8S1179, vWA, CSF1PO, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317, D5S818) plus Amelogenin, Penta E, Penta D, D2S1338 and D19S433. All eighteen loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The PowerPlex® 18D System is compatible with ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers

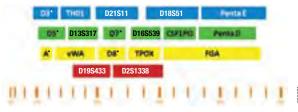
The PowerPlex® 18D System was given NDIS approval in July 2011 for NDIS CODIS databasing.

Features:

 Eliminate DNA Extraction: Simplify and shorten sample processing with direct amplification from FTA® cards.

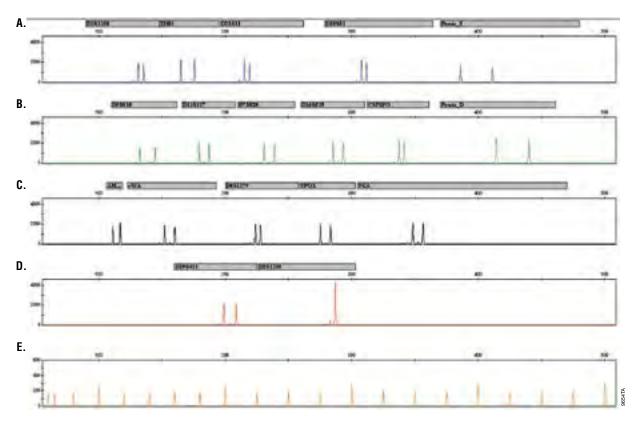
- Reduce PCR Time: Amplify in less than 1.5 hours using rapid cycling technology.
- Upload More Markers: Type D2S1338, D19S433, Penta D, Penta E, Amelogenin and the 13 CODIS loci with one kit.
- Automatically Assign Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper[®] ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store kit at -20° C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4° C.



*A = Amelogenin, D3 = D3S1358, D5 = D5S818, D7 = D7S820, D8 = D8S1179

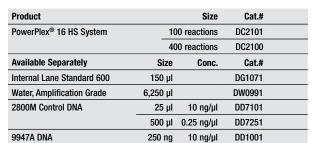
Configuration of the PowerPlex® 18D System. The PowerPlex® 18D System contains all 13 CODIS loci: D3S1358, TH01, D21S11, D18S51, D5S818, D13S317, D7S820, D16S539, CSF1PO, vWA, D8S1179, TPOX and FGA, plus Amelogenin, Penta E, Penta D, D19S433 and D2S1338.



Amplification of sample using the PowerPlex® 18D System. Two 1.2mm punches were taken from a buccal sample transferred to an FTA® card and amplified for 27 cycles using the PowerPlex® 18D System. Amplification products were mixed with CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 and analyzed with an Applied Biosystems 3130x/ Genetic Analyzer using a 3kV, 5-second injection. Results were analyzed using GeneMapper® ID software, version 3.2.



PowerPlex® 16 HS System



DC2101, DC2100, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251, DD1001 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG1071 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is a multiplex STR system for use in DNA typing. This system co-amplifies the loci D18S51, D21S11, TH01, D3S1358, Penta E (labeled with fluorescein); FGA, TPOX, D8S1179, vWA and Amelogenin (labeled with TMR); CSF1PO, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317, D5S818 and Penta D (labeled with JOE). This multiplex includes all 13 CODIS STR markers, Amelogenin for gender determination and two low-stutter, highly discriminating pentanucleotide STR markers. All sixteen loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is compatible with ABI PRISM® 310, 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Features:

- Robustness: The PowerPlex® 16 HS System is more tolerant of PCR inhibitors than competing STR systems and the previous version of the PowerPlex® 16 System. Generate profiles with samples that previously failed to amplify. Avoid costly and time-consuming sample cleanup.
- Sensitivity: Each lot is quality tested to produce full profiles from 100pg of DNA. Gain confidence in analysis of limited samples.
- High Discrimination: The loci included in PowerPlex® 16 HS are more discriminating than competitive systems and are ideal for resolving partial matches or challenging familial cases.
- Proven Design: Primer sequences, dyes and ladders are all unchanged from PowerPlex® 16. Expect concordance with existing databases.
- Complete System: PowerPlex® 16 HS includes size standard, amplification-grade water and Taq DNA polymerase already in the master mix. Simple to order, easy to use.
- Automatic Assignment of Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper[®] ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

PowerPlex® CS7 System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------|----------|---------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® CS7 System | 10 | 100 reactions | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 µl | | DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 µl | 0.25 ng/µl | DD7251 | |

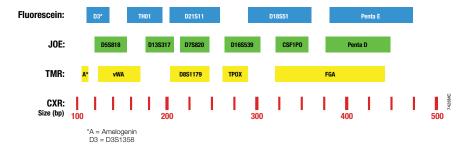
DC6613, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG1071 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The PowerPlex® CS7 System is a multiplex STR assay for relationship testing and human identification. The PowerPlex® CS7 System allows co-amplification and three-color detection of seven STR loci, including LPL, F13B, FESFPS, F13A01, Penta D, Penta C and Penta E. All seven loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The PowerPlex® CS7 System contains two loci, Penta D and Penta E, that overlap with the loci included in the PowerPlex® 16, 16 HS, 18D, 21 and Fusion Systems. This feature allows the PowerPlex® CS7 System to be used as a confirmatory kit in paternity applications using the five unshared STR loci to supplement the genotype and increase the available information. The PowerPlex® CS7 System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130 and 3130*x*/ Genetic Analyzers. The PowerPlex® CS7 System provides all materials necessary to amplify STR regions of purified genomic DNA.

Features:

- More Loci: Supplement current testing with LPL, F13B, FESFPS, F13A01 and Penta C for greater discrimination.
- Confirmatory Loci: Overlap of Penta D and Penta E in the PowerPlex® CS7 and several PowerPlex® Systems allow detection of sample mixup when used together.
- Complete System: Hot-start Taq DNA polymerase is provided in the master mix, and size standard is included.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Configuration of the PowerPlex® 16 HS System. The PowerPlex® 16 HS System contains all 13 CODIS loci.

Available in the Helix® on-site

stocking system

Section Contents

Table of Contents

PowerPlex® S5 System



| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® S5 System | 100 reactions | | DC6951 | |
| | 40 | 00 reactions | DC6950 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 µl | | DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 µl | 0.25 ng/µl | DD7251 | |
| 9947A DNA | 250 ng | 10 ng/µl | DD1001 | |
| DC6951, DC6950, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251, DD1001 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG1071 For Laboratory Use. | | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® S5 System is a miniSTR kit that allows co-amplification and detection of four STR markers (D18S51, D8S1179, TH01 and FGA) plus Amelogenin. One primer specific for each of the Amelogenin, D18S51 and D8S1179 loci is labeled with fluorescein (FL), and one primer specific for each of the TH01 and FGA loci is labeled with 6-carboxy-4',5'dichloro-2',7'-dimethoxy-fluorescein (JOE). All five loci are amplified simultaneously in a single tube and analyzed in a single injection. The four STR loci are included in the CODIS and European databases. The amplicons for all loci are smaller than 260bp. The PowerPlex® S5 System was the first Promega STR kit to include hot-start Tag DNA polymerase, which is included in the PowerPlex® S5 5X Master Mix. The PowerPlex® S5 System is primarily a screening tool but also can be used as a miniSTR casework kit.

Features:

- . Sensitive: Generate full DNA profiles with as little as 50pg of DNA.
- Easy to Use: The PowerPlex® S5 System comes complete with premixed primer pairs, a master mix with Tag DNA polymerase and internal lane standard. The simplified thermal cycling protocol requires no ramping, and the system is compatible with a number of instrument platforms, including ABI PRISM® 310, 3100 and 3100-Avant and Applied Biosystems® 3130 and 3130x/ Genetic Analyzers.
- Robust: The PowerPlex® S5 System is more tolerant of DNA degradation and less sensitive to inhibitors. Full DNA profiles can be achieved in the presence of 130µM hematin, 200ng tannic acid or 150ng humic acid.
- Automatic Assignment of Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required for use with GeneMapper® ID software and are available for download. The PowerTyper™ S5 Macro (available separately) facilitates data analysis, allowing automatic assignment of genotypes using the Genotyper[®] software. The PowerTyper[™] Macros can be downloaded.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

PowerPlex® 16 and ES Monoplex Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|--------|
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System, Penta E (Fluorescein) | 100 reactions | DC6591 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System, Penta D (JOE) | 100 reactions | DC6651 |
| PowerPlex® ES Monoplex System, SE33 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6751 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D3S1358 (Fluorescein) | 100 reactions | DC6551 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System TH01 (Fluorescein) | 100 reactions | DC6561 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D21S11 (Fluorescein) | 100 reactions | DC6571 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D18S51 (Fluorescein) | 100 reactions | DC6581 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D5S818 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6601 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D13S317 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6611 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D7S820 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6621 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D16S539 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6631 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System CSF1P0 (J0E) | 100 reactions | DC6641 |
| PowerPlex [®] 16 Monoplex System vWA (TMR) | 100 reactions | DC6661 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System D8S1179 (TMR) | 100 reactions | DC6671 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System TPOX (TMR) | 100 reactions | DC6681 |
| PowerPlex® 16 Monoplex System FGA (TMR) | 100 reactions | DC6691 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® 16 and ES Monoplex Systems are available to amplify the Penta E, Penta D, SE33, D3S1358, TH01, D21S11, D18S51, D5S818, D13S317, D7S820, D16S539, CSF1PO, vWA, D8S1179, TPOX or FGA locus. Each monoplex system allows amplification of a single locus to confirm results obtained with the PowerPlex® 16 or discontinued PowerPlex® ES System. The monoplex systems also can be used to re-amplify DNA samples when one or more of the loci do not amplify initially due to suboptimal amplification conditions or poor DNA quality.

The PowerPlex® 16 and PowerPlex® ES Monoplex Systems contain primer pairs that have the same sequence as those used in the PowerPlex® 16 HS (Cat.# DC2100, DC2101), PowerPlex® 16 (Cat.# DC6530, DC6531), PowerPlex® 16 BIO (Cat.# DC6540, DC6541) and discontinued PowerPlex® ES Systems (Cat.# DC6730, DC6731).

Allelic ladders are only provided in the following PowerPlex® Monoplex Systems: DC6751, DC6591 and DC6651 [SE33 (JOE); Penta E (fluorescein) and Penta D (JOE), respectively].

Allelic ladders that are not provided are available by custom order. Please contact Technical Services for allelic ladder options based on the platform used. The PowerPlex® 16 and ES Monoplex Systems were developed for use with the ABI PRISM® 310, 3100 and 3100-Avant and Applied Biosystems® 3130 and 3130x/ Genetic Analyzers and are compatible with the Hitachi FMBIO® II Fluorescence Imaging System.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The fluorescent primer pair is light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.



SwabSolution™ Kit, PunchSolution™ Kit and 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------|
| SwabSolution™ Kit | 100 preps | DC8271 |
| PunchSolution™ Kit | 100 preps | DC9271 |
| 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent | 100 preps | DM1231 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | |

Description: The SwabSolution™ Kit, PunchSolution™ Kit and 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent allow fast and simple processing of swabs and punches for PowerPlex® System analysis. These products are intended for preparation of single-source reference, database and paternity samples where DNA purification is unnecessary.

The **SwabSolution™ Kit** is used for rapid processing of swabs for STR analysis using PowerPlex® Systems. The SwabSolution™ Kit contains SwabSolution™ Reagent, which is used to generate a buccal swab extract that is added to the PowerPlex[®] System reaction. In addition, the SwabSolution™ Kit contains the 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent, which enables direct amplification from swabs with PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification. See the supported PowerPlex® Systems at:

www.promega.com/directamp/

The **PunchSolution™ Kit** is used for rapid processing of punches from nonFTA storage cards (S&S 903, Bode Buccal Collector™ device, etc.) for STR analysis using PowerPlex® Systems. The PunchSolution™ Kit contains PunchSolution™ Reagent, which is used to pretreat nonFTA punches prior to adding the PowerPlex® PCR amplification mix. In addition, the PunchSolution™ Kit contains the 5X AmpSolution™ Reagent, which enables direct amplification from punches with PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification. See the supported PowerPlex® Systems at:

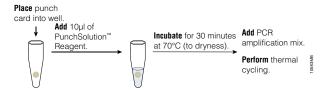
www.promega.com/directamp/

The **5X AmpSolution™ Reagent** allows direct amplification of unwashed FTA® punches in most PowerPlex® Systems that were not originally designed for direct amplification. Additionally, the AmpSolution™ Reagent allows use of the SwabSolution™ and PunchSolution™ Kits with more PowerPlex® Systems (5X AmpSolution[™] Reagent is included in the SwabSolution[™] and PunchSolution™ Kits). The AmpSolution™ Reagent is simply added to the PowerPlex® PCR amplification mix. See the supported PowerPlex® Systems at: www.promega.com/directamp/

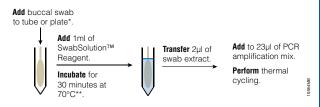
Features:

- Rapid, simple preparation methods for swabs and punches can save 2-4 hours per plate of samples.
- Compatibility with most PowerPlex® Systems increases the speed and versatility of the PowerPlex® Systems.

Storage Conditions: Upon receipt of kit, thaw and mix as per instructions and store at 4°C.



PunchSolution™ Kit nonFTA punch workflow. For reactions other than PowerPlex® 18D and PowerPlex® 21, add AmpSolution™ Reagent. For more information, please visit: www.promega.com/directamp



SwabSolution™ Kit buccal swab workflow. *For plate format, use 2.2ml, Square-Well Deep Well Plate (Cat.# V6781). **Use Heat Block Adapter (Cat.# A2661), with the heat set at 90°C. For reactions other than PowerPlex® 18D and PowerPlex® 21, add AmpSolution™ Reagent. For more information, please visit: www.promega.com/directamp

PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, 310 | 50 µl | DG4600 | |
| PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, 3100/3130 | 25 µl | DG4700 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards allow the PowerPlex® ESX, ESI, 18D, 21, Y23 and Fusion Systems to be analyzed on the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer (Cat.# DG4600) and ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-Avant or Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130xl, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers (Cat.# DG4700).

Proper generation of a spectral calibration file is critical to evaluate multicolor systems. The PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards contain matrix fragments labeled with five fluorescent dyes: Fluorescein, JOE, TMR-ET, CXR-ET and CC5. Once generated, the spectral calibration file is applied during collection of PowerPlex® data to calculate and compensate for spectral overlap between different fluorescent dve colors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The matrix standards are light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.



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PowerPlex® 4-Dye Matrix Standards

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310 | 50 µl | DG4640 | |
| PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 3100/3130 | 25 µl | DG4650 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® 4-Dye Matrix Standards allow the PowerPlex® 16, PowerPlex® 16 HS, PowerPlex® ES, PowerPlex® S5, PowerPlex® Y, PowerPlex® CS7 and PowerPlex® 16 and ES Monoplex Systems to be analyzed on the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer or ABI PRISM® 377 DNA Sequencer (Cat.# DG4640) and the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-Avant or Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130xl, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers (Cat.# DG4650).

Proper generation of a spectral calibration file is critical to evaluate multicolor systems. The PowerPlex® 4-Dye Matrix Standards contain matrix fragments labeled with four fluorescent dyes: Fluorescein, JOE, TMR and CXR. Once generated, the spectral calibration file is applied during collection of PowerPlex® data to calculate and compensate for spectral overlap between different fluorescent dye colors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The matrix standards are light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.

PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310/377

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310/377 | 50 µl | DG3640 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310/377, allows the GenePrint® Fluorescent STR Systems to be analyzed on the ABI PRISM® 310 Genetic Analyzer or ABI PRISM® 377 DNA Sequencer.

Proper generation of a spectral calibration file is critical to evaluate multicolor systems. The PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310/377, contains matrix fragments labeled with five fluorescent dyes: Fluorescein, JOE A, JOE B, TMR and CXR. Once generated using the $\mathsf{PowerPlex}^{\scriptscriptstyle{\circledR}}$ dye set, the spectral calibration file is applied during analysis of PowerPlex® data to calculate and compensate for spectral overlap between different fluorescent dye colors. The PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 310/377, contains two tubes of JOE, designated JOE A and JOE B.

The PowerPlex® Matrix Standards, 3100 (Cat.# DG3650 and X3121), have been discontinued. Contact Promega Technical Services for more information (genetic@promega.com).

Internal Lane Standard 600

Product Cat.# Size Internal Lane Standard 600 150 µl DG1071 For Laboratory Use.

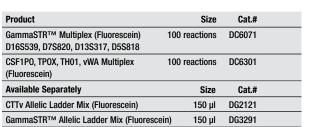
Description: The Internal Lane Standard 600 (ILS 600) consists of 22 bands ranging in size from 60bp to 600bp. Fragments of 60-200bp are spaced at 20bp intervals, fragments of 200-500bp are spaced every 25 bases, and fragments of 500-600bp are spaced every 50 bases. Fragments that are multiples of 100 bases have fluorescence intensities approximately twice that of other fragments to simplify size assignment. The DNA ladder is double-stranded and asymmetrically labeled with carboxy-X-rhodamine (CXR). The Internal Lane Standard 600 is used to assign sizes to DNA fragments separated by electrophoresis and detected using a variety of fluorescence-detection instruments (e.g., Hitachi FMBIO® Fluorescence Imaging System and ABI PRISM® 310, 3100, 3100-Avant and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130x/, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers). ILS 600 is commonly used as an internal size marker for other applications and can be visualized by detecting fluorescent emission at 597nm after excitation at 576nm.

In addition, the Internal Lane Standard 600 contains additives that prevent the formation of two artifacts ("split peak" and "n-10") at the vWA locus in the PowerPlex® 16 and 16 HS Systems when using ABI PRISM® 3100, 3100-Avant and Applied Biosystems® 3130 and 3130x/ Genetic Analyzers.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles or exposure to frequent temperature changes. These fluctuations can greatly alter product stability. The Internal Lane Standard 600 is light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.



GenePrint® Fluorescent STR Systems



DC6071, DC6301 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG2121, DG3291 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The *GenePrint*[®] Fluorescent STR Systems were developed for use with the Hitachi FMBIO[®] Fluorescence Imaging Systems and ABI PRISM[®] 377 DNA Sequencer. One primer for each locus is labeled with fluorescein to allow fluorescent detection. Fluorescein has an excitation maximum at 488nm and an emission maximum at 532nm. Therefore, the systems are compatible with a variety of fluorescence-detection instruments, including the ABI PRISM[®] 310, 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems[®] 3130 and 3130x/ Genetic Analyzers.

Each system provides all materials required to amplify STR regions of purified genomic DNA except *Taq* DNA polymerase. Amplification of DNA using the system components plus *Taq* DNA polymerase produces fluorescein-labeled fragments representing alleles from the template DNA. For instruments that support two-color fluorescence detection, additional precision may be achieved by including the Internal Lane Standard 600 (Cat.# DG1071) in each gel lane or injection.

Features:

- High-Throughput Analysis: Analysis is achieved by comparing amplified DNA fragments directly with the allelic ladder provided for each locus.
- Efficiency: The fluorescent STR multiplex systems support simultaneous single-tube amplification of four polymorphic STR loci with nonoverlapping allele size ranges.
- Allelic Ladders: Comparing amplified alleles with allelic ladders provided with each system allows rapid and reliable allele assignment.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The fluorescent primer pairs and allelic ladders are light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.

Objection Obj

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------------|--------|--|
| GenePrint® SilverSTR™ III System (D7S820, D13S317, D16S539) | 100 reactions | DC6451 | |
| CSF1PO, TPOX, TH01 Multiplex | 100 reactions | DC6001 | |
| F13A01, FESFPS, vWA Multiplex | 100 reactions | DC6031 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| CTT Allelic Ladder Mix | 150 µl | DG2101 | |
| FFv Allelic Ladder Mix | 150 µl | DG2141 | |

DC6451, DC6001, DC6031 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. DG2101, DG2141 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The *GenePrint*® Silver STR Systems provide a rapid, non-radioactive method to evaluate small amounts (e.g., 1ng) of human DNA. The systems provide all materials required to amplify STR regions of purified genomic DNA except for *Taq* DNA polymerase and sample DNA. The amplified STR fragments are separated by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and detected by silver staining.

The combination of SilverSTR™ III, CTT and FFv provides access to seven of the thirteen core loci that comprise the Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) database.

Features:

- Economical: The GenePrint® Silver STR Systems do not require fluorescence-detection equipment for analysis. The systems are ideal for labs that are starting STR analysis or do not wish to purchase expensive fluorescence-detection equipment.
- Efficient: Analysis requires less than one day. Each multiplex allows simultaneous amplification of three nonoverlapping STR loci for high discrimination power.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Output GenePrint Sex Identification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Amelogenin (Fluorescein Detection) | 100 reactions | DC5171 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: The *GenePrint*® Sex Identification System can be used for sex determination. When used under reaction conditions recommended in the Technical Manual (#TMD006), a specific segment of the human X chromosome generates a 212bp product, while the corresponding human Y-chromosomal DNA segment produces a 218bp fragment. The Amelogenin locus may be co-amplified and co-analyzed with a compatible multiplex system by mixing the Amelogenin primers with those of the appropriate multiplex system prior to use.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The fluorescent primer pair and ladder are light-sensitive; therefore, minimize light exposure.



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

stocking system

Gold ST★R 10X Buffer Section 100 Buffer Section 10

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|--------|--|
| Gold ST★R 10X Buffer | 1.2 ml | DM2411 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

Description: Gold ST★R 10X Buffer can be used to amplify STR loci using AmpliTaq Gold® DNA polymerase. Gold ST★R Buffer can be substituted for the STR 10X Buffer that is supplied with PowerPlex® and *GenePrint®* STR Systems, allowing the use of either AmpliTaq® or AmpliTaq Gold® DNA polymerase. This buffer includes BSA for a more robust reaction and improved results under nonoptimal conditions. The combination of Gold ST★R 10X Buffer and AmpliTaq Gold® DNA polymerase can result in greater sensitivity and reduced amplification artifacts.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

2800M Control DNA

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 μl 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 μl 0.25 ng/μl | DD7251 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

Description: The 2800M Control DNA is a single-source male human genomic DNA. This DNA can be used as a control for human STR analysis.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

K562 DNA High Molecular Weight

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------------|--------|--|
| K562 DNA High Molecular Weight | 30 µg | DD2011 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic I | Procedures. | | |

Description: K562 DNA is purified from a subculture of the human chronic myelogenous leukemia cell line. K562 DNA serves as a control for most steps of the single-locus probe analysis procedure. The DNA also can be used as a reference for determining fragment sizes of VNTR alleles following appropriate restriction digestion. K562 fragment sizes obtained may vary slightly due to interlaboratory differences in protocols and methods of analysis.

Concentration: $0.4-1.0\mu g/\mu l$.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Always avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles or exposure to frequent temperature changes. These fluctuations can greatly alter product stability.

Biochemical Reagents

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|--------|
| SILVER SEQUENCE™ Staining Reagents | 10 gels | Q4132 | |
| STR 10X Buffer | 1.2 ml | DM2211 | |
| Gold ST★R 10X Buffer | 1.2 ml | DM2411 | |
| Agarose | 1 kg | DV3123 | |
| STR 2X Loading Solution | 3 ml | DV4331 | |
| Blue Dextran Loading Solution | 3 × 1 ml | DV4351 | |
| Bromophenol Blue Loading Solution | 3 × 1 ml | DV4371 | |
| Mineral Oil | 12 ml | DY1151 | |
| 04122 DM2211 DM2411 DV2122 DV4221 DV1151 | For Docoarch He | Only Not for I | lco in |

Q4132, DM2211, DM2411, DV3123, DV4331, DY1151 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. DV4351, DV4371 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use.

Description: Promega offers supporting reagents for separation, hybridization and detection of specific loci in the human genome. These quality-tested reagents are optimized for use with Promega genetic identity systems.

Storage Conditions: Store Cat.# DM2211, DM2411, DV4331, DV4351 and DV4371 at -20°C. Store Cat.# Q4132, DV3123 and DY1151 at 22-25°C.



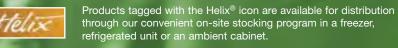


11 Imaging and Immunological Detection

Cellular Imaging with HaloTag® 218

ELISAs and Antibodies 220

In vivo Imaging 232



For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Cellular Imaging with HaloTag®

MaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands

| Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--------------|--|
| 30 μl 5 mM | G8251 |
| 15 µl 5 mM | G8252 |
| 30 µl 1 mM | G2801 |
| 15 µl 1 mM | G2802 |
| 30 μl 1 mM | G8272 |
| 15 µl 1 mM | G8273 |
| 30 μl 10 mM | G8581 |
| 15 µl 10 mM | G8582 |
| 30 µl 1 mM | G1001 |
| 15 µl 1 mM | G1002 |
| 30 μl 3.5 mM | G8471 |
| 15 µl 3.5 mM | G8472 |
| 30 μl 0.1 mM | G2991 |
| 30 μl 0.1 mM | G3221 |
| 30 μl 5 mM | G8281 |
| 15 µl 5 mM | G8282 |
| 30 μl 5 mM | G8591 |
| 15 µl 5 mM | G8592 |
| ocedures. | |
| | 30 µl 5 mM 15 µl 5 mM 30 µl 1 mM 15 µl 1 mM 30 µl 1 mM 15 µl 1 mM 30 µl 10 mM 15 µl 10 mM 30 µl 10 mM 15 µl 1 mM 30 µl 3.5 mM 15 µl 3.5 mM 30 µl 0.1 mM 30 µl 0.1 mM 30 µl 5 mM 15 µl 5 mM |

Description: The HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands can carry a variety of functionalities, including fluorescent labels, affinity tags and attachments to a solid phase. The covalent bond forms rapidly under general physiological conditions, is highly specific and essentially irreversible. The HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands allow researchers to apply the chloroalkane group that HaloTag® protein reacts with to any compound or surface with a compatible chemical group, creating endless possible applications.

HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands for Cellular Imaging

Cell-permeant fluorescent ligands (rapid labeling protocol):

- HaloTag® TMR Ligand (555_{Ex}/585_{Em})
- HaloTag[®] Oregon Green[®] Ligand (496_{Ex}/516_{Em})
- HaloTag[®] diAcFAM Ligand (494_{Ex}/526_{Em})
- HaloTag[®] Coumarin Ligand (353_{Ex}/434_{Em})

Cell-impermeant fluorescent ligands for cell-surface labeling (rapid labeling protocol):

- HaloTag[®] Alexa Fluor[®] 488 Ligand (494_{Fx}/517_{Fm})
- HaloTag[®] Alexa Fluor[®] 660 Ligand (663_{Ex}/690_{Em})

Cell-permeant fluorescent ligands ("no wash" protocol):

- $\bullet~$ HaloTag® TMRDirect TM Ligand (555 $_{Ex}\!/585_{Em}\!)$
- $\bullet~$ HaloTag® R110Direct $^{\text{TM}}$ Ligand (502 $_{\text{Ex}}$ /527 $_{\text{Em}}$)

The Alexa Fluor® 488 Ligand is impermeable to cell membranes and, therefore, used to label cell surface proteins. The TMR Ligand, Oregon Green® Ligand, diAcFAM Ligand and Coumarin Ligand readily cross the cell membrane and, therefore, can be used to label intracellular proteins.

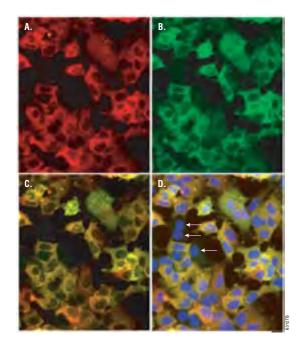
HaloTag® Ligands for Protein Detection

The HaloTag[®] Biotin Ligand consists of a 12-atom linker arm to biotin and is used as an affinity tag to capture the HaloTag[®] protein-based fusion construct using the strong biotin-streptavidin interaction.

The HaloTag® PEG-Biotin Ligand contains a spacer not found in the HaloTag® Biotin Ligand. This provides a significantly longer and more flexible linker between streptavidin and the HaloTag® protein, which may be advantageous in preserving the activity of a HaloTag® fusion partner protein upon immobilization or derivatization.

Features:

- Label in Solution or on a Solid Support: The HaloTag[®] Ligands bind to the HaloTag[®] protein or protein fusions with high specificity and affinity.
- Label Your HaloTag® Protein in Live Cells: The HaloTag® TMR, diAcFAM, Coumarin and Biotin Ligands readily cross the cell membrane.
- Pull Down Protein Complexes: The spacer and reactive linker of the HaloTag[®] PEG-Biotin Ligand provide ideal pull-down capabilities. Alternatively, pull down directly with the HaloLink™ Resin.
- Image Fixed Cells: The covalent bond is stable, allowing imaging of fixed cells and analysis of the labeled protein under stringent conditions.
- Introduce Novel Functionalities or Perform Sequential Labeling: The open architecture of the technology enables the use of different ligands for multiple applications.
- Design Only One Genetic Construct for Multiple Experiments: Obtain new functionality by using a different HaloTag[®] Ligand without having to design and clone a new expression construct.
- Analyze Labeled Fusion Proteins Using SDS-PAGE, Mass Spectrometry and Other Methods: The bound ligand is stable under denaturing conditions.



Colabeling of HaloTag®-p65 fusion protein with HaloTag® TMR Ligand and the Anti-HaloTag® pAb. Panel A. Cytoplasmic (red) labeling of HEK293-p65-HT2 cells by HaloTag® TMR Ligand. Panel B. Cytoplasmic (green) labeling by Anti-HaloTag® pAb and Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (Invitrogen). Panel C. Colocalization of ligand and antibody binding activities. Panel D. Merger of red and green fluorescence with counterstaining of the nucleus by DAPI (blue). Arrows denote rare cells that show little or no expression of HaloTag®-p65. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.



MaloTag[®] Ligand Building Blocks

| Size | Cat.# | |
|------|----------------------------|--|
| mg | P6741 | |
| mg | P6711 | |
| mg | P6771 | |
| mg | P1681 | |
| mg | P6751 | |
| mg | P1691 | |
| mg | P6761 | |
| | mg mg mg mg mg | mg P6741 mg P6711 mg P6771 mg P1681 mg P6751 mg P1691 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The HaloTag® Ligand Building Blocks can carry a variety of functionalities, including fluorescent labels, affinity tags and attachments to a solid phase. The covalent bond forms rapidly under general physiological conditions, is highly specific and essentially irreversible. The HaloTag® Ligand Building Blocks allow researchers to apply the chloroalkane group that HaloTag® protein reacts with to any compound or surface with a compatible chemical group, creating endless possible applications.

The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (04) Ligand contains a reactive succinimidyl ester (SE) group connected to an alkyl chloride separated by three ethylene glycol repeats (04). The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an amine, forming stable amide bond linkages. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (O2) Ligand contains a reactive succinimidyl ester (SE) group connected to an alkylchloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (O2) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an amine, forming stable amide bond linkages. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® Amine (04) Ligand contains a reactive amine group connected to an alkyl chloride, separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (04). The HaloTag® Amine (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an activated carboxylic acid, sulfonyl halide or isocyanate. Examples of activated carboxylic acids are succinimidyl esters, STP esters, acid halides, and TFP esters. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest

The HaloTag® Amine (O2) Ligand contains a reactive amine group connected to an alkylchloride, separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). The HaloTag® Amine (O2) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an activated carboxylic acid, sulfonyl halide, or isocyanate. Examples of activated carboxylic acids are succinimidyl esters, STP esters, acid halides, and TFP esters. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (04) Ligand contains a reactive iodoacetamide group connected an alkyl chloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (04). The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (04) Ligand has been designed to rapidly react with sulfhydryl-containing molecules, whether small organic compounds, peptides or proteins. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (O2) Ligand contains a reactive iodoacetamide group connected to an alkylchloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). HaloTag® lodoacetamide (O2) Ligand has been designed to rapidly react with sulfhydryl-containing molecules, whether small organic compounds, peptides or proteins. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® Thiol (04) Ligand contains a reactive sulfhydryl group connected to an alkyl chloride separated by three ethylene glycol repeats (04). The HaloTag® Thiol (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, cross-linking reagent (bound or free), or nucleic acid derivative containing a number of different alkylating groups, forming stable thioether bonds. Commonly used reagents that rapidly react with sulfhydryls include iodo- or bromo-acetyls or benzyls, bromo- or chloro-mustards, maleimides, aziridines, acryloyl derivatives, and halide or sulfonate containing arenes (those bearing Electron Withdrawing Groups (EWGs) react most rapidly). The reactive ligand can be captured with HaloTag® protein either before or after the thiol group is functionalized for any application of interest.

Storage Conditions: Store Cat.# P1691 and P6751 at or below -70°C under inert atmosphere. Store Cat.# P6711 and P6741 at or below -20°C in an air-tight container in the absence of light. Store Cat.# P1681, P6771 and P6761 at or below -20°C under inert atmosphere in the absence of light. See Promega Product Information for additional details on individual products.

Anti-HaloTag® pAb

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|
| Anti-HaloTag® pAb | 200 μg 1 mg/ml | G9281 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagn | ostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Anti-HaloTag® pAb is a purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against the HaloTag® protein. The antibody is purified using Protein G affinity resin and supplied at 1 mg/ml in PBS. The antibody detects HaloTag® fusion proteins in Western blot hybridization and immunocytochemistry applications with high sensitivity and specificity. The HaloTag® protein is not endogenous to mammalian, plant and *E. coli* cells. *E. coli* and mammalian cell extracts demonstrate low cross-reactivity with the Anti-HaloTag® pAb.

Features:

 Specificity: The Anti-HaloTag® pAb is specific for HaloTag® protein and exhibits low cross-reactivity with E. coli and mammalian cell extracts.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

HaloTag® Fusion (C-Terminal) Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pHTC HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7711 |
| pFC27A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8421 |
| pFC27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8431 |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9651 |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9661 |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1611 |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1601 |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1591 |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1571 |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1551 |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1321 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 300.



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MaloTag® Fusion (N-Terminal) Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pHTN HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7721 |
| pFN28A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8441 |
| pFN28K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8451 |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2821 |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2831 |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | G2841 |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2851 |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2861 |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | G2871 |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | G2881 |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2981 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 301.

| for HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors. | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Vector Name | Cat.# | Expression Level* | | | | |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G9651 | High | | | | |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G9661 | High | | | | |
| pFC15A HaloTag [®] CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi [®] Vector | G1611 | Medium | | | | |
| pFC15K HaloTag [®] CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi [®] Vector | G1601 | Medium | | | | |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G1591 | Low | | | | |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G1571 | Low | | | | |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G1551 | Ultra-Low | | | | |
| pFC17K HaloTag [®] CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi [®] Vector | G1321 | Ultra-Low | | | | |
| pFN21A HaloTag [®] CMV Flexi [®] Vector | G2821 | High | | | | |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G2831 | High | | | | |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | G2841 | Medium | | | | |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | G2851 | Medium | | | | |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G2861 | Low | | | | |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G2871 | Low | | | | |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G2881 | Ultra-Low | | | | |
| pFN24K HaloTag [®] CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi [®] Vector | G2981 | Ultra-Low | | | | |
| pFC27A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8421 | High ¹ | | | | |
| pFC27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8431 | High ² | | | | |
| pFN28A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8441 | High ¹ | | | | |
| pFN27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8451 | High ² | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

ELISAs and Antibodies

DBDNF E_{max}® ImmunoAssay Systems

| | Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--|--------------|-------|
| | BDNF E _{max} ® ImmunoAssay System | 2 × 96 wells | G7610 |
| | | 5 × 96 wells | G7611 |
| i | For Decearch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | uroc | |

Description: The BDNF E_{max}^{\circledR} ImmunoAssay Systems provide optimized reagents and a protocol for the sensitive and specific detection of brainderived neurotrophic factor (BDNF). After an overnight coating of a 96-well plate, the specific protein is detected using an antibody sandwich format. The systems use a horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and a single-component TMB substrate for the final chromogenic detection of bound neurotrophic factor. Using this system, BDNF in tissue culture supernatants, tissue homogenates, plasma and urine can be quantitated in the range of 7.8-500pg/ml. Binding and recovery from mouse brain homogenates has not been fully characterized.

Features:

- High Value: Optimized reagents and protocol provided.
- Specificity: Specific detection of BDNF; less than 3% cross-reactivity with other related neurotrophic and growth factors.
- Sensitivity: Detect picogram levels of factor per milliliter of sample.
- Flexibility: Available kits provide sufficient reagents for two or five 96-well plates; you can configure your plates as desired.

Plates are not included.

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system in its original package protected from light at -20°C.

[®] GDNF E_{max} ImmunoAssay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| GDNF E _{max} ® ImmunoAssay System | 2 × 96 wells | G7620 | |
| | 5 × 96 wells | G7621 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description: The GDNF $E_{max}^{\ \ \ }$ ImmunoAssay Systems provide optimized reagents and a protocol for the sensitive and specific detection of glial cellline-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF). After an overnight coating of a 96-well plate, the specific protein is detected using an antibody sandwich format. The systems use horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and a single-component TMB substrate for the final chromogenic detection of bound neurotrophic factor. Using this system, GDNF in tissue culture supernatants or tissue homogenates can be quantitated in the range of 15.6-1,000pg/ml.

Features:

- High Value: Optimized reagents and protocol provided.
- Specificity: Specific detection of GDNF; less than 3% cross-reactivity with other related neurotrophic and growth factors.
- Sensitivity: Detect picogram levels of factor per milliliter of sample.
- **Flexibility:** Available kits provide sufficient reagents for two or five 96-well plates; you can configure your plates as desired.

Plates are not included.

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system in its original package protected from light at -20°C. Once thawed, store the system (except the GDNF Standard) at 4°C.

™NGF E_{max}® ImmunoAssay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------------|-------|
| NGF E _{max} ® ImmunoAssay System | 2 × 96 wells | G7630 |
| | 5 × 96 wells | G7631 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The NGF $E_{max}^{\textcircled{\tiny 0}}$ ImmunoAssay Systems provide optimized reagents and a protocol for the sensitive and specific detection of biologically active nerve growth factor (NGF). After an overnight coating of a 96-well plate, the specific protein is detected using an antibody sandwich format. The systems use horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and a single-component TMB substrate for the final chromogenic detection of bound neurotrophic factor. The system can be used to quantitate NGF in tissue culture supernatants and tissue extracts in the range of 3.9–250pg/ml. Avoid using samples containing high levels of IgG such as serum, plasma and spleen.

Features:

- High Value: Optimized reagents and protocol provided.
- Specificity: Specific detection of NGF; less than 3% cross-reactivity with other related neurotrophic and growth factors.
- Sensitivity: Detect picogram levels of factor per milliliter of sample.
- Flexibility: Available kits provide sufficient reagents for two or five 96-well plates; you can configure your plates as desired.

Plates are not included.

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system in its original package protected from light at -20° C.

Block & Sample 5X Buffer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Block & Sample 5X Buffer | 54 ml | G3311 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Block & Sample 5X Buffer is optimized for use in the E_{max}^{\otimes} ImmunoAssay Systems (for BDNF, GDNF and NGF) providing additional buffer for further sample dilutions and manipulations. This buffer is used to block the plates and dilute the standards, samples, detection antibodies and conjugates in these E_{max}^{\otimes} ImmunoAssay Systems. The buffer is provided as 54ml of buffer containing gentamicin as a preservative.

Note: The Block & Sample 5X Buffer should not be used with the TGF β_1 E_{max}® ImmunoAssay System.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

[®]TGFβ₁ E_{max} ImmunoAssay Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------------|-------|
| TGFβ ₁ E _{max} ® ImmunoAssay System | 2 × 96 wells | G7590 |
| | 5 × 96 wells | G7591 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The TGFβ₁ E_{max}^{\otimes} ImmunoAssay System provides optimized reagents and a protocol for the sensitive and specific detection of transforming growth factor $β_1$ (TGFβ₁). After an overnight coating of a 96-well plate, the specific protein is detected using an antibody sandwich format. The system uses horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibody and a single-component TMB substrate for the final chromogenic detection of bound TGFβ₁. Using this system, biologically active TGFβ₁ in tissue culture supernatants, plasma, serum or urine can be quantitated in the range of 15.6–1,000pg/ml.

Features

- High Value: Optimized reagents and protocol provided.
- Specificity: Specific detection of TGFβ₁; less than 3% cross-reactivity with other related growth factors (TGFβ₂ and TGFβ₃).
- Sensitivity: Detect picogram levels of factor per milliliter of sample.
- Flexibility: Available kits provide sufficient reagents for two or five 96-well plates; you can configure your plates as desired.

Plates are not included.

Storage Conditions: Store the entire system in its original package protected from light at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

№TGFβ Sample 10X Buffer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| TGFβ Sample 10X Buffer | 20 ml | G1291 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The TGFβ Sample 10X Buffer is an optimized proprietary buffer designed for use with the TGFβ₁ E_{max}^{\otimes} ImmunoAssay System to reduce high background, a common problem with traditional buffers used in TGFβ ELISAs.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Mati-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb ■■■

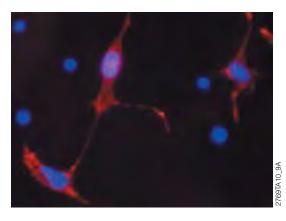
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-pS ⁴⁷³ Akt pAb | 40 µl | G7441 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Anti-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb is an affinity-purified polyclonal rabbit antibody. The antibody is purified using a phosphorylated peptide that corresponds to the phospho-S⁴⁷³ form of Akt-1 and is useful for both Western blotting and immunocytochemistry.

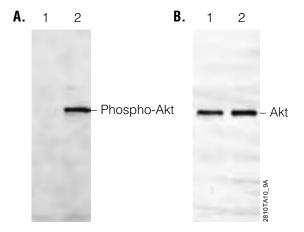
Features:

- Specificity: The antibody is selective for the Ser⁴⁷³ phosphorylated isoforms of Akt and does not show cross-reactivity with nonphosphorylated Akt.
- Immunogen: Peptide from the singly phosphorylated Ser⁴⁷³ region from the C-terminus of Akt-1 protein.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit lgG, supplied in PBS with 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- Value: Will generate 100ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 10 Western blots of 10ml each.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4° C for daily/weekly use or dispense into aliquots and store at -20° C for long-term storage.



Immunocytochemical staining of Akt in embryonic rat brain cells. Embryonic (day 17) rat brain cells were collected and treated with 20ng/ml each of EGF and FGF. Anti-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb was used at a 1:50 dilution. Positive cells were visualized using a donkey anti-rabbit, Cy®3-conjugated secondary antibody. Nuclei were stained using DAPI. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.



Detection of phosphorylated Akt by Western blot analysis with Anti-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb. Panel A. NIH/3T3 total cell extract (10µg per lane) was resolved by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and blotted onto nitrocellulose. Lane 1, untreated cells; lane 2, cells pretreated with PDGF (Invitrogen) at 50ng/ml for 20 minutes. Anti-pS⁴⁷³ Akt pAb (Cat.# G7441) was used at a 1:2,500 dilution. The blot was probed with Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP, Anti-ACTIVE® Qualified pAb (Cat.# V7951) at 1:10,000 dilution followed by chemiluminescent detection. Panel B. A pan-Akt pAb (New England Biolabs) reveals total Akt in both stimulated and unstimulated NIH/3T3 cell extracts. Secondary antibody and detection methods were the same as those used in Panel A.



Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb, Rabbit, (pTPpY)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb, Rabbit, (pTPpY) | 40 µl | V7931 |
| | 120 µl | V7932 |

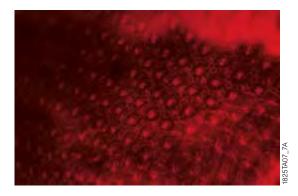
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb is a polyclonal antibody from rabbit serum. The antibody is affinity purified using a dually phosphorylated peptide that corresponds to the active form of the JNK enzymes.

Features

- Specificity: Preferentially detects the dually phosphorylated, active form of the stress-activated protein kinase (SAPK), also known as c-Jun N-terminal kinase. JNK.
- Immunogen: Dually phosphorylated Thr/Pro/Tyr region (pTPpY) derived from the catalytic core of the active form of JNK kinase, which corresponds to Thr¹⁸³ and Tyr¹⁸⁵ of the mammalian JNK2 enzyme.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit IgG; supplied in 10mM sodium phosphate (pH 7.4), 20mM NaCl.
- Value: Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb is available in two convenient sizes. Cat.#
 V7931 will generate up to 200ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 20
 Western blots of 10ml each. The larger size, Cat.# V7932, will generate up
 to 600ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 60 Western blots of 10ml each.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Immunocytochemical detection of active JNK enzyme in Drosophila pupal retina using the Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb. Drosophila pupal retina at 25% of pupal development were fixed in 3% paraformaldehyde in PBS. The Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb was diluted 1:100 in PBS containing 10% fetal bovine serum and 0.2% Triton® X-100. Samples were incubated with the primary antibody overnight at 4°C, washed 3 times (10 minutes each) with 0.2% Triton® X-100 and then incubated with a goat anti-rabbit Cy®3 conjugate for 2 hours at 4°C. Whole mounts were visualized with a Zeiss® Axioskop fluorescent microscope. The results illustrate the presence of dually phosphorylated, active forms of JNK in discrete structures of the fly retinal ommatidia including intense staining of the inner cone cells as well as the mechanosensory bristles and surrounding pigment cells. The pattern of staining (which was distinct from results obtained with an antibody for active p38) and the absence of staining in control experiments (data not shown) support the high specificity of the Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb. Image kindly provided by David T. Miller and Ross Cagan, Department of Molecular Biology and Pharmacology, Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis, Missouri.

№ Anti-ACTIVE[®] MAPK pAb, Rabbit, (pTEpY)

| Prod | uct | Size | Cat.# | |
|-------|---|-------|-------|--|
| Anti- | ACTIVE® MAPK pAb, Rabbit, (pTEpY) | 40 µl | V8031 | |
| For B | esearch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb is a polyclonal rabbit antibody. The antibody is affinity purified using a dually phosphorylated peptide that corresponds to the active form of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase enzymes.

Features:

- Specificity: Preferentially detects the dually phosphorylated, active form of the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) enzymes (ERK1 and ERK2).
- **Immunogen:** Dually phosphorylated Thr/Glu/Tyr region (pTEpY) derived from the catalytic core of the active form of the mitogen-activated protein kinase (MAPK) enzymes, ERK1 and ERK2, which corresponds to Thr¹⁸³ and Tyr¹⁸⁵ of the mammalian ERK2 enzyme.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit IgG; supplied in PBS (pH 7.4).
- Value: When used at the recommended 1:5,000 dilution, this product will generate 200ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 20 Western blots of 10ml each

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







Helix® on-site

stocking system

Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb, Rabbit, (pTGpY)

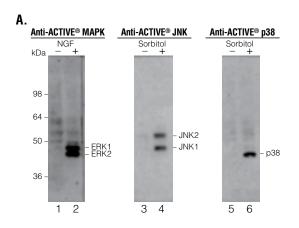
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb, Rabbit, (pTGpY) | 100 µl | V1211 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

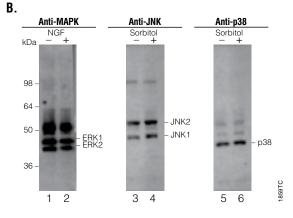
Description: Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb is a polyclonal rabbit antibody. The antibody is affinity-purified using a dually phosphorylated peptide that corresponds to the active form of the p38 enzymes.

Features:

- Specificity: Preferentially detects the dually phosphorylated, active form of p38 kinase.
- Immunogen: Dually phosphorylated Thr/Gly/Tyr region (pTGpY) derived from the catalytic core of the active form of p38 kinase, which corresponds to Thr¹⁸⁰ and Tyr¹⁸² of the mammalian p38 enzyme.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit lgG; supplied in PBS (pH 7.4).
- Value: When used at the recommended 1:2,000 dilution, this product will generate up to 200ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 20 Western blots of 10ml each.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Detection of MAPK, JNK and p38 in PC12 cell extracts. Panel A. Western blot analysis using Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK, Anti-ACTIVE® JNK and Anti-ACTIVE® p38 polyclonal antibodies to detect activated MAPK, JNK and p38. **Panel B.** Western blot analysis using anti-MAPK, anti-JNK and anti-p38 antibodies to detect activated and nonactivated MAPK, JNK and p38 in untreated or NGF- or sorbitol-treated PC12 cells.

A. Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb NGF-Treated B. Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb Sorbitol-Treated Untreated Untreated C. Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb Sorbitol-Treated Untreated Untreated

Detection of activated MAPK, JNK and p38 in PC12 cells by immunocytochemistry. PC12 cells were grown to 80% confluence in RPMI 1640 medium supplemented with 25mM HEPES, 300mg/L L-glutamine, 10% horse serum, 5% fetal bovine serum and 0.5mM EGTA. Cells were either untreated or treated with 200ng/ml NGF or 1M sorbitol as indicated. ICC was performed as described in Promega Technical Bulletin #TB262. Anti-ACTIVE® antibodies were used at the following dilutions: Panel A. MAPK, 1:500; Panel B. JNK, 1:1,000; Panel C. p38, 1:500. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.



Anti-ERK 1/2 pAb, Rabbit

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-ERK 1/2 pAb, Rabbit | 40 µl | V1141 | |
| | | | |

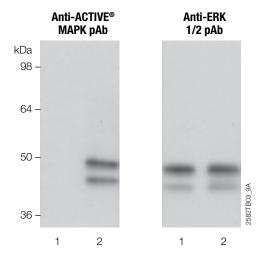
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Anti-ERK 1/2 pAb is a polyclonal antibody purified from rabbit serum. The antibody is affinity-purified using a peptide sequence in human/rat ERK1.

Features:

- Specificity: Detects ERK1 and ERK2 in the nonphosphorylated, monophosphorylated and dually phosphorylated forms.
- Immunogen: Sequence representing a conserved region in human and rat ERK1 located outside of the catalytic core of the enzyme.
- **Antibody Form:** Affinity-purified rabbit IgG; supplied in PBS (pH 7.4).
- Value: When used at the recommended 1:5,000 dilution, this product will generate up to 200ml of blotting solution, sufficient for 20 Western blots of 10ml each.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Detection of the specifically phosphorylated form of MAPK in NGF-treated PC12 cell extracts. Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb (Cat.# V8031) and Anti-ERK 1/2 ("pan ERK 1/2") pAb (Cat.# V1141) detection of ERK 1/2 in untreated (lanes 1) or NGF-treated (lanes 2) PC12 cell extracts (2µg).

Anti-Human BDNF pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Human BDNF pAb | 200 µg | G1641 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: BDNF, a 27kDa homodimer originally derived from human brain, shares high sequence homology with NGF, NT-3 and NT-4/5 and influences many neuron types in the CNS. Anti-Human BDNF pAb is generated in chickens and purified using a proprietary polyethylene glycol procedure. IgY, the 180kDa chicken IgG homolog, can be produced in chickens against certain biological antigens that fail to elicit a humoral immune response in rabbits or other mammals due to species relatedness. This antibody is highly specific for BDNF.

Features:

- Immunogen: Human recombinant BDNF.
- Antibody Form: Chicken IgY, provided at 0.5mg/ml in 0.1M NaCl, 0.01M K₂HPO₄ and 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- **Specificity:** Cross-reactive between mammalian species; does not cross-react with other neurotrophic factors.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Localization of BDNF in primary cultures of hippocampal neurons. The Anti-Human BDNF pAb was used at a 1:200 dilution. Primary antibody was detected using HRP-conjugated goat anti-chicken IgY secondary antibody. Photomicrograph kindly provided by Dr. Laurie Goodman, Lynx Therapeutics, Hayward, CA. Reprinted by permission of Academic Press, Goodman, L. et al. (1996) Mol. Cell Neurosci. 7, 222.



stocking system

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

№ Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb | 50 µl | G7481 | |

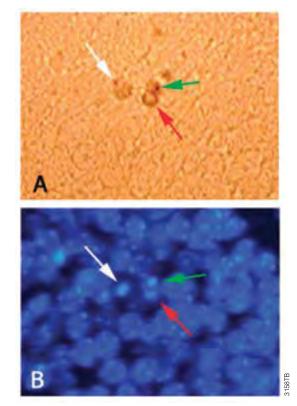
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Anti-ACTIVE[®] Caspase-3 pAb is intended for use as a marker of apoptosis; it specifically stains apoptotic cells without staining nonapoptotic cells. Includes sufficient antibody to perform 125 immunocytochemical assays (100μl/assay) at a 1:250 dilution.

Features:

- Immunogen: Peptide derived from the p17 fragment of caspase-3 and having sequence homology in human, mouse, rat and hamster.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit lgG; supplied in Dulbecco's PBS.
- **Specificity:** Specifically recognizes the cleaved active form of caspase-3 in human, rat and mouse.

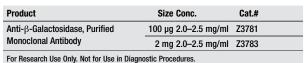
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Demonstration of Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb positive cells in postnatal day 0 (P0) mouse brain paraffin-embedded sections.

Panel A. Three Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb-positive cells (colored arrows). Panel B. Corresponding DAPI-stained nuclei. Note the correspondence of Anti-ACTIVE® Caspase-3 pAb label with the typical apoptotic, condensed nuclear morphology in Panel B. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.

Manti-β-Galactosidase mAb

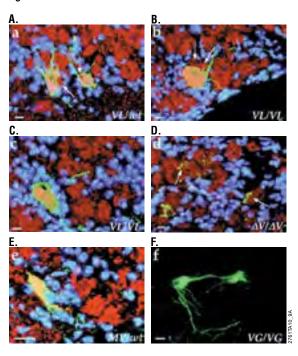


Description: This antibody [subclass $\lg G_{2a}(\kappa)$] was purified from ascites of a mouse hybridoma and recognizes *E. coli* β -galactosidase.

Features:

- **Immunogen:** β-galactosidase.
- Antibody Form: 2.0–2.5mg/ml in 10mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide.
- Specificity: E. coli β-galactosidase near the C-terminal end.

Storage Conditions: Store undiluted at -20°C.



Histological analysis of axonal termination in the accessory olfactory bulb (AOB). Sagittal sections through the AOB stained with the Anti- β -Galactosidase mAb (Cat.# Z3781; green) and antibodies against synaptophysin (DAKO, red). DAPI staining is shown in blue. Panel A. Heterozygous VL mouse. Panels B and C. Homozygous VL mouse. Panel D. Homozygous ΔV mouse. Panel E. Heterozygous MV mouse. Panel F. Homozygous VG mouse. Details on gene targeting, mutations and immunostaining may be found in Rodriguez, J., Feinstein, P. and Mombaerts, P. (1999) *Cell* 97, 199. Images kindly provided by Dr. Peter Mombaerts, The Rockefeller University, New York. Reprinted by permission of Cell Press.



Manti-Human GDNF pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Human GDNF pAb | 200 μg | G2791 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Human glial cell-line-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF), a 30kDa homodimer, has been shown to be a potent survival factor for a variety of neurons. The receptor complex for GDNF has been elucidated, though members of the multicomponent receptor family continue to grow. With applications in Western blotting, ELISA and immunostaining, the Anti-Human GDNF pAb is a useful tool to continue the investigation of GDNF's role in multiple facets of neurological systems.

Features:

- Immunogen: Human recombinant GDNF.
- Antibody Form: Chicken IgY; 0.5mg/ml in 0.1M NaCl, 0.01M K₂HPO₄, 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- Specificity: Cross-reactive between mammalian species; does not cross-react with TGFα, TGFβ₁, NGF or BDNF at up to 10µg/ml.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

Anti-HaloTag® Monoclonal Antibody

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| Anti-HaloTag® Monoclonal Antibody | 200 μg 1 mg/ml | G9211 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | | | |

Description: Anti-HaloTag[®] Monoclonal Antibody is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against the HaloTag[®] protein, which can be used to detect HaloTag[®] fusion proteins by Western blotting. The HaloTag[®] platform addresses the need for flexibility in functional protein analysis for cell imaging, protein purification and protein pull-down applications.

Features:

- Specific to HaloTag® Protein: Little to no cross-reactivity with other non-HaloTag proteins.
- More Sensitive Detection Over the Existing Anti-HaloTag® pAb:
 Detect as low as 0.5–1ng of HaloTag® fusion protein by Western blot.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C.

Anti-Luciferase pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Luciferase pAb | 200 µg | G7451 | |

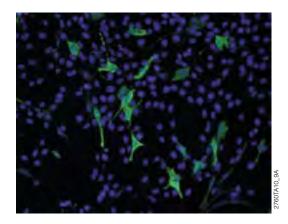
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Anti-Luciferase pAb is a goat polyclonal antibody designed for use in immunocytochemistry and Western blot applications. Anti-Luciferase pAb can detect luciferase enzyme expression in situ.

Features:

- Immunogen: 61kDa recombinant luciferase from North American firefly (*Photinus pyralis*).
- Antibody Form: Goat polyclonal IgG at 1mg/ml in PBS containing 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- Specificity: Anti-Luciferase pAb is specific for firefly luciferase (Photinus pyralis) and does not cross-react with sea pansy (Renilla reniformis) luciferase

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



NIH/3T3 cells transiently transfected with a luciferase gene. Luciferase-expressing cells were detected using the Anti-Luciferase pAb (Cat.# G7451). Protocols developed and performed at Promega.



Anti-NGF mAb



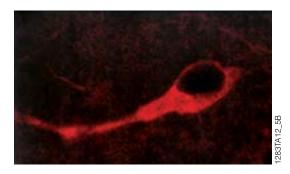
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Anti-NGF mAb | 20 µg | G1132 |
| | 100 µg | G1131 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Nerve growth factor (NGF) is a member of the neurotrophin family of growth factors. NGF is expressed in sympathetic and sensory-innervated peripheral tissues and mediates phosphorylation of specific intracellular proteins. At the cellular level, NGF expression has been demonstrated in lymphocytes, smooth muscle cells, epithelial cells, astrocytes, fibroblasts and Schwann cells. Anti-NGF mAb was designed as a specific marker of NGF in Western blotting, ELISA and immunostaining applications.

Features:

- Immunogen: Purified murine NGF, 2.5S.
- Antibody Form: Rat IgG (clone 1G3) provided at 1mg/ml as frozen liquid in PBS containing no preservatives.
- . Specificity: Reacts with human NGF, 2.5S mNGF and to a lesser extent with 7S mNGF. Cross-reacts between mammalian species.
- . Activity: The Anti-NGF mAb exhibits a half-maximal titer of less than or equal to 250ng/ml in an ELISA protocol using 100ng of 2.5S mNGF (Cat.# G5141).

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Rat basal forebrain cholinergic neuron stained with Anti-NGF mAb following intraventricular injection of 30µg of NGF and factor uptake. Photomicrograph kindly provided by Dr. Charles Howe, University of California, San Francisco.

Manti-Human NT-3 pAb Mathematical part of the pa

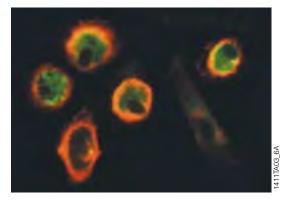
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Human NT-3 pAb | 200 µg | G1651 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Neurotrophin-3, a 27kDa homodimer that shares high sequence homology with NGF, BDNF, NT-4 and NT-5, influences many neuron types in the central and peripheral nervous system. NT-3 is also highly conserved across species. Anti-Human NT-3 pAb is generated in chickens and purified using a proprietary polyethylene glycol procedure. IgY, the 180kDa chicken IgG homolog, can be produced in chickens against certain biological antigens that fail to elicit a humoral immune response in rabbits or other mammals due to species relatedness. This antibody is highly specific for NT-3 in a variety of mammalian species.

Features:

- Immunogen: Human recombinant NT-3.
- Antibody Form: Chicken IgY is provided at 0.5mg/ml in 0.1M NaCl, 0.01M K₂HPO₄ and 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- Specificity: Cross-reactive with human and mouse NT-3 and is presumed to cross-react with rat and Rhesus monkey NT-3 based on factor sequence identity across species; does not cross-react with BDNF or NGF and has limited cross-reactivity to NT-4.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Immunofluorescent detection of NT-3 in monocyte-derived macrophages and purified human fetal microglia. Chicken Anti-Human NT-3 pAb in red and RCA-1 (macrophage marker) in green. Image kindly provided by Drs. Pam Sarnacki, Wanda Wang and Chris Achim, University of Pittsburgh.



Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb
 50 µl
 G7341

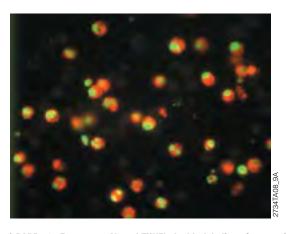
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase (PARP), a nuclear enzyme involved in DNA repair, is a well known substrate for caspase-3 cleavage during apoptosis. Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb is a rabbit polyclonal antibody specific for the p85 fragment of PARP that results from caspase cleavage of the 116kDa intact molecule and thus provides an in situ marker for apoptosis. The antibody is affinity-purified using a peptide that corresponds to a region of the p85 fragment of PARP. The PARP immunogen is a synthetic peptide, gly-val-asp-glu-val-ala-lys (GVDEVAK), representing the N-terminus of the large C-terminal fragment of human PARP that results from caspase-3 cleavage. Each batch of antibody is quality assurance tested for use in immunostaining applications and contains sufficient antibody for 50 immunocytochemical reactions at the suggested working dilution of 1:100.

Features:

- Immunogen: N-terminal peptide from p85 fragment.
- Antibody Form: Affinity-purified rabbit polyclonal antibody provided in Dulbecco's PBS
- Specificity: Specifically detects PARP p85 fragment in human, rat and bovine cells and tissues. Does not recognize the 116kDa intact PARP protein.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb and TUNEL double-labeling of apoptotic Jurkat cells. Cells were labeled with the Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb (red) and the DeadEnd™ Fluorometric TUNEL System (Cat.# G3250; green). The colocalization of cleaved PARP in cells containing TUNEL-positive nuclei demonstrates that the Anti-PARP p85 Fragment pAb specifically labels apoptotic cells. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.

Anti-Human p75 pAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Human p75 pAb | 200 µg | G3231 | |

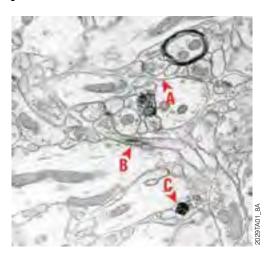
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The p75 neurotrophin receptor (p75^{NTR}), also known as low-affinity NGF receptor (LNGFR) and p75^{LNGFR}, binds nerve growth factor, brain-derived neurotrophic factor, neurotrophin-3 and neurotrophin-4 with varying specificities. p75^{NTR} plays an important role in neurotrophic factor signaling including neuronal apoptosis. Anti-Human p75 pAb provides a valuable tool for understanding the role of p75^{NTR} in neuronal death.

Features:

- **Immunogen:** Cytoplasmic domain of the human p75 neurotrophin receptor.
- Antibody Form: Purified rabbit IgG; 1mg/ml in PBS containing 50µg/ml gentamicin.
- Specificity: Human, rat, mouse and chicken p75.

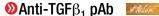
Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Electron micrograph demonstrating immunostaining with Anti-Human p75 pAb in the inner molecular layer of the rat dentate gyrus. An axon terminal containing p75 immunoreactivity (A \blacktriangleright) is seen forming a synapse with a large unlabeled dendrite. Also labeled are a lengthwise axonal profile (B \blacktriangleright) and a small axonal cross section (C \blacktriangleright . Pre-embedding (Epon) immunohistochemistry was visualized with VECTASTAIN® ABC Reagent. Myelin sheath appears black due to 0s0₄ fixation. Image kindly provided by Drs. Karen Dougherty and Teresa Milner, Cornell University Medical College.



stocking system





| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-TGF β_1 pAb | 100 µg | G1221 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Transforming growth factor $β_1$ (TGF $β_1$) is a 25kDa homodimer composed of two 12.5kDa subunits held together by disulfide bonds. TGF $β_1$ is a protein of immense interest to a number of fields and has been associated with intracellular matrix deposition and tissue repair/damage, cell cycle control and apoptosis. The Anti-TGF $β_1$ pAb is directed against biologically active human TGF $β_1$, providing a useful tool to analyze TGF $β_1$ in Western blot analysis or immunostaining applications.

Features:

- **Immunogen:** Biologically active human TGFβ₁.
- Antibody Form: Rabbit IgG provided at 1mg/ml in PBS containing 0.02mg/ml gentamicin as a preservative.
- Specificity: Reacts with biologically active TGFβ₁ with no cross-reactivity to TGFβ₂ and TGFβ₃.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Manti-βIII Tubulin mAb

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-βIII Tubulin mAb | 100 µg | G7121 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Anti-βIII Tubulin mAb is a protein G-purified lgG_1 monoclonal antibody (from clone 5G8) raised in mice against a peptide (EAQGPK) corresponding to the C-terminus of βIII tubulin. It is directed against βIII tubulin, a specific marker for neurons. The major use of this antibody is for labeling neurons in tissue sections and cell culture. The antibody has been tested to perform in frozen and paraffin-embedded sections of rat brain, cerebellum and spinal cord, human and rat fetal CNS progenitor cell cultures and adult human paraffin-embedded brain.

Features:

- Immunogen: Peptide corresponding to the C-terminus (EAQGPK) of βIII tubulin.
- Antibody Form: Mouse monoclonal IgG₁ (clone 5G8), 1mg/ml in PBS containing no preservatives.
- Specificity: Cross-reacts with most mammalian species. Does not label nonneuronal cells (e.g., astrocytes).

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Immunostaining for β III tubulin in rat cerebellum using Anti- β III Tubulin mAb. Paraffin-embedded rat brain section double-immunofluorescence labeled with the primary antibody and detected using an anti-mouse Cy®3-conjugated secondary antibody (yellow). Nuclei were stained with DAPI (blue). Protocols developed and performed at Promega.

Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L) HRP, Anti-ACTIVE® Qualified

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP | 60 µl | V7951 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Donkey Anti-Rabbit Ig, (H+L), HRP, are horseradish peroxidase-conjugated secondary antibodies specifically tested for use with the Anti-ACTIVE® antibodies. They are qualified for use in Western blot analysis using chemilluminescent and colorimetric detection methods. These antibody conjugates exhibit minimal cross-reactivity to goat, mouse and sheep IgG, bovine serum albumin (BSA) and proteins in mammalian cell extracts. These secondary antibody conjugates provide low background and highly specific signals when used at the recommended dilutions with Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK, Anti-ACTIVE® JNK and Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAbs. The conjugates are provided in phosphate-buffered saline containing BSA as a stabilizer and gentamicin as a preservative.

Features:

- Sensitivity: When conjugates are used in a Western blot at a 1:10,000 dilution along with Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb (Cat.# V8031), they can detect active MAP kinase in 5µg of activated (nerve growth factor [NGF]-treated) PC12 cell extract using colorimetric detection.
- Specificity: Preferentially detects rabbit IgG with minimum reactivity with immunoglobulins from other species (including goat, sheep and mouse) or with bovine serum albumin and mammalian cell extract proteins.
- Value: 60µl per vial, sufficient to generate 300–600ml of Western blotting solution when used at the recommended dilution of 1:5,000 to 1:10,000.
- Immunogen: Intact rabbit IgG (H+L chains).
- Antibody Form: Donkey IgG, affinity-purified polyclonal antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP).

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Section

Alkaline Phosphatase-Conjugated Antibodies

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate | 100 µl | S3721 |
| Anti-Rabbit IgG (Fc), AP Conjugate | 100 µl | S3731 |
| Anti-Human IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate | 100 µl | S3821 |
| Anti-Rat IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate | 100 µl | S3831 |
| Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, AP | 60 µl | V1151 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Polyclonal secondary antibodies raised in goat or donkey, immunoaffinity-purified using corresponding immobilized antigens and conjugated to alkaline phosphatase (AP) enzyme. The products (unless otherwise noted) are supplied as 1mg/ml solutions. The Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate and Anti-Rat IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate antibodies bind to both heavy and light chains for all IgG subclasses. The Anti-Rabbit IgG (Fc), AP Conjugate antibody reacts with the heavy chains of rabbit IgG but not with the light chains. The Anti-Human IgG (H+L), AP Conjugate antibody reacts with heavy and light chains of all subclasses of human IgG as well as with light chains on other human immunoglobulins; it displays minimal cross-reactivity to horse or bovine serum proteins. As with all antibodies, in certain applications some speciesdependent antigen-dependent cross-reactivity may be observed. A starting working dilution of 1:2,500 is suggested for most Western blot, dot blot and ELISA applications. The optimum concentration of secondary antibody depends on the application and will need to be empirically determined.

Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, AP Conjugate is a secondary antibody developed in donkeys against goat IgG; it has been affinity-purified and conjugated to alkaline phosphatase.

Features:

- Extensive Validation: Use with confidence, as supported by numerous publications.
- Ready-to-Use Formulation: No need to dissolve the antibody.
- Flexible Dispensing: We can readily accommodate large-scale custom orders. Please inquire at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the unopened product at -20°C. Store opened Anti-Human IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate, Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate and Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate at 4°C.

Horseradish Peroxidase-Conjugated

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate | 300 µl | W4011 | |
| Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate | 300 µl | W4021 | |
| Anti-Human IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate | 300 µl | W4031 | |
| Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate | 300 µl | G1351 | |
| Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, HRP | 60 µl | V8051 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Polyclonal secondary antibodies raised in goat, rabbit or donkey. immunoaffinity-purified using corresponding immobilized antigens and conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) enzyme. The Anti-Human IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate, Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate and Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate antibodies bind to both heavy and light chains for all IgG subclasses. As with all antibodies, in certain applications some speciesdependent antigen-dependent cross-reactivity may be observed. The products (unless otherwise noted) are supplied as 1mg/ml solutions. A starting working dilution of 1:2,500 is suggested for most Western blot, dot blot and ELISA applications. The optimum concentration of secondary antibody depends on the application and will need to be empirically determined.

Rabbit Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate is a secondary antibody developed in rabbits against chicken IgY, Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate recognizes both the heavy and light chains of IgY and has been validated for use in Western blots, dot blots and ELISAs.

Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, HRP Conjugate is a secondary antibody developed in donkeys against goat IgG. Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, HRP Conjugate shows reactivity to goat and sheep IgG but minimal cross-reactivity to rabbit and mouse IgG. For Western blot applications with chromogenic detection use at a starting dilution of 1:10,000.

Features:

- Extensive Validation: Use with confidence, as supported by numerous publications.
- Ready-to-Use Formulation: No need to dissolve the antibody.
- Flexible Dispensing: We can readily accommodate large-scale custom orders. Please inquire at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the unopened product at -20°C. Store opened Anti-Human IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate, Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate and Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP Conjugate

Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate | 300 µl | G1351 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: This secondary antibody is developed in rabbits against chicken IgY, and has been affinity purified and conjugated to horseradish peroxidase. The Anti-Chicken IgY, HRP Conjugate recognizes both the heavy and light chains of IgY. This antibody has been validated for use in Western blots, dot blots and ELISAs.

Formulation: 1mg/ml in 10mM KPO₄ (pH 7.6), 0.15M NaCl, 10mg/ml BSA and 0.01% gentamicin.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

TMB One Solution

| P | roduct | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---|--------|-------|--|
| Т | MB One Solution | 100 ml | G7431 | |
| F | or Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: TMB One Solution is a chromagen substrate, 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) provided in a mildly acidic, nonhazardous buffer for horseradish peroxidase detection in an ELISA format. The substrate is provided as a single solution at a ready-to-use working dilution. The substrate develops a blue reaction product when oxidized by peroxidase and a yellow reaction product in an endpoint multiwell assay after the addition of an acid solution provided by the end user.

Features:

- **Convenient:** Single solution provided ready-to-use; just add, incubate, stop and read. This homogeneous reagent improves assay variation.
- Stable: Stable for 12 months at 4°C, providing extended shelf life; the assay end product is stable for at least one hour after stopping the assay.
- Safe: Provided in a slightly acidic, nonhazardous proprietary buffer without aprotic solvents; noncaustic to plastics used in automated systems.
- Sensitive: Low background provides greater assay sensitivity.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C protected from light.



In vivo Imaging

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------|
| VivoGlo™ Luciferin, In Vivo Grade | 50 mg | P1041 |
| | 1 g | P1043 |
| | 250 mg | P1042 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Luciferase genes from the North American firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) and from other beetles are commonly used as light-emitting reporters in cellular and animal models. VivoGlo™ Luciferin is the potassium salt of p-luciferin, the firefly luciferase substrate capable of generating light when a suitable model is used.

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





VivoGlo[™] Caspase 3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin Sodium Salt)

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-----------|-------|
| VivoGlo™ Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD- | 50 mg | P1781 |
| Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) | 5 × 50 mg | P1782 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: VivoGlo[™] Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) is a firefly luciferase prosubstrate containing the DEVD tetrapeptide sequence recognized by caspase-3 and -7. Upon activation of caspase-3 or -7, the DEVD peptide is cleaved, and the liberated aminoluciferin reacts with luciferase to generate measurable light. Cleavage has been shown in in cellulo and in vivo systems. For mice, activity of a related salt was demonstrated when 10mg of the substrate in 150µl of saline was injected intraperitoneally. Other references suggest that doses as low as 1.5mg per mouse (50mg/kg) can be used. We recommend conducting a preliminary dose-response study using no more than 500mg/kg.

VivoGlo[™] Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) has a minimum solubility of 500mg/ml in PBS, and the resulting solution is stable for at least 3 days at room temperature. Injection is usually done via the intraperitoneal route, and imaging is generally started 10 minutes after injection.

VivoGlo™ In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





VivoGlo[™] Luciferin-β-Galactosidase Substrate (6-0-β-galactopyranosyl luciferin)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| VivoGlo TM Luciferin- β -Galactoside Substrate (6-0- β - | 50 mg | P1061 | |
| galactopyranosyl luciferin) | 250 mg | P1062 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Luciferin-β-galactoside is a substrate for the commonly used reporter enzyme β-galactosidase. The substrate is cleaved by β-galactosidase to form luciferin and galactose. When used in a model system expressing firefly luciferase, the luciferin is then utilized in a firefly luciferase reaction to generate light

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





● EnduRen™ In Vivo Renilla Luciferase Substrate

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| EnduRen™ In Vivo Renilla Luciferase Substrate | 0.34 mg | P1111 | |
| | 3.4 mg | P1112 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: EnduRen™ in vivo *Renilla* Luciferase Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine-based compound with protected oxidation sites. These modifications are designed to minimize substrate degradation and autoluminescence. It is reported that EnduRen™ Substrate may have a longer kinetic output when compared to the native coelenterazine substrate when used in an in vivo imaging application in a mouse model.

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







№ ViviRenTM In Vivo *Renilla* Luciferase Substrate

1900

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| ViviRen™ In Vivo <i>Renilla</i> Luciferase Substrate | 0.37 mg | P1231 | |
| | 3.7 mg | P1232 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: ViviRen[™] in vivo *Renilla* Luciferase Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine-based compound with protected oxidation sites. These modifications are designed to minimize substrate degradation and autoluminescence. It is reported that the ViviRen[™] Substrate demonstrates brighter output when compared to the native coelenterazine substrate when used in an in vivo imaging application in a mouse model.

Cat.# P1231 is supplied as a liquid, 60mM in DMSO. Cat.# P1232 is supplied as a lyophilized solid.

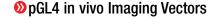
VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

 Start of Caliper

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| pGL4.50[/uc2/CMV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1310 | |
| pGL4.51[/uc2/CMV/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E1320 | |
| For December Has Only Not for Has in Discussitis December | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGL4 Luciferase Reporter Vectors are the next generation of reporter gene vectors optimized for expression in mammalian cells. Numerous configurations of pGL4 Vectors are available. The pGL4.50 and pGL4.51 Vectors offer the synthetic firefly luciferase *luc2* gene under the control of the strong constitutive CMV (cytomegalovirus) promoter. These vectors have demonstrated high expression levels in a variety of cell lines tested. The addition of a selectable marker, either hygromycin or neomycin, also allows the creation of stable cell lines. Cell lines with constant expression of luciferase can be used in animal models to study in vivo changes in cell physiology.

Features:

- Prebuilt luciferase expression vector.
- luc2 luciferase gene provides highest expression.
- · Selectable markers for generating stable cell lines.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Section Contents



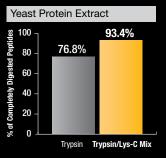
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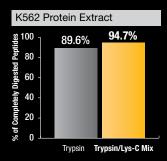


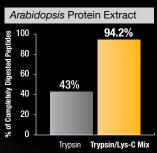
Trypsin/Lys-C Mix

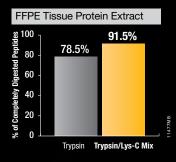
See what you've been missing

Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade enables more complete digestion than Trypsin alone.







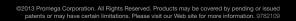


Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade, misses fewer cleavage sites than Trypsin alone. All the digests were performed overnight at 37°C.

The Trypsin/Lys-C Mix enhanced activity and tolerance to trypsin-inhibiting contaminants means fewer missed cleavages. The result is more peptides and better mass spectrometry data.

Learn more about Trypsin/Lys-C Mix and its advantages, visit:

www.promega.com/GetMore







DNA Purification From Food 236

Microbial Detection and Quantitation

Quantitation 236

Protein Deamidation

Detection 238

Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

DNA Purification From Food

Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for Food

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------|
| Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for | 200 preps | FF3750 | 536 |
| Food | 400 preps | FF3751 | 914 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Lysis Buffer A, Food | 100 ml | A8191 | 62 |
| Lysis Buffer B, Food | 100 ml | Z3191 | 54 |
| Precipitation Solution, Food | 150 ml | Z3201 | 227 |
| A8191, Z3191, Z3201 For Research Use Only. Not for Use | in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | FF3750, |

FF3751 For in vitro use only.

Description: The Wizard® Magnetic DNA Purification System for Food is designed for purification of DNA from a variety of food samples including corn seeds, cornmeal, soybeans, soy flour and soy milk. Processed food, such as corn chips, chocolate and chocolate-containing foods, lecithin and vegetable oils may also be used with the suggested protocol variations. The DNA purified from these samples can be used in PCR-based testing for genetically modified organism (GMO) DNA sequences.

- Improved Productivity: Obtain results in one-third the time of current
- Ease of Handling: Requires minimal centrifugation and eliminates organic extractions.
- Versatility and Robustness: Validated with a broad variety of foodstuffs, including difficult samples such as lecithin and vegetable oils.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|--------|-----|
| Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System | 2 × 96 preps | FF3760 | 366 |
| | 4 × 96 preps | FF3761 | 697 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Wash Buffer, Plant | 40 ml | A3811 | 85 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

Description: The Wizard® Magnetic 96 DNA Plant System is designed for manual or automated 96-well, high-throughput purification of DNA from plant leaf and seed tissue. The system has been validated with corn and tomato leaf, as well as with canola and sunflower seeds. The DNA purified from these samples can be used in PCR as well as more demanding applications such as RAPD analysis. Unlike column-based systems, the binding of nucleic acids to magnetic particles can occur in solution, enhancing contact with the wash buffer and increasing nucleic acid purity.

Protocols are available for Beckman Coulter instruments.

Features:

- Improved Productivity: Manual and automated 96-well protocols cut purification time compared to CTAB extraction.
- Ease of Handling: Eliminates organic extractions, multiple centrifugations and cumbersome filter plates.
- Confidence in Applications Performance: Validated for both leaf and seed tissue by PCR and RAPD analysis.
- Automation: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Microbial Detection and Quantitation

ENLITEN® ATP Assay System

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----|
| ENLITEN® ATP Assay System | 100 assays FF2000 | 169 |
| For in vitro use only. | | |

Description: The ENLITEN® ATP Assay System can be used to measure ATP levels for the indirect detection of biocontamination on food processing surfaces, in cosmetics and beverages or to assay for enzymes that degrade ATP and to quantitate ATP in biological fluids.

Features:

- · Less Variation: Stable light output.
- . User Friendly: Easy-to-prepare reagents.
- Performance: Fast and convenient assay method.
- Sensitive: Detects as little as 10⁻¹⁵ moles of ATP.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C unopened. See product insert for individual component storage conditions before and after opening.

ENLITEN® rLuciferase/Luciferin Reagent

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--|-------------------|-----|
| ENLITEN® rLuciferase/Luciferin Reagent | 100 assays FF2021 | 135 |
| For in vitro use only. | | |

Description: The ENLITEN® rLuciferase/Luciferin Reagent is intended for the rapid and quantitative detection of ATP in liquid samples. The reagent is designed to measure 10^{-11} to 10^{-15} moles of ATP. Some of the applications may include the indirect measurement of bacteria, yeasts and fungi on surfaces or in products, assaying enzymes that degrade ATP or quantitation of ATP in biological fluids.

Features:

- Less Variation: Stable light output.
- . User Friendly: Easy-to-prepare reagents.
- Performance: Fast and convenient assay method.
- Sensitive: Detects as little as 10⁻¹⁵ moles of ATP.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

QuantiLum® Recombinant Luciferase

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------|-----|
| QuantiLum® Recombinant Luciferase | 1 mg 10-15 mg/ml | E1701 | 84 |
| | 5 mg 10-15 mg/ml | E1702 | 321 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: QuantiLum® Recombinant Luciferase is a luciferase expressed from a cloned gene from the North American firefly (Photinus pyralis) that provides the reliability and dependability needed for performing research or producing kits using bioluminescence reagents to detect ATP or luciferin substrates. A recombinant source eliminates the possibility of seasonal and regional variability that may be found in luciferase purified from natural sources.

Features:

- Value: Product available in bulk for large orders to suit individual needs and requirements.
- · Reliable: Long-term supply assurance.
- Consistent: Excellent lot-to-lot consistency.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.



SacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay

dille

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------------|------------|----------|
| BacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay | 10 ml | G8230 | 54 |
| | 10 × 10 ml | G8231 | 322 |
| | 100 ml | G8232 | 286 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | G8233 | 2148 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| rATP, 10mM | 0.5 ml mM | P1132 | 39 |
| G8230, G8231, G8232, G8233 For Research Use Only. N P1132 For Laboratory Use. | ot for Use in Diagı | nostic Pro | cedures. |

Description: The BacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay is a homogeneous method for determining the number of viable microbial cells in culture based on quantitation of the ATP present. ATP is an indicator of metabolically active cells. The homogeneous assay procedure involves adding a single reagent (BacTiter-Glo™ Reagent) directly to bacterial cells cultured in medium and measuring luminescence. The homogeneous format reduces pipetting errors that may be introduced during the multiple steps required by other methods of ATP measurement. The formulation of the reagent supports bacterial cell lysis and generation of a luminescent signal in a homogeneous add-mix-measure format. The luminescent signal is proportional to the amount of ATP present, which is directly proportional to the number of viable cells in culture. The assay relies on the properties of a proprietary thermostable luciferase (Ultra-Glo™ Recombinant Luciferase) and a proprietary buffer formulation for extracting ATP from bacteria. The assay has been shown to detect a variety of bacteria and fundi.

Features:

- Simplify Microbial Detection: The add-mix-measure format reduces
 the number of handling steps to fewer than that required for similar ATP
 assays, with no separate lysis step, and no injectors required, allowing easy
 automation
- Get Results Quickly: Data can be recorded in 5 minutes or less after adding reagent and mixing. Superior sensitivity allows you to detect growth or toxicity quickly after inoculation.
- Increase Your Sensitivity: Measure ATP from as few as 10 bacterial cells, 1,000-fold more sensitive than absorbance (0.D.) readings.
- Choose Your Format: Can be used with various multiwell-plate or singleuse formats. Data can be recorded by luminometer or CCD camera.
- Process Plates Consecutively: The "glow-type" luminescent signal is stable, with a half-life generally over 30 minutes.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: For long-term storage, the lyophilized BacTiter-GloTM Substrate and BacTiter-GloTM Buffer should be stored at -20° C.

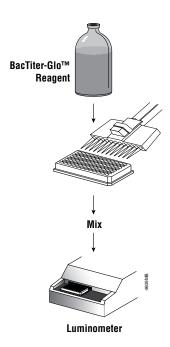
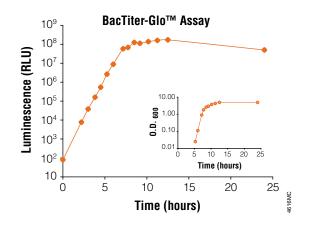


Diagram of the BacTiter-Glo™ Microbial Cell Viability Assay protocol.



Evaluate bacterial growth immediately after inoculation using the BacTiter-Glo™ Assay. When measuring growth by 0.D., the first significant measurement (0.25 0.D. with *E. coll*) did not occur until 5 hours after inoculation.

Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|-----|
| Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt | 5 mg | E1601 | 14 |
| | 1 g | E1605 | 324 |
| | 50 mg | E1602 | 24 |
| | 250 mg | E1603 | 103 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 14.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

Protein Deamidation Detection

№ ISOQUANT[®] Isoaspartate Detection Kit

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------|
| ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit | 100 assays MA1010 | 1127 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | |

Description: The ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit is intended for quantitative detection of isoaspartic acid residues in proteins and peptides, which can result from the gradual, nonenzymatic deamidation of asparagine or rearrangement of aspartic acid residues during storage or handling. Because the kit does not depend on the monitoring of charge differences for detection, charge heterogeneity does not interfere with the assay. The ISOQUANT® Kit can be used on peptides or proteins such as monoclonal antibodies.

Features:

- Great Efficiency: Simple procedure with a test time of less than one hour.
 Automation possible with HPLC autosampler capability.
- Economical: HPLC detection eliminates cost and inconvenience of radioactive materials handling.
- Analytical: Quantitative results available.
- Versatile: Perform individual samples or batches. Small sample size
 makes the assay suitable for research, analytical methods, formulations
 and process development work.
- . Robust: Not affected by common buffer components.
- HPLC Detection Method: Fits with existing equipment and expertise.
- Sensitive: Detects isoaspartate resulting from aspartic acid rearrangement as well as deamidation of asparagine.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| | 13 Instruments | |
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| | Luminometers | 240 |
| | Multimode Readers | 242 |
| | Fluorometers | 245 |
| | Maxwell® 16 Instrument for IVD Use | 246 |
| | Maxwell® Research Systems | 247 |
| | HSM 2.0 Instrument | 251 |
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| | | |

Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

stocking system

Luminometers

GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|--------|--|
| GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer | 1 each | E6501 | |
| GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer w/Single Injector | 1 each | E6511 | |
| GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer w/Dual Injectors | 1 each | E6521 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| GloMax® Luminometer Light Plate | 1 each | E6531 | |
| GloMax® 96 Tubing Replacement Kit for Injectors | 1 each | E4822 | |
| GloMax® Injector Tips Replacement (30) | 1 each | E4861 | |
| GloMax® 96 Base Instrument Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3010 | |
| GloMax® Injectors Service Agreement, 1 year | 1 each | SA3040 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer represents instrumentation and software in a complete solution that includes bioluminescent assays, protocols and support. The GloMax® 96 is a state-of-the-art microplate luminometer that meets the needs for high sensitivity and broad dynamic range for all luminescence applications. Available with up to two reagent injectors, the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer is a versatile system designed to perform both flash- and glow-type luminescence assays. The GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer also includes a power cable, data cable, Quick Protocol card, 5 white 96-well microplates, and software required to operate the instrument. This instrument requires the use of a computer with Microsoft Excel®.

The GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer provides superior sensitivity and precision for all luminescent assays. Proprietary circuitry and an advanced photon-counting photomultiplier tube (PMT) provide unmatched signal-to-noise ratios. The option of an intelligently designed internal auto-injection system is an added convenience. Connections, priming and flushing are greatly simplified because up to two reagent injectors are designed to fit next to the plate detection module. This arrangement minimizes dispensing problems, simplifies maintenance and reduces service calls. The dispensing design also includes features that help the user save valuable time and reagents, including an open architecture that enables the user to inspect all tubing and tips during operation.

The software features preloaded protocols to run Promega assays. Setup wizards guide the user through a brief process when establishing new protocols. New users can set up protocols and operate the instrument without a steep learning curve. The user can quickly select the protocol of interest and begin running assays with a minimum of modification. Direct-to-Excel-based software reports data directly to an Excel spreadsheet, where data can be analyzed quickly and easily. An Excel macro assists in data analysis for Dual-Luciferase® assays.

The GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer Light Plate provides a quick and easy means to verify the performance of the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer. Users can check the sensitivity, reproducibility and linearity. The Light Plate consists of three highly stable light sources that simulate luminescent samples at signal levels spanning four decades. The unit is powered by a battery that is widely available and easy to replace.

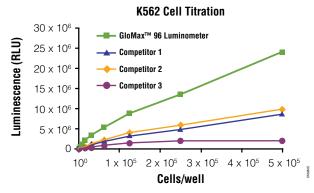
The GloMax® 96 Tubing Replacement Kit for Injectors contains parts for replacement of two complete fluid paths in the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometers configured with reagent injectors. Items contained within the kit include two sets of tubing and a pack of 10 injector tips.

Features:

- High Sensitivity: Sensitive to approximately 3 x 10⁻²¹ moles of luciferase
- Wide Dynamic Range: 9-log dynamic range.
- Convenient Data Handling: Direct-to-Excel data importing requires Windows® PC to operate.
- Simple Data Analysis: Excel macros allow simple data analysis for Dual-Luciferase[®] assays.
- Ideal for cell-based assays.
- · Engineered to minimize sample cross-talk.



GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer.



The GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer demonstrates superior operating range compared to leading multifunction readers when using the CellTiter-Glo® Luminescent Cell Viability Assay.



OGIoMax® 20/20 Luminometer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|--------|--|
| GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer | 1 each | E5311 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer w/Single Auto-Injector | 1 each | E5321 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer w/Dual Auto-Injector | 1 each | E5331 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Light Standard | 1 each | E5341 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Fluorescent Module, UV | 1 each | E5351 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Fluorescent Module, Blue | 1 each | E5361 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Test Tube Holder (1.5ml | 1 each | E5371 | |
| Microcentrifuge Tubes) | | | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Replacement Tubing (2), Valves (4), | 1 each | E4851 | |
| Tips (30) | | | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Replacement Valves | 4 sets | E5391 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Replacement Power Supply | 1 each | E5411 | |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each | E2821 | |
| Thermal Printer Paper | 1 each | E2851 | |
| GloMax® 20/20 Base Instrument Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3000 | |
| GloMax® Injectors Service Agreement, 1 year | 1 each | SA3040 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer combines instrumentation and software in a complete solution that includes bioluminescent assays, protocols and support. The GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer is an ultrasensitive, versatile and affordable luminometer designed for use with any Promega bioluminescent assay. The touch screen interface provides comprehensive instrument control and data collection. Optional modules for fluorescence detection provide additional flexibility.

The option of an intelligently designed internal auto-injection system is an added convenience and meets the demands of the Dual-Luciferase® Assay. Software setup wizards guide the user through a brief process when establishing new protocols. New users can set up protocols and operate the instrument without a steep learning curve. Promega protocols are preloaded in the software to help users get started. The user can quickly select the protocol of interest and begin running assays directly to an Excel® spreadsheet, where data can be analyzed quickly and easily.

Features:

- Ultrasensitive: Quantitate low-level luminescence samples with confidence.
- Wide Dynamic Range: Measure both dim and bright samples without sample dilution.
- Easy Protocol Setup: Promega protocols are preloaded for easy implementation.
- Accessible Injector System: Completely visible plumbing allows inspection of tubing and tips.
- Touch Screen Interface: Simple to operate.
- Convenient Data Handling: Record data to a printer in real-time or export data to Excel[®].
- Flexibility: Options available for up to two auto-injectors to meet your experimental needs.



GloMax® 20/20 Luminometer.



stocking system

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Section Contents

Multimode Readers

GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------|--------|
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software: Base Instrument with Shaking | 1 each | E8032 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software: Base Instrument with Heating and Shaking | 1 each | E9032 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Luminescence Module | 1 each | E8041 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Fluorescence Module | 1 each | E8051 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Visible Absorbance Module | 1 each | E8061 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ UV-Visible Absorbance Module | 1 each | E9061 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| GloMax® Injector Tips Replacement (30) | 1 each | E4861 |
| GloMax® Luminometer Light Plate | 1 each | E6531 |
| Single Injector System for GloMax®-Multi Detection System | 1 each | E7071 |
| Dual Injector System for GloMax®-Multi Detection System | 1 each | E7081 |
| Cable, USB 2.0 A-B Male | 1 each | E8072 |
| DB-15 Communication Cable | 1 each | E8081 |
| GloMax®-Multi Optical Kit AFC (also included with Cat.# E7051 or E8051) | 1 each | E8917 |
| GloMax®-Multi Optical Kit Blue | 1 each | E8921 |
| (also included with Cat.# E7051 or E8051) | | |
| GloMax®-Multi Optical Kit UV | 1 each | E8922 |
| (also included with Cat.# E7051 or E8051) | | |
| GloMax®-Multi Optical Kit Green | 1 each | E8923 |
| (also included with Cat.# E7051 or E8051) | | |
| GloMax®-Multi Optical Kit Red | 1 each | E8924 |
| (also included with Cat.# E7051 or E8051) | | |
| Injector Inlet Tubing Assembly | 1 set | E8925 |
| Injector Outlet Tubing Assembly for Single-Injector System | 1 each | E8926 |
| Injector Outlet Tubing Assembly for Dual-Injector System | 1 each | E8927 |
| Waste Collection Tray | 1 each | E8928 |
| GloMax®-Multi Detection System 490nm Absorbance Filter Set | 1 each | E8929 |
| USB Flash Drive, 2.0, 2GB | 1 each | E8935 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System Power Supply- 24V, 150W | 1 each | E8942 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System 6-384 Well Plate Adapter | 1 each | E8943 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System 96 Well Optical Crosstalk Mask | 1 each | E8944 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System 384 Well Optical Crosstalk Mask | 1 each | E8945 |
| Dust Cover For GloMax®-Multi and GloMax®-Multi+ Instruments | 1 each | E3631 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Base Instrument Service Agreement, 1 year | 1 each | SA3030 |
| GloMax [®] Injectors Service Agreement, 1 year | 1 each | SA3040 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. $ \\$ | | |
| | | |

Description: The GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software combines the superior performance expected from single-mode instruments with the functionality of multiple modes. Detection modes include Fluorescence Intensity, Luminescence and UV-Visible Absorbance. The GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System accepts 6-, 12-, 24-, 48-, 96- and 384-well plates and is configured with a factory-installed shaker that allows for either linear or orbital shaking. The GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System may be purchased with an optional heater allowing precise temperature control from 2°C above ambient temperature to 45°C. The GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System has a touch screen interface with an easy-to-use software program. The Instinct® software puts data analysis capabilities on the touch screen. Label samples and see analyzed data and graphs from the instrument. The protocol composer allows complex protocols to be easily developed by combining multiple technologies into one experiment. In addition, protocols for a variety of Promega and common laboratory assays are pre-installed. The system works alone as a standalone workstation in the laboratory, freeing computing resources from data capture, so more resources can be directed toward other applications.

The GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software is made up of a base unit available in two different formats, one with shaking (E8032) and one with heating and shaking (E9032), plus modular detection and functional units, allowing a flexible solution that can be expanded over time. Luminescence, fluorescence and absorbance reading modules are available as well as an optional injector system (used with the luminescence detection module only).

Luminescence Module: An advanced head-on photon-counting photomultiplier tube (PMT) provides unmatched signal-to-noise ratios, beating most standalone luminometers. The luminescence module can detect as little as 3×10^{-21} moles of luciferase, covering a dynamic range over 8 logs. A dual-masking system minimizes well-to-well cross-talk.

Fluorescence Module: Application-optimized Optical Kits simplify fluorescence operation while maximizing performance. Long-lived LED-based excitation lights minimize maintenance and variability in intensity. LED usage increases sensitivity by fully exciting the fluorophore and reducing nonspecific light leakage, a problem often found when using broad-spectrum light sources.

The UV, Blue, Green, Red and AFC Optical Kits are included with the Fluorescence Detection Module.

• UV (Ex: 365nm, Em: 410-460nm)

• Blue (Ex: 490nm, Em: 510-570nm)

• Green (Ex: 525nm, Em: 580-640nm)

Red (Ex: 625nm, Em: 660–720nm)

• AFC (Aminofluorocoumarin; Ex: 405nm, Em: 495-505nm)

Visible Absorbance Module: A 6-position filter wheel with 2 open positions ensures flexibility for a wide range of applications. An LED-based visible spectrum light source minimizes maintenance and variability. The Visible Absorbance Module has a reading range of 0–5.0 OD with an accuracy that deviates less than 2%. This module comes with filters for reading 450, 560, 600 and 750nm. A 490nm filter is available as an accessory.

UV-Visible Absorbance Module: This module comes with a 6-position filter wheel that includes filters for measuring 260, 280, 450, 560, 600 and 750nm. These filters accommodate UV DNA and protein quantitation in addition to ELISA and protein assays. Like the Visible Absorbance Module, you can customize the UV-Visible Absorbance Module by substituting a filter of your choice into either of two removable filter paddles.

Operation of the GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System can be performed entirely through the touch screen. Data can be saved on the instrument and moved via the included USB flash drive.

Features:

- Instinct® Software: Label samples and see analyzed data and graphs on the touch screen.
- Measurement Techniques: Luminescence, fluorescence and UV-Vis absorbance capabilities.
- Flexible Modular Configuration: Modular system grows with your
- Microplate Formats: Reads 6-, 12-, 24-, 48-, 96- and 384-well plate formats.
- Factory-Installed Shaker: Enables shaking in either linear or orbital
- Optional Heater: Allows precise temperature control from 2°C above room temperature to 45°C +/- 0.75°C.
- Dedicated Luminometer Performance: Sensitive to approximately 3×10^{-21} moles of luciferase with over 8 logs of dynamic range.
- Multiplex Cell-Based Assays: Obtain more data from each experiment.
- Engineered to Minimize Sample Cross-Talk: Expect reliable results in all read modes.
- Simple-to-Use Drag-and-Drop Protocol Composer: Easily develop complex protocols.
- Convenient, Standalone Operation: Eliminate bottlenecks and free analysis resources.
- Injector Systems: Both single and dual injectors available.



GloMax®-Multi+ Detection System with Instinct® Software.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| AuthentiMax [™] Software for GloMax [®] -Multi+ | 1 each | E8946 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: AuthentiMax[™] Software for GloMax[®]-Multi+ is a Microsoft Windows®-based software that supports user authentication and electronic document integrity. The software creates an audit trail while applying electronic signatures to electronic records.

 $\textbf{AuthentiMax}^{\text{TM}} \ \textbf{Software is intended for research use but has been designed}$ to include the same technical elements as software used in 21 CFR Part 11 compliant systems so that you can be assured of the integrity of the records

The supplied CD contains AuthentiMax™ Software for GloMax®-Multi+, Technical Manual #TM358 and Microsoft .NET Framework.

Features:

- Authentication and Authorization.
- · Document Integrity.
- Audit Trail.
- · Electronic Signatures.

• GloMax®-Multi+ Installation and Operational Qualification

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|---------------|
| GloMax®-Multi+ Installation and Operational Qualification | 1 each SA1101 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Installation Qualification | 1 each SA1102 |
| GloMax®-Multi+ Operational Qualification | 1 each SA1103 |

Description: The Installation Qualification service product includes a series of formal instrument checks, delivers written documentation of instrument functionality and demonstrates that everything ordered with the instrument is supplied and installed at the customer's laboratory. This service product must be delivered by a Promega representative who is certified to perform the Installation Qualification. The service product involves a site visit to perform:

- · Installation by qualified Promega personnel
- Inspection of shipping containers, instrument and accessories
- · Comparison of items received against items on the purchase order
- · Inspection of laboratory conditions
- · Review of all hazards and precautions with users
- · Confirmation/installation of correct software version
- · Instrument test run
- · Documentation of Installation Qualification

The Operational Qualification service product demonstrates that the instrument functions according to its operational specifications. This service product must be delivered by a Promega representative who is certified to perform the Operational Qualification. The service product involves a site visit to:

- · Run operational verification tests
- · Document all test results
- . Train customer(s) to operate the instrument
- . Train customer(s) to use the log book
- Complete Operational Qualification documentation

Features:

- **IO/OO Documentation:** Documentation of instrument function for lab records. Meets needs for sales and vendors where IQ/OQ is a requirement.
- QC Worksheet: Easy to use, no calculation mistakes during OQ process.
- Plate-Based Instrument Testing: Easy to use, no chemistry or dilution mistakes.





stocking system

GloMax®-Multi Jr Single-Tube Multimode Reader

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|--------|
| GloMax®-Multi Jr Base Instrument | 1 each | E6070 |
| GloMax®-Multi Jr with Luminescence Module | 1 each | E6080 |
| Fluorescence Optical Kit, Blue (Ex 460nm, Em 515–570nm) | 1 each | E6071 |
| Fluorescence Optical Kit, UV (Ex 365nm, Em 410–450nm) | 1 each | E6072 |
| Fluorescence Optical Kit, Green (Ex 525nm, Em 580–640nm) | 1 each | E6073 |
| Fluorescence Optical Kit, Red (Ex 625nm, Em 660–725nm) | 1 each | E6074 |
| Fluorescence Optical Kit, GFPUV (Ex 365nm, Em 515–570nm) | 1 each | E6075 |
| Absorbance Module (User Installable) | 1 each | E6076 |
| Absorbance Filter Paddle, 560nm | 1 each | E6077 |
| Absorbance Filter Paddle, 600nm | 1 each | E6078 |
| Absorbance Filter Paddle, 750nm | 1 each | E6079 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| GloMax®-Multi Jr Reader Luminescence Module Service Upgrade | 1 each | E6098 |
| Minicell Adapter Kit (for measuring 100–200µl of sample) | 1 each | E6094 |
| PCR Tube Adapter, GloMax® Multi Jr. | 1 each | E6081 |
| Minicell Borosilicate Glass Cuvettes | 400 each | E6091 |
| 10×10 mm Square Polystyrene Cuvette (3.5ml capacity) | 100 each | E6092 |
| 10×10 mm Square Methacrylate Cuvette (3.5ml capacity) | 100 each | E6093 |
| AC Adapter Replacement | 1 each | E6095 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each | E2821 |
| Thermal Printer Paper | 1 each | E2851 |
| GloMax®-Multi Jr Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3080 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | s. | |

Description: The GloMax®-Multi Jr Single-Tube Multimode Reader is designed to provide the utmost flexibility. In addition to high performance, the GloMax®-Multi Jr blends user-friendly operation and a small footprint with flexible purchasing options. The result of this design is an instrument with superior performance that is easy to use, affordable and can be customized to your laboratory's needs.

The GloMax®-Multi Jr with a **Luminescence Module** is designed to deliver performance equivalent to dedicated single-tube luminometers while also offering the flexibility of a multimode reader. The GloMax®-Multi Jr has a sensitivity of 1×10^{-18} moles of luciferase and >5 logs of dynamic range. This dynamic range is more than adequate to cover common luminescence applications, thus reducing the need to dilute samples.

The GloMax®-Multi Jr with a **Fluorescence Module** is designed to deliver both high performance and user flexibility. To achieve high performance, each Fluorescence Module utilizes powerful light-emitting diodes (LEDs) as excitation sources. LED usage increases sensitivity by fully exciting the fluorophore and reducing nonspecific light leakage, a problem often found when using broad-spectrum light sources. Four standard fluorescence optical kits are available for purchase, or contact us to purchase a custom optical kit.

- UV (Ex 365nm, Em 410–450nm)
- Blue (Ex 460nm, Em 515-570nm)
- Green (Ex 525nm, Em 580–640nm)
- Red (Ex 625nm, Em 660–725nm)

The GloMax®-Multi Jr with the **Absorbance Module** provides measurements that are highly sensitive and cover a wide dynamic range. The absorbance channel has a large reading range of 0–4 OD with an accuracy that deviates less than 0.7%.

The GloMax®-Multi Jr has three optional filter paddles with factory-installed filters for measuring 560, 600 and 750nm. These filters accommodate the most common protein assays. Filter paddles can be exchanged easily in seconds. In addition, custom filter paddles can be made readily for nonstandard applications. The GloMax®-Multi Jr is designed to be put into use right from the box without the need to read a manual or obtain special training. To achieve this plug-and-play usability, the GloMax®-Multi Jr combines a color touch screen with an intuitive user interface. The interface makes running samples and viewing data fast and simple while also maintaining the flexibility needed for advanced or custom protocols. The GloMax®-Multi Jr is a modular instrument that fits easily into most budgets. Purchase the technology or modes that you need now, and add on to the system later as your needs expand. For example, the GloMax®-Multi Jr can be purchased as a Luminometer. Then Fluorescence and/or Absorbance Modules can be purchased and added later. There's no service call or downtime. With the modular design, changing technologies is as easy as snapping in a module and restarting the instrument.

Features

- Flexible Configuration: Modular system grows with your needs.
- Touch Screen Interface: The user interface has been designed to be intuitive so that no training is required to use the instrument.
- Easy Protocol Setup: Promega protocols are preloaded for easy implementation
- Convenient Data Handling: Record data right from the instrument or export data to an Excel® spreadsheet.



GloMax®-Multi Jr Single-Tube Multimode Reader.



Fluorometers

Quantus™ Fluorometer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Quantus™ Fluorometer | 1 each | E6150 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Quantus[™] Fluorometer is a dual-channel fluorometer for your personal quantitation workflow. Designed to provide highly sensitive fluorescent detection when quantifying nucleic acids, the compact instrument is simple to operate. The Quantus™ Fluorometer is optimized with preprogrammed settings for Promega QuantiFluor® Dye Systems (QuantiFluor® dsDNA, RNA and ssDNA Systems) for nucleic acid quantitation, and allows users the flexibility to create their own methods and quantitation settings for other dyes.

The Quantus™ Fluorometer is equipped with two fluorescence channels for nucleic acid and protein quantitation:

- Blue fluorescence channel: Excitation 495nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 495nm), emission 510-580nm.
- Red fluorescence channel: Excitation 640nm shortpass (wavelengths up to 640nm), emission 660-720nm.

Features:

- High Performance: Integrated with QuantiFluor® Dyes for high sensitivity, broad dynamic range and target specificity. Great for low-level sample quantitation such as FFPE or viral samples.
- Increased Sensitivity: Significantly increased sensitivity over absorbance at 260nm (NanoDrop®) for those samples that are low in concentration. Ten times more sensitive than Qubit® 2.0. A detection limit of 50pg/ml, compared to 500pg/ml for the Qubit® 2.0. With a customized low standard curve, the detection limit can read as low as 1pg/ml.
- Easy-to-Use Workflow and Navigation: Flexible with custom protocols and user-defined settings. PC software for data management workflow.
- Affordable Price: Cost-effective to easily incorporate into your laboratory.



Quantus™ Fluorometer

QuantiFluor® Single-Tube Fluorometers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|--------|--|
| QuantiFluor®-ST Handheld Fluorometer with UV/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6090 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with Green/ Blue Channels | 1 each | E6100 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Handheld Fluorometer with UV/Blue Channels | 1 each | E6105 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| QuantiFluor®-ST Minicell Adapter Kit (for measuring 50–250µl of sample) | 400 each | E6112 | |
| QuantiFluor®-ST Solid Standard | 1 each | E6113 | |
| QuantiFluor®-ST AC Adapter Replacement | 1 each | E6096 | |
| QuantiFluor®-P Minicell Adapter Kit (for measuring 75–250µl of sample) | 400 each | E6111 | |
| PCR Tube Adapter, QuantiFluor® Fluorometers | 1 each | E6101 | |
| Minicell Borosilicate Glass Cuvettes | 400 each | E6091 | |
| 10 × 10mm Square Polystyrene Cuvette (3.5ml capacity) | 100 each | E6092 | |
| 10×10 mm Square Methacrylate Cuvette (3.5ml capacity) | 100 each | E6093 | |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each | E2821 | |
| Thermal Printer Paper | 1 each | E2851 | |
| QuantiFluor® Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3060 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | 3. | | |

Description: QuantiFluor® Fluorometers are small, affordable and sensitive, providing easy and accurate fluorescence measurements. Dual-optical design allows an easy switch between assays. High sensitivity and broad dynamic range are designed to meet nucleic acid and protein quantitation assay needs. Simple navigation and single-point calibration make them easy to use. QuantiFluor®-ST is lab-ready with two built-in channels: UV and Blue.

QuantiFluor®-P is portable and battery-operated with either UV/Blue or Blue/ Green configuration.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Designed for fast, accurate quantitation.
- Compact and Cost-Effective: Save bench space and money with costsaving, effective instrumentation for quantitation.
- Flexible: Quantitate 2ml samples or scale down to <250µl with the optional minicell adapter.



QuantiFluor®-ST and QuantiFluor®-P Single-Tube Fluorometers.

QuantiFluor® Dye Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------|------|-------|
| QuantiFluor® dsDNA System | 1 ml | E2670 |
| QuantiFluor® ssDNA System | 1 ml | E3190 |
| QuantiFluor® RNA System | 1 ml | E3310 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The QuantiFluor® dsDNA, ssDNA and RNA Systems enable sensitive quantitation of small amounts of double-stranded DNA (dsDNA). single-stranded DNA (ssDNA) or RNA in solution.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° to -10° C, protected from light.



Helix® on-site stocking system



Section Contents

Maxwell® 16 Instrument for IVD Use

Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument | 1 each AS3050 | Pls. Enq. |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) | 48 preps AS1015 | 295 |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is used in conjunction with the Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System and Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System to purify gDNA from human whole blood, buffy coat, plasma or serum samples.

Features:

- CE IVD Mark: Validated for use in clinical diagnostics.
- Easy to Use: Simply insert a cartridge, press "Start" and walk away.
- No Detectable Cross-Contamination: Improves confidence in results and reduces the likelihood of time-consuming rework and patient risk.
- Decreases Hands-On Time, Pipetting Errors and Repetitive Motion Injuries: Improves your laboratory productivity.
- Quick 30- to 45-Minute Purification: Add more tests without adding headcount.
- Consistent High Yield: Run multiple tests and still have sufficient material for retesting or archiving.
- Small Benchtop Instrument: Requires a small amount of precious lab space, so it fits in virtually any lab.
- Sample Tracking Capability (bar code): Eliminates sample mixup and integrates into LIMS.
- UV Light: Helps cleaning procedures to reduce contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System (IVD)

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---|---------------------|-----|
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System | 48 preps AS1155 | 302 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6101 | 46 |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk AS6201 | 18 |
| AS6101, AS6201 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Dia | gnostic Procedures. | |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is designed for automated extraction of viral total nucleic acid (RNA and DNA) from serum or plasma using the Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument. These sample types are commonly processed in molecular microbiology or virology areas of molecular diagnostics. The kit contains all the necessary reagents in a convenient prefilled cartridge format. The simple protocol involves three main steps. First, lysis buffer and proteinase K are mixed to prepare a lysis solution. Second, lysis solution is mixed with sample. Third, the lysate is added into the

Features:

mately 45 minutes.

 Purify Across a Range of Virus Titer: Provides high sensitivity for downstream applications.

cartridges. Purified viral total nucleic acids are ready for analysis in approxi-

- Single Kit and Protocol for Multiple Sample Types: Streamlines validation and daily workflow.
- No Detectable Cross-Contamination: Reduces time-consuming rework and patient risk.
- Decreases Hands-On Time, Pipetting Errors and Repetitive Motion Injuries: Improves lab technician health and safety while increasing consistency of results.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.

Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|--------|-----------|
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) | 48 preps | AS1015 | 295 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml l | MD1421 | 50 |
| Plungers | 50 /pk | AS5201 | Pls. Enq. |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk | AS5101 | Pls. Enq. |
| MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Maxwell[®] 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is used in conjunction with the Maxwell[®] 16 Clinical Instrument to purify gDNA from human whole blood or buffy coat samples.

Features:

- CE IVD Mark: The instrument was validated for use in clinical diagnostics.
- Easy to Use: Just put in a cartridge, push a button and walk away.
- Consistent High Yield: Run multiple tests and still have sufficient material for retesting or archiving.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C

Maxwell® Research Systems

Maxwell® 16 Instrument for Nucleic Acid and Protein Purification

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Instrument | 1 each AS2000 |
| Maxwell® 16 MDx Instrument | 1 each AS3000 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Maxwell® 16 SEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1200 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1201 |
| Maxwell® 16 Magnetic Elution Rack | 1 each AS1202 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1250 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Magnet | 1 each AS1261 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each E2821 |
| UV Bulb, Maxwell® 16 | 1 each SP1080 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Instruments provide consistent hands-off, labor-saving automated purification of high-quality DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins for a broad range of downstream applications. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument can be configured as an SEV Instrument (Standard Elution Volume 200–400µl) for maximum yield or LEV Instrument (Low Elution Volume 30–100µl) for maximum concentration. In addition, SEV and LEV instruments can be configured with the Flexi Method Firmware, allowing the user to program the Maxwell® 16 Instrument to further optimize performance. Your personal automation instrument configuration will be built to order. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument is preprogrammed with purification protocols, which when combined with kits containing prefilled reagent cartridges maximize simplicity and convenience. The instrument processes 1 to 16 samples in approximately 18–50 minutes (depending on sample type).

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument extracts DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins using paramagnetic particles, allowing optimal capture, washing and elution of the target material. Add samples or lysate directly to the prefilled reagent cartridges, and press start. Optimized reagent systems and automated methods are provided to purify from specified sample types to deliver maximum quality for downstream applications.

The Maxwell[®] 16 Instrument includes a 1-year basic warranty. Service programs are offered to extend coverage. If during the extended warranty period the instrument needs repair under normal use, Promega will be responsible for the repair. Service programs offer similar terms with the addition of the use of a temporary replacement instrument during the instrument repair period. Please contact Promega for complete warranty and service terms and limits.

Features:

- Recover Lost Time and Labor: Automation gives you back your time and labor to complete your work.
- Gain Confidence in Your Results: Instrument design, optimized reagents and automated methods provide consistent yield and purity.
- Improve Your Productivity: Process up to 16 samples per instrument run in approximately 30–45 minutes.
- Choose Your Sample Type: Flexibility to purify from tissue, cells, blood and other samples.



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS2000).





Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS3000) with optional bar code reader.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

Maxwell® 16 System DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|---------------------|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Blood DNA Kit | 48 preps AS1290 |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Plus LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1135 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1140 |
| Maxwell® 16 Buccal Swab LEV DNA Purification K | Cit 48 preps AS1295 |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | |
| Kit | 48 preps AS1150 |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Tissue LEV DNA Purification Ki | t 48 preps AS1130 |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1010 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1020 |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1030 |
| Maxwell® 16 Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1120 |
| Available Separately | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6101 |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk AS6201 |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag V1231 |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack V4741 |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml MD1421 |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5201 |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5101 |
| | |

AS1290, AS1135, AS1140, AS1295, AS1150, AS1010, AS1020, AS1030, AS1120 For Laboratory Use. AS6101, AS6201, V1231, V4741, MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Maxwell® 16 System RNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|--------|--|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Cells Kit | 48 preps | AS1270 | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Blood Kit | 48 preps | AS1310 | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit | 48 preps | AS1280 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1220 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1225 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | | | |
| Kit | 48 preps | AS1150 | |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1050 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 High Strength LEV Magnetic Rod and | | | |
| Plunger Bar Adaptor | 1 each | SP1070 | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk | AS6101 | |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk | AS6201 | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each | AS1251 | |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5201 | |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5101 | |
| AS1270, AS1280, AS1220, AS1225, AS1150, AS1050 For Lab AS6101, AS6201, AS1251, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Us Procedures. | | | |



Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument | 1 each AS3060 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Maxwell® 16 SEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1200 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1201 |
| Maxwell® 16 Magnetic Elution Rack | 1 each AS1202 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1250 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Magnet | 1 each AS1261 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each E2821 |
| UV Bulb, Maxwell® 16 | 1 each SP1080 |
| | |

AS1200, AS1201, AS1202, AS1250, AS1251, AS1261, E2821, SP1080 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. AS3060 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use.

Description: The Maxwell[®] 16 Forensic Instrument provides easy-to-use, consistent and reliable automated nucleic acid extraction of 1 to 16 samples, bar-code sample tracking, a touch-screen interface and UV decontamination. The AS3060 instrument packages include the bar-code reader, UV light and Maxwell[®] Sample Track Software. You choose either low elution volume (50–100μl, LEV) or standard elution volume (300–400μl, SEV) format. Run report data can be transferred from the Maxwell[®] 16 Forensic Instrument to a PC or an external printer. Data transferred to a PC can be uploaded to a laboratory information management system (LIMS).

Features:

- Fast, Hands-Free Purification: Improves workflow, and allows staff to perform other value-added tasks.
- Consistent, Reliable Performance: Less rework and more confidence in results
- Ease of Use: Yields immediate productivity gains with minimal operator training.
- Small Size: Takes up less room on the lab bench. Fits inside biosafety cabinet or hood.
- Bar-Code Sample Tracking Capability: Eliminates sample mixup, and data can be integrated into LIMS.
- UV Light: Helps decontamination.



Maxwell® 16 Forensic Instrument.

Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|--------|--|
| Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware | 1 each / | AS6411 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Certain sample types present unique challenges for DNA, RNA or recombinant protein extraction. The Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware provides the flexibility and control to modify or create automated methods for the Maxwell® 16 Instrument. You have the ability to optimize multiple instrument parameters to tailor instrument operation to your unique needs. It's Personal Automation™ just the way you want it. The Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware allows users to change 5 key instrument operating parameters:

- Lysis time
- Binding
- Drying
- Elution
- · Paramagnetic particle capture

You program the Maxwell® 16 Instrument by following on-screen prompts and entering changes through the instrument keypad; no external PC or programming knowledge is required. User-defined optimized methods are as easy to use as pushing the Start button. The Flexi Method Firmware also allows you to save and password-protect your unique methods. Make and save changes as you define the key instrument operating parameters that impact your successful results.

The Flexi Method Firmware can be installed on existing AS1000 and AS2000 Maxwell® 16 Instruments by purchasing the AS6411 CD-ROM, which contains the Firmware, installation software and Technical Manual. Flexi Method Firmware ordered with the purchase of a new AS2000 Instrument will be installed at the factory.

Features:

- Achieve Confidence in your Results: You control operation of key instrument operating parameters.
- Address Key Unanswered Questions: Flexibility gives you the ability to optimize Maxwell[®] 16 operation to your sample and scientific needs.
- Spend More Time Generating Data: Follow simple on-screen prompts to program instrument from the keypad. Press Run to start.



Maxwell® 16 Service and Support Products

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Premier Warranty | 1 each SA2000 |
| Maxwell® 16 Standard Service Agreement | 1 each SA2010 |
| Maxwell® 16 Premier Service Agreement | 1 each SA2015 |
| Maxwell® 16 Preventative Maintenance | 1 each SA2020 |
| Maxwell® 16 Installation Qualification | 1 each SA1001 |
| Maxwell® 16 Operational Qualification | 1 each SA1011 |
| Maxwell® 16 Installation and Operational | 1 each SA1021 |
| Qualification | |

SA2000, SA2010, SA2015, SA2020 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Two warranty levels are available at the time of purchase, allowing you to customize your support solution. The **Standard Warranty**, included in the system price and valid for 1 year, covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as a loaner instrument upon request. The loaner will be shipped via standard ground shipment and will arrive in 5 to 7 working days. We will repair your instrument and return it to you performing to original factory specifications.

The **Premier Warranty** (SA2000) is an upgrade to the Standard Warranty, is valid until the end of the Standard Warranty period and covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as your choice of a loaner instrument within 1 working day or on-site repair by a factory-trained service technician. We will repair your instrument and return it to you performing to original factory specifications. It also includes one preventive maintenance visit.

After the warranty period is over, you can continue to receive the same comprehensive service and support as you did when your system was under warranty. The **Standard Service Agreement** (SA2010) covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as a loaner instrument upon request. The loaner will be shipped via standard ground shipment and will arrive in 5 to 7 working days. If your Maxwell® 16 Instrument needs repair, we will provide a box for shipment of the instrument back to our service facility. We will repair it and return it to you performing to original factory specifications.

The **Premier Service Agreement** (SA2015) includes all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as your choice of a loaner instrument within 1 working day or on-site repair by a factory-trained service technician. You can utilize our depot repair and receive a loaner instrument in one working day or you can elect to have one of our service technicians service it in your lab. Additionally, it includes one annual preventive maintenance visit per year.

In order to keep the system operating at peak performance, Promega recommends that Maxwell[®] 16 Instruments receive a **Preventive Maintenance** (SA2020) check after 12 months of use. During this procedure, our qualified service personnel test the instrument, check parts for wear and replace them as needed. Additionally, the system is aligned and performance is verified. Documentation for your files is provided. The preventive maintenance service is performed by returning the instrument to the factory.

The **Installation Qualification** (SA1001) provides a series of formal on-site instrument checks, delivers written documentation of instrument functionality, and demonstrates that everything ordered with your instrument is supplied and installed in your laboratory. Upon delivery to the lab, the instrument and its components will be visually inspected and reviewed for completeness. Following the inspection, the instrument will be powered on to confirm that the system is properly functional.

The **Operational Qualification** (SA1011) demonstrates that the Maxwell® 16 will function according to its operational specifications. An instrument specialist will check the instrument's alignment and then perform an operational test run to ensure that all of the hardware modules function correctly. Following the documentation of these tests, familiarization training with the instrument's operators will occur. The specialist will also explain all of the sections of the instrument log book.

The **Installation and Operational Qualification** package (SA1021) includes all of the components from both SA1001 and SA1011 in one service product.

Feature

- Multiple Options to Meet Your Needs: Allows you to select the warranty
 coverage or service agreement that best meets the needs of your lab.
- Factory-Trained Specialists: Ensures your instrument is repaired quickly and effectively.
- Expert Technical Service: Promega experts can help you solve problems quickly.
- Fixed-Cost Service Products: Predictable support expenditures.
- Ongoing System Documentation: Allows audit tracing and compliance.
- Comprehensive Service and Support: Makes certain there is minimal instrument downtime.



HSM 2.0 Instrument

WHSM 2.0 Instrument

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--|----------------------|
| HSM 2.0 Instrument | 1 each | A2715 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument Cover | 1 each | A2712 |
| ReliaPrep [™] Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System | $96\times10\text{ml}$ to $960\times1\text{ml}$ preps | A1751 |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack | 1 each | A2713 |
| HSM 2.0 Tube Rack Stand | 1 each | A2714 |
| HSM 2.0 Instrument 1-Year Service Agreement | 1 each | SA1330 |
| ReliaPrep™ LV 32 HSM Standard Service Agreement | 1 each | SA3070 |
| A2712, A2715, A1751, A2713, A271 | 4, SA3070 For Research Use Only. Not | for Use in Diagnosti |

Description: The Heater Shaker Magnet Instrument (HSM 2.0) is designed to perform all of the functions necessary for the processing of magnetic resinbased purification chemistries in large-volume formats. With its ability to heat, shake and apply a magnetic field, the HSM 2.0 Instrument provides all-in-one processing capabilities for a variety of large-volume purification chemistries in either a manual or automated format. The instrument uses standard 50ml conical tubes, magnets and reagent-based paramagnetic particles (PMPs). The PMPs provide a mobile solid phase that optimizes capture, washing and elution of biological target molecules.

Initially designed to run the ReliaPrepTM Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System (Cat.# A1751), the HSM 2.0 Instrument is supplied with software containing preprogrammed isolation methods for processing up to 32 samples of human whole blood in approximately 2–3.5 hours, depending on sample volume and number. Samples are processed in a semi-automated method with the user dispensing and aspirating reagents from the samples as directed by the software on a computer screen. The programmed methods control the heating, shaking, magnetization and timing of the steps required for the semi-automated purification. For fully automated purification, the HSM 2.0 Instrument can be integrated with a robotic liquid-handling workstation, which can process 32 samples in less than 4.5 hours.

Minimum Software Computer Requirements:

Windows® PC

Dual-Core x86-based processor, 2MB Memory, 100GB HD, Video 1024×768 Microsoft Windows® 7 Professional and Ultimate editions (32-bit or 64-bit) Use of up-to-date antivirus software is strongly recommended.



Power Supply, HSM 2.0 Instrument and Tube Rack on Tube Rack Stand (from left to right).



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Perfect Partnership of Assays and Instruments

Multimode microplate reader for luminescence, fluorescence, absorbance, BRET and FRET studies

Integrated with Promega assays:

Developed, optimized and preloaded with Promega assay protocols for seamless workflow.

Superior performance:

Broader dynamic range, better sensitivity, and lower well-to-well cross talk for more usable data.

Easy to Use:

Tablet PC-controlled, with full PC capability and intuitive graphical user interface navigation.

Connected:

Use as a standalone instrument or integrate into your high-throughput automated workflow. Export data to your laboratory network.





Available in 2014
Request a demonstration or pricing today:
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|-------|-------|------|------|--------|
| | | | | |

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Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

stocking system

Maxwell® 16 Instrument for IVD Use

Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|--------|-----------|
| Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument | 1 each | AS3050 | Pls. Enq. |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) | 48 preps | AS1015 | 295 |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is used in conjunction with the Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System and Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System to purify gDNA from human whole blood, buffy coat, plasma or serum samples.

Features:

- CE IVD Mark: Validated for use in clinical diagnostics.
- Easy to Use: Simply insert a cartridge, press "Start" and walk away.
- No Detectable Cross-Contamination: Improves confidence in results and reduces the likelihood of time-consuming rework and patient risk.
- Decreases Hands-On Time, Pipetting Errors and Repetitive Motion Injuries: Improves your laboratory productivity.
- Quick 30- to 45-Minute Purification: Add more tests without adding headcount.
- Consistent High Yield: Run multiple tests and still have sufficient material for retesting or archiving.
- Small Benchtop Instrument: Requires a small amount of precious lab space, so it fits in virtually any lab.
- Sample Tracking Capability (bar code): Eliminates sample mixup and integrates into LIMS.
- UV Light: Helps cleaning procedures to reduce contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at 22-25°C.

Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System (IVD)

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---|-----------------|-----|
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System | 48 preps AS1155 | 302 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6101 | 46 |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk AS6201 | 18 |
| AS6101, AS6201 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification System complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is designed for automated extraction of viral total nucleic acid (RNA and DNA) from serum or plasma using the Maxwell® 16 IVD Instrument. These sample types are commonly processed in molecular microbiology or virology areas of molecular diagnostics. The kit contains all the necessary reagents in a convenient prefilled cartridge format. The simple protocol involves three main steps. First, lysis buffer and proteinase K are mixed to prepare a lysis solution. Second, lysis solution is mixed with sample. Third, the lysate is added into the cartridges. Purified viral total nucleic acids are ready for analysis in approximately 45 minutes.

Features:

- Purify Across a Range of Virus Titer: Provides high sensitivity for downstream applications.
- Single Kit and Protocol for Multiple Sample Types: Streamlines validation and daily workflow.
- No Detectable Cross-Contamination: Reduces time-consuming rework and patient risk.
- Decreases Hands-On Time, Pipetting Errors and Repetitive Motion Injuries: Improves lab technician health and safety while increasing consistency of results.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15-30°C.

Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|-------|-----------|
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) | 48 preps AS | 1015 | 295 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml MC | 1421 | 50 |
| Plungers | 50 /pk AS | 55201 | Pls. Enq. |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk AS | 55101 | Pls. Enq. |
| MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Maxwell[®] 16 Blood DNA Purification System (IVD) complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices and is used in conjunction with the Maxwell[®] 16 Clinical Instrument to purify gDNA from human whole blood or buffy coat samples.

Features:

- CE IVD Mark: The instrument was validated for use in clinical diagnostics.
- Easy to Use: Just put in a cartridge, push a button and walk away.
- Consistent High Yield: Run multiple tests and still have sufficient material for retesting or archiving.

Storage Conditions: Store at 15–30°C.



Maxwell® Research Systems

Maxwell® 16 Instrument for Nucleic Acid and Protein Purification

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Instrument | 1 each AS2000 |
| Maxwell® 16 MDx Instrument | 1 each AS3000 |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# |
| Maxwell® 16 SEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1200 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1201 |
| Maxwell® 16 Magnetic Elution Rack | 1 each AS1202 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Hardware Kit | 1 each AS1250 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Magnet | 1 each AS1261 |
| Thermal Serial Printer and Universal Power Cable | 1 each E2821 |
| UV Bulb, Maxwell® 16 | 1 each SP1080 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Instruments provide consistent hands-off, labor-saving automated purification of high-quality DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins for a broad range of downstream applications. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument can be configured as an SEV Instrument (Standard Elution Volume 200–400µl) for maximum yield or LEV Instrument (Low Elution Volume 30–100µl) for maximum concentration. In addition, SEV and LEV instruments can be configured with the Flexi Method Firmware, allowing the user to program the Maxwell® 16 Instrument to further optimize performance. Your personal automation instrument configuration will be built to order. The Maxwell® 16 Instrument is preprogrammed with purification protocols, which when combined with kits containing prefilled reagent cartridges maximize simplicity and convenience. The instrument processes 1 to 16 samples in approximately 18–50 minutes (depending on sample type).

The Maxwell® 16 Instrument extracts DNA, RNA, viral total nucleic acid or recombinant proteins using paramagnetic particles, allowing optimal capture, washing and elution of the target material. Add samples or lysate directly to the prefilled reagent cartridges, and press start. Optimized reagent systems and automated methods are provided to purify from specified sample types to deliver maximum quality for downstream applications.

The Maxwell[®] 16 Instrument includes a 1-year basic warranty. Service programs are offered to extend coverage. If during the extended warranty period the instrument needs repair under normal use, Promega will be responsible for the repair. Service programs offer similar terms with the addition of the use of a temporary replacement instrument during the instrument repair period. Please contact Promega for complete warranty and service terms and limits.

Features:

- Recover Lost Time and Labor: Automation gives you back your time and labor to complete your work.
- Gain Confidence in Your Results: Instrument design, optimized reagents and automated methods provide consistent yield and purity.
- Improve Your Productivity: Process up to 16 samples per instrument run in approximately 30–45 minutes.
- Choose Your Sample Type: Flexibility to purify from tissue, cells, blood and other samples.



Maxwell® 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS2000).





 $\mbox{Maxwell}^{\mbox{\scriptsize @}}$ 16 Instrument (Cat.# AS3000) with optional bar code reader.



Section Contents

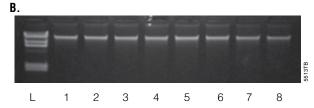
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Maxwell® 16 System DNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|--------|--|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Blood DNA Kit | 48 preps | AS1290 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Plus LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1135 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1140 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Buccal Swab LEV DNA Purification R | Cit 48 preps | AS1295 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | | | |
| Kit | 48 preps | AS1150 | |
| Maxwell® 16 FFPE Tissue LEV DNA Purification Ki | t 48 preps | AS1130 | |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | | | |
| Maxwell® 16 Blood DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1010 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1020 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1030 | |
| Maxwell® 16 Mouse Tail DNA Purification Kit | 48 preps | AS1120 | |
| Available Separately | | | |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk | AS6101 | |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk | AS6201 | |
| Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | V1231 | |
| ClickFit Microtube, 1.5ml | 1,000 /pack | V4741 | |
| Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml | MD1421 | |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5201 | |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk | AS5101 | |

AS1290, AS1135, AS1140, AS1295, AS1150, AS1010, AS1020, AS1030, AS1120 For Laboratory Use. AS6101, AS6201, V1231, V4741, MD1421, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures





Genomic DNA purified from 8 samples of 200µl of whole human blood (Panel A) and 8 samples of 1cm of mouse tail (Panel B) was visualized on a 1% agarose gel stained with ethidium bromide. Lane L, Lambda DNA/HindIII Markers (Cat.# G1711); Lanes 1-8, 5µl of purified genomic DNA.

| DNA Yields from Various Starting Materials. | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Sample Type | Sample Size | Yield | |
| Whole blood | 200µl | 4-9µg (>3pg/white blood cell) | |
| Whole blood | 400µl | 8-15µg (>3pg/white blood cell) | |
| Mouse tail | 1.2cm | 20µg | |
| Animal tissue | 20-25mg | 60-100µg (mouse liver) | |
| Tissue culture cells | 5×10^{6} | 10μg (HeLa) | |
| Gram- bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 10μg (BL21) | |
| Gram+ bacteria | 2×10^{9} | 1μg (<i>B. cereus</i>) | |
| Plant leaf (tomato) | 25mg | 10μg | |
| | | | |

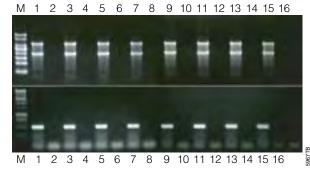
Maxwell® 16 System RNA Purification Kits

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|------------------------------|
| Low Elution Volume (LEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Cells Kit | 48 preps AS1270 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Blood Kit | 48 preps AS1310 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit | 48 preps AS1280 |
| Maxwell® 16 Tissue LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1220 |
| Maxwell® 16 Cell LEV Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1225 |
| Maxwell® 16 Viral Total Nucleic Acid Purification | |
| Kit | 48 preps AS1150 |
| Standard Elution Volume (SEV) | |
| Maxwell® 16 Total RNA Purification Kit | 48 preps AS1050 |
| Available Separately | |
| Maxwell® 16 High Strength LEV Magnetic Rod and | |
| Plunger Bar Adaptor | 1 each SP1070 |
| LEV Plungers | 50 /pk AS6101 |
| Elution Tubes (LEV) | 50 /pk AS6201 |
| Maxwell® 16 LEV Cartridge Rack | 1 each AS1251 |
| Plungers (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5201 |
| Elution Tubes (SEV) | 50 /pk AS5101 |
| AS1270, AS1280, AS1220, AS1225, AS1150, AS1050 For Lab | oratory Use. AS1310, SP1070, |

AS6101, AS6201, AS1251, AS5201, AS5101 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

simply RNA TISSUE CELLS HEK293 185 5S

Intact RNA extracted from tissue using the Maxwell® 16 LEV simplyRNA Tissue Kit. Extracted tissue samples were run on a FlashGel® System for 5 minutes and signal developed for 15 minutes. The 28S, 18S and 5S are clearly visible indicating intact RNA.



No detectable cross-contamination. Sixteen purification reactions were performed using an input of 25mg of mouse liver lysate (odd lanes) or SV RNA Lysis Buffer alone (even lanes). Panel A. Four-microliter aliquots of each purified sample were resolved by 1.2% agarose gel electrophoresis under denaturing conditions. Lane M, RNA Markers (Cat.# G3191). Panel B. Equivalent volumes (1µI) of each sample were amplified by endpoint RT-PCR using a primer pair specific for a portion of beta actin RNA. A total of five microliters of each amplification reaction was analyzed by 1.2% agarose gel electrophoresis and visualized by ethidium bromide staining. Lane M, 1kb DNA Ladder (Cat.# G5711).



Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware | 1 each AS6411 |
| | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Certain sample types present unique challenges for DNA, RNA or recombinant protein extraction. The Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware provides the flexibility and control to modify or create automated methods for the Maxwell® 16 Instrument. You have the ability to optimize multiple instrument parameters to tailor instrument operation to your unique needs. It's Personal Automation™ just the way you want it. The Maxwell® 16 Flexi Method Firmware allows users to change 5 key instrument operating parameters:

- Lysis time
- Binding
- Drying
- Elution
- · Paramagnetic particle capture

You program the Maxwell® 16 Instrument by following on-screen prompts and entering changes through the instrument keypad; no external PC or programming knowledge is required. User-defined optimized methods are as easy to use as pushing the Start button. The Flexi Method Firmware also allows you to save and password-protect your unique methods. Make and save changes as you define the key instrument operating parameters that impact your successful results.

The Flexi Method Firmware can be installed on existing AS1000 and AS2000 Maxwell® 16 Instruments by purchasing the AS6411 CD-ROM, which contains the Firmware, installation software and Technical Manual. Flexi Method Firmware ordered with the purchase of a new AS2000 Instrument will be installed at the factory.

Features:

- Achieve Confidence in your Results: You control operation of key instrument operating parameters.
- Address Key Unanswered Questions: Flexibility gives you the ability to optimize Maxwell[®] 16 operation to your sample and scientific needs.
- Spend More Time Generating Data: Follow simple on-screen prompts to program instrument from the keypad. Press Run to start.

Maxwell® 16 Service and Support Products

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|---------------|
| Maxwell® 16 Premier Warranty | 1 each SA2000 |
| Maxwell® 16 Standard Service Agreement | 1 each SA2010 |
| Maxwell® 16 Premier Service Agreement | 1 each SA2015 |
| Maxwell® 16 Preventative Maintenance | 1 each SA2020 |
| Maxwell® 16 Installation Qualification | 1 each SA1001 |
| Maxwell® 16 Operational Qualification | 1 each SA1011 |
| Maxwell® 16 Installation and Operational Qualification | 1 each SA1021 |

SA2000, SA2010, SA2015, SA2020 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Two warranty levels are available at the time of purchase, allowing you to customize your support solution. The **Standard Warranty**, included in the system price and valid for 1 year, covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as a loaner instrument upon request. The loaner will be shipped via standard ground shipment and will arrive in 5 to 7 working days. We will repair your instrument and return it to you performing to original factory specifications.

The **Premier Warranty** (SA2000) is an upgrade to the Standard Warranty, is valid until the end of the Standard Warranty period and covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as your choice of a loaner instrument within 1 working day or on-site repair by a factory-trained service technician. We will repair your instrument and return it to you performing to original factory specifications. It also includes one preventive maintenance visit.

After the warranty period is over, you can continue to receive the same comprehensive service and support as you did when your system was under warranty. The **Standard Service Agreement** (SA2010) covers all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as a loaner instrument upon request. The loaner will be shipped via standard ground shipment and will arrive in 5 to 7 working days. If your Maxwell® 16 Instrument needs repair, we will provide a box for shipment of the instrument back to our service facility. We will repair it and return it to you performing to original factory specifications.

The **Premier Service Agreement** (SA2015) includes all parts, labor and shipping to and from our depot repair location as well as your choice of a loaner instrument within 1 working day or on-site repair by a factory-trained service technician. You can utilize our depot repair and receive a loaner instrument in one working day or you can elect to have one of our service technicians service it in your lab. Additionally, it includes one annual preventive maintenance visit per year.

In order to keep the system operating at peak performance, Promega recommends that Maxwell[®] 16 Instruments receive a **Preventive Maintenance** (SA2020) check after 12 months of use. During this procedure, our qualified service personnel test the instrument, check parts for wear and replace them as needed. Additionally, the system is aligned and performance is verified. Documentation for your files is provided. The preventive maintenance service is performed by returning the instrument to the factory.

The **Installation Qualification** (SA1001) provides a series of formal on-site instrument checks, delivers written documentation of instrument functionality, and demonstrates that everything ordered with your instrument is supplied and installed in your laboratory. Upon delivery to the lab, the instrument and its components will be visually inspected and reviewed for completeness. Following the inspection, the instrument will be powered on to confirm that the system is properly functional.

The **Operational Qualification** (SA1011) demonstrates that the Maxwell® 16 will function according to its operational specifications. An instrument specialist will check the instrument's alignment and then perform an operational test run to ensure that all of the hardware modules function correctly. Following the documentation of these tests, familiarization training with the instrument's operators will occur. The specialist will also explain all of the sections of the instrument log book.

The Installation and Operational Qualification package (SA1021) includes all of the components from both SA1001 and SA1011 in one service product.

Features:

- Multiple Options to Meet Your Needs: Allows you to select the warranty coverage or service agreement that best meets the needs of your lab.
- Factory-Trained Specialists: Ensures your instrument is repaired quickly and effectively.
- Expert Technical Service: Promega experts can help you solve problems
 quickly
- Fixed-Cost Service Products: Predictable support expenditures.
- Ongoing System Documentation: Allows audit tracing and compliance.
- Comprehensive Service and Support: Makes certain there is minimal instrument downtime.



Section

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Helix® on-site

stocking system

Reagents for Molecular Diagnostics Labs

OGOTag® MDx Hot Start Polymerase



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| GoTaq® MDx Hot Start Polymerase | 100 u D6001 |
| | 500 u D6005 |
| | 2,500 u D6006 |
| | 10,000 u D6008 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: GoTaq® MDx Hot Start Polymerase contains the high-performance GoTaq® DNA Polymerase bound to a proprietary antibody that blocks polymerase activity. The polymerase activity is restored during the initial denaturation step when the amplification reactions are heated at 94-95°C for two minutes. The system is supplied with a tube of 25mM MgCl₂, allowing optimization of the magnesium concentration in your reactions. It is also supplied with 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer. The buffers contain a compound that increases sample density, so that samples sink easily into the wells of an agarose gel. The green buffer also contains two dyes (yellow and blue) that separate to allow easy monitoring during electrophoresis. Use the green reaction buffer for direct-to-gel analysis after amplification and the colorless reaction buffer for amplifications where the dyes may interfere with post-amplification analysis such as fluorescence or absorbance testing.

GoTag® MDx Hot Start Polymerase is a general purpose reagent that can be used for clinical applications or as a component of molecular diagnostic assays without paying royalties. The products by themselves do not provide any diagnostic result.

Features:

- **Easy:** Convenient handling with room temperature setup.
- Fast: Results with only two-minute enzyme activation.
- Enhanced: Yield, sensitivity and specificity with an antibody hot start.
- **Ready:** High-quality product developed for integration into Laboratory Developed Tests and homebrew assays.

To use GoTaq® MDx Hot Start Polymerase in a custom format for diagnostic assays or to distribute GoTag® MDx Hot Start Polymerase, please contact the Promega Custom Order Department to discuss specific requirements.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30 to -10°C.

OBCONTINUTATIONOUTPICT OUTPICT OUTPIN



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase | 100 reactions | A5003 | |
| | 500 reactions | A5004 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase utilizes M-MLV and state-ofthe-art buffer technology designed for qPCR to deliver robust, reliable cDNA synthesis of a full range of rare and abundant transcripts, even in the presence of inhibitors. GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase is qualified for use in qPCR, including GoTag® gPCR and Plexor® gPCR systems for performing RT-gPCR.

Features:

- Ultra-Active: Save money on every reaction.
- Sensitive: Detect rare transcripts.
- Processive: Transcribe long messages.
- Resilient: Synthesize cDNA in the presence of strong inhibitors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

OUTPYOutput Output Descript Output



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| GoScript™ Reverse Transcription System | 50 reactions | A5000 | |
| 100 reactions A5001 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 274.



Deoxynucleotide Triphosphates (dNTPs)

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| dATP | 25 μmol 100 mM | U1205 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1201 |
| | 200 µmol 100 mM | U1202 |
| dGTP | 25 μmol 100 mM | U1215 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1211 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1212 |
| dCTP | 25 μmol 100 mM | U1225 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1221 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1222 |
| dTTP | 25 μmol 100 mM | U1235 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1231 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1232 |
| Set of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP | 10µmol each 100 mM | U1330 |
| | 25 µmol each 100 mM | U1420 |
| | 40µmol each 100 mM | U1240 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1410 |
| For Laboratory Use. | | |

Description: High-quality deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) are critical for the success of many key procedures such as cDNA synthesis, sequencing and labeling. Promega dNTPs have greater than 99% triphosphate content and are provided at a concentration of 100mM in water at pH 7.5.

Features:

- Dependable: PCR-tested deoxynucleotides ensure optimal performance with all Promega amplification enzymes.
- Consistent: dNTPs are >99% pure, allowing highly consistent results.
- . Convenient: Supplied at a convenient concentration (100mM in water) for ease-of-use in PCR and other applications.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -30°C to -10°C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.

PCR Amplifications From Each Size of Individual dNTPs.

Each catalog number supplies each individual dNTP at 100mM. Reactions are based on 200µM each dNTP in a 50µl reaction.

| U1420 25 μmol each 250 μl each 2, | ctions |
|---|--------|
| , | 000 |
| U1240, U1245 40 µmol each 400 µl each 4, | 500 |
| | 000 |
| U1410 200 μ mol each 2 \times 1,000 μ l each 20 | ,000 |

OdNTP Mix



| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| dNTP Mix | 200 µl 10 mM U1511 | |
| | 1,000 µl 10 mM U1515 | |
| For Laboratory Use | | |

Description: dNTP Mix is a premixed solution containing sodium salts of dATP. dCTP, dGTP and dTTP, each at 10mM in water at pH 7.5; the total concentration of nucleotides is 40mM. One microliter of the dNTP Mix in a 50µl reaction will give a final dNTP concentration of 200µM for each dNTP.

Features:

- **High Purity:** dNTPs are >98% pure.
- Easy to Use: Reduced pipetting steps contribute to ease-of-use and reduce the risk of contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.

Nuclease-Free Water



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------|--------|-------|
| Nuclease-Free Water | 50 ml | P1193 |
| | 150 ml | P1195 |
| | | |

P1193 For Laboratory Use. P1195 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic

Description: Nuclease-Free Water is an essential component of molecular biology experiments.

Features:

• Quality Tested: Each lot of Nuclease-Free Water is tested and certified to be free of DNase and RNase activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at <30°C.

Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|-------|--|
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease | 2,500 u 20-40 u/µl | N2511 | |
| Inhibitor | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2515 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

For additional information see page 130.

Native RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|-------|
| RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor | 2,500 u 20-40 u/µl | N2111 |
| | 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl | N2115 |
| Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease 2,500 u 20-40 u/µl N2511 | | |
| Inhibitor 10,000 u 20–40 u/µl N2515 | | |
| N2111, N2115 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. N2511, N2515 | | |

For Laboratory Use.

For additional information see page 130.



Systems for Molecular Diagnostics Research

Microsatellite Instability (MSI) Analysis



| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|--|----------------------|--|
| MSI Analysis System, Version 1.2 | 100 reactions MD1641 | |
| Available Separately | Size Cat.# | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 150 µl DG1071 | | |
| DG1071 For Laboratory Use. MD1641 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | | |

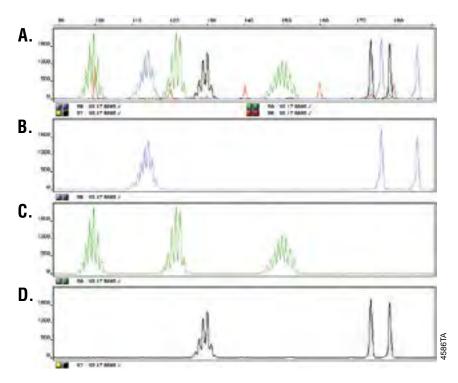
Description: The MSI Analysis System, Version 1.2, is a fluorescent multiplex PCR-based method detect microsatellite instability (MSI), a form of genomic instability. This instability is due to insertion or deletion of repeating units during DNA replication and failure of the mismatch repair system (MMR) to correct these errors. MSI analysis typically involves comparing allelic profiles of microsatellite markers generated by amplification from matching pairs of test samples, which may be MMR-deficient, and normal tissue samples. New alleles in the abnormal sample not found in the corresponding normal sample indicate the presence of MSI. MSI analysis can be used as a screening method to identify samples for further characterization.

The MSI Analysis System, Version 1.2, includes fluorescently labeled primers (marker panel) for co-amplification of seven markers for analysis of the MSIhigh (MSI-H) phenotype, including five nearly monomorphic mononucleotide repeat markers (BAT-25, BAT-26, MONO-27, NR-21 and NR-24) and two highly polymorphic pentanucleotide repeat markers (Penta C and Penta D). Amplified fragments are detected using an ABI PRISM® 310, 3100, 3100-Avant, 3130 or 3130x/ Genetic Analyzer after spectral calibration.

Panels and bins text files simplify and standardize data analysis by providing automated assignment of genotypes using GeneMapper® 4.0 software.

- Understand the Complete MSI Phenotype: A single multiplex PCR amplifies five informative mononucleotide repeat markers for MSI-H determination.
- Confidence in Sample Identification: Co-amplification of highly polymorphic pentanucleotide repeats provides internal sample tracking.
- Consistent Data Analysis: MSI Panels and bins for GeneMapper® software can be downloaded.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Analysis of MSI phenotype.



Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System, Version 2.0

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|---------------------|
| Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System, Version 2.0 | 25 reactions MD1531 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System, Version 2.0, provides a standardized screening panel amplifying only informative nonpolymorphic sequence tag sites (STS) on the human Y chromosome. The system amplifies key functional regions associated with AZoospermia Factor (AZF), namely the regions that flank AZFa and cover AZFb, AZFc, AZFd including *DAZ*, *KAL-Y*, *SMCY* and flanking loci for other key spermatogenesis-related genes (namely *RBM1*, *DFFRY* and *DBY*).

Five Multiplex Master Mixes, with a total of 20 characterized Y-specific primer pairs, are included. Four of the multiplex primer sets contain a control primer pair that amplifies a fragment of the X-linked *SMCX* locus. One of the multiplex primer sets (Multiplex E Master Mix) contains a control primer pair that amplifies a unique region in both male and female DNA (ZFX/ZFY). Finally, a primer pair that amplifies a region of the SRY gene has been included in Multiplex E Master Mix as a control for the testis-determining factor on the short arm of the Y chromosome to detect XX males arising from Y to X translocations.

The Multiplex Master Mixes are designed to facilitate the simultaneous amplification of several different regions of the Y chromosome. The amplification products (83–496bp) of the five multiplex PCR amplifications can be clearly separated by agarose gel electrophoresis and visualized by ethidium bromide staining.

Failure to amplify specific regions of the Y chromosome is indicative of Y chromosome deletions in the test sample. The size control ladder provided minimizes analysis time and the possibility of misinterpreting molecular weight of amplification products.

Features:

- Ease of Use: Premixed Multiplex Master Mixes contain 20 primer pairs, including internal controls providing a standardized panel of results requiring no user optimization.
- More Robust Reactions: Improved formulation and use of GoTaq[®] DNA Polymerase minimizes dropouts.
- Flexibility: Amplify genomic DNA purified using various methods and with a PE480 (oil overlay) or PE9600/9700 (non-oil overlay) thermal cycler.
- Complete System: All required reagents are provided in the kit.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| Primer Sets in the Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System. | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Multiplex | Locus/ STS 1 | Locus/ STS 2 | Locus/ STS 3 | Locus/ STS 4 | Locus/ STS 5 |
| Master Mix A | <i>DAZ/</i> SY254 | DYS240/ SY157 | DYS271/ SY81 | DYS221/ SY130 | <i>KAL-Y/</i> SY182 |
| Master Mix B | SMCY/ SYPR3 | DYS218/ SY127 | <i>DAZ/</i> SY242 | | DAZ/ SY208 |
| Master Mix C | DYS219/ SY128 | DYS212/ SY121 | DYF51S1/ SY145 | <i>DAZ/</i> SY255 | |
| Master Mix D | DYS236/ SY152 | DYS223/ SY133 | | DYS215/ SY124 | |
| Master Mix E | SRY/ SY14 | DYS224/ SY134 | DYS148/ SY86 | DYS273/ SY84 | ZFX1/ ZFY |

CE-Marked In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device—Y Chromosome AZF Analysis

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System | 25 reactions MD1631 |

Description: The Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System complies with EU Directive 98/79/EC on in vitro diagnostic medical devices. The Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System provides a multiplex PCR-based method to analyze the integrity of the human Y chromosome AZF region. The Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System is to be used as part of a diagnostic workup to characterize male infertility. This information is potentially useful for patients considering in vitro fertilization because deletions in the AZF region of the Y chromosome are passed on to male offspring produced by in vitro fertilization, resulting in infertility

The Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System consists of 20 primer pairs that are homologous to previously identified and mapped sequence-tagged sites (STS). These primers will amplify nonpolymorphic short DNA segments from the AZF region of the Y chromosome, covering AZFa, AZFb, AZFc, proximal AZFc/AZFd (including DAZ, KALY and SMCY) and flanking loci for other key spermatogenesis-related genes (RBM1, DFFRY and DBY). The Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System is fully compliant with European Molecular Genetics Quality Network (EMQN) recommendations.

The primers have been combined into five Multiplex Master Mix sets (A–E) for use in multiplex PCR. This makes it possible to analyze all 20 STS by performing five concurrent PCR amplifications.

Features:

- Compliant with EU Directive 98/79/EC: Y Chromosome AZF Analysis
 System is labeled as an in vitro diagnostic medical device and bears the CE
 Mark.
- State-of-the-Art Detection of First Choice STS: Primer pairs are compliant with current EMQN recommendations and include primer pairs to amplify SRY.
- Single Amplification: Saves time and labor with simultaneous amplification of 5 multiplex reactions, which analyzes the extent of Y chromosome integrity.
- Complete System: Optimized premixed Multiplex Master Mixes, including control primers to test for PCR amplification, provide a standardized panel of results.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.



Available in the Helix[®] on-site stocking system

Life Science Catalog 2014

Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system



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| | | |

stocking system

Hot-Start PCR

[®] GoTaq[®] G2 Hot Start Polymerase **[™]**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------------|-------|--|
| GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase | 100 u | M7401 | |
| | 500 u | M7405 | |
| | 2,500 u | M7406 | |
| | 10,000 u | M7408 | |
| GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Green Master Mix | 100 reactions | M7422 | |
| | 1,000 reactions | M7423 | |
| GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Colorless Master Mix | 100 reactions | M7432 | |
| | 1,000 reactions | M7433 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: GoTaq[®] G2 Polymerase is the second generation of GoTaq[®] products. The enzyme comes in a variety of formats designed to provide maximum flexibility, control and convenience.

For superior convenience and improved yield, sensitivity and specificity, choose GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase, which is bound to a proprietary antibody that blocks activity. Activity is restored during initial denaturation, allowing hot-start PCR. Available as a master mix or standalone enzyme.

GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase is supplied with 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer, 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and 25mM MgCl2. The high-performance GoTaq® G2 DNA Polymerase is bound to a proprietary antibody that blocks polymerase activity. Polymerase activity is restored during the initial denaturation step, when amplification reactions are heated at 94–95°C for 2 minutes, allowing hot-start PCR in which polymerase activity is inhibited at temperatures below 70°C for convenient, room-temperature reaction setup. Hot-start PCR is advantageous for some amplification targets because it may eliminate or minimize primer-dimer and nonspecific products. In some cases, hot-start PCR may improve yields. GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase exhibits $5'\rightarrow 3'$ exonuclease activity.

The **GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Master Mixes** are ready-to-use mixes containing all necessary PCR components (GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase, buffer, dNTPs and optimized magnesium)—researcher only needs to add primer and template and go!

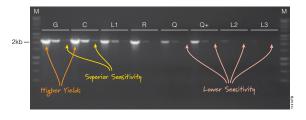
The GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Green Master Mix also contains a gel loading dye to facilitate downstream gel analysis. The GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Colorless Master Mix contains no gel loading dye for use when downstream applications require fluorescence or absorbance readings without purification.

Features:

Robust reliable PCR for all your amplification needs.

- Simplify reaction setup and save time with a ready-to-use master mix.
- · Prepare your reaction at room temperature, not on ice.
- Eliminate nonspecific amplification with hot-start enzyme.
- Use at no risk—backed by our PCR Satisfaction Guarantee.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C.



GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase exhibits higher yield and greater detection sensitivity than competitors. The 2.2kb APC target was amplified from decreasing amounts of input gDNA (33ng, 3.3ng and 330pg, left to right for each enzyme) using the GoTaq® G2 Hot Start Polymerase with Green (G) and Colorless (C) buffers and the leading competitors' enzymes (L1, R, Q, Q+, L2 and L3) according to manufacturers' recommendations.

∞ GoTaq[®] Hot Start Polymerase ■■■

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---|-----------------------|
| GoTaq [®] Hot Start Polymerase | 100 u M5001 |
| | 500 u M5005 |
| | 2,500 u M5006 |
| | 10,000 u M5008 |
| GoTaq® Hot Start Green Master Mix | 100 reactions M5122 |
| | 1,000 reactions M5123 |
| GoTaq® Hot Start Colorless Master Mix | 100 reactions M5132 |
| | 1,000 reactions M5133 |

Description: GoTag[®] Hot Start Polymerase contains the high-performance GoTag® DNA Polymerase bound to a proprietary antibody that blocks polymerase activity. The polymerase activity is restored during the initial denaturation step when the amplification reactions are heated at 94-95°C for 2 minutes. This enables hot-start PCR, where polymerase activity is eliminated or minimized at temperatures below 70°C. GoTag® Hot Start Polymerase exhibits 5'→3' exonuclease activity. The system is supplied with the 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer, 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and a tube of 25mM MgCl₂, allowing optimization of the magnesium concentration in your reactions. The buffers contain a compound that increases sample density so that samples sink easily into wells of an agarose gel. The green buffer also contains two dyes (yellow and blue) that separate to allow easy monitoring during electrophoresis. Use the green reaction buffer for direct-to-gel analysis after amplification and the colorless reaction buffer for amplifications where the dyes may interfere with post-amplification analysis such as fluorescence or absorbance testing. GoTaq® Hot Start Master Mixes are premixed, ready-to-use solutions containing

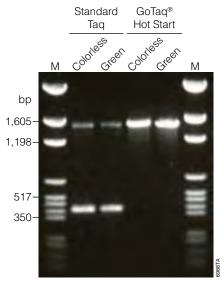
GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase, magnesium, dNTPs and buffer. Reactions can be set up in less than a minute at room temperature; simply add your template, water and primers. These mixes are available with either green or colorless reaction buffers, which also serve as loading buffers, allowing you to go directly from thermal cycler to gel analysis. GoTaq® Hot Start Master Mixes offer the specificity and sensitivity of an antibody-based hot-start polymerase in a convenient, easy-to-use, time-saving format.



Features:

- Enhanced Yield, Sensitivity and Specificity: The proven, robust amplification and sensitivity of GoTaq® DNA Polymerase now with built-in hot start to deliver even more superior results.
- Ease of Use: Set up your reaction at room temperature—no need to set up on ice.
- Higher Yield: Two-minute activation saves time and ensures maximum enzyme activity.
- Higher Specificity: Minimize nonspecific amplification and primer-dimers.
- Improved Productivity: Go directly from PCR to gel analysis. Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer serves as both reaction buffer and gel loading solution.
- Convenience: One tube, one pipetting step. Only add template and primers when using the master mixes.
- Optimization: Control the magnesium concentration in your reaction for specialized templates when using the standalone polymerase.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C.



Improve amplification of targets that require hot start using GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase. A 1.5kb fragment of a *Corynephage* omega gene that requires hot-start PCR was amplified from 500pg of plasmid DNA using either standard *Taq* or GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase in Green and Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Reaction Buffers. Use of GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase resulted in amplification of only the target 1.5kb fragment. Using standard *Taq* DNA Polymerase, a nonspecific 410bp product also was amplified.

Long PCR

[®] GoTaq[®] Long PCR Master Mix **[™]**

Product Size Cat.#

GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix 100 reactions M4021

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix contains the high-performance GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase in a specially formulated mixture with a proprietary thermostable proofreading polymerase. This optimized enzyme mixture allows efficient amplification of up to 40kb from lambda DNA or 30kb from human genomic DNA. The presence of a proofreading enzyme to repair DNA mismatches and a highly processive polymerase allows the polymerase to continue to elongate the DNA much further, resulting in longer DNA amplification. The optimized formulation of the GoTaq® Long PCR Master Mix components enables simple reaction setup and provides consistently efficient, accurate and

Features:

robust amplification of long DNA amplicons.

The proven robust amplification using GoTaq® DNA Polymerase is now available for long-range PCR (up to 30kb gDNA).

- **Easy:** Hot-start master mix for convenient handling and simple setup.
- **Enhanced:** Yield, sensitivity and specificity with optimized components.
- Accurate: Blend of thermostable DNA polymerases with enhanced processivity and proofreading.
- Confident: Control primer pair and human gDNA template to perform control reactions and test template quality.
- Efficient: Perfect for cloning genes, mutational analysis and DNA sequencing.

Storage Conditions: Upon arrival, store all components at -30° C to -10° C, protected from light. For immediate use, components may be stored at $2-8^{\circ}$ C, protected from light, for up to 3 months.



stocking system

stocking system

Routine PCR

⊙ GoTaq[®] G2 Polymerase ■■■■

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| GoTaq® G2 Flexi DNA Polymerase | 100 u | M7801 | |
| | 500 u | M7805 | |
| | 2,500 u | M7806 | |
| | 10,000 u | M7808 | |
| GoTaq® G2 DNA Polymerase | 100 u | M7841 | |
| | 500 u | M7845 | |
| | 2,500 u | M7848 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: GoTaq[®] G2 Polymerase is the second generation of GoTaq[®] products. The enzyme comes in a variety of formats designed to provide maximum flexibility, control and convenience.

For robust, routine PCR choose from a standalone enzyme and buffer system with or without magnesium.

GoTaq® G2 DNA Polymerase is supplied with 5X Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer and 5X Colorless GoTaq® Reaction Buffer. Both buffers contain $MgCl_2$ at a concentration of 7.5mM for a final concentration of 1.5mM in the 1X reaction.

GoTaq® G2 Flexi DNA Polymerase is supplied with 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Buffer and 25mM MgCl₂.

The GoTaq® G2 and Flexi DNA Polymerases are supplied in a proprietary formulation containing 50% glycerol with buffers designed for enhanced amplification. The enzyme is a full-length form of Taq DNA polymerase that exhibits $5 \rightarrow 3$ exonuclease activity.

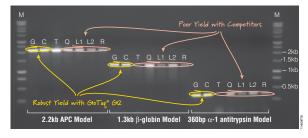
The 5X Green GoTaq® Reaction and Flexi Buffers contain two dyes (blue and yellow) that separate during electrophoresis to indicate migration progress. The colorless buffer is used when direct fluorescence or absorbance readings are required without prior purification of the amplified DNA from the PCR.

Features:

Robust, Reliable Amplification

- · Direct-to-gel amplification buffer.
- Two buffer systems available to match your needs:
- Reaction buffer with MgCl₂ to simplify reaction setup.
- Flexi buffer and separate MgCl₂ to enable optimization.
- No risk: Backed by the Promega PCR Satisfaction Guarantee.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30°C to -10°C.



GoTaq® G2 DNA Polymerase consistently produces high yields across multiple targets, while competitors' enzymes produce highly variable results. Three different targets were amplified with the GoTaq® G2 DNA Polymerase Green (G) and Colorless (C) buffers or competitor products (T, Q, L1, L2 and R) according to manufacturers' recommended protocols using 3.3ng of input human DNA.

○ GoTaq[®] Reaction Buffers and Magnesium Chloride

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|--------------|-------|
| 5X Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer | 20 ml | M7911 |
| 5X Colorless GoTaq® Reaction Buffer | 20 ml | M7921 |
| 5X Colorless GoTaq® Flexi Reaction Buffer | 20 ml | M8901 |
| 5X Green GoTaq® Flexi Reaction Buffer | 20 ml | M8911 |
| Magnesium Chloride Solution | 1.5 ml 25 mM | A3511 |
| | 25 ml 25 mM | A3513 |
| For Laboratory Use. | | |

Description: The 5X Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer contains two dyes (a blue dye and a yellow dye) that separate during electrophoresis to show migration progress. The buffer also contains a compound that increases sample density. This means that samples can be loaded directly onto gels without the need for loading dye. The blue dye migrates at the same rate as a 3–5kb DNA fragment in a 1% agarose gel. The yellow dye migrates at a rate faster than primers (<50bp) in a 1% agarose gel. The 5X Colorless GoTaq® Reaction Buffer has the same formulation as the 5X Green GoTaq® Reaction Buffer but does not contain dyes and is recommended for any applications where absorbance or fluorescence measurements are necessary prior to PCR cleanup. Both buffers are supplied at pH 8.5.

Cat.# M7911 and M7921 contain ${\rm MgCl_2}$ at a concentration of 7.5mM, giving a final concentration of 1.5mM in the 1X reaction. Cat.# M8901 and M8911 do not contain magnesium.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C.



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PCR Master Mix

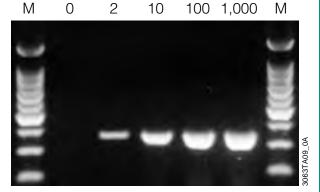
| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---------------------|---------------------------|
| PCR Master Mix | 10 reactions 2 X M7501 |
| | 100 reactions 2 X M7502 |
| | 1,000 reactions 2 X M7505 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: PCR Master Mix is a premixed, ready-to-use solution containing Taq DNA polymerase, dNTPs, MgCl₂ and reaction buffers at optimal concentrations for efficient amplification of DNA templates by PCR. The PCR Master Mix is optimized for use in routine PCR for amplifying DNA templates in the range of 0.2–2kb.

Features:

- Fast: Set up reactions in less than a minute.
- Sensitive: Amplify as little as 2 copies of target template.
- Convenient: One tube, one pipetting step.
- Complete: Reagents, including Taq DNA polymerase, MgCl₂, dNTPs and buffers, in one tube.
- Scalable: Set up 10µl, 25µl or 50µl reactions.
- Stable: Store at 4°C for up to 3 months.
- Performance Guaranteed: Promega PCR systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results.
 If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at $-20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$. PCR Master Mix can be stored at $4\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ for up to 3 months.



Template Copies per Reaction

Detection of low-copy-number templates using PCR Master Mix. Use of PCR Master Mix to detect low number of copies of the α -1-antitrypsin gene. PCR was performed on Human Genomic DNA (Cat.# G3041) using primers targeting a 360bp fragment of the α -1-antitrypsin gene (single copy per genome). Lane M, 100bp DNA Ladder (Cat.# G2101).



Tfl DNA Polymerase

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| Tfl DNA Polymerase | 100 u 5 u/μl M1941 |
| | 1,000 u 5 u/µl M1945 |
| For Laboratory Use | |

Description: *Tfl* DNA Polymerase is a thermostable enzyme of approximately 94kDa isolated from *Thermus flavus*. The enzyme replicates DNA at 74°C and exhibits a half-life of 40 minutes at 95°C. Tfl DNA Polymerase catalyzes the polymerization of nucleotides into duplex DNA in the $5'\rightarrow 3'$ direction in the presence of magnesium and the polymerization of nucleotides into DNA using an RNA template in the $5'\rightarrow 3'$ direction in the presence of manganese. The enzyme also possesses a 5'→3' exonuclease activity. *Tfl* DNA Polymerase is recommended for use in PCR and primer extension reactions at elevated

Tfl DNA Polymerase 10X Reaction Buffer: 200mM Tris-acetate (pH 8.9 at 25°C), 100mM ammonium sulfate.

Magnesium Sulfate: 25mM MgSO₄ Solution included.

Features:

- Flexibility: Provided with a 10X Reaction Buffer that does not contain magnesium. Sufficient 25mM MgSO₄ is provided separately to allow optimization of enzyme performance under different conditions.
- Performance Guarantee: Promega PCR systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results. If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Pfu DNA Polymerase

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|--------|-------|--|
| Pfu DNA Polymerase | 100 u 2– | 3 u/µl | M7741 | |
| | 500 u 2– | 3 u/µl | M7745 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: Pfu DNA Polymerase is a thermostable enzyme of approximately 90kDa isolated from *Pyrococcus furiosus*. The enzyme replicates DNA at 75°C, catalyzing the polymerization of nucleotides into duplex DNA in the $5'\rightarrow3'$ direction in the presence of magnesium. Pfu DNA Polymerase also possesses 3'→5' exonuclease (proofreading) activity. Base misinsertions that may occur during polymerization are rapidly excised by the proofreading activity of the polymerase. Consequently, Pfu DNA Polymerase is recommended for use in PCR and primer extension reactions that require high-fidelity synthesis. Pfu DNA Polymerase-generated PCR fragments are blunt-ended.

Pfu DNA Polymerase 10X Reaction Buffer with MgSO₄: 200mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.8 at 25°C), 100mM KCI, 100mM (NH₄)₂SO₄, 20mM MgSO₄, 1.0% Triton® X-100 and 1mg/ml nuclease-free BSA.

- . High Fidelity: Pfu DNA Polymerase exhibits the lowest error rate of any thermostable DNA polymerase.
- Complete: Provided with 10X buffer containing 20mM MgSO₄.
- **Performance Guarantee:** Promega PCR systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results. If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

PCR Nucleotide Mix

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| PCR Nucleotide Mix | 200 μl 10 mM C1141 |
| | 1,000 µl 10 mM C1145 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: High-quality deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) are critical for PCR success. The PCR Nucleotide Mix is a premixed solution containing the sodium salts of dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP, each at a concentration of 10mM in water at pH 7.5; the total concentration of nucleotides is 40mM. This solution is ready to use and is optimized for standard PCRs and specialty approaches including hot-start and reverse transcription PCR (RT-PCR). One microliter (1µI) is sufficient for amplification in a typical 50µI reaction volume.

- Optimized and Pretested in PCR: Equimolar amounts of each dNTP ensure optimal PCR.
- Convenient: Add 1µl for 50µl PCR.
- Easy to Use: Reduced pipetting steps contribute to ease of use and reduce the risk of contamination.
- Performance Guaranteed: Promega PCR systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results. If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.

Odntp Mix



| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| dNTP Mix | 200 μl 10 mM U1511 |
| | 1,000 µl 10 mM U1515 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: dNTP Mix is a premixed solution containing sodium salts of dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP, each at 10mM in water at pH 7.5; the total concentration of nucleotides is 40mM. One microliter of the dNTP Mix in a 50µl reaction will give a final dNTP concentration of 200µM for each dNTP.

Features:

- **High Purity:** dNTPs are >98% pure.
- Ease of Use: Reduced pipetting steps contribute to ease of use and reduce the risk of contamination.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.



Deoxynucleotide Triphosphates (dNTPs)

1000

| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| dATP | 25 μmol 100 mM U1205 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM U1201 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM U1202 |
| dGTP | 25 μmol 100 mM U1215 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM U1211 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM U1212 |
| dCTP | 25 μmol 100 mM U1225 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM U1221 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM U1222 |
| dTTP | 25 μmol 100 mM U1235 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM U1231 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM U1232 |
| Set of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP | 10μmol each 100 mM U1330 |
| | 25 µmol each 100 mM U1420 |
| | 40μmol each 100 mM U1240 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM U1410 |
| For Laboratory Use. | |

Description: High-quality deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) are critical for the success of many key procedures such as cDNA synthesis, sequencing and labeling. Promega dNTPs have greater than 99% triphosphate content and are provided at a concentration of 100mM in water at pH 7.5.

Features:

- Dependable: PCR-tested deoxynucleotides ensure optimal performance with all Promega amplification enzymes.
- Consistent: dNTPs are >99% pure, allowing highly consistent results.
- Convenient: Supplied at a convenient concentration (100mM in water) for ease of use in PCR and other applications.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.

PCR Amplifications From Each Size of Individual dNTPs.

Each catalog number supplies each individual dNTP at 100mM. Reactions are based on $200\mu M$ each dNTP in a $50\mu I$ reaction.

| Cat.# | Quantity | Volume | Reactions |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| U1330, U1335 | 10 µmol each | 100 µl each | 1,000 |
| U1420 | 25 µmol each | 250 µl each | 2,500 |
| U1240, U1245 | 40 µmol each | 400 µl each | 4,000 |
| U1410 | 200 µmol each | $2 \times 1,000 \mu l$ each | 20,000 |
| | | | |

Deoxyuridine Triphosphate (dUTP)

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--|
| dUTP | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1191 | |
| Set of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dUTP | 10µmol each 100 mM | U1335 | |
| | 40µmol each 100 mM | U1245 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: High-quality deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) are critical for the success of many key procedures such as cDNA synthesis, sequencing and labeling. Promega dNTPs have greater than 98% triphosphate content and are provided at a concentration of 100mM in water at pH 7.5.

dUTP (2'-Deoxyuridine, 5'-triphosphate) can be used in place of dTTP in PCR and RT-PCR protocols to prevent carryover from previous amplifications. The substitution of dUTP for dTTP in PCR results in uracil-containing PCR products that are suitable for most standard applications. The enzyme uracil-N-glyco-sylase (UNG, also referred to as UDG) can be added to a PCR premix to excise uracil from any contaminating PCR product, thereby preventing false positives. Each lot of dUTP is function-tested to ensure specific DNA amplification and the absence of nuclease activity.

Features:

- **Dependable:** PCR-tested deoxynucleotides ensure optimal performance with all Promega amplification enzymes.
- Consistent: dUTP is ≥98% pure, allowing highly consistent results.
- Convenient: Supplied at a convenient concentration (100mM in water) for ease of use in PCR and other applications.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20° C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.



stocking system

qPCR and RT-qPCR

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-----------------|-------|
| GoTaq® Probe qPCR Master Mix | 200 reactions | A6101 |
| | 1,000 reactions | A6102 |
| GoTaq® Probe 2-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 reactions | A6110 |
| GoTaq® Probe 1-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 reactions | A6120 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The **GoTaq® Probe qPCR Master Mix** is optimized for quantitative PCR assays in the hydrolysis probe detection format. The mix is provided as a ready-to-use, stabilized 2X formulation that includes all components for qPCR (except template, primers and probe). This master mix does not contain a reference dye; however, a separate tube of carboxy-X-rhodamine (CXR) reference dye is included with this system, allowing users to add reference dye to amplification reactions if desired.

The GoTaq[®] Probe qPCR Master Mix provides resistance to a wide range of PCR inhibitors. This formulation uses antibody-mediated hot-start chemistry, allowing reaction setup to be performed at room temperature. The master mix also employs rapid hot-start activation and processive enzymes, making it compatible with both standard and fast instrument cycling programs.

The GoTaq® Probe 2-Step RT-qPCR System is optimized for quantitative PCR assays in the hydrolysis probe detection format. The system protocol facilitates detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels via a two-step RT-qPCR method using integrated components:

- GoScript™ Reverse Transcription System
- GoTag[®] Probe qPCR Master Mix

The GoScript™ Reverse Transcription System includes an optimized reaction buffer and reverse transcriptase that enable efficient synthesis of first-strand cDNA in preparation for PCR amplification. The cDNA product may be added directly to downstream qPCR amplifications.

The **GoTaq® Probe 1-Step RT-qPCR System** is optimized for quantitative PCR assays in the hydrolysis probe detection format. The system enables detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels using a one-step RT-qPCR method, combining GoScriptTM Reverse Transcriptase and GoTaq® Probe qPCR Master Mix in single-step real-time amplification reactions.

The GoScriptTM RT Mix for 1-Step RT-qPCR (50X) combines optimized amounts of GoScriptTM Reverse Transcriptase, RNasin[®] Plus RNase Inhibitor, dUTP and additives to enhance single-step reactions.

Features:

- Superior Performance: Sensitive detection on any real-time instrument.
- Enhanced Stability: Exceptional room-temperature setup makes the system suitable for automation and high-throughput detection.
- Versatility: Compatible with both fast and standard cycling methods.
- Confidence: Backed by the Promega PCR Performance Guarantee.

Storage Conditions: Store all components between -30° C and -10° C. Protect components from light at all times. For best results, mix thawed solutions gently to minimize aeration and foaming, and keep on ice. For short-term storage and frequent use, the GoTaq® Probe qPCR Master Mix 2X may be kept at 2–8°C for up to 3 months if protected from light.

GoTaq® Real-Time qPCR and RT-qPCR Systems for Dye-Based Detection

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--|-------|--|
| GoTaq® qPCR Master Mix | $200 \times 50 \mu I$ reactions | A6001 | |
| | 1,000 × 50µl reactions | A6002 | |
| GoTaq [®] 1-Step RT-qPCR System | 200 × 50μl reactions | A6020 | |
| GoTaq® 2-Step RT-qPCR System | 50 × 20µl RT reactions + 200 × 50µl qPCR reactions | A6010 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| CXR Reference Dye | 100 µl | C5411 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use | se in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The **GoTaq® qPCR Master Mix** is a ready-to-use 2X master mix for use in real-time quantitative PCR (qPCR and RT-qPCR). The system contains BRYT Green® dye, a novel fluorescent DNA-binding dye with minimal PCR inhibition for maximum PCR efficiency and greater fluorescence enhancement upon binding to double-stranded DNA (dsDNA) than SYBR® Green I. Containing the GoTaq® Hot Start Polymerase, optimized buffer and proprietary dye, the GoTaq® qPCR Master Mix provides robust real-time PCR with earlier quantification cycle values and broad range detection for increased reliability, reproducibility and sensitivity.

The GoTaq® 2-Step RT-qPCR System is a reagent system for quantitative analysis of RNA using a two-step reverse transcription-quantitative PCR (RT-qPCR) protocol. The components and protocol allow robust, reliable cDNA synthesis of a full range of rare and abundant transcripts, even in the presence of inhibitors, using the GoScript™ Reverse Transcription System and quantification using the GoTaq® qPCR Master Mix.

The GoTaq® 1-Step RT-qPCR System is a reagent system for quantitative analysis of RNA using a one-step reverse transcription-quantitative PCR (RT-qPCR) protocol in a single tube. The BRYT Green® Fluorescent Dye and optimized buffer formulations improve data accuracy and sensitivity with low-level targets.

Features:

- Brighter Signal: Sensitive detection for earlier quantitation of low- and high-copy-number targets.
- Enhanced Stability: Exceptional room-temperature setup makes the systems suitable for automation and high-throughput detection.
- Versatility: Compatibility with both fast and standard qPCR cycling methods.
- Robustness: High-efficiency, full-length cDNA synthesis in the presence of inhibitors.
- Confidence: Backed by the Promega PCR Performance Guarantee.

Storage Conditions: Upon arrival, store all components at -30°C to -10°C, protected from light. For immediate use, components may be stored at 2–8°C, protected from light, for up to 3 months.



MOPS/EDTA Buffer

| Size | Cat.# |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 200 reactions | A4031 |
| 200 reactions | A4041 |
| 200 reactions | A4061 |
| | 200 reactions 200 reactions |

A4011, A4021, A4051 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Plexor® qPCR and qRT-PCR Systems

Description: The Plexor® qPCR and qRT-PCR Systems are multiplex-capable real-time amplification systems using novel base pair chemistry. Each target is measured directly during the amplification process and not through a secondary reaction. Plexor® reactions require only two primers for each target.

The Plexor® Systems work by measuring a reduction in fluorescent signal during amplification. Amplification uses only two primers, one of which contains both a fluorescent tag and modified base. As amplification proceeds, fluorescence is reduced by site-specific incorporation of a fluorescent quencher inserted opposite the complementary modified base. The quencher is in close proximity to a fluorescent dye located on the end of the primer, resulting in a reduction in fluorescent signal. After PCR, a melt analysis can be performed to provide an internal control for the final assay design or to expedite troubleshooting during development. The system also includes a proprietary reagent to minimize primer-dimer formation.

Features:

- . Simplify Multiplex Performance: Only two primers are required for each target, making the design of multiplex assays much easier.
- · Improve Productivity: Less labor, less time and less cost per assay. Measure controls and targets at the same time in the same well.
- Enjoy Convenience: The master mix format provides everything you need in one tube. Combine with your template and primers.
- Obtain Strong Data: Plexor® Systems measure a reduction in fluorescent signal during amplification. Quenching is directly proportional to amplicon accumulation. After amplification, a melt analysis can be performed to provide an internal control for specificity.
- Use Your Existing Real-Time Instruments: Plexor® technology works on most currently available real-time instruments capable of measuring more than one fluor. The free Plexor® Analysis Software allows users to import and analyze data from their preferred instrument platform. For an up-to-date list of supported instruments, visit the Plexor® Resources page at: www.promega.com/products/pm/plexor-resources/
- Perform Three Simple Steps to Use Plexor® Systems: Step 1. Design Your Assay: Choose your primer sets, then order from your preferred oligo provider.

Step 2. Run the Assay: Instruction manuals are available for a wide variety of real-time instruments including those from Applied Biosystems and Roche.

Step 3. Analyze Your Data: Export the raw data from your real-time instrument, then import into the free Plexor® Analysis Software. The Plexor® software converts the quenching data into cycle threshold (C_t) values and generates standard curves.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

| MOPS/EDTA Buffer | 3 × 10 ml Y5101 |
|---|-----------------|
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. |
| Description: MOPS/EDTA Buffer is provided in the provided in | |

Systems. It is critical that this MOPS/EDTA Buffer be used with the Iso-dCcontaining primers used in the Plexor® Systems, as these primers are sensitive to pH below 7.0.

Storage Conditions: Store at any temperature.

StemElite® Gene Expression System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------|--|
| StemElite® Gene Expression System | 100 qPCR reactions | B1001 | |
| StemElite® Gene Expression System Plus | 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT reactions | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. N | ot for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The StemElite® Gene Expression System is a novel real-time quantitative PCR (qPCR) system for the detection and relative quantification of

RNA expression levels associated with the differentiation state or 'potency' of cells. The StemElite® Gene Expression System is optimized to quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex, enabling the user to amplify a transcript of interest as well as a reference gene in a single reaction.

Features:

- · Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- · Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH or Actb).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



StemElite® Human Pluripotent Transcripts

dille

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| StemElite® NANOG/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1011 | |
| StemElite® SOX2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1021 | |
| StemElite® POU5F1/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1031 | |
| StemElite® LIN28/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1041 | |
| StemElite® KLF4/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1051 | |
| StemElite® MYC/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1061 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT Expression System Plus | reactions | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: NANOG, SOX2, POU5F1, LIN28, KLF4 and MYC are functionally associated with maintenance of the undifferentiated human embryonic stem cell.

Features

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH)
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Human Heart-Associated Transcripts

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------|-------|--|
| StemElite® NPPA/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1071 | |
| StemElite® MYL7/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1081 | |
| StemElite® MYL2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1091 | |
| StemElite® MYH6/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1101 | |
| StemElite® MYH7/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1111 | |
| StemElite® NKX2-5/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1121 | |
| StemElite® TNNT2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1131 | |
| StemElite® TNNI3/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1141 | |
| StemElite® MEF2C/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1151 | |
| StemElite® PLN/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1161 | |
| StemElite® GATA4/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1171 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT re | actions | B1002 | |
| Expression System Plus | | | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. NPPA, MYL7, MYL2, MYH6, MYH7, NKX2-5, TNNT2, TNNI3, MEF2C, PLN and GATA4 are mesodermal markers associated with differentiation of cardiac muscle.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



StemElite® Human Pancreatic-Associated Transcripts

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| StemElite® HNF4A/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1301 | |
| StemElite® HNF1B/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1311 | |
| StemElite® PDX1/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1321 | |
| StemElite® INS/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1331 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 Expression System Plus | RT reactions | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedu | res. | | |

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. HNF4A, HNF1B, PDX1 and INS are mesodermal markers associated with differentiation of pancreatic cells.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Differentiation-Associated Transcripts

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| StemElite® FOXA2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1341 | |
| StemElite® SOX17/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1351 | |
| StemElite® GATA6/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1361 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT Expression System Plus | reactions | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. FOXA2, SOX17 and GATA6 are nonspecific differentiation markers.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Mouse Pluripotent Transcripts

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| StemElite® Mus-Nanog/Actb | Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1371 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Sox2/Actb P | rimer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1381 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Pou5f1/Actb | Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1391 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Lin28/Actb F | rimer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1401 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Klf4/Actb Pri | mer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1411 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Myc/Actb Pr | imer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1421 | |
| Available Separately | | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 c Expression System Plus | PCR reactions + 50 RT | reactions | B1002 | |
| For Decearch Lice Only Not for Lic | o in Diognostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Mus-Nanog, Mus-Sox2, Mus-Pou5f1, Mus-Lin28, Mus-Klf4 and Mus-Myc are functionally associated with maintenance of the undifferentiated mouse embryonic stem cell.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (Actb).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Section Contents

RT-PCR

[®]GoScript[™] Reverse Transcription System

Miller

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------------|-------|---------|
| GoScript [™] Reverse Transcription System | 50 reactions | A5000 | |
| | 100 reactions | A5001 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase | 100 reactions | A5003 | |
| | 500 reactions | A5004 | |
| AEOOO AEOO1 For Descarch Lies Only Not for Lies in | Diameratic Description | 45000 | AE004 E |

A5000, A5001 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A5003, A5004 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The GoScript™ Reverse Transcription System includes a reverse transcriptase and a specialized set of reagents for efficient synthesis of first-strand cDNA optimized for quantitative PCR amplification. GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase uses M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase and state-of-the-art buffer technology to deliver robust, reliable cDNA synthesis of a full range of rare and abundant transcripts, even in the presence of inhibitors. GoScript™ Reverse Transcriptase is qualified for use in qPCR, including GoTaq® qPCR and Plexor® RT-qPCR systems.

Features:

- Ultra-Active: Save money on every reaction.
- . Sensitive: Detect rare transcripts.
- Processive: Transcribe long messages.
- Resilient: Synthesize cDNA in the presence of strong inhibitors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------|----------|-----------|
| ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcription System | 100 reactions | A3800 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcriptase | 10 reactions | A3801 | |
| | 100 reactions | A3802 | |
| | 500 reactions | A3803 | |
| A2900 For Pagazeh Ilea Only Not for Ilea in Diagnos | tio Propoduros A20 | N1 A20N2 | 12002 For |

A3800 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A3801, A3802, A3803 For Laboratory Use.

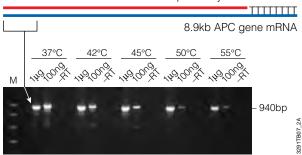
Description: The ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcription System produces efficient, robust synthesis of first-strand cDNA in preparation for PCR amplification. The components of the ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcription System can be used to reverse transcribe RNA templates starting with total RNA, poly(A)+ mRNA or synthetic transcript RNA. The optimized reaction buffer and powerful ImProm-II™ Reverse Transcriptase provided in the ImProm-II™ System together enable robust, full-length cDNA synthesis for the reproducible analysis of rare or long messages. The cDNA synthesis conditions were formulated for standalone applications or for easy transition to gene-specific target amplification. The reverse transcription reaction (1–20µl) can be amplified directly using *Taq* DNA polymerase in coupled or uncoupled PCR.

Features:

- Amenable to Full-Length RT-PCR: Reverse transcribe long RNA templates up to 8.9kb.
- Microarray-Compatible: May be used to incorporate regular, Cy®3-modified, Cy®5-modified and amino-allyl-modified nucleotides.
- Easy to Use: Kit format provides all reagents necessary for efficient reverse transcription.
- Scalable and Flexible: 1–20µl of the initial reverse transcription reaction may be used in subsequent PCR, and the optimized buffer allows coupled RT-PCR.
- RT Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: 250mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 375mM KCl and 50mM DTT. A 25mM MgCl₂ Solution also is included.
- Versatile: Use with your thermostable DNA polymerase of choice.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Store Positive Control RNA at -70°C.

First-strand cDNA completed by ImProm-II™ RT



Full-length cDNA synthesis of 8.9kb template over a range of temperatures using the ImProm-IITM Reverse Transcription System as demonstrated by selective amplification of terminal 3' sequences in two-step RT-PCR. Entire 8.9kb message must be reverse transcribed by the ImProm-IITM RT from the oligo(dT) primer to amplify the terminal 940bp sequence. Message was amplified from either 1µg or 100ng of total RNA. Control reactions without the reverse transcriptase are shown (–RT) as well. The protocol is available in the ImProm-IITM Reverse Transcription System Technical Manual, #TM236.

A. Cy®3 Incorporation

ImProm-II™ RT SuperScript® II RT



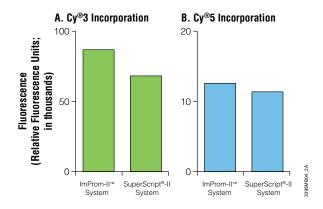
B. Cy®5 Incorporation

ImProm-II™ RT

SuperScript® II RT



Incorporation studies of fluorescently labeled nucleotides. ImProm-IITM Reverse Transcription System allows high-efficiency incorporation of Cy®3 and Cy®5 fluorescent nucleotides. This demonstrates fluorescent nucleotide incorporation by ImProm-IITM RT vs. SuperScript® II RT using a 1.2kb kanamycin transcript as template. A single fluorescent band was produced and visualized using an FMBIO® II Fluorescence Imaging System.



Relative Cy®3 and Cy®5 nucleotide incorporation by ImProm-IITM Reverse Transcription System compared to Superscript® II First Strand Synthesis System. Results with Cy®3 dUTP (Panel A) and Cy®5 dUTP (Panel B) incorporation are reported. Panels A and B correspond to Panels A and B in the figure above.

Reverse Transcription System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| Reverse Transcription System | 100 reactions | A3500 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Magnesium Chloride Solution | 1.5 ml 25 mM | A3511 | |
| Reverse Transcription 10X Buffer | 1.4 ml | A3561 | |

A3500 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. A3511, A3561 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The Reverse Transcription System provides reagents to efficiently reverse transcribe RNA into cDNA in 15 minutes. The cDNA prepared from each reaction using this system may be used directly in multiple PCR amplifications using *Taq* DNA polymerase. The AMV Reverse Transcriptase synthesizes single-stranded cDNA from total or poly(A)+ RNA. Both Oligo(dT)₁₅ and Random Primers are included, allowing cDNA synthesis from virtually any RNA source. The system contains sufficient reagents for 100 cDNA synthesis reactions, processing 1µg of RNA per reaction. Each cDNA synthesis reaction may be divided and used in up to 20 separate PCR amplifications. A polyadenylated 1.2kb RNA transcript is provided as a control template for cDNA synthesis.

Features:

- Speed: Efficiently reverse transcribe poly(A)+ mRNA or total RNA in 15 minutes.
- Convenience: PCR-compatible components are provided in optimized volumes for 100 reactions.
- Positive Controls: A polyadenylated RNA transcript is provided to help troubleshoot RT-PCR parameters.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Store Positive Control RNA at -70°C.



Helix® on-site

stocking system

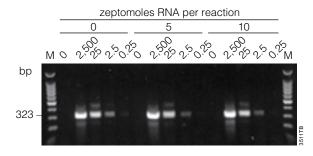
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| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|---------------|-------|
| AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System | 20 reactions | A1701 |
| | 100 reactions | A1702 |
| | 500 reactions | A1703 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proces | dures. | |

Description: The AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System is an easy and convenient master mix system for setting up one-tube RT-PCR. The system simplifies RT-PCR by combining the following components in a single tube: *TfI* DNA Polymerase, dNTPs, magnesium sulfate and reaction buffer. The AMV RT enzyme is provided in a separate tube to allow important no-RT control reactions. The AccessQuick™ Master Mix is simply added to RNA templates in reaction vials, followed by the AMV RT, primers and water. The AccessQuick™ RT-PCR Master Mix is intended for routine RT-PCR applications that have been previously optimized and do not require extreme conditions.

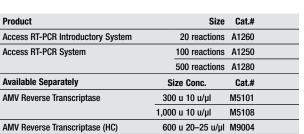
Features:

- Maximum Convenience: Save yourself four pipetting steps. Simply combine the AccessQuick™ Master Mix, AMV RT, your gene-specific primers, your RNA template and water. Separate AMV RT allows important no-RT control reactions.
- Less Template: Amplify from zeptomole (10⁻²¹mol) levels of RNA.
- No Buffer Additions Required: Set up reactions in a single tube, place in the thermal cycler, come back later for results—no additions between the reverse transcription and DNA amplification steps.
- **Stability:** System components are stable over many freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage Conditions:** Store all system components at -20°C.



Stability of AccessQuick™ Master Mix through multiple freeze-thaw events. Rapid freeze-thaw events were performed 0, 5 and 10 times by removing a sample of the AccessQuick™ Master Mix from −70°C storage and placing it in a 50°C heat block. After 5 cycles, and again after 10 cycles, we added AMV RT, primers and RNA. All samples were used in RT-PCR reactions to amplify a 323bp fragment from the indicated amounts of the 1.2kb Kanamycin Positive Control RNA (Cat.# C1381) template. Lane M = 100bp DNA Ladder (Cat.# G2101).

Access RT-PCR System



A1260, A1250, A1280 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. M5101, M5108, M9004 For Laboratory Use.

Description: The Access RT-PCR System is designed for reverse transcription (RT) and PCR amplification of a specific target RNA from total RNA or mRNA. This one-tube, two-enzyme system provides sensitive, quick and reproducible analysis of even rare RNAs. The system uses AMV Reverse Transcriptase (AMV RT) from Avian Myeloblastosis Virus for first-strand DNA synthesis and thermostable *Tfl* DNA polymerase from *Thermus flavus* for second-strand cDNA synthesis and DNA amplification. The Access RT-PCR System includes an optimized single-buffer system that permits extremely sensitive detection of RNA transcripts without buffer additions between the reverse transcription and PCR amplification steps. This simplifies the procedure and reduces the potential for contamination. In addition, the improved performance of AMV Reverse Transcriptase at elevated temperatures in the AMV/*Tfl* 5X Reaction Buffer minimizes problems encountered with secondary structures in RNA.

Features:

- Maximum Control: Separate tubes of each component allow you to control every step of the reaction. You can optimize Mg²⁺ and perform no-reverse transcriptase control reactions.
- Less Template: Detect message from as little as 1pg of total RNA or mRNA
- No Buffer Additions Required: The AMV/Tfl 5X Reaction Buffer results in optimal enzyme activity without buffer additions between the reverse transcription and DNA amplification steps.
- Performance-Tested System: Promega PCR Systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results.
 If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.
- Flexible Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store all system components at -20° C. For long-term storage, the Positive Control RNA with Carrier must be stored at -70° C.



Access RT-PCR System Tfl DNA AccessQuick™ Polymerase RT-PCR System dNTPs AccessQuick™ Master Mix AMV/Tfl Buffer Separate AMV RT allows all-important no-RT control reaction MaSO AMV **AMV** Reverse Reverse **Transcriptase** Transcriptase Template Gene-specific RNA primers One-Step RT-PCR

| Features of Access and A | cessQuick™ RT-PCR Systems. |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------------|

| | Access RT-PCR System Maximum Control | AccessQuick TM RT-PCR System Maximum Convenience |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Components | Individual tubes of Tff DNA Polymerase, AMV RT, dNTPs and reaction buffer | Tff DNA Polymerase, dNTPs and reaction buffer combined in master mix. AMV RT in separate tube |
| Mg ²⁺ Concentration | Adjustable | 1.5mM |
| Controls Included | Yes | No |
| | | 9478LA |

AMV Reverse Transcriptase

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-------|--|
| AMV Reverse Transcriptase | 300 u 10 u/µl | M5101 | |
| | 1,000 u 10 u/µl | M5108 | |
| AMV Reverse Transcriptase (HC) | 600 u 20–25 u/µl | M9004 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: Avian Myeloblastosis Virus Reverse Transcriptase (AMV RT) catalyzes DNA polymerization using template DNA, RNA or RNA:DNA hybrids. The enzyme requires a primer (DNA primers are more efficient than RNA primers) as well as Mg²⁺ or Mn²⁺. The enzyme possesses an intrinsic RNase H activity. Both nonionic detergents and sulfhydryl compounds stabilize the enzyme activity in vitro.

Features:

- High Concentration: Cat.# M9004 contains 600 units of AMV RT at 20–25u/ul.
- **5X Reaction Buffer:** 250mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 250mM KCl, 50mM MgCl₂, 2.5mM spermidine, 50mM DTT.
- Temperature Stability: AMV RT is the preferred reverse transcriptase for templates with high secondary structure due to its stability at higher reaction temperatures (37–58°C).

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase



| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|
| M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase | 10,000 u 200 u/µl | M1701 | |
| | 50,000 u 200 u/μl | M1705 | |
| M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase Buffer Pack | 2 × 1 ml | M5313 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

Description: Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Reverse Transcriptase (M-MLV RT) is an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase that can be used in cDNA synthesis with long messenger RNA templates (>5kb). The enzyme is a product of the *pol* gene of M-MLV and consists of a single subunit with a molecular weight of 71kDa. The RNase H activity of M-MLV RT is weaker than the commonly used Avian Myeloblastosis Virus (AMV) reverse transcriptase.

Features:

- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: 250mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 375mM KCl, 15mM MgCl₂, 50mM DTT.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: M-MLV RT is inactivated by heating at 70°C for 10 minutes.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|--|
| M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus | 10,000 u 100–200 u/µl | M5301 | |
| For Decemb Hee Only Not for Hee in Discus- | notic Duccodures | | |

Description: Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus (M-MLV RT [H-]), is an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase that can be used in cDNA synthesis with long messenger RNA templates (>5kb). This form of M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase is genetically altered to remove the associated RNase H activity. Although many researchers are successful in using M-MLV RT (H+) for analytical and some preparative cDNA applications, reverse transcriptases lacking RNase H activity provide another option to prepare long cDNAs and libraries containing a high percentage of full-length cDNA.

- RNase H Minus: Provides optimal conditions to prepare full-length cDNA from long RNA templates.
- Provided with 5X Reaction Buffer: 250mM Tris-HCI (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 375mM KCl, 15mM MgCl₂, 50mM DTT.
- May Be Heat-Inactivated: M-MLV RT is inactivated by heating at 70°C for 10 minutes.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus, Point Mutant

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| M-MLV Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus, | 2,500 u | M3681 | |
| Point Mutant | 10,000 u | M3682 | |
| | 50,000 u | M3683 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedu | res. | | |

Description: Moloney Murine Leukemia Virus Reverse Transcriptase, RNase H Minus (M-MLV RT [H-]), Point Mutant, is an RNA-dependent DNA polymerase that can be used in cDNA synthesis with long RNA templates (>5kb). The lack of RNase H activity is beneficial for this application, as RNase H can start to degrade templates when incubation times are long, as they may be when synthesizing long cDNAs. Although many researchers are successful in using M-MLV RT (H+) for analytical and some preparative cDNA applications, reverse transcriptases lacking RNase H activity provide another option to prepare long cDNAs and libraries containing a high percentage of full-length cDNA.

- RNase H Minus: Provides optimal conditions to prepare full-length cDNA from long RNA templates.
- Temperature Stability: Thermostability of this point mutant prevents problems associated with secondary structure.
- Increased Polymerase Activity: M-MLV RT (H-), Point Mutant, gives higher yields of cDNA compared with the deletion mutant (Cat.# M5301).
- 5X Reaction Buffer: 250mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 375mM KCl. 15mM MgCl₂, 50mM DTT.
- Broad Working Range: More tolerance to variations in enzyme and substrate concentration means improved consistency in performance.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



| PERSONAL PROPERTY. |
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| |

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Tth DNA Polymerase | 100 u 5 u/μl | M2101 |
| | 500 u 5 u/μl | M2105 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: *Tth* DNA Polymerase is a thermostable enzyme of approximately 94kDa isolated from *Thermus thermophilus* HB-8. The enzyme replicates DNA at 74°C and exhibits a half-life of 20 minutes at 95°C. Tth DNA Polymerase catalyzes the polymerization of nucleotides into duplex DNA in the 5'→3' direction in the presence of magnesium and the polymerization of nucleotides into DNA using an RNA template in the 5'→3' direction in the presence of manganese. The enzyme also possesses a 5'→3' exonuclease activity. Tth DNA Polymerase is recommended for use in PCR, RT-PCR, reverse transcription and primer extension reactions at elevated temperatures.

10X Reverse Transcription Buffer: 100mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 900mM KCL

10X Chelate Buffer: 100mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3 at 25°C), 1M KCl, 7.5mM EGTA, 0.5% Tween® 20, 50% glycerol.

Thermophilic DNA Polymerase 10X Reaction Buffer: 500mM KCI, 100mM Tris-HCI (pH 9.0 at 25°C) and 1% Triton® X-100. Buffer is optimized for use with 0.2mM of each dNTP.

Manganese and Magnesium Chloride: 10mM MnCl₂ and 25mM MgCl₂ Solutions provided.

Features:

- Increased Specificity for RT-PCR: The ability to reverse transcribe at higher temperatures results in increased specificity of primer hybridization
- Minimized Secondary Structures: Higher temperature RT-PCR minimizes problems associated with strong secondary structures in RNA.
- Performance Guarantee: Promega PCR systems, enzymes and reagents are proven in PCR to ensure reliable, high-performance results. If you are not completely satisfied with any Promega PCR product, we will send a replacement or refund your account.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Deoxynucleotide Triphosphates (dNTPs)

dillo

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| dATP | 25 µmol 100 mM | U1205 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1201 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1202 |
| dGTP | 25 µmol 100 mM | U1215 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1211 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1212 |
| dCTP | 25 µmol 100 mM | U1225 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1221 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1222 |
| dTTP | 25 µmol 100 mM | U1235 |
| | 40 μmol 100 mM | U1231 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1232 |
| Set of dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP | 10 µmol each 100 mM | U1330 |
| | 25 µmol each 100 mM | U1420 |
| | 40 μmol each 100 mM | U1240 |
| | 200 μmol 100 mM | U1410 |
| For Laboratory Use. | | |

Description: High-quality deoxynucleotide triphosphates (dNTPs) are critical for the success of many key procedures such as cDNA synthesis, sequencing and labeling. Promega dNTPs have greater than 99% triphosphate content and are provided at a concentration of 100mM in water at pH 7.5.

Features:

- Dependable: PCR-tested deoxynucleotides ensure optimal performance with all Promega amplification enzymes.
- Consistent: dNTPs are >99% pure, allowing highly consistent results.
- Convenient: Supplied at a convenient concentration (100mM in water) for ease of use in PCR and other applications.
- Flexible: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -30° C to -10° C. Avoid exposure to frequent temperature changes.

PCR Amplifications From Each Size of Individual dNTPs.

Each catalog number supplies each individual dNTP at 100mM. Reactions are based on $200\mu M$ each dNTP in a $50\mu I$ reaction.

| Cat.# | Quantity | Volume | Reactions |
|--------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|
| U1330, U1335 | 10 µmol each | 100 µl each | 1,000 |
| U1420 | 25 µmol each | 250 µl each | 2,500 |
| U1240, U1245 | 40 µmol each | 400 µl each | 4,000 |
| U1410 | 200 µmol each | 2 × 1,000 μl each | 20,000 |
| | | | 0.4701.4 |

Product Size Cat.# rATP, rCTP, rGTP, rUTP, each at 10mM in separate 0.5 ml P1221 tubes rATP, 10mM 0.5 ml P1132 rCTP, 10mM 0.5 ml P1142 rGTP, 10mM 0.5 ml P1152 rUTP, 10mM 0.5 ml P1162 rATP, 100mM 400 µl E6011 rUTP, 100mM 400 µl E6021 rGTP, 100mM 400 µl E6031 rCTP, 100mM 400 µl E6041 rCTP, rATP, rUTP, rGTP, 100mM each 4 × 400 μl E6000 For Laboratory Use.

Ribonucleotide Triphosphates (rNTPs)

Description: Ribonucleotide triphosphates (rNTPs) are provided in individual tubes and qualified for use with the Riboprobe® and HeLaScribe® Systems. The rNTPs are supplied in nuclease-free water. Purity is verified by HPLC analysis.

Features:

 Pretested: rNTPs are tested for functionality with in vitro transcription reactions.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Universal RiboClone® cDNA Synthesis System

delica

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| Universal RiboClone® cDNA Synthesis System | 1 system | C4360 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Oligo(dT) ₁₅ Primer | 20 µg | C1101 | |
| Random Primers | 20 µg | C1181 | |
| Spin Columns | 10 each | C1281 | |
| EcoRI Adaptors | 150 pmol | C1291 | |
| 1.2kb Kanamycin Positive Control RNA | 5 μg | C1381 | |
| Sephacryl® S-400 | 10 ml | V3181 | |
| For Decearch Lice Only Not for Lice in Diagnostic Procedu | iroc | | |

Description: The Universal RiboClone® cDNA Synthesis System contains the reagents required for synthesis of double-stranded cDNA from mRNA and subsequent ligation into a suitable vector. The system is based on the method described by Okayama and Berg with modifications by Gubler and Hoffman. First-strand synthesis is driven by AMV (Avian Myeloblastosis Virus) Reverse Transcriptase and either Random Primers or Oligo(dT)₁₅ Primer, followed directly by second-strand replacement synthesis using RNase H and DNA Polymerase I. After treatment with T4 DNA Polymerase to flush the ends, the double-stranded cDNA molecules are prepared for cloning by size fractionation and addition of EcoRl Adaptors. The resulting cDNA preparation then can be

Features:

cloned into a suitable vector.

- Convenient: Contains all of the necessary reagents to synthesize doublestranded cDNA from RNA.
- Flexible: Both Oligo(dT)₁₅ Primer and Random Primers are included, providing the researcher a choice of priming methods.

Storage Conditions: Store control RNA at -70°C. Store Sephacryl[®] S-400 at 4°C and Spin Columns at room temperature. Store other components at -20°C.



stocking system

Section **Contents**

Table of

Contents

Oligonucleotides and Primers: cDNA Synthesis and Cloning

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|----------|-------|
| Oligo(dT) ₁₅ Primer | 20 µg | C1101 |
| Random Primers | 20 µg | C1181 |
| EcoRI Adaptors | 150 pmol | C1291 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | S. | |

Description: Oligo(dT)₁₅ Primer is suitable for use as a primer for firststrand cDNA synthesis with a reverse transcriptase. The primer hybridizes to the poly(A) tail of mRNA.

Random Primers can be used for first-strand cDNA synthesis and cloning: they are also available as components of the Universal Riboclone® cDNA Synthesis System (Cat.# C4360) and Reverse Transcription System (Cat.# A3500). The primers are random hexadeoxynucleotides.

The **EcoRI Adaptors** consist of two complementary oligonucleotides: a 16mer and a 12mer phosphorylated at the 5'-end. The oligonucleotides are provided annealed in equimolar concentrations in water. The EcoRI Adaptors attach EcoRI "sticky" ends to blunt-ended DNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

PCR Cloning

pGEM®-T Vector Systems

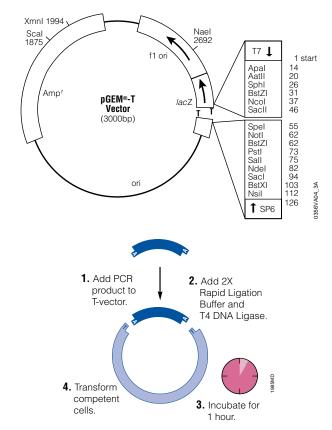
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-T Vector System I | 20 reactions | A3600 | |
| pGEM®-T Vector System II | 20 reactions | A3610 | |
| For Pagagrah Use Only Not for Use in Diagnost | io Brooduros | | |

Description: The pGEM®-T Vector Systems are convenient systems to clone PCR products. The pGEM®-T Vector is prepared by cutting the pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector with EcoRV and adding a 3' terminal thymidine to both ends. These single 3'-T overhangs at the insertion site greatly improve the ligation efficiency of a PCR product into the plasmid by preventing recircularization of the vector and providing a compatible overhang for ligation of PCR products generated by thermostable polymerases that add a single deoxyadenosine, in a templateindependent fashion, to the 3'-ends of amplified fragments.

The multiple cloning site is flanked by recognition sites for the restriction enzyme BstZI, allowing release of the insert by a single-enzyme digestion. Alternatively, a double digestion may be used to release the insert from the vector. The pGEM®-T Vector System II contains JM109 Competent Cells in addition to all of the pGEM®-T Vector System I components.

- Rapid Ligation: The 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer provided allows reactions to be completed in 1 hour at room temperature.
- Blue/White Screening: T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters flank a multiple cloning region within the α -peptide coding region for β -galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α -peptide allows recombinant clones to be directly identified by color screening on indicator plates.
- f1 Origin of Replication: Allows preparation of single-stranded DNA.

Storage Conditions: Store competent cells at -70°C; store all other components at -20°C.



The rapid ligation reaction reduces ligation time to just 60 minutes.

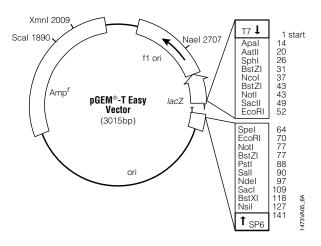
pGEM®-T Easy Vector Systems

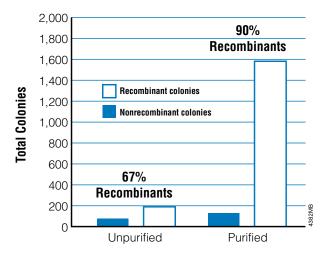
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------------|-------|
| pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I | 20 reactions | A1360 |
| pGEM®-T Easy Vector System II | 20 reactions | A1380 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | |

Description: The pGEM®-T Easy Vector Systems are convenient systems to clone PCR products. They offer all of the advantages of the pGEM®-T Vector Systems with the added convenience of recognition sites for EcoRI and NotI flanking the insertion site. Thus, several options exist to remove the desired insert DNA with a single restriction digestion. The pGEM®-T Easy Vector System II contains JM109 Competent Cells in addition to all of the pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I components.

Features:

- Flexibility: The multiple cloning site is flanked by restriction enzyme sites for BstZl, Notl and EcoRl, allowing three options to remove the insert with a single digest.
- Rapid Ligation: The 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer provided allows reactions to be completed in 1 hour at room temperature.
- Blue/White Screening: T7 and SP6 RNA polymerase promoters
 flank a multiple cloning region within the α-peptide coding region for
 β-galactosidase. Insertional inactivation of the α-peptide allows recombinant clones to be directly identified by color screening on indicator plates.
- **11 Origin of Replication:** Allows preparation of single-stranded DNA. **Storage Conditions:** Store competent cells at -70° C; store all other components at -20° C.





Purification of PCR products enhances cloning success. A 500bp PCR product was purified with the Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System and cloned into the pGEM®-T Easy Vector. Both the percent recombinants and total number of colonies increase with a pure PCR product. White bars represent recombinant colonies. Blue bars represent nonrecombinant colonies.



stocking system

▶ pTargeT[™] Mammalian Expression Vector System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| pTargeT [™] Mammalian Expression Vector System | 20 reactions | A1410 | |
| For December Hea Only Not for Hea in Diagnostic Dec | | | |

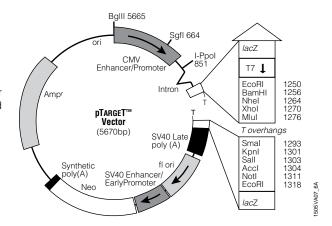
Description: The pTargeTTM Mammalian Expression Vector System is a convenient system for cloning PCR products and expressing cloned PCR products in mammalian cells. The vector is prepared by digestion with EcoRV followed by addition of a 3' terminal thymidine to each end. These single 3'-T overhangs at the insertion site greatly improve efficiency of ligation of a PCR product into the plasmid in two ways. First, the overhangs prevent recircularization of the vector; second, they provide a compatible overhang for PCR products generated by thermostable polymerases that add a single deoxyadenosine, in a template-independent fashion, to the 3'-ends of amplified fragments. The pTargeTTM Vector also contains a modified version of the coding sequence of the α-peptide of β-galactosidase, which allows recombinants to be selected using blue/white screening.

The pTargeTTM Vector carries the human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate-early enhancer/promoter region to promote constitutive expression of cloned DNA inserts in mammalian cells. This vector also contains the neomycin phosphotransferase gene, a selectable marker for mammalian cells. The pTargeTTM Vector can be used for transient expression or stable expression by selecting transfected cells with the antibiotic G-418.

Features:

- Simple PCR Cloning: "T" overhangs permit direct ligation of PCR products generated by thermostable enzymes such as Taq DNA polymerase.
- Strong, Constitutive Expression: The CMV enhancer/promoter region allows strong, constitutive expression in many cell types. In transgenic mice, expression of the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) gene under the regulation of the CMV enhancer/promoter was observed in 24 of the 28 tissues examined. The vector is maintained as an episome in cells expressing the SV40 large T antigen, leading to even higher levels of expression.
- Blue/White Screening: Allows easy identification of recombinant clones.
 A single digest removes the insert DNA.
- **Stable Transfectants:** Select for stable transfectants using the neomycin phosphotransferase gene.

Storage Conditions: Store competent cells at -70 °C; store all other components at -20 °C or -70 °C.



№ pTargeTTM Sequencing Primer

Product

pTargeT™ Sequencir For Research Use Only.

| | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------|--|
| ng Primer | 2 μg | Q4461 | |
| Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The pTargeT™ Sequencing Primer is designed for sequencing inserts cloned into the pTargeT™ Mammalian Expression Vector (Cat.# A1410). The sequencing primer hybridizes to the region of the *lacZ* gene at nucleotides 1367–1344 on the pTargeT™ Vector.

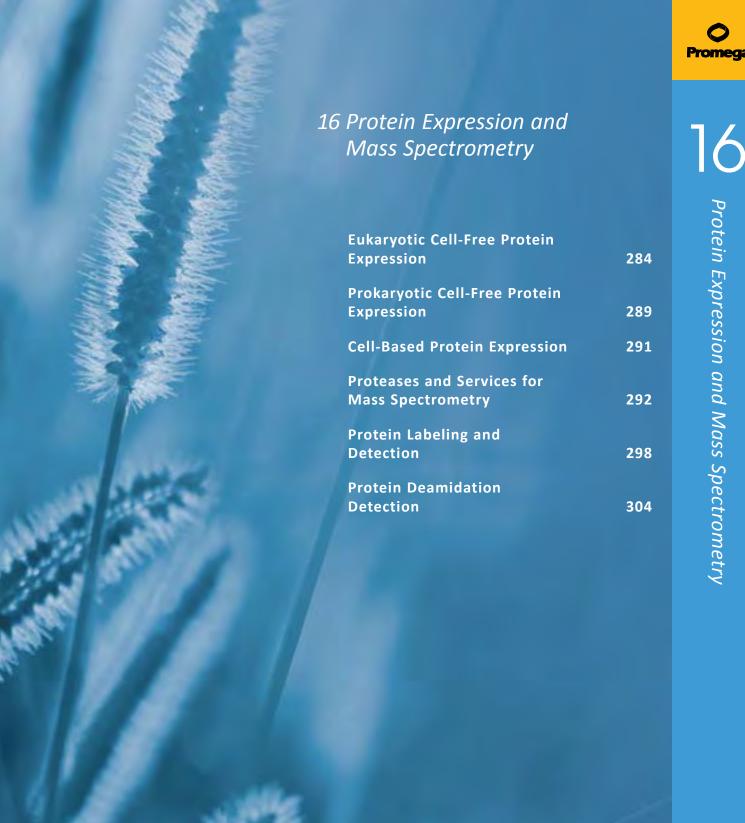
The primer can be used **only** for sequencing inserts cloned into the pTargeTTM Vector. The primer sequence is **not** a binding site for any RNA polymerases and **cannot** be used to generate in vitro transcripts.

The sequence of the pTargeTTM Sequencing Primer is 5'-d(TTACGCCAAGTTAT TTAGGTGACA)-3'.

The primer is supplied at a concentration of 10ng/µl (1.25pmol/µl) in sterile water

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Eukaryotic Cell-Free Protein Expression

● TNT® T7 Insect Cell Extract Protein Expression System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| T _N T® T7 Insect Cell Extract Protein Expression | 10 reactions | L1101 | |
| System | 40 reactions | L1102 | |
| pF25A ICE T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | L1061 | |
| pF25K ICE T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | L1081 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | ures | | |

Description: The TnT® T7 Insect Cell Extract Protein Expression System is a convenient, quick, single-tube, coupled transcription/translation system for the cell-free expression of proteins. Protein synthesis reactions are initiated by the addition of a DNA template, eliminating the need for the time-consuming process of in vitro RNA synthesis.

The extract is made from the commonly used *Spodoptera frugiperda* Sf21 cell line. All components necessary for the transcription/translation are present in the $T_N T^{\otimes}$ T7 ICE Master Mix. To initiate protein synthesis, the only component that must be added is the DNA template. Reactions are incubated at 28–30°C and are complete within 4 hours.

Proteins are expressed from genes cloned downstream of the T7 promoter. Companion vectors have been designed to achieve optimal yield with this system (pF25A and pF25K). They contain untranslated region (UTR) sequences at the 5′ and 3′ ends of the gene coding region to enhance translation efficiency. Using the TnT® T7 Insect Cell Extract Protein Expression System and these vectors, $75\mu g/ml$ of functional protein can be produced.

Features

- Obtain Data Faster: Protein is expressed in only 4 hours, not days as with cell-based expression.
- Complete System: No requirement to purchase additional reagents.
- Achieve High Protein Yields: Express up to 75µg/ml of protein for multiple applications.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

● TNT® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein Expression System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| T _N T® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein | 40 reactions | L3260 | |
| Expression System | 10 reactions | L3261 | |
| Available Separately | | Cat.# | |
| T _N T® SP6 High-Yield Master Mix Minus Amino Acids | | X808X | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | | |

Description: The TnT® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein Expression System, based on an optimized wheat germ extract, is a single-tube, coupled transcription/translation system designed to express proteins in only two hours. Protein synthesized, in the range of 10–100μg/ml, can be used in multiple proteomic-based applications, as well as in high-throughput analysis. All components necessary for transcription/translation are provided in the extract, with the exception of the plasmid DNA or PCR template. Optional protein-labeling reagents must also be supplied by the user.

For custom wheat germ extract (depleted amino acids), order Cat.# X808X (see Products, Available Separately).

Features:

- Save Time: You can generate protein in only two hours, as compared to days when using cell-based (E. coll) systems.
- Choose Your Format: Use plasmid or PCR-generated templates to generate protein.
- Achieve High Yields: Generate 10- to 20-fold more protein (10–100µg/ml) when compared to other cell-free systems.
- Generate Usable Protein: Generate soluble, full-length protein and avoid problems associated with E. coli systems.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



● TNT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| T _N T® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System | 40 reactions | L1170 | |
| TNT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System, Trial Size | 5 reactions | L1171 | |
| TNT® SP6 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System | 40 reactions | L2080 | |
| TNT® SP6 Quick Coupled Transcription/ Translation System, Trial Size | 5 reactions | L2081 | |
| Magnesium Acetate | 100 µl 25 mM | L4581 | |
| Potassium Chloride | 200 μl 2.5 M | L4591 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The TnT® Quick Systems are convenient single-tube, coupled transcription/translation reactions for eukaryotic cell-free protein expression. These cell-free expression systems combine the RNA Polymerase, nucleotides, salts, amino acids and Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor with the reticulocyte lysate solution to form a single TnT® Quick Master Mix.

The TnT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System is available in two configurations for the expression of genes cloned downstream from either the T7 or SP6 RNA polymerase promoters. To use these cell-free expression systems, 0.2–2.0µg of circular plasmid DNA containing a T7 or SP6 promoter, or a PCR-generated fragment containing a T7 promoter, is added to an aliquot of the TnT® Quick Master Mix and incubated in a 50µl reaction volume for 60–90 minutes at 30°C. The expression reaction produces significant quantities of protein for a variety of applications including GST pull-downs and gel shift assays.

Features:

- Obtain Data Faster: Functional protein is expressed in only one hour, not days as with cell-based expression systems.
- Multiple Applications with One System: Use expressed protein for the characterization of protein:protein interaction, protein:nucleic acid interaction, protein modification and more.
- Consistent, Reliable Results: This mammalian-based system expresses soluble, functional proteins that are post-translationally modified, unlike E. coli-based systems.
- Fewer Steps: Expressed proteins can be used directly after expression; no requirement for additional purification.
- Flexible Systems Available: TnT® Systems for linear, circular or PCR templates are available.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C . Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times.

№TNT® Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| TNT® SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4600 |
| TnT® SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System, Trial Size | 8 reactions | L4601 |
| TnT® T7 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4610 |
| TnT® T7 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System, Trial Size | 8 reactions | L4611 |
| TnT® T3 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L4950 |
| T _N T® T7/T3 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L5010 |
| TnT® T7/SP6 Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate System | 40 reactions | L5020 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The TnT® Coupled Reticulocyte Lysate Systems offer researchers an alternative for eukaryotic cell-free protein expression: a single-tube, coupled transcription/translation system. The TnT® Lysate Systems greatly simplify the process and reduce the time required to obtain in vitro translation results. Standard rabbit reticulocyte lysate translations commonly use RNA synthesized in vitro from SP6, T3 or T7 RNA polymerase promoters and require three separate reactions with several steps between each reaction. The TnT® Systems bypass many of these steps by incorporating transcription directly in the translation mix. For optimal protein expression using the TnT® SP6 RNA polymerase, we recommend titrating magnesium acetate in 0.1mM increments between 0.1mM and 0.5mM. In some instances the addition of 0.2mM magnesium acetate has been shown to increase protein expression by 40%. Magnesium acetate is supplied only with Cat.# L4600 and L4601.

Features:

- Use in Multiple Applications: The TnT® Systems are widely used for protein:protein interaction, protein:nucleic acid interactions, and more.
- Save Time: Using a one-tube reaction, proteins are generated in one hour, not days, as with in vivo methods.
- Complete System: All the reagents you need are provided (except radioisotopes).
- Reliable: Eliminate solubility issues by using an in vitro mammalian system
- Dependability You Can Count On: The T_NT® Systems are rigorously quality controlled to ensure the highest level of performance.

Storage Conditions: Store the polymerase at -20 to -70°C. Store Luciferase Assay Wells at room temperature. Store the other components at -70°C. Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times.



stocking system

№ TNT® Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| TnT® SP6 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L4130 | |
| T _N T® T7 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L4140 | |
| TnT® T7/SP6 Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System | 40 reactions | L5030 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The TNT® Coupled Wheat Germ Extract Systems offer researchers an alternative for eukaryotic cell-free protein expression: a one-tube, coupled transcription/translation system. The TNT® Extract Systems greatly simplify the process and reduce the time required to obtain in vitro translation results. Standard wheat germ extract translations commonly use RNA synthesized in vitro from SP6 or T7 RNA polymerase promoters. This entire process requires separate reactions with several steps between each reaction. The TNT® Extracts bypass many of these steps by incorporating transcription directly in the translation mix. Additionally, the TNT® Extract reactions often produce significantly more protein (two- to sixfold) in a 1.5-hour reaction than do standard in vitro wheat germ extract translations using RNA templates.

Magnesium Acetate, 25mM, and Potassium Chloride, 2.5M, can be used to optimize in vitro translation reactions in the $T_N T^\circledast$ T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System, Flexi Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System and $T_N T^\circledast$ Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System.

Features:

- Reliable: The TNT® Systems are rigorously quality controlled to ensure the highest level of transcription/translation, whether your template is a linear (T7 only) or circular plasmid.
- Convenient: Single-tube procedure eliminates the time and effort required to prepare RNA for a standard wheat germ translation. Translation results can be visualized by autoradiography in 6–8 hours.
- Versatile: The T7 system will produce protein from linear DNA. The SP6 system will produce protein from circular DNA. For PCR templates use TnT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA (Cat.# L5540).
- Controls Included: Luciferase Control DNA and Luciferase Assay Reagents are included with the system as functional controls. Only full-length luciferase is active.

Storage Conditions: Store the polymerase at -20° C. Store the Luciferase Assay Wells at room temperature. Store the other components at -70° C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

™TNT® Starter Bundle

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| T _N T® T7 Quick Starter Bundle, Chemiluminescent | 1 each | L1210 | |
| T _N T® T7 Quick Starter Bundle, Colorimetric | 1 each | L1215 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Get the tools you need in one bundle to start cell-free expression and detection of your proteins of interest. Use the system for in vitro analysis of protein:protein or protein:nucleic acid interactions, or simply verify the ability of your clone to express protein. Purchase this bundle and get the popular TnT[®] T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System, your choice of Transcend™ Translation Detection System, and receive two cell-free expression-qualified expression vectors, pTnTTM and pCMVTnTTM Vectors, at no extra cost.

Features:

- TNT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System: Our most popular cell-free translation system—a simple one-hour, one-tube reaction. Requires only a protein coding sequence downstream of a T7 RNA polymerase promoter to produce protein. Produced protein may be used in a variety of applications including pull-downs, immunoprecipitations and gel shift assays. TNT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System Technical Manual #TM045.
- Transcend[™] Translation Detection Systems: A simple addition of the Transcend biotin-labeled lysine tRNA to the Transcend Diction provides a simple means of tagging a protein for easy detection. Detect proteins through simple Western blotting techniques with either chemiluminescent or colorimetric techniques. Transcend[™] Translation Detection Systems Technical Bulletin #TB182.
- pTnTTM Vector: Specifically designed to work with the TnT[®] Systems with added features to enhance cell-free expression. pTnTTM Vector Technical Bulletin #TB304.
- pCMVTnTTM Vector: Specifically designed to work with the TnT® Systems
 with added features to enhance cell-free expression. Go from cell-free
 expression to mammalian expression directly with built-in CMV promoter.
 pCMVTnTTM Vector Technical Bulletin #TB305.

Storage Conditions: Store the TnT® Quick System at -70° C. Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times. Store the TranscendTM tRNA at -70° C. Do not subject the TranscendTM tRNA to more than five freeze-thaw cycles. Store all other TranscendTM System components at 4°C. Store the pTnTTM and pCMVTnTTM Vectors at -20° C.

• pCMVTnT™ and pTnT™ Vectors • mainly • pCMVTnT™ and pTnT™ Vectors • mainly • pCMVTnT™ • mainly • mainly

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pTnT™ Vector | 20 µg | L5610 |
| pCMVTnT™ Vector | 20 µg | L5620 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The pCMVTnTTM and pTnTTM Vectors are designed for convenient expression of cloned genes in vitro or in vivo. SP6 and T7 promoters allow expression from SP6- or T7-based coupled in vitro transcription/translation systems. The presence of RNA phage promoters also allows highly efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro. Both vectors contain a 5′ β -globin leader sequence and synthetic poly(A)30 tail, which have been shown to enhance expression of certain genes

For in vivo expression, the pCMVTnTTM Vector contains a CMV enhancer/promoter region, which allows strong constitutive expression in many cell types.

Features

- Flexible: Tandem SP6 and T7 phage promoters allow use in the appropriate in vitro translation or transcription system.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites.
- In Vivo Expression: The CMV enhancer/promoter region in the pCMVTnTTM Vector allows strong constitutive expression in many cell types.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



№ TnT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| T _N T® T7 Quick for PCR DNA | 40 reactions | L5540 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: TNT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA is a rapid, convenient, coupled transcription/translation system designed for optimum protein expression from PCR templates. For most PCR templates, the TNT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA reactions produce up to 5 times more protein than other commercially available kits. The PCR-generated DNA can be used directly from the amplification reaction or purified by numerous commercially available kits and traditional methods.

Features:

- Convenient: Directly from PCR, no cleanup necessary.
- High Yield: Up to 5 times more expressed protein than standard translation reactions with linear templates.
- · Quick: One-tube reaction.
- Complete: Reagents including Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor are included in the Quick Master Mix.
- Good Value: One-tube format means no leftover reagents.
- Reliable: The TnT® Systems are rigorously quality controlled to ensure the highest level of transcription/translation.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70° C. Do not freeze-thaw the Master Mix more than two times.

Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System, Nuclease Treated

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System, Nuclease Treated | 30 reactions | L4960 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate Translation Systems are utilized in the identification of mRNA species, the characterization of their protein products and the investigation of transcriptional and translational control. Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate is prepared from New Zealand white rabbits using a standard protocol that ensures reliable and consistent reticulocyte production in each lot. After the reticulocytes are lysed, the extract is treated with micrococcal nuclease to destroy endogenous mRNA and thus reduce background translation to a minimum. The lysate contains the cellular components necessary for protein synthesis (tRNA, ribosomes, amino acids, initiation, elongation and termination factors).

Features:

- Consistent: Reliable and consistent translation with each lot.
- Optimized and Ready to Use: The treated Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate
 is optimized for translation and contains an energy-regenerating system
 (phosphocreatine/phosphocreatine kinase), a mixture of tRNAs (to expand
 the range of mRNAs that can be translated), hemin (to prevent inhibition of
 initiation), and potassium chloride and magnesium acetate.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C or below. Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times.

Flexi® Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Flexi® Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System | 30 reactions | L4540 | |
| For Passarch Has Only Not for Has in Diagnostic Presed | uroo | | |

Description: The Flexi® Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate System allows translation reactions to be optimized for a wide range of parameters, including Mg^{2+} and K^+ concentrations and the choice of adding DTT. To help optimize Mg^{2+} for a specific message, the endogenous Mg^{2+} concentration of each lysate batch is stated in the product information included with this product. The Flexi® System also offers the choice of three amino acid mixtures and includes a control RNA encoding the firefly luciferase gene.

Features:

- Improved Efficiency: In an optimized system, the quantity of protein produced can be increased as much as fourfold over that of a standard lysate reaction.
- Easy Optimization: To aid in optimizing magnesium concentrations, the endogenous magnesium concentration is provided for each lot of Flexi[®] Lysate.
- Choice: The Flexi® System contains three Amino Acid Mixtures, which enable different choices of radioisotopes.
- Control Included: Luciferase Control RNA and Luciferase Assay Reagent are included with the system as a functional control. Only full-length luciferase is active.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70° C, except Luciferase Assay Wells, which can be stored at room temperature. Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times.

Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate/Wheat Germ Extract Combination System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate/Wheat Germ Extract Combination System | 24 reactions | L4330 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate/Wheat Germ Extract Combination System contains both Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate and Wheat Germ Extract for comparing in vitro translation systems. Reticulocyte Lysate is prepared from New Zealand white rabbits. The Wheat Germ Extract is prepared by grinding wheat germ in an extraction buffer followed by centrifugation to remove cellular debris. Both systems contain the cellular components necessary for protein synthesis. The systems have been treated with micrococcal nuclease, which destroys endogenous mRNA and results in minimal background translation.

Features:

- **Choice:** Test both Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate and Wheat Germ Systems to find optimal translation systems.
- Consistent: Rigorous quality control ensures minimal lot-to-lot variability.
- Optimal Expression: Potassium Acetate is provided to enhance the Wheat Germ Extract System for a wide range of mRNAs.

Storage Conditions: Store at $-70\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ or below. Do not freeze-thaw the lysate more than two times.



Helix® on-site stocking system

Wheat Germ Extract

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|------------|-------|--|
| Wheat Germ Extract | 5 × 200 μl | L4380 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pr | ocedures. | | |

Description: Wheat Germ Extract contains the cellular components necessary for protein synthesis (tRNA, ribosomes, initiation, elongation and termination factors). Wheat Germ Extract is prepared by grinding wheat germ in an extraction buffer followed by centrifugation to remove cell debris. The supernatant is subjected to chromatography that separates endogenous amino acids and plant pigments from the extract. The extract is also treated with micrococcal nuclease to destroy endogenous mRNA and thus reduce background translation to a migimum.

Features:

- Optimized: Extract contains an energy-regenerating system (phosphocreatine/phosphocreatine kinase), spermidine (to stimulate the efficiency of chain elongation), magnesium acetate and potassium acetate.
- Flexible: Three Amino Acid Mixtures are provided, which enable different choices of radioisotopes.
- Robust: Potassium Acetate is provided to enhance translation for a wide range of mRNAs.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C or below. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

T7 Sample System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| T7 Sample System | 1 each | L5900 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The T7 Sample System is designed to facilitate the optimization of individual gene expression by offering four unique in vitro translation systems to evaluate. The system consists of samples of: TnT® T7 Quick for PCR DNA, TnT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System, TnT® Coupled Wheat Germ Extract System and *E. coli* T7 S30 Extract System for Circular DNA.

All of the coupled systems utilize RNA generated by a T7 phage promoter. Criteria such as post-translational modifications, ionic optimization and detection methods (i.e., non-isotopic) should be considered when choosing an in vitro system. In some cases only direct experimental results will confirm which system is best for specific genes.

Features:

- Variety: Four major in vitro translation systems to evaluate.
- Value: No requirement to purchase several large expensive systems.
- Reliability: Comprised of rigorously quality-controlled reagents to ensure the highest level of transcription/translation.
- Optimization: Determine which system is best for individual genes.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate, Untreated

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate, Untreated | 1 ml | L4151 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Untreated Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate contains the cellular components necessary for protein synthesis (tRNA, ribosomes, amino acids, initiation, elongation and termination factors) but has not been treated with micrococcal nuclease. Untreated Lysate is used primarily for the isolation of these components and as an abundant source of endogenous globin mRNA. Untreated Lysate is prepared from New Zealand white rabbits in the same manner as treated lysates with the exception that it is not treated with micrococcal nuclease.

Features:

- Reliable: Consistent reticulocyte production in each lot.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C or below.

Luciferase Control RNA

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|-------|--|
| Luciferase Control RNA | 20 μg 1 | mg/ml | L4561 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | | | |

Description: Luciferase Control RNA is a unique functional control for in vitro translation reactions. Luciferase Control RNA is an uncapped in vitro-transcribed RNA containing a 30-base poly(A) tail that produces functional luciferase when translated. Control reactions are monitored easily by a luciferase assay for the production of luminescence generated from the full-length luciferase.

Features:

- Convenient: Control reactions are easily monitored by a luciferase assay for luminescence.
- Safe: Non-radioactive format to monitor control activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Luciferase SP6/T7 Control DNAs

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Luciferase SP6 Control DNA | 20 µg | L4741 | |
| Luciferase T7 Control DNA | 20 µg | L4821 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The Luciferase SP6 and T7 Control DNAs are used as functional controls in the TNT® Quick Coupled and TNT® Coupled Transcription/Translation Systems. The Control DNAs contain the gene for luciferase under transcriptional control of a phage RNA polymerase promoter. All constructs carry a 30-base pair poly[d(A)/d(T)] tail following the luciferase gene. Control reactions are monitored easily by the production of luminescence, which is generated from full-length luciferase and the addition of necessary components. Luciferase Control DNAs are supplied as 0.5 mg/ml solutions in TE buffer.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes | 50 µl | Y4041 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Microsomal vesicles are used to study co-translational and initial post-translational processing of proteins. Processing events such as signal peptide cleavage, membrane insertion, translocation and core glycosylation can be examined by the translation of the appropriate mRNA in vitro in the presence of these microsomal membranes. In addition, processing and glycosylation events may be studied by the transcription/translation of the appropriate DNA in the TnT® Lysate Systems when used with Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes. To assure consistent performance with minimal translational inhibition and background, microsomes have been isolated free from contaminating membrane fractions and stripped of endogenous membrane-bound ribosomes and mRNA. Membrane preparations are assayed for both signal peptidase and core glycosylation activities using two different control mRNAs. The two control mRNAs supplied with this system are the precursor for β-lactamase (or ampicillin resistance gene product) from *E. coli* and the precursor for α-mating factor (or α-factor gene product) from *S. cerevisiae*.

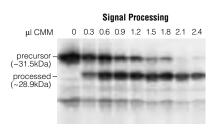
The Signal Sequence Control mRNA ($E.\ coli\ \beta$ -lactamase) is transcribed by SP6 RNA polymerase from a plasmid bearing the coding region for the $E.\ coli\ gene$ encoding the precursor to β -lactamase (the ampicillin resistance gene product). The RNA is synthesized without a cap analog. This control mRNA is used to assay for signal peptidase activity and is supplied with the Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes System.

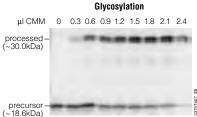
The Core Glycosylation Control mRNA ($S.\ cerevisiae\ \alpha$ -factor) is transcribed by SP6 RNA polymerase from a plasmid bearing the coding region for the $S.\ cerevisiae\ \alpha$ -mating factor. The RNA is synthesized without a cap analog. This control mRNA is used to assay for core glycosylation activity and is supplied with the Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes System.

Features:

 Reliable: Microsomes are stripped of endogenous membrane-bound ribosomes and mRNA to ensure consistent performance with minimal translational inhibition and background. Performance tested in rabbit reticulocyte lysate.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70° C or below. Membranes are stable at -70° C for 1 year. After thawing, unused portions should be rapidly refrozen in liquid nitrogen. No detectable loss of activity results after two freeze-thaw cycles.





Processing and glycosylation activity of Canine Pancreatic Microsomal Membranes (CMM). The positive control mRNAs (0.5µg each of $E.\ coli$ β -lactamase and $S.\ cerevisiae\ a-factor)$ were translated using Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate in a 25µl reaction for 60 minutes in the presence of the indicated amounts of CMM (3µl). Translation products were analyzed by gel electrophoresis followed by autoradiography of the [35S]-labeled proteins.

Amino Acid Mixtures

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------|-------|--|
| Amino Acid Mixture, Complete | 175 µl 1 mM | L4461 | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Cysteine | 175 µl 1 mM | L4471 | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Methionine and Cysteine | 175 µl 1 mM | L5511 | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Leucine | 175 µl 1 mM | L9951 | |
| Amino Acid Mixture Minus Methionine | 175 µl 1 mM | L9961 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proces | dures. | | |

Description: The Amino Acid Mixture, Complete, is an aqueous solution containing 1 mM each of the 20 essential amino acids. This mixture is compatible for use in the Flexi® Lysate, TNT® Lysate and standard Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate Systems as well as in the Wheat Germ Extract and *E. coli* S30 Systems. Amino Acid Mixtures are also available lacking cysteine, methionine and cysteine, leucine or methionine.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Prokaryotic Cell-Free Protein Expression

S30 T7 High-Yield Protein Expression System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| S30 T7 High-Yield Protein Expression System | 24 reactions | L1110 | |
| | 8 reactions | L1115 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | dures. | | |

Description: The *E. coli* S30 T7 High-Yield Protein Expression System is designed to express up to 500µg/ml of protein in 1 hour from plasmid vectors containing a T7 promoter and a ribosome binding site. The protein expression system provides an extract that contains T7 RNA polymerase for transcription and is deficient in OmpT endoproteinase and lon protease activity. All other necessary components in the system are optimized for protein expression. This results in greater stability and enhanced expression of target proteins.

Features

- Obtain Data Faster: Protein expression in only one hour, not days as with cell-based expression.
- Complete System: No requirement to purchase additional reagents.
- Achieve High Protein Expression: Express up to 500µg/ml of protein for multiple applications.
- Scalable: Convenient screening protocol for high-throughput protein expression.
- Flexible: Detect expressed proteins by Coomassie® staining or incorporation of a fluorescence or biotinylated modified tRNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

E. coli T7 S30 Extract System for Circular DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| E. coli T7 S30 Extract System for Circular DNA | 30 reactions | L1130 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | dures. | | |

Description: The *E. coli* T7 S30 Extract System for Circular DNA simplifies the transcription/translation of DNA sequences cloned in plasmid or λ vectors containing a T7 promoter by providing an extract that contains T7 RNA polymerase for transcription and all components needed for translation. The investigator only supplies cloned DNA containing a T7 promoter and a ribosome binding site. This product is prepared by modifications of the method described by Zubay from an *E. coli* strain B deficient in OmpT endoproteinase and lon protease activity. This results in greater stability of expressed proteins that would otherwise be degraded by proteases if expressed in vivo.

Features:

- Flexible: Can translate using any clone that has a T7 promoter and a ribosome binding site. Other S30 extracts require an *E. coli* promoter.
- Greater Stability: Reduced chance of expressed proteins degrading.
- Complete: Contains all components needed for coupled transcription/ translation.
- Low Background: Synthesizes very low levels of endogenous proteins.
- Optimized: Premix is optimized for each lot of S30 Extract and contains all other required components (except amino acids), such as ribonucleotides, tRNAs, PEP (phosphoenol pyruvate) and salts.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store extract at -70° C. Check individual components for storage temperatures.

E. coli S30 Extract System for Linear Templates

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| E. coli S30 Extract System for Linear Templates | 30 reactions | L1030 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Proceed | ures. | | |

Description: The *E. coli* S30 Extract System for Linear Templates is prepared using minor modifications of the protocol described by Lesley and colleagues and allows successful transcription/translation of linear DNA templates. The investigator need only provide linear DNA containing a prokaryotic *E. coli*-like promoter (such as *lad*UV5, *tac*, λ PL (con) and λ -P_R). A ribosome binding site is required to direct the synthesis of proteins in vitro. In vitro-generated RNA from DNA templates lacking an *E. coli* promoter may also be used in this system, but protein yields will be decreased to 1–10% of that produced from linear DNA templates.

Features:

- Flexible: Many templates can be used: DNA fragments, PCR-synthesized DNA, ligated overlapping oligonucleotides, in vitro-generated RNA and prokaryotic RNA.
- Greater Stability: Reduced chance of expressed proteins degrading.
- Complete: Contains all necessary components for coupled transcription/ translation.
- Low Background: System synthesizes very low levels of endogenous proteins.
- Optimized: Premix is optimized for each lot of S30 Extract and contains all other required components (except amino acids), such as ribonucleotides, tRNAs, PEP (phosphoenol pyruvate) and salts.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

E. coli S30 Extract System for Circular DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| E. coli S30 Extract System for Circular DNA | 30 reactions | L1020 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | cedures. | | |

Description: The *E. coli* S30 Extract for Circular DNA simplifies the transcription/ translation of DNA sequences cloned in plasmid or λ vectors, providing a powerful tool for identifying and characterizing polypeptides. The investigator needs only to supply the cloned DNA containing the appropriate prokaryotic promoter and ribosome binding sites. The S30 Extract for Circular DNA Templates is prepared by modifications of the method described by Zubay from an *E. coli* strain B deficient in OmpT endoproteinase and Ion protease activity. This results in a greater stability of expressed proteins that would otherwise be degraded by proteases if expressed in vivo. The S30 in vitro system also allows higher expression levels of proteins that are normally expressed at low levels in vivo due to the action of host-encoded repressors.

Features

- Greater Stability: Reduced chance of expressed proteins degrading.
- Complete: Contains all necessary components for coupled transcription/ translation
- Low Background: System synthesizes very low levels of endogenous proteins.
- Optimized: Premix is optimized for each lot of S30 Extract and contains all
 other required components (except amino acids), such as ribonucleotides,
 tRNAs, PEP (phosphoenol pyruvate) and salts.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

DpGEM[®] β-Gal Control DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM® β-Gal Control DNA | 20 µg | L4731 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: pGEM[®] β-Gal Control DNA contains the coding sequence of β-galactosidase downstream of an *E. coli* wildtype *lac*Z promoter. pGEM[®] β-Gal Control DNA can be used as a positive control in the *E. coli* S30 Extract System for Circular DNA. The wildtype *lac*Z promoter is not efficient for initiating transcription from a linear DNA template. Supplied as a 0.5mg/ml solution in TE buffer.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Cell-Based Protein Expression

Regulated Mammalian Expression System

dillo

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| Regulated Mammalian Expression System | 1 system | C9470 | |
| Coumermycin A1 | 5 mg | C9451 | |
| Novobiocin Sodium Salt | 1 g | C9461 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Available Separately | 3126 | Uat.# | |
| pReg neo Vector | 20 μg | C9421 | |
| · · · · · | | | |
| pReg neo Vector | 20 μg | C9421 | |

C9421, C9470, C9431, C9451, C9441 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. C9461 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Therapeutic or Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Regulated Mammalian Expression System features low basal levels, robust and rapid induction, and downregulation of gene expression in mammalian cells. The Regulated Mammalian Expression System is based on a novel on/off switch that relies on the rapid and sensitive modulation by coumerin-related compounds of a chimeric transactivator protein. Nanomolar concentrations of the antibiotic coumermycin promote homodimerization of a chimeric transactivator that, in turn, binds to lambda operator sequences located upstream of a minimal promoter driving transcription of coding sequences for a protein of interest. The levels of protein expression can be regulated by adjusting the coumermycin concentration. More significantly, this expression can be promptly and effectively switched off by adding novobiocin, which acts as an antagonist by dissociating the dimerized transactivator protein.

The protein coding region of interest is cloned into either the pF12A RM Flexi® Vector or pF12K RM Flexi® Vector, both of which are specially designed for Regulated Mammalian (RM) protein expression. These vectors incorporate regulatory promoter sequences upstream of the protein-coding region and are compatible with the Flexi® Vector System. In transient transfection paradigms, the pF12A or pF12K RM Flexi® Vector containing the protein-coding region of interest is co-transfected into mammalian cells together with the pReg neo Vector. The pReg neo Vector is designed to express a chimeric transactivator protein that interacts with the regulatory promoter region in the pF12A and pF12K RM Flexi® Vectors in a regulated fashion in response to coumermycin and novobiocin. Additionally, the pReg neo Vector encodes a neomycin phosphotransferase gene that allows stable cell selection and generation with the antibiotic G-418.

Features:

- Enhanced Data: High level of controlled induction combined with low basal protein expression.
- Regulated Expression: Dose-response induction of protein expression; rapid and sensitive on/off switch for protein expression.
- Versatility: Compatible with other Flexi® Vectors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------|--|
| Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells | 20 × 50 μl | L3002 | |
| L-Rhamnose Monohydrate | 10 g | L5701 | |
| | 50 g | L5702 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells are designed for efficient transformation and tightly controlled protein expression. These cells consolidate the best attributes of these two steps into one strain to evaluate protein expression in *E. coli.*

Transformation efficiencies are greater than 10⁸ cfu/µg, similar to other highly competent cells. The single step cells are available in single transformation size (50µl). KRX also can be used for blue/white screening.

Single Step (KRX) is an *E. coli* K strain that contains a chromosomal copy of the T7 RNA polymerase driven by a rhamnose promoter (rhaBAD) to provide dramatic control of the proteins expressed via a T7 promoter. Pre-induced expression protein levels are significantly lower than those of BL21(DE3)-derived strains. This feature facilitates cloning and expression of proteins toxic to *E. coli*

Genotype: [F´, traD36, Δ ompP, proA+B+, lacl^q, Δ (lacZ)M15] Δ ompT, endA1, recA1, gyrA96 (Nal^r), thi-1, hsaR17 (r_k⁻, m_k+), e14⁻ (McrA⁻), relA1, supE44, Δ (lac-proAB), Δ (rhaBAD)::T7 RNA polymerase.

Features:

- Save Time: In two days, you can transform your vector into the Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells and be ready for protein expression.
- Controlled Protein Expression: For overall expression of cloned proteins, the Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells provide dramatic control of expressed protein-coding regions.
- Achieve High Yields: Protein expression levels were shown to be as high as or higher than levels expressed in BL21(DE3)-derived strains.
- Blue/White Screening: Convenient method for detecting recombinant closes.

Storage Conditions: Always store competent cells at -70°C. Thaw on ice when ready for use. Do not refreeze thawed, unused aliquots.



stocking system

BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells

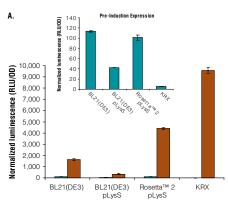
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Single-Use BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells | 1 ml | L1195 | |
| BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells, >106cfu/µg | 1 ml | L1191 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

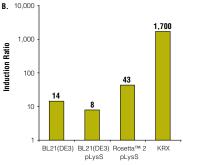
Description: BL21(DE3)pLysS Competent Cells allow high-efficiency protein expression of any gene that is under the control of a T7 promoter and has a ribosome binding site. BL21(DE3)pLysS is lysogenic for λ -DE3, which contains the T7 bacteriophage gene I, encoding T7 RNA polymerase under the control of the lac UV5 promoter. BL21(DE3)pLysS also contains a plasmid, pLysS, which carries the gene encoding T7 lysozyme. T7 lysozyme lowers the background expression level of target genes under the control of the T7 promoter but does not interfere with the level of expression achieved following induction by IPTG. For researchers doing more than one transformation, competent cells are available in standard format (200µl aliquots). For added convenience, single-use competent cells (50µl aliquots) also are offered.

Genotype: F–, ompT, hsoS_B (r_B –, m_B –), dcm, gal, λ (DE3), pLysS, Cm^r. Features:

- T7 RNA Polymerase Under the Control of the lac UV5 Promoter: Inducible protein expression.
- Deficient in Proteases Ion and OmpT: Increased stability of expressed
- pLysS Plasmid: Lower background expression of target genes.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.





Pre-induction and post-induction expression levels of firefly luciferase. Cells were transformed with the pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector containing the firefly luciferase gene. Cultures were grown at 37°C to an optical density (0.D.₆₀₀) of 0.8-1.0 and then moved to a 25°C incubator shaker. When cultures reached an $0.D_{-600}$ of 1.0-1.5, protein expression was induced using either 0.1% rhamnose or 1mM IPTG and grown overnight at 25°C. Samples for luciferase assays were removed prior to and after induction. Panel A. Firefly luciferase expression level was determined using the Bright-Glo™ Luciferase Assay Reagent. Pre- and post-induction firefly luciferase expression levels were normalized to cell number (n = 3). **Panel B.** Induction ratios were calculated by dividing the post-induction luminescence values by the pre-induction values.

Proteases and Services for Mass **Spectrometry**

Glycosidases

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|----------|-------|--|
| Endo H | 10,000 units | 500 u/µl | V4871 | |
| | 50,000 units | 500 u/µl | V4875 | |
| Protein Deglycosylation Mix | 20 reactions | | V4931 | |
| Fetuin | 500 μg | 10 mg/ml | V4961 | |
| PNGase F | 500 units | 10 u/µl | V4831 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: Endoglycosidase H (Endo H) is a recombinant glycosidase cloned from Streptomyces plicatus and overexpressed in E. coli. Endo H cleaves the chitobiose core of high mannose and a limited number of hybrid oligosaccharides from N-linked glycoproteins. It does not cleave complex glycans. Enzymatic cleavage is between the two N-acetylglucosamine residues in the diacetylchitobiose core of the oligosaccharide, leaving one N-acetylglucosamine residue on the asparagine. This is in contrast to PNGase F, which cleaves all asparagine-linked oligosaccharides.

Protein Deglycosylation Mix is a mixture of five protein deglycosidases (PNGase F, O-Glycosidase, Neuraminidase, β1-4 Galactosidase, $\beta\text{-N-Acetylglucosaminidase})$ capable of removing glycans from both O-linked and N-linked glycosylation sites. Fetuin is provided as a deglycosylation substrate control.

Fetuin is a glycoprotein with O-linked and N-linked glycosylation sites. PNGase F is a recombinant glycosidase cloned from *Elizabethkingia miricola* and overexpressed in E. coli. PNGase F has a molecular weight of 36kDa. For additional information about PNGase F, visit the PNGase F page.

Storage Conditions: Store Endo H and Fetuin at -30 to -10°C. Store Protein Deglycosylation Mix at 2-10°C

PNGase F

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | | |
|--|-------------------|-------|--|--|
| PNGase F | 500 units 10 u/μl | V4831 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: PNGase F is a recombinant glycosidase cloned from *Elizabethkingia* miricola and overexpressed in E. coli. PNGase F has a molecular weight of 36kDa. PNGase F catalyzes the cleavage of N-linked oligosaccharides between the innermost GlcNAc and asparagine residues of high mannose, hybrid and complex oligosaccharides from N-linked glycoproteins (Figure 1). PNGase F will not remove oligosaccharides containing Alpha-(1,3)-linked core fucose commonly found on plant glycoproteins.

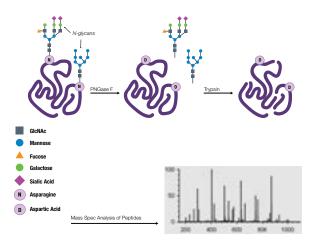
Unit Definition: One unit of PNGase F will catalyze the deglycosylation of 1 nanomole of denatured Ribonuclease B (RNase B) in one minute at 37°C. One Promega unit is equal to 1 IUB milliunit.

Molecular Weight: PNGase F has a molecular weight of approximately 36kDa. **Physical Form:** PNGase F is supplied as a liquid in 20mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5 at 25°C), 50mM NaCl and 5mM EDTA at a concentration of 10,000u/ml.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.







Schematic illustrating the use of PNGase F and mass spec analysis of N-glycosylation.

ProTEV Plus

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|----------------|-------|--|
| ProTEV Plus | 1,000 u 5 u/µl | V6101 | |
| | 8,000 u 5 u/µl | V6102 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: ProTEV Plus is an improved 48kDa version of the Nla protease from tobacco etch virus (TEV) that has been engineered to be more stable than native TEV protease for prolonged enzymatic activity. It is a highly specific proteolytic enzyme that cleaves within a seven-amino-acid sequence (ENLYFQ(G/S)). ProTEV Plus is active over a wide range of pH values (5.5–8.5) and temperatures (4–30°C). It can be used to cleave protein fusions that have been engineered with the above amino acid sequence at the desired cleavage site. The enzyme is compatible for both in-solution and on-column cleavage reactions. ProTEV Plus also contains an HQ tag (analogous to His tag) located at the N-terminus of the protein, which allows it to be immobilized on Ni-based affinity resins and removed from the cleavage reaction.

Learn more about our custom options for this product at:

www.promega.com/custom/

- Active Over a Wide Range of pH and Temperatures: Cleave individual fusion proteins using optimal conditions to maintain activity and correct conformation.
- HQ-Tagged: Convenient removal of ProTEV Plus using Ni-based affinity resins after cleavage.
- Specific: Highly specific and active for its seven-amino acid sequence with minimal off-target effects.
- . Cleaves Fusion Proteins Directly in Solution or Immobilized on Affinity Resins: ProTEV Plus is easy to use in multiple experimental formats.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade | 20 µg | V5071 |
| | 100 µg | V5072 |
| | 100 µg | V5073 |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | |

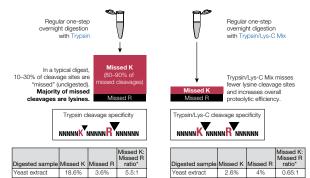
Description: Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade, is a mixture of Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade, and rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade. The Trypsin/Lys-C Mix is designed to improve digestion of proteins or protein mixtures in solution.

Using the conventional trypsin digestion protocol (i.e., overnight incubation at nondenaturing conditions), Trypsin/Lys-C Mix improves protein digestion by eliminating the majority of missed cleavages, which occur at prominent quantities in trypsin digests. Trypsin/Lys-C Mix enhances digestion and compensates for the trypsin proteolytic inefficiency at lysine sites. Replacing trypsin with Trypsin/Lys-C Mix in this conventional protocol leads to multiple benefits for protein analysis including more accurate mass spectrometry-based protein quantitation and improved protein mass spectrometry analytical reproducibility. Trypsin/Lys-C Mix also provides greater tolerance to trypsin-inhibiting agents, assuring efficient digestion of proteins for which protein purification is limited or not feasible.

Features:

- Simple to Use: Use standard overnight digestion with nondenaturing
- Enhanced Proteolysis: Increase peptide recovery, resulting in enhanced protein quantitation and improved reproducibility and eliminating the majority of missed cleavages.
- Tolerant to Trypsin-Inhibiting Contaminants: Generate mass spectrometry data from poor-quality sample material.

Storage Conditions: Store Trypsin/Lys-C Mix. Mass Spec Grade, at -30°C to -10°C.



"Similar ratios of missed lysine and arginine cleavage sites were observed in Trypsin and Trypsin/Lys-C digests of extracts prepared from other sources including human and E. coli.

Side-by-side comparison of cleavage sites missed by trypsin or the Trypsin/Lys-C Mix using a standard digestion protocol.



Helix® on-site stocking system

• ProteaseMAX™ Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| ProteaseMAX [™] Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer | 1 mg | V2071 | |
| | 5 × 1 mg | V2072 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: ProteaseMAX[™] Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer, improves in-gel and in-solution protein digestion. ProteaseMAX™ Surfactant ensures fast and efficient protein digestion with proteases such as Trypsin, Chymotrypsin and Lys-C. For in-gel protein digestion, ProteaseMAX™ Surfactant offers time and labor savings. Digestion step is complete in 1 hour, and the surfactant provides concurrent extraction of peptides from gels, eliminating the need for post-digestion peptide extraction. The surfactant also improves recovery of longer peptides that are retained in the gel under a standard extraction protocol. For in-solution digestions, ProteaseMAXTM Surfactant solubilizes proteins, including difficult proteins (i.e., membrane proteins), and enhances protein digestion by providing a denaturing environment prior to protease addition. ProteaseMAXTM Surfactant degrades over the course of a digestion reaction, yielding products that are compatible with downstream methods such as mass spectrometry and liquid chromatography. No long-term negative effect of the residual surfactant on the ion optics and capillary of mass spectrometers has been observed. ProteaseMAXTM Surfactant can be used with existing in-gel or in-solution digestion protocols.

Features:

- No Peptide Extraction Required Following In-Gel Digestions: Save time and increase the number of samples processed.
- Improved Peptide Recovery from Gels: Increase protein sequence coverage, thus increasing confidence of protein identification.
- Enhanced Protein Solubilization: Solubilize complex proteins, such as membrane proteins, at room temperature, avoiding high temperature and preventing precipitation.
- Degrades Over Course of Digestion: Samples are ready for use directly for mass spectrometry analysis without additional inactivation steps such as heating or acid treatment.

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized ProteaseMAXTM Surfactant at -20°C.

Immobilized Trypsin

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Immobilized Trypsin | 2 ml | V9012 |
| | 4 ml | V9013 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | · |

Description: Immobilized Trypsin provides a fast and convenient method for digesting a range of concentrations of purified protein or complex protein mixtures. Digested peptides are easily separated from the Immobilized Trypsin as they flow through the spin column into the collection tube. Immobilized Trypsin is easily removed from the peptide solution because the trypsin does not pass though the column frit. Trypsin is a proteolytic enzyme, which cleaves at the carboxyl side of positively charged Lysine (Lys) and Arginine (Arg). When these amino acids are followed by the nonpolar Proline (Pro), the digestion of the site is not efficient. When Lys and Arg are followed by acids [Aspartic Acid (Asp) and Glutamic Acid (Glu)] the digestion is also not as efficient.

Features:

- Fast: Digestions can be accomplished in as little as 30 minutes.
- Scalable: Easily adjustable protocol to accommodate various protein concentrations.
- Easy-to-Use: No shaking or water baths necessary.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

Ochymotrypsin, Sequencing Grade



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Chymotrypsin, Sequencing Grade | 25 µg | V1061 |
| | 100 µg | V1062 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Chymotrypsin is a highly-purified serine endopeptidase derived from bovine pancreas that preferentially hydrolyzes at the carboxyl side of aromatic amino acids: Tyr, Phe and Trp. Cleavage may also be observed, but at a lower rate, at Leu and Met. Chymotrypsin activity is optimal in the pH range of 7.0-9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in-solution or in-gel.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade | 100 µg | V5280 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Trypsin is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the carboxylic side of lysine and arginine residues. The stringent specificity of trypsin is essential for protein identification. Native trypsin is subject to autolysis, generating pseudotrypsin, which exhibits a broadened specificity including a chymotrypsin-like activity. Such autolysis products, present in a trypsin preparation, would result in additional peptide fragments that could interfere with database analysis of the mass of fragments detected by mass spectrometry. Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade, is manufactured to provide maximum specificity. Lysine residues in the porcine trypsin have been modified by reductive methylation, yielding a highly active and stable molecule that is extremely resistant to autolytic digestion. The specificity of the purified trypsin is further improved by TPCK treatment, which inactivates chymotrypsin. The treated trypsin is then purified by affinity chromatography and lyophilized to yield Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade. It is resistant to mild denaturing conditions such as 0.1% SDS, 1M urea or 10% acetonitrile and retains 50% of its activity in 2M guanidine HCI. The activity of trypsin is decreased when acidic residues are present on either side of a susceptible bond. If proline is at the carboxylic side of lysine or arginine, the bond is almost completely resistant to cleavage. Each lot of quality-tested Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade, is qualified for use with in-gel digestion and mass spectrometric analysis.

Learn more about our custom options for this product at:

www.promega.com/custom/

Features:

- Each Lot Qualified by Mass Spectrometry: Ensures compatibility with customer applications/instrumentation.
- TPCK Treatment Followed by Affinity Purification: Elimination of chymotrypsin activity enables distinct and consistent data.
- Stability Ensured up to Five Freeze-Thaw Cycles: Minimize leftover
- Referenced in Thousands of Papers: Reliable and customer proven.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the lyophilized powder at -20°C. Reconstitute powder in 50mM acetic acid and store at -20°C. For long-term storage, freeze reconstituted trypsin at -70°C. Limit the number of freeze-thaw cycles to five.

Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin



For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Trypsin is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the carboxylic side of lysine and arginine residues. The stringent specificity of trypsin is essential for protein identification. Native trypsin is subject to autolysis, generating pseudotrypsin, which exhibits a broadened specificity including a chymotrypsin-like activity. Such autolysis products, present in a trypsin preparation, would result in additional peptide fragments that could interfere with database analysis of the mass of fragments detected by mass spectrometry. Sequencing Grade Trypsin has been manufactured to provide maximum specificity. Lysine residues in the porcine trypsin have been modified by reductive methylation, yielding a highly active and stable molecule that is extremely resistant to autolytic digestion.

The specificity of the purified trypsin is further improved by TPCK treatment, which inactivates chymotrypsin. The treated trypsin is then purified by affinity chromatography and lyophilized. It is resistant to mild denaturing conditions such as 0.1% SDS, 1M urea or 10% acetonitrile and retains 50% of its activity in 2M guanidine HCl. The activity of trypsin is decreased when acidic residues are present on either side of a susceptible bond. If proline is at the carboxylic side of lysine or arginine, the bond is almost completely resistant to cleavage.

Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Recommended Reaction Buffer: 50mM NH₄HCO₃ (pH 7.8).

Features:

- TPCK Treatment Followed by Affinity Purification: Elimination of chymotrypsin activity enables distinct and consistent data.
- Stability: Ensured up to five freeze-thaw cycles.
- Reliable and Customer-Proven: Referenced in thousands of papers.
- Alternative Formats: Flexibility depending on experimental design and

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized at -20°C.





stocking system

Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin, Frozen

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin, Frozen | 100 µg | V5113 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Trypsin is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the carboxylic side of lysine and arginine residues. The stringent specificity of trypsin is essential for protein identification. Native trypsin is subject to autolysis, generating pseudotrypsin, which exhibits a broadened specificity including a chymotrypsin-like activity. Such autolysis products, present in a trypsin preparation, would result in additional peptide fragments that could interfere with database analysis of the mass of fragments detected by mass spectrometry. Sequencing Grade Trypsin has been manufactured to provide maximum specificity. Lysine residues in the porcine trypsin have been modified by reductive methylation, yielding a highly active and stable molecule that is extremely resistant to autolytic digestion.

The specificity of the purified trypsin is further improved by TPCK treatment, which inactivates chymotrypsin. The treated trypsin is then purified by affinity chromatography. It is resistant to mild denaturing conditions such as 0.1% SDS, 1M urea or 10% acetonitrile and retains 50% of its activity in 2M guanidine HCl. The activity of trypsin is decreased when acidic residues are present on either side of a susceptible bond. If proline is at the carboxylic side of lysine or arginine, the bond is almost completely resistant to cleavage.

Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin, Frozen, is supplied in convenient 20µg aliquots as a frozen liquid in 50mM acetic acid.

 $\textbf{Recommended Reaction Buffer: } 50 \text{mM NH}_4 \text{HCO}_3 \text{ (pH 7.8)}.$

Features:

- TPCK Treatment Followed by Affinity Purification: Elimination of chymotrypsin activity enables distinct and consistent data.
- Stability: Ensured up to five freeze-thaw cycles.
- Reliable and Customer-Proven: Referenced in thousands of papers.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Endoproteinase Lys-C, Sequencing Grade

dille

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Endoproteinase Lys-C, Sequencing Grade | 5 μg | V1071 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Endoproteinase Lys-C is a sequencing grade serine protease isolated from Lysobacter enzymogenes as a highly purified protease that hydrolyzes specifically at the carboxyl side of Lys. Lys-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 7.0–9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in-solution or in-del.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade | 15 µg | V1671 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade, is a recombinant Lys-C expressed in *E. coli*. Sequence origin of rLys-C is Protease IV from *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Similar to a native Lys-C, rLys-C cleaves at the carboxyl side of lysine residues with exceptional specificity. rLys-C retains proteolytic activity under protein denaturing conditions such as 8M urea, which is used to improve digestion of proteolytically resistant proteins. rLys-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 8–9. The protease is supplied in a lyophilized form along with a Reconstitution Buffer, which is formulated to increase stability of rLys-C solution. Frozen rLys-C solution can be stored for a month at –20°C without detectable loss of activity. rLys-C is recommended for digestion of single proteins and complex protein mixtures in-solution and in-gel.

Features:

- Competitive Performance: Matches cleavage specificity of a native Lys-C. Proteolytic activity is similar.
- Purity: No contaminating peptides are identified with reverse-phase HPLC.
- · Application-Qualified: Each lot is qualified by mass spectrometry.
- Tolerance to Protein Denaturing Conditions: Retains activity in 8M urea.
- Cost-Effective: Severalfold price reduction as compared to a native Lys-C.
 Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Arg-C, Sequencing Grade

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 Arg-C, Sequencing Grade
 10 μg
 V1881

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Arg-C (clostripain) is an endopeptidase that cleaves at the C-terminus of arginine residues, including the sites next to proline. Cleavage also will occur at lysine residues. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases for protein analysis by mass spectrometry and other applications. Arg-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 7.6–7.9.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

| Protesse | Cleavage site | Example of use |
|--|--|--|
| Tryptin Specify protessis | 18 is arginate. If its bysines | Problems of chaps for most applications; probable pepides 7-25 amino acids in length with charge discoderistics optimal for many |
| Trypolin/Lyn-C Miss, Marco Spec Grade Specify proloces | Nisagene, Kalyane | spic unifysis. Reduces intened lysine pleavage siles, Accessors popularymism clerification, active under along directoring conditions. |
| tys-C Specify proteom | ARCONIC TOTAL (IL System) | Digoto membrane and other proteologically revision proteins; generales larger problem. than highly position—advantage for carbain manufacture methods (for example, electron translate dispositation). |
| Ary-C Specific promote | No Cats on it is arguest Ap Cats on it is leav orgine. Grow if your | Facilitates analysis of Instone positrumiational modifications, used in prisone with analysis |
| Bir-C Spericarmus | Sport and JE to governmy Chi-C also say, but lease degree, chave at assertial resistant. | Used as an electricity to hypoin Physone produces peptides that are the street as two long or Physics Change sites are not accession. |
| Asp-N Spiritir proteon | Notice Sector (S to expense) | Similar to Dis-C |
| Chymatrypsia Low Specific propular | INDUFXW) NOTE Y and W are according programme, furnishes and reproduces. requirement | Digets bylinghose protein divinuaryle, mandrane problem) |
| Pepsia Atmosofic avrises: | Nonepoolic promos polyetepe- sche al tim (#1) | (And it smalless person plantes and artifledy analysis, depicts personal plantes existent. Option bibliot proteins. |
| Thermolysia Nimpsoft protess | Remodit printer (duestigness) and a fight respectively | Diguels protosytically difficult, legally traded prototics send in disublest prototic studies. |
| Districe National Commercia | Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Ow | Did som you was |

Comparative proteases and cleavage sites.

Asp-N, Sequencing Grade

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Asp-N, Sequencing Grade | 2 μg | V1621 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Asp-N, Sequencing Grade, is an endoproteinase that hydrolyzes peptide bonds on the N-terminal side of aspartic and cysteic acid residues: Asp and Cys. Asp-N activity is optimal in the pH range of 4.0–9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in solution or in gel.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

OGlu-C, Sequencing Grade

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 Glu-C, Sequencing Grade
 50 μg
 V1651

 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Glu-C, Sequencing Grade (*S. aureus* V8), is a serine protease that specifically cleaves at the C-terminus of either aspartic or glutamic acid residues. In ammonium bicarbonate and ammonium acetate the enzyme specificity is higher at the glutamic residues. In phosphate buffers cleavage occurs at the aspartic and glutamic residues. Glu-C activity is optimal in the pH range of 4.0–9.0. This sequencing grade enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases to produce protein digests for peptide mapping applications or protein identification by peptide mass fingerprinting or MS/MS spectral matching. It is suitable for digestion reactions in solution but not recommended for in-gel digestions.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

Elastase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Elastase | 5 mg | V1891 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Elastase is a serine protease that preferentially cleaves at the C-terminus of alanine, valine, serine, glycine, leucine or isoleucine. Elastase has a unique capability of digesting elastin. This enzyme can be used alone or in combination with other proteases for protein analysis by mass spectrometry and other applications. Elastase activity is optimal at pH 9.0.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

Pepsin

| 1 | dillo |
|---|-------|
| | |

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Pepsin | 250 mg | V1959 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Pepsin preferentially cleaves at the C-terminus of phenylalanine, leucine, tyrosine and tryptophan. This protease can be used alone or in combination with other proteases for protein analysis by mass spectrometry and other applications. Pepsin activity is optimal at pH 1.0–3.0.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-10°C.

Thermolysin

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Thermolysin | 25 mg | V4001 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Thermolysin is a thermostable metalloproteinase. The high digestion temperatures may be used as an alternative to denaturants to improve digestion of proteolytically resistant proteins. Thermolysin preferentially cleaves at the N-terminus of the hydrophobic residues leucine, phenylalanine, valine, isoleucine, alanine and methionine. The optimal digestion temperature range is 65–85°C. Thermolysin activity is optimal at pH 5.0–8.5.

Storage Conditions: Store at -30 to -10°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system

O Promega

Section Contents

Proteinase K (Lyophilized)

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 Proteinase K
 100 mg
 V3021

 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Proteinase K, produced by the fungus *Tritirachium album* Limber, is a serine protease that exhibits broad cleavage activity. It cleaves peptide bonds adjacent to the carboxylic group of aliphatic and aromatic amino acids and is useful for general digestion of protein in biological samples. It has been purified to remove RNase and DNase activities. The stability of Proteinase K in urea and SDS and its ability to digest native proteins make it useful for a variety of applications including preparation of chromosomal DNA for pulsed-field gel electrophoresis, protein fingerprinting and removal of nucleases from preparations of DNA and RNA. A typical working concentration for Proteinase K is 50–100μg/ml.

Form: Lyophilized powder.

Recommended Reaction Buffer: 50mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 10mM CaCl₂. Features:

• **Stable:** Active over a pH range of 4.3–12.0, in 0.5% SDS or 1% Triton® X-100 and retains >80% of its activity at temperatures up to 60°C.

Storage Conditions: Store lyophilized powder desiccated at -20°C.

Factor Xa Protease

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Factor Xa Protease | 50 μg | V5581 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: Factor Xa Protease is purified from bovine plasma and activated by treatment with the activating enzyme from Russell's viper venom. Factor Xa Protease preferentially cleaves after the arginine residue in the amino acid sequence Ile-Glu-Gly-Arg.

 $\label{eq:commended} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Recommended Reaction Buffer: } 20mM\ Tris-HCI\ (pH\ 7.4),\ 0.1M\ NaCl. \\ \textbf{Storage Conditions: } Store\ in\ aliquots\ at\ -20^{\circ}C. \\ \end{tabular}$

Protein Labeling and Detection

HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# |
|--|-----------|-------|-------|
| HaloTag® Cloning Starter System | 1 each | | G6050 |
| HaloTag® TMR Ligand | 30 µl | 5 mM | G8251 |
| HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors—CMV Deletion Series Sample Pack | 9 × 2 μg | | G3780 |
| HaloTag® TMR Ligand | 15 µl | 5 mM | G8252 |
| HaloTag® Oregon Green® Ligand | 30 µl | 1 mM | G2801 |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1321 |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1551 |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1571 |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1591 |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1601 |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1611 |
| pFC20A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1681 |
| pFC20K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1691 |
| pFN19K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1841 |
| pFN19A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G1891 |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2681 |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2751 |
| HaloTag® Oregon Green® Ligand | 15 µl | 1 mM | G2802 |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2821 |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2831 |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2841 |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2851 |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2861 |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2871 |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2881 |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G2981 |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G9651 |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | | G9661 |
| HaloTag® diAcFAM Ligand | | 1 mM | G8272 |
| | | | G8273 |
| HaloTag® Coumarin Ligand | 30 µl 1 | | |
| | 15 µl 1 | | G8582 |
| HaloTag® Alexa Fluor® 488 Ligand | | 1 mM | G1001 |
| | 15 µl | | G1002 |
| HaloTag® Alexa Fluor® 660 Ligand | 30 µl 3 | | |
| | | | G8472 |
| HaloTag® TMRDirect™ Ligand | 30 µl 0 | | G2991 |
| HaloTag® R110Direct™ Ligand | 30 µl 0 | | G3221 |
| HaloTag® Biotin Ligand | | | G8281 |
| | 15 µl | 5 mM | G8282 |
| HaloTag® PEG-Biotin Ligand | 30 µl | 5 mM | G8591 |
| 3 | 15 µl | 5 mM | G8592 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic F | · · | | |
| , | | | |

Description: The HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands can carry a variety of functionalities, including fluorescent labels, affinity tags and attachments to a solid phase. The covalent bond forms rapidly under general physiological conditions, is highly specific and essentially irreversible. The HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands allow researchers to apply the chloroalkane group that HaloTag® protein reacts with to any compound or surface with a compatible chemical group, creating endless possible applications.

HaloTag® Fluorescent Ligands for Cellular Imaging

Cell-permeant fluorescent ligands (rapid labeling protocol):

- HaloTag® TMR Ligand (555_{Fx}/585_{Fm})
- HaloTag® Oregon Green® Ligand (496_{Ev}/516_{Em})
- HaloTag[®] diAcFAM Ligand (494_{Ex}/526_{Em})
- HaloTag[®] Coumarin Ligand (353_{Fx}/434_{Fm})

Cell-impermeant fluorescent ligands for cell-surface labeling (rapid labeling protocol):

- HaloTag® Alexa Fluor® 488 Ligand (494_{Fv}/517_{Fm})
- HaloTag[®] Alexa Fluor[®] 660 Ligand (663_{Fx}/690_{Fm})

Cell-permeant fluorescent ligands ("no wash" protocol):

- HaloTag[®] TMRDirect[™] Ligand (555_{Fx}/585_{Fm})
- HaloTag[®] R110Direct[™] Ligand (502_{Ex}/527_{Em})

The Alexa Fluor® 488 Ligand is impermeable to cell membranes and, therefore, used to label cell surface proteins. The TMR Ligand, Oregon Green® Ligand, diAcFAM Ligand and Coumarin Ligand readily cross the cell membrane and, therefore, can be used to label intracellular proteins.

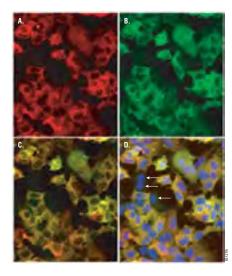
HaloTag® Ligands for Protein Detection

The HaloTag® Biotin Ligand consists of a 12-atom linker arm to biotin and is used as an affinity tag to capture the HaloTag® protein-based fusion construct using the strong biotin-streptavidin interaction.

The HaloTag® PEG-Biotin Ligand contains a spacer not found in the HaloTag® Biotin Ligand. This provides a significantly longer and more flexible linker between streptavidin and the HaloTag® protein, which may be advantageous in preserving the activity of a HaloTag® fusion partner protein upon immobilization or derivatization.

Features:

- Label in Solution or on a Solid Support: The HaloTag[®] Ligands bind to the HaloTag[®] protein or protein fusions with high specificity and affinity.
- Label Your HaloTag® Protein in Live Cells: The HaloTag® TMR, diAcFAM, Coumarin and Biotin Ligands readily cross the cell membrane.
- Pull Down Protein Complexes: The spacer and reactive linker of the HaloTag[®] PEG-Biotin Ligand provide ideal pull-down capabilities. Alternatively, pull down directly with the HaloLink[™] Resin.
- Image Fixed Cells: The covalent bond is stable, allowing imaging of fixed cells and analysis of the labeled protein under stringent conditions.
- Introduce Novel Functionalities or Perform Sequential Labeling: The open architecture of the technology enables the use of different ligands for multiple applications.
- Design Only One Genetic Construct for Multiple Experiments: Obtain new functionality by using a different HaloTag[®] Ligand without having to design and clone a new expression construct.



Colabeling of HaloTag®-p65 fusion protein with HaloTag® TMR Ligand and the Anti-HaloTag® pAb. Panel A. Cytoplasmic (red) labeling of HEK293-p65-HT2 cells by HaloTag® TMR Ligand. Panel B. Cytoplasmic (green) labeling by Anti-HaloTag® pAb and Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG (Invitrogen). Panel C. Colocalization of ligand and antibody binding activities. Panel D. Merger of red and green fluorescence with counterstaining of the nucleus by DAPI (blue). Arrows denote rare cells that show little or no expression of HaloTag®-p65. Protocols developed and performed at Promega.

MaloTag[®] Ligand Building Blocks

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| HaloTag® Amine (04) Ligand | 5 mg | P6741 | |
| HaloTag® Amine (02) Ligand | 5 mg | P6711 | |
| HaloTag® lodoacetamide (04) Ligand | 5 mg | P6771 | |
| HaloTag® lodoacetamide (O2) Ligand | 5 mg | P1681 | |
| HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (04) Ligand | 5 mg | P6751 | |
| HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (02) Ligand | 5 mg | P1691 | |
| HaloTag® Thiol (04) Ligand | 5 mg | P6761 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The HaloTag® Ligand Building Blocks can carry a variety of functionalities, including fluorescent labels, affinity tags and attachments to a solid phase. The covalent bond forms rapidly under general physiological conditions, is highly specific and essentially irreversible. The HaloTag® Ligand Building Blocks allow researchers to apply the chloroalkane group that HaloTag® protein reacts with to any compound or surface with a compatible chemical group, creating endless possible applications.

The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (04) Ligand contains a reactive succinimidyl ester (SE) group connected to an alkyl chloride separated by three ethylene glycol repeats (04). The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an amine, forming stable amide bond linkages. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (O2) Ligand contains a reactive succinimidyl ester (SE) group connected to an alkylchloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). The HaloTag® Succinimidyl Ester (O2) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an amine, forming stable amide bond linkages. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.



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The HaloTag® Amine (04) Ligand contains a reactive amine group connected to an alkyl chloride, separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (04). The HaloTag® Amine (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an activated carboxylic acid, sulfonyl halide or isocyanate. Examples of activated carboxylic acids are succinimidyl esters. STP esters, acid halides, and TFP esters. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application

The HaloTag® Amine (O2) Ligand contains a reactive amine group connected to an alkylchloride, separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). The HaloTag® Amine (O2) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, protein, or nucleic acid derivative containing an activated carboxylic acid, sulfonyl halide, or isocyanate. Examples of activated carboxylic acids are succinimidyl esters. STP esters, acid halides, and TFP esters. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application

The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (04) Ligand contains a reactive iodoacetamide group connected an alkyl chloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (04). The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (04) Ligand has been designed to rapidly react with sulfhydryl-containing molecules, whether small organic compounds, peptides or proteins. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® lodoacetamide (O2) Ligand contains a reactive iodoacetamide group connected to an alkylchloride separated by an ethylene glycol repeat (O2). HaloTag® lodoacetamide (O2) Ligand has been designed to rapidly react with sulfhydryl-containing molecules, whether small organic compounds, peptides or proteins. The ligand with functional group can then be used with the HaloTag® protein for any application of interest.

The HaloTag® Thiol (O4) Ligand contains a reactive sulfhydryl group connected to an alkyl chloride separated by three ethylene glycol repeats (04). The HaloTag® Thiol (04) Ligand can be successfully conjugated to any reporter group, cross-linking reagent (bound or free), or nucleic acid derivative containing a number of different alkylating groups, forming stable thioether bonds. Commonly used reagents that rapidly react with sulfhydryls include iodo- or bromo-acetyls or benzyls, bromo- or chloro-mustards, maleimides, aziridines, acryloyl derivatives, and halide or sulfonate containing arenes (those bearing Electron Withdrawing Groups (EWGs) react most rapidly). The reactive ligand can be captured with HaloTag® protein either before or after the thiol group is functionalized for any application of interest.

Storage Conditions: Store Cat.# P1691 and P6751 at or below -70°C under inert atmosphere. Store Cat.# P6711 and P6741 at or below -20°C in an air-tight container in the absence of light. Store Cat.# P1681, P6771 and P6761 at or below –20°C under inert atmosphere in the absence of light. See Promega Product Information for additional details on individual products.

◆ HaloTag® Fusion (C-Terminal) Mammalian **Expression Vectors**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| pHTC HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7711 | |
| pFC27A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8421 | |
| pFC27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8431 | |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9651 | |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9661 | |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1611 | |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1601 | |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1591 | |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1571 | |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1551 | |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1321 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| HaloTag® Cloning Starter System | 1 each | G6050 | |
| HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors—CMV Deletion Series Sample Pack | 9 × 2 μg | G3780 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | 3. | | |

Description: These vectors are designed for expression of C-terminal-tagged HaloTag® fusion proteins in mammalian cells. Once expressed, the HaloTag®

fusion protein may be used for cell imaging of protein localization or trafficking in conjunction with the fluorescent HaloTag® Ligands. In addition, the HaloTag® fusion protein can be purified or pulled down as a complex with its protein partners. We offer two types of HaloTag® fusion vectors to accommodate your cloning preferences:

- pHT Vector Series: Simple Multiple Cloning Site (MCS) plasmids for traditional cloning.
- pF Vector Series: Flexi® Vector Cloning System—a directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence.

Note: Flexi[®] Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of E. coli

Find your gene, precloned, and experimentally validated.

- Versatility: You can choose between a variety of initial applications (e.g., bacterial protein, mammalian, or cell-free protein expression) and then transfer to others as required.
- **Time Savings:** Efficient transfer allows for direct use of recombinant clones, minimizing time wasted screening background colonies.
- **Enhanced Productivity:** Adaptable to high-throughput formats for large screening projects.
- Easy Access: No licensing fees or complicated transfer restrictions. Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.



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HaloTag® Fusion (N-Terminal) Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| pHTN HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7721 | |
| pFN28A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8441 | |
| pFN28K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8451 | |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2821 | |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2831 | |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2841 | |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2851 | |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2861 | |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2871 | |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2881 | |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2981 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| HaloTag® Cloning Starter System | 1 each | G6050 | |
| HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors—CMV Deletion Series Sample Pack | 9 × 2 μg | G3780 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | 3. | | |

Description: These vectors are designed for expression of N-terminal-tagged HaloTag® fusion proteins in mammalian cells. Once expressed, the HaloTag® fusion protein may be used for cell imaging of protein localization or trafficking in conjunction with the fluorescent HaloTag® Ligands. In addition, the HaloTag® fusion protein can be purified or pulled down as a complex with its protein partners. We offer two types of HaloTag® fusion vectors to accommodate your cloning preferences:

- pHT Vector Series: Simple Multiple Cloning Site (MCS) plasmids for traditional cloning.
- pF Vector Series: Flexi® Vector Cloning System---a directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence.

Note: Flexi[®] Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi[®] Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of *E. coli* without an insert.

Find your gene, precloned, and experimentally validated.

Features

- Versatility: You can choose between a variety of initial applications (e.g., bacterial protein, mammalian, or cell-free protein expression) and then transfer to others as required.
- Time Savings: Efficient transfer allows for direct use of recombinant clones, minimizing time wasted screening background colonies.
- Enhanced Productivity: Adaptable to high-throughput formats for large screening projects.
- Easy Access: No licensing fees or complicated transfer restrictions.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

Relative Mammalian Protein Expression Levels for HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors.

| Vector Name | Cat.# | Expression Level* |
|--|-------|-------------------|
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G9651 | High |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G9661 | High |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | G1611 | Medium |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | G1601 | Medium |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G1591 | Low |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G1571 | Low |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G1551 | Ultra-Low |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G1321 | Ultra-Low |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G2821 | High |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | G2831 | High |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | G2841 | Medium |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | G2851 | Medium |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G2861 | Low |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | G2871 | Low |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G2881 | Ultra-Low |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | G2981 | Ultra-Low |
| pFC27A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8421 | High ¹ |
| pFC27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8431 | High ² |
| pFN28A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8441 | High ¹ |
| pFN27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | G8451 | High ² |
| | | 9161LB |

¹This vector confers ampicillin resistance for Flexi[®] cloning, and the neomycin (G418) selection cassette affords antibiotic selection of stable cell lines expressing the HaloTag[®] fusion protein.

²This vector confers kanamycin resistance for Flexi® cloning, and the neomycin (G418) selection cassette affords antibiotic selection of stable cell lines expressing the HaloTag® fusion protein.

*Expression level depends on the cell type and the protein fused to HaloTag® protein.



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Helix® on-site

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HaloTag[®] Vectors for E. coli and Cell-Free Protein Expression

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pH6HTN His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G7971 |
| pH6HTC His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G8031 |
| pF1A T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8441 |
| pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8451 |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2751 |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2681 |
| pFN19A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1891 |
| pFN19K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1841 |
| pFC20A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1681 |
| pFC20K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1691 |
| pFN29A His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8261 |
| pFN29K His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8331 |
| pFC30A His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8321 |
| pFC30K His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8381 |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: These vectors are used for inducible expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins in *E. coli* and cell-free systems using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter. Expression levels depend highly on the nature of the protein, but in general the N-terminal HaloTag® fusion protein (e.g., pFN18A/K) can increase expression level, enhance refolding and boost solubility of the expressed protein. HaloTag® vectors are supplied in two formats: as multiple cloning site (MCS) vectors for traditional cloning and as Flexi® System vectors.

The Flexi® Vector System is a simple, directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and high-fidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence. Direct transfers can only occur between two N-terminal tagged vectors or from an N-terminal to a C-terminal vector. The MCS vectors and several Flexi® system vectors contain a His₆-HaloTag® dual tag. The dual tag enables protein purification with the reusable Ni-resin while retaining the HaloTag® covalent labeling properties.

Multiple Cloning Site (MCS) Vectors

pH6HTN ${\rm His_6HaloTag^{@}}$ T7 Vector (Cat.# G7971) is designed for protein expression with an N-terminal ${\rm His_6}$ -HaloTag[®] dual tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

pH6HTC ${\rm His_6HaloTag^{@}}$ T7 Vector (Cat.# G8031) is designed for protein expression with a C-terminal ${\rm His_6}$ -HaloTag[®] dual tag in *E. coli* and T7 cell-free expression systems.

Flexi® System Vectors

pF1A/K T7 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# C8441, C8451) are designed for untagged protein expression.

pFN18A/K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G2751, G2681) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal HaloTag® in $\it E. coli$ and T7 cell-free expression systems.

pFN19A/K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G1891, G1841) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal HaloTag® in T7 and SP6 cell-free expression systems. These vectors are optimized for cell-free expression systems.

pFC20A/K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vectors (Cat.# G1681, G1691) are designed for protein expression with a C-terminal HaloTag® in *E. coli* and SP6 cell-free expression systems. These vectors are optimized for cell-free expression systems

pFN29A/K His $_6$ HaloTag 8 T7 Flexi 9 Vectors (Cat.# G8261, G8331) are designed for protein expression with an N-terminal His $_6$ -HaloTag 8 dual tag in *E. coli* T7 cell-free expression systems.

pFC30A/K His $_6$ HaloTag $^{\otimes}$ T7 Flexi $^{\odot}$ Vectors (Cat.# G8321, G8381) are designed for protein expression with a C-terminal His $_6$ -HaloTag $^{\otimes}$ dual tag in *E. coli* T7 cell-free expression systems.

Note: Flexi® Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of *E. coli* without an insert

Features:

- Choice of Systems: Choose between traditional (MCS) and Flexi[®] cloning to get the benefits of HaloTag[®] technology.
- Dual Tag: Couple the protein solubility and labeling benefits of HaloTag® technology with the reusability and the throughput of Ni-affinity technology.
- Versatile Cloning: Choose from a variety of expression systems and fusion tag orientations and then transfer to others as required (for Flexi® system).
- Time Savings: Barnase insert (Flexi® system) decreases the number of background colonies, allowing efficient transfer of genetic constructs.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

PluoroTect™ Green_{Lys} in vitro Translation Labeling System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| FluoroTect™ Green _{Lys} in vitro Translation Labeling System | 40 reactions | L5001 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

Description: The FluoroTectTM Green_{Lys} in vitro Translation Labeling System allows for the fluorescent labeling and detection of proteins synthesized in vitro. The system is based on a lysine-charged tRNA that is labeled at the ϵ position of the lysine with the fluorophore BODIPY®-FL. Fluorescent lysine residues will be incorporated into synthesized proteins during in vitro translation reactions, eliminating the need for radioactivity.

Detection of the labeled proteins is accomplished in 2–5 minutes directly "in-gel" using a laser-based fluorescent gel scanner. This eliminates any requirements for protein gel manipulation such as fixing/drying or any safety, regulatory and waste disposal issues associated with the use of radioactively labeled amino acids use. The convenience of "in-gel" detection also avoids the time-consuming electroblotting and detection steps of conventional non-isotopic systems.

Features:

- Fast: Data can be obtained in minutes, eliminating overnight exposures associated with radioactive-based systems or time-consuming steps utilized by traditional non-isotopic methodologies.
- Convenient: Results based on "in-gel" detection. No requirement to transfer, fix, or dry gels.
- Non-Radioactive: No safety, regulatory or waste disposal issues associated with radioactivity.
- Flexible: The modified charged tRNA can be used with a variety of Promega translation systems including: Rabbit Reticulocyte Lysate, TwT[®] Coupled Transcription/Translation System, Wheat Germ Extract and E. coli S30 Extract.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.





™ Transcend™ Non-Radioactive Translation Detection Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| Transcend™ Colorimetric Translation Detection System | 30 reactions | L5070 | |
| Transcend [™] Chemiluminescent Translation Detection System | 30 reactions | L5080 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Transcend™ tRNA | 30 µl | L5061 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | ures. | | |

Description: The Transcend[™] Non-Radioactive Translation Detection Systems allow non-radioactive detection of proteins synthesized in vitro. Using these systems, biotinylated lysine residues are incorporated into nascent proteins during translation, eliminating the need for labeling with [³⁵S]methionine or other radioactive amino acids. This biotinylated lysine is added to the translation reaction as a precharged ε-labeled biotinylated lysine-tRNA complex (Transcend[™] tRNA) rather than a free amino acid. After SDS-PAGE and electroblotting, the biotinylated proteins can be visualized by binding either Streptavidin-Alkaline Phosphatase (Streptavidin-AP) or Streptavidin-Horseradish Peroxidase (Streptavidin-HRP), followed either by colorimetric or chemilluminescent detection. Typically, these methods can detect 0.5–5ng of protein within 3–4 hours after gel electrophoresis. This sensitivity is equivalent to that achieved with [³⁵S]methionine incorporation and autoradiographic detection 6–12 hours after gel electrophoresis.

Features:

- **Sensitive:** The biotin tag allows detection of 0.5–5ng of translated protein.
- Safe: No radioisotope handling, storage or disposal is required.
- **Fast:** Labeled proteins can be detected 3–4 hours after gel electrophoresis.
- Flexible: Results can be visualized by using colorimetric or chemiluminescent detection.

Storage Conditions: Store TranscendTM tRNA at -70° C. Do not subject the TranscendTM tRNA to more than five freeze-thaw cycles. Store all other components at 4° C.

ECL Western Blotting Substrate

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ECL Western Blotting Substrate | 250 ml | W1001 | |
| | 500 ml | W1015 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The ECL Western Blotting Substrate is a highly sensitive non-radioactive, enhanced luminol-based chemiluminescent substrate for the detection of horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugates on immunoblots. The ECL Western Blotting Substrate detects and visualizes the presence of picogram (pg) amounts of antigen through the use of photographic or other suitable chemiluminescent imaging methods.

Features:

- High Sensitivity: Detect picogram levels of protein with minimal background.
- Save Time: No optimization required; you can switch from other entry-level ECL substrates.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2-8°C.

TMB One Solution

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| TMB One Solution | 100 ml | G7431 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 231.

AttoPhos® AP Fluorescent Substrate System

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| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| AttoPhos® AP Fluorescent Substrate System 3 | 3 × 36 mg | S1000 | |
| AttoPhos® AP Fluorescent Substrate System Trial Size | 1 × 36 mg | S1001 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| AttoPhos® Substrate | 36 mg | S1011 | |
| | 100 mg | S1012 | |
| | 1 g | S1013 | |
| AttoPhos® Buffer | 60 ml | S1021 | |
| | 240 ml | S1022 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | 3. | | |

Description: AttoPhos® AP Fluorescent Substrate System contains a highly sensitive fluorescent alkaline phosphatase (AP) substrate.

Features:

- Sensitivity: Low fluorescence signal until enzymatically acted upon, yielding detection of AP to 0.1 attomole.
- Low Background: Low fluorescence from interfering biological molecules.
- Linearity: Linear kinetics over five orders of magnitude of AP concentra-
- Additional Features: Excitation at 435nm, emission at 555nm and large Stokes' shift (≈120nm).

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

Blocking Agents

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Blot-Qualified BSA | 10 g | W3841 | |
| Tween® 20 | 2.5 ml 100 % | W3831 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | rocedures. | | |

Description: This BSA (bovine serum albumin) has been tested and qualified for optimum performance in immunoblotting applications with alkaline phosphatase antibody conjugates. It is shown to be alkaline phosphatase-free. Tween® 20 is a nonionic detergent used as a buffer component for immu-

Tween® 20 is a nonionic detergent used as a buffer component for immunoscreening in the ProtoBlot® Systems. In addition to blocking agents such as BSA, which saturate excess sites of antibody binding on membranes, this detergent acts in solution to dissociate nonspecific interactions with an antibody probe.



stocking system

stocking system

ProtoBlot® II AP Systems with Stabilized Substrate and Western Express® Fast Blotting Protocol

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ProtoBlot® II AP System with Stabilized Substrate, Human | 1 each | W3940 | |
| ProtoBlot® II AP System with Stabilized Substrate, Mouse | 1 each | W3950 | |
| ProtoBlot® II AP System with Stabilized Substrate, Rabbit | 1 each | W3960 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The ProtoBlot® II AP Systems with Stabilized Substrate are designed for the rapid and sensitive detection of proteins or other macromolecular antigens immobilized on nitrocellulose or PVDF membranes. Proteins can be transferred from gels after electrophoresis (Western blots) or bound directly from solution ("dot" blots). The Western Express® Fast Blotting Protocol is included with the system and can reduce dramatically the time required to perform immunodetection. All ProtoBlot® II AP Systems contain BSA as a stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide as a preservative.

Features:

- Fast: Easy-to-use Western Express® Protocol allows the detection of dot blots in 30–45 minutes and the detection of Western blots in 1–2 hours.
- Convenient: The system contains Western Blue® Stabilized Substrate for AP, which is a ready-to-use solution of BCIP/NBT. No reagent preparation is required for the substrate.

For many applications, AP conjugates are superior to HRP conjugates because they:

- · offer greater sensitivity (tenfold) of detection.
- · are not inhibited by azide.
- use a substrate that is not prone to fading during long-term storage.
- have protocols provided for both PVDF and nitrocellulose membranes.

Storage Conditions: Store antibody conjugates at 4°C (undiluted). Store Western Blue® Substrate at room temperature.

Western Blue[®] Stabilized Substrate for Alkaline Phosphatase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Western Blue® Stabilized Substrate for Alkaline Phosphatase | 100 ml | S3841 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 23.

TMB Stabilized Substrate for Horseradish

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| TMB Stabilized Substrate for Horseradish Peroxidase | 200 ml | W4121 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 21.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| BCIP/NBT Color Development Substrate | 1.25/2.5 ml | S3771 | |
| For Laboratory Use. | | | |

(5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl-phosphate/nitro

BCIP/NBT Color Development Substrate

For additional information see page 14.

blue tetrazolium)

Protein Deamidation Detection

ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit | 100 assays MA1010 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

Description: The ISOQUANT® Isoaspartate Detection Kit is intended for quantitative detection of isoaspartic acid residues in proteins and peptides, which can result from the gradual, nonenzymatic deamidation of asparagine or rearrangement of aspartic acid residues during storage or handling. Because the kit does not depend on the monitoring of charge differences for detection, charge heterogeneity does not interfere with the assay. The ISOQUANT® Kit can be used on peptides or proteins such as monoclonal antibodies.

Features:

- **Great Efficiency:** Simple procedure with a test time of less than one hour. Automation possible with HPLC autosampler capability.
- Economical: HPLC detection eliminates cost and inconvenience of radioactive materials handling.
- Analytical: Quantitative results available.
- Versatile: Perform individual samples or batches. Small sample size makes the assay suitable for research, analytical methods, formulations and process development work.
- . Robust: Not affected by common buffer components.
- HPLC Detection Method: Fits with existing equipment and expertise.
- Sensitive: Detects isoaspartate resulting from aspartic acid rearrangement as well as deamidation of asparagine.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





HaloTag® Protein Purification

MaloTag® Protein Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-------|--|
| HaloTag® Protein Purification System | 1 each | G6280 | |
| HaloTag® Protein Purification System Sample Pack | 1 each | G6270 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Single Step (KRX) Competent Cells | 20 × 50 μl | L3002 | |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2681 | |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2751 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | es. | | |

Description: The HaloTag[®] Protein Purification System is designed to purify proteins fused to the HaloTag[®] novel protein tag that enhances the expression and solubility of recombinant proteins. HaloTag[®] Technology enables the covalent, efficient and specific capture of a protein of interest onto HaloLink[™] Resin, thus overcoming the equilibrium-based limitations associated with affinity tags (i.e., poor capture of proteins expressed at low levels and protein loss during washing of the purification resin.

The HaloTag® technology offers a quick and convenient way to test protein expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins as well as monitor the efficiency of immobilization to HaloLink™ Resin by labeling with fluorescent HaloTag® TMR Ligand followed by SDS-PAGE analysis. Guidelines can be found in the HaloLink™ Resin Technical Manual #TM250, the HaloLink™ Protein Array Technical Manual #TM310 and the HaloCHIP™ System Technical Manual #TM075.

Outline of Procedure

The HaloTag® protein, a 34kDa mutated hydrolase, covalently attaches to HaloLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin via an immobilized chloroalkane ligand. TEV Protease cleaves the target protein from the HaloLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin. The TEV Protease, which has an N-terminal (HQ) tag, is removed from the protein of interest using HisLink $^{\text{TM}}$ Resin, and the purified protein of interest is recovered. The appropriate vector that encodes the HaloTag® protein and expresses protein optimally in *E. coli* is pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector (G2751) or pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector (G2681). These vectors can be purchased separately.

Features:

- Experience Superior Yield, Purity and Specific Activity of Soluble, Functional Proteins Compared to His-Tag, GST and MBP Affinity Tags: Specific and covalent HaloTag[®] fusion protein capture and immobilization on HaloLink™ Resin.
- Achieve Enhanced Target Protein Expression in Prokaryotic, Mammalian and Cell-Free Systems: Proteins are expressed as HaloTag[®] fusion proteins.
- Purify Poorly Expressed Fusion Proteins: Rapid, specific and covalent capture of HaloTag[®] protein onto HaloLink™ Resin is a nonequilibrium process.
- Efficiently Recover Tag-Free Target Protein using TEV Protease Cleavage: Optimized TEV protease recognition site within the interconnecting polypeptide separating the HaloTag® protein and the fusion partner. HaloTag® protein remains immobilized on the resin due to covalent canture.
- Save Time: One buffer compatible with downstream applications for all purification steps.
- Perform Easy In-Gel Detection and Quantification of Protein Expression Levels with Fluorescent HaloTag® Ligands: Highly stable HaloTag® protein-ligand interaction permits boiling with SDS sample buffer followed by resolving on SDS-PAGE.

Storage Conditions: Store the HaloLinkTM Resin and HisLinkTM Resin at 4° C. Do not freeze the resins. Store the TEV Protease at -20° C.



• HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification System

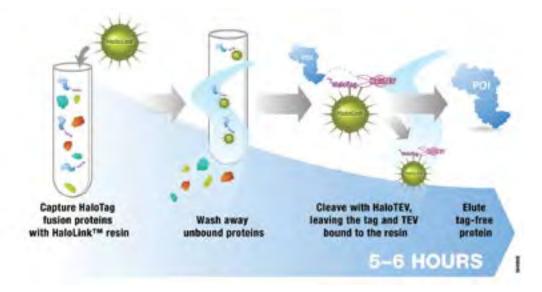
| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and | | 1 each | G6795 | |
| Purification System | | | | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification Sys | stem | 1 each | G6790 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and | | 1 each | G6799 | |
| Purification System Sample Pack | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Available Separately HaloTEV Protease | Size 1,000 u | | Cat.# G6601 | |
| | | | | |
| | 1,000 u 4,000 u | 5 u/μl | G6601 | |
| HaloTEV Protease | 1,000 u 4,000 u | 5 u/μl 5 u/μl | G6601 G6602 | |

Description: The HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification System (Cat.# G6790) is an optimized kit for purification of HaloTag® fusion proteins from mammalian cell culture lysates. HaloTag® fusion proteins form a highly specific and covalent bond with the HaloLink™ Resin. The covalent binding coupled with the low nonspecific binding of the HaloLink™ Resin provides superior purity and recovery of recombinant proteins from cultured mammalian cells, even at low expression levels. The HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Detection and Purification System (Cat.# G6795) also includes HaloTag® TMRDirect™ Ligand. The simple-to-use fluorescent detection of the HaloTag® fusion facilitates rapid optimization of expression and purification conditions.

Features:

- Purify More Protein: HaloLinkTM Resin covalently binds >7mg/ml of HaloTag[®] fusion protein (10X more capacity compared to FLAG[®]). Recovery is highly efficient, commonly >75%.
- Higher Purity: Covalent capture allows extensive and/or stringent washes without loss of bound protein, resulting in very low (<0.1%) nonspecific binding and a highly pure protein.
- Easily Scalable: Scale up and down, important for obtaining mg-plus quantities.
- Optimized for Mammalian Protein Expression: The HaloTag[®] platform allows flexibility to move between purification, pull-downs and cellular imaging with a single construct.

Storage Conditions: Store the Spin Columns at room temperature. Store the HaloLink™ Resin at 4°C. Store the HaloTEV Protease, HaloTag[®] TMRDirect™ Ligand and powdered Protease Inhibitor Cocktail at −30 to −10°C. Reconstituted Protease Inhibitor Cocktail can be stored at 2−10°C for 12 months.



Schematic of the HaloTag® Mammalian Protein Purification System protocol. Streamlined purification process leads to higher purity and recovery of recombinant proteins from cultured cells.





MaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down Systems

Miller .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| HaloTag® Complete Pull-Down System | 1 each | G6509 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down and Labeling System | 24 reactions | G6500 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down System | 24 reactions | G6504 | |
| HaloTag® Control Vector | 20 µg | G6591 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 | |
| Mammalian Lysis Buffer | 40 ml | G9381 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | | |

Description: The HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down Systems (Cat.# G6500, G6504 and G6509) are designed to capture and purify intracellular binary and higher order protein complexes, including transient or weakly interacting partners.

HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down System (Cat.# G6504) includes buffers and resin necessary to perform a HaloTag® pull-down.

HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down and Labeling System (Cat.# G6500) includes everything in G6504 *plus* the HaloTag® TMRDirect™ Ligand, which allows correlative cellular localization and real-time imaging studies.

HaloTag® Complete Pull-Down System (Cat.# G6509) includes everything in G6500 *plus* a starter cloning system, Wizard® SV Gel and PCR Clean-Up System, and FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent.

The **HaloTag® Control Vector** provides protein expression of the HaloTag® protein in mammalian cells, *E. coli* or in vitro expression systems dependent on human cytomegalovirus (CMV) intermediate early enhancer, T7 or SP6 RNA polymerase promoters. It can be used as a control for any HaloTag® experimental system and can be used for both stable and transient HaloTag® expression in mammalian cells; for stable expression, co-transfection with a vector containing a selectable marker is required.

The **Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X**, is a mixture of six different protease inhibitors with different target protease specificities. This product is provided in a freeze-dried format and can be reconstituted using either 100% ethanol or DMSO.

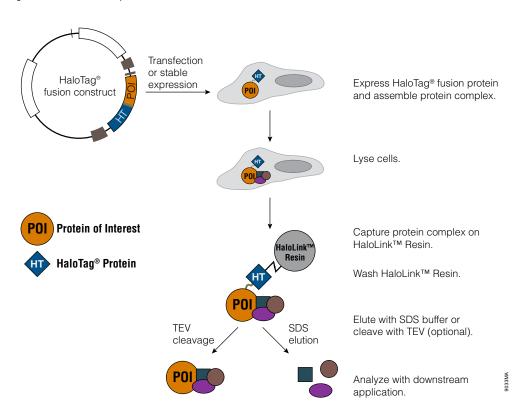
The **Mammalian Lysis Buffer** is designed for use with HaloTag® Mammalian-based expression systems such as the HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down and Labeling Systems as well as the HaloCHIPTM System (Cat.# G9410). Formulation consists of 50mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 1% Triton® X-100 and 0.1% sodium deoxycholate (pH 7.5).

Related Services: Mass Spec Services.

Features:

- Rapid, Efficient and Covalent Capture of Binary and Higher Order Complexes Directly from Lysates: Improved capture of protein partners, including transient interactions.
- High Purity and Low Background: Improved accuracy in identification
 of proteins; covalent attachment allows bait protein to remain behind if
 desired
- Ability to Fluorescently Label the Same Genetic Fusion: Correlate complex capture with cellular localization.
- Compatibility with All Downstream Methods of Analysis: Freedom to identify complexes in variety of applications including mass spectrometry.

Storage Conditions: Store the 10X TBS Buffer and SDS Elution Buffer at room temperature. Store the HaloLink™ Resin and Mammalian Lysis Buffer at 4°C. Store the HaloTag® TMRDirect™ Ligand and powdered Protease Inhibitor Cocktail at −30 to −10°C. Reconstituted Protease Inhibitor Cocktail can be stored at 2–10°C for 12 months.



Representation of the HaloTag® mammalian pull-down assay using HaloTag® fusion protein as bait.



MaloTEV Protease

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|------------------|----------------|-------|--|
| HaloTEV Protease | 1,000 u 5 u/µl | G6601 | |
| | 4,000 u 5 u/μl | G6602 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: HaloTEV Protease (81kDa) is a fusion between the HaloTag[®] protein and TEV protease, a highly specific proteolytic enzyme that cleaves at a specific TEV site, a specific seven-amino-acid sequence (ENLYFQ(G/S)). HaloTEV Protease allows covalent immobilization on HaloLink[™] Resin and removal from a cleavage reaction in a single-step purification. The covalent capture of HaloTEV Protease improves purity of the final target protein and assures the improved recovery of the TEV protease.

Features:

- Improve Final Protein Purity: Covalently remove HaloTEV from your purified protein with HaloLink™ Resin.
- Optimized for HaloTag[®] Purifications: Proteins can be purified tag-free in a single step as the HaloLink™ Resin will bind both HaloTag[®] protein tag and the HaloTEV protease.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

♦ HaloLink™ Resin

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| HaloLink™ Resin | 1.25 ml | G1912 |
| | 2.5 ml | G1913 |
| | 10 ml | G1914 |
| | 25 ml | G1915 |
| For Deceased Has Only Not for Has in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: The HaloLink™ Resin provides a method for covalent and oriented attachment of HaloTag® fusion proteins onto a solid surface. The resin consists of a HaloTag® ligand bound to Sepharose® beads that specifically and rapidly binds HaloTag® fusion proteins. HaloLink™ Resin has high binding capacity. Due to covalent linkage, HaloTag® fusion proteins cannot be eluted from the resin, allowing extensive washing to remove nonspecifically bound protein without the danger of eluting HaloTag® fusion proteins. The binding rate is very rapid and equivalent to biotin-streptavidin.

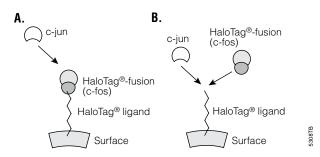
The HaloLinkTM Resin can be used in a variety of applications including: detection and analysis of protein:protein interactions (in vivo and in vitro), detection of enzymatic activity of immobilized HaloTag[®] fusions and one-step purification of fusion protein in conjunction with proteolytic cleavage. A variety of vectors for the expression of HaloTag[®] fusion proteins in bacterial, mammalian or cell-free systems are available.

The HaloTag® technology offers a quick and convenient way to test protein expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins as well as monitor the efficiency of immobilization to HaloLink™ Resin by labeling with fluorescent HaloTag® TMR Ligand followed by SDS-PAGE analysis. Guidelines can be found in the HaloLink™ Resin Technical Manual #TM250.

Features:

- Covalent Attachment: Enables stringent washing, minimizing nonspecific background without dissociation of bound HaloTag[®] fusion proteins.
- Fast Binding Kinetics: Enhances the detection of protein:protein interactions and enables binding of proteins at low concentrations.
- Oriented Immobilization: Allows maximal enzyme activity of bound protein.
- High Binding Capacity: One milliliter of settled resin binds >7mg of HaloTag[®] fusion proteins.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Detection of protein:protein interactions using the HaloLinkTM Resin. Panel A. HaloTag® fusion protein (bait, HaloTag® c-fos) is expressed in TnT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System and immobilized to the HaloLinkTM Resin. The partner (prey) c-jun is expressed in TnT® reactions and mixed with the immobilized HaloTag® c-fos and allowed to bind. Panel B. Both interacting partners, bait and prey HaloTag® fusions are expressed in individual TnT® reactions, mixed and allowed to bind; then the HaloLinkTM Resin is added, and the complex is captured.



| /



№ HaloLink[™] Protein Array System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|-------|
| HaloLink [™] Array Six Slide System | 6 slides | G6190 |
| HaloTag® Standard Protein | 30 µg | G4491 |
| Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein | 5 mg | G7291 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: Protein arrays enable parallel analysis of multiple protein:protein, protein:drug or protein:nucleic acid interactions. The HaloLink[™] Protein Array System provides a way to create homebrew (on-demand) protein arrays by combining innovative HaloTag[®] technology, surface engineering and cell-free protein expression systems.

The HaloTag® protein is a mutated hydrolase that forms a covalent bond with HaloTag® ligands. Under physiological conditions binding is rapid and highly specific, yielding a complex that is stable even under stringent conditions. Using the HaloLink™ Protein Array System, HaloTag® fusion proteins are expressed in a cell-free expression system and then covalently captured on hydrogel-coated glass slides derivatized with HaloTag® Ligands. The fusion proteins are captured directly from the expression reaction mixture without prior purification. Using this approach, multiple fusion proteins can be rapidly synthesized and immobilized in parallel on the slide surface, and an entire experiment including protein expression, custom array formation and protein interaction analysis can be completed in less than eight hours.

The HaloLinkTM Array Six Slide System contains HaloLinkTM Slides, HaloLinkTM Array Gaskets and Anti-HaloTag[®] Antibody. To use the Six Slide System you will need to provide your own protein expression system or order the TnT® T7 Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation System (Cat.# L1170 or L1171) or TnT® SP6 High-Yield Wheat Germ Protein Expression System (Cat.# L3260 or L3261). The HaloTag[®] Standard Protein (Cat.# G4491) is not included with the Six Slide System but can be ordered separately.

The HaloTag® technology offers a quick and convenient way to test protein expression of HaloTag® fusion proteins by labeling with fluorescent HaloTag® TMR Ligand followed by SDS-PAGE analysis. Guidelines can be found in the HaloLink™ Protein Array Technical Manual #TM310.

The Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein (Cat.# G7291) is a protein consisting of recombinant Protein G from *Streptococci* without the albumin-binding domain and HaloTag® protein. The Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein, which has a molecular weight of 58kDa, can be covalently coupled to different chloroalkane surfaces, reactive and fluorescent HaloTag® ligands. This fusion protein enables an oriented attachment of antibodies to the HaloLink™ Protein Arrays.

Features:

- Fast Protein Production: Cell-free expression systems allow quick, single-tube, coupled transcription/translation for the production of the proteins of interest to be used in the protein array experiment.
- Irreversible Binding of the Captured Protein: Unlike other affinity tags, which tend to dissociate from the surface, HaloTag[®] fusion proteins are covalently bound to the HaloLink™ Slide.
- No Protein Purification Step: The protein of interest is immobilized directly from the cell-free expression reaction.
- Reduced Nonspecific Binding: HaloLinkTM Slides have a unique hydrogel coating that is designed to prevent nonspecific binding while preserving the functionality of specifically captured proteins.
- Extensive Washing Allowed: Covalent binding of HaloTag[®] fusion
 proteins to the HaloLinkTM Slide allows extensive, stringent washing that
 results in reduced background and a lower incidence of false positives.
- No Need for a Robotic Arrayer: The unique 50-well configuration allows multiple interactions to be studied in parallel without the need for a complex robotic arrayer.
- Highly Efficient Antibody Binding: Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein increases the binding of antibodies to surfaces as compared to direct capture method.

Storage Conditions: Store the HaloTag[®] Standard Protein, Anti-HaloTag[®] Antibody and Protein G HaloTag[®] Fusion Protein at −20°C. The HaloLink[™] Protein Array Slides should be stored at −20°C and opened just before use. After opening, unused slides should be stored at −20°C and used within one month. Store the HaloLink[™] Array Gaskets at room temperature.

Magne™ HaloTag[®] Beads

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Magne™ HaloTag® Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G7281 |
| | 5 ml | G7282 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Magne[™] HaloTag[®] Beads provide a convenient method to covalently capture HaloTag[®] fusion proteins with magnetic particles for protein pull-downs and purification. These magnetic beads offer a high binding capacity (≥20mg/ml) for purified HaloTag[®] fusion proteins with low nonspecific protein binding. The magnetic handling properties allow streamlined protein purification and eliminate the need for multiple centrifugation steps, facilitating automated applications on robotic platforms.

The Magne[™] HaloTag[®] Beads (Cat.# G7281 and G7282) are the recommended replacement for the discontinued HaloLink[™] Magnetic Beads (Cat.# G9311).

Features:

- Maximize Recovery of HaloTag® Fusion Proteins: Binding capacity
 ≥20mg of purified HaloTag® fusion protein per milliliter of settled particles.
- Experience Superior Magnetic Handling for High-Throughput
 Applications: Magnetic particles encapsulated with macroporous cellulose.

Storage Conditions: Store at 2–10°C.



™ HaloCHIP™ System

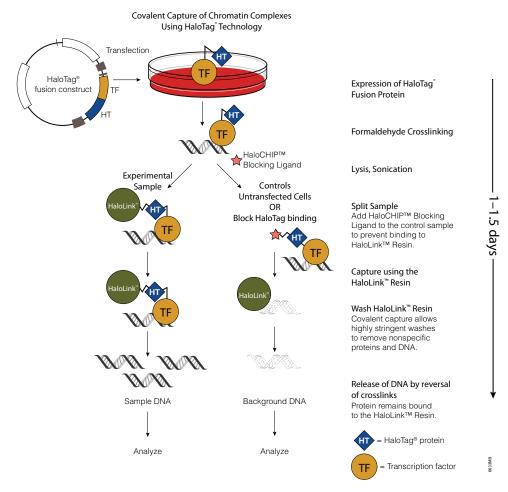
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| HaloCHIP™ System | 20 reactions | G9410 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1321 | |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | G1551 | |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1571 | |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1591 | |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1601 | |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1611 | |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2821 | |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2831 | |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2841 | |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2851 | |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2861 | |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2871 | |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2881 | |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2981 | |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9651 | |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9661 | |
| HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors—CMV Deletion Series Sample Pack | 9 × 2 μg | G3780 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | ures. | | |

Description: The HaloCHIP™ System is a novel method designed for the covalent capture of intracellular protein:DNA complexes without the use of antibodies and offers an efficient and robust alternative to the standard chromatin immunoprecipitation (ChIP) method. Proteins of interest are expressed in cells as HaloTag® fusion proteins, crosslinked to DNA with formaldehyde and then captured on HaloLink™ Resin, which forms a highly specific, covalent interaction with the HaloTag® portion of the fusion protein. Stringent washing removes nonspecific proteins and DNA, and heating reverses the crosslinks between the DNA and the fusion protein and releases the captured DNA fragment, which subsequently can be purified.

Features:

- No Requirement for Antibody: No need to make your own or purchase expensive, qualified antibodies.
- Obtain Results Faster: Obtain data in 24–48 hours with fewer steps to minimize potential experimental errors.
- Improved Signal-to-Noise Ratios: Enables detection of small changes in protein binding patterns using a minimal number of cells.

Storage Conditions: The TE Buffer (pH 8.0), Reversal Buffer and Nuclease-Free Water may be stored at room temperature. Store the HaloLink™ Resin, Mammalian Lysis Buffer and High Salt Wash Buffer at 4°C. Store the HaloCHIP™ Blocking Ligand at -20°C.



Schematic diagram of the HaloCHIP™ System.



Protein Purification and Interaction.



Life Science Catalog 2014

🥶 Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

◆ FastBreak™ Cell Lysis Reagent ▼ Tell Lysis Reagent ▼ Tell

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------|-------|
| FastBreak™ Cell Lysis Reagent, 10X | 15 ml | V8571 |
| | 60 ml | V8572 |
| | 100 ml | V8573 |
| For Describ Hee Only Not for Hee in Diagnostic Presedures | | |

Description: FastBreak[™] Cell Lysis Reagent is designed for the efficient, gentle lysis of *E. coli* cultures without the need for centrifugation or mechanical cell disruption. The reagent is provided as a 10X concentrate and contains a proprietary nonionic detergent to facilitate lysis. Add the reagent directly to E. coli cultures. Following a brief incubation, the cells are disrupted, and the protein of interest is released. Recombinant proteins can be directly screened in the cell extract or purified by the addition of the appropriate affinity matrix such as the MagneHis™ Protein Purification System. This product is suitable for both manual and automated protocols.

• Save Time: Eliminate centrifugation or mechanical disruption.

• Easy to Use: Add and incubate.

· Flexible: Use manually or on a robotic platform.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4-25°C.

Protease Inhibitor Cocktail



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 | |
| For Decemble Use Only Not for Use in Discussitis Dress dures | | | |

Description: Protease Inhibitor Cocktail is used to prevent protein degradation after lysing cells. The product is a mixture of six different protease inhibitors with different target protease specificities. The inhibitor cocktail is EDTA-free and provided as a powder, ready for reconstitution in 1ml of either 100% ethanol or DMSO to obtain a 50X working solution.

Features:

- Broad Specificity: Inhibitor cocktail is effective against a diverse number
- Great Potency: Reagent provides the best-in-class level of protease
- Highly Compatible: Works with a wide array of protein fusion tags (e.g., Flag®, His tag, GST tag) and capture technologies. It is ideally suited for HaloTag® Technology-based approaches.

Storage Conditions: Store powdered Protease Inhibitor Cocktail at -30 to -10°C. Reconstituted Protease Inhibitor Cocktail can be stored at 2-10°C for 12 months.

Magnetic Systems for Purification of Antibodies and Affinity-Tagged **Proteins**

Magne™ Protein G and Magne™ Protein A **Beads**

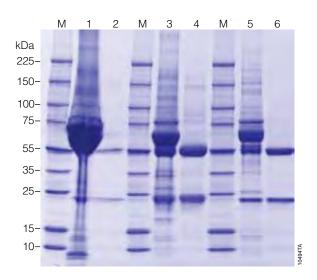
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| Magne™ Protein G Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G7471 |
| | 5 ml | G7472 |
| | 50 ml | G7473 |
| Magne™ Protein A Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G8781 |
| | 5 ml | G8782 |
| | 50 ml | G8783 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Magne[™] Protein G and Magne[™] Protein A Beads are magnetic affinity beads with high specificity and high capacity for purification of immunoglobulins from cell culture media, ascites and serum samples. These paramagnetic beads are composed of iron encapsulated in macroporous cellulose with low nonspecific binding. The magnetic beads use a novel attachment chemistry to immobilize recombinant Protein G or Protein A protein molecules in the same orientation on the surface of the bead. The oriented attachment is known to improve the functionality of immobilized proteins. These beads offer a convenient method for achieving high purity and high recovery of monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies from a variety of biological samples. The superb magnetic properties of Magne™ Protein G and Magne™ Protein A Beads allow rapid and efficient capture of antibodies either with manually processed samples or in a high-throughput manner using the Promega ReliaPrep™ LV 32 HSM Instrument or a robotic platform such as the Beckman Coulter Biomek® FX.

- High Capacity: Binding capacities in excess of 25mg per milliliter of settled beads are observed depending on antibody species and isotype.
- **Ease of Handling:** Minimize losses during purification and increase sample throughput due to exceptional magnetic properties.
- **High Purity:** Ensure high-quality purification because of low nonspecific binding on beads.
- Optimized Performance: Use validated antibody purification methods for small (20µl) to medium (50ml) sample volumes.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C. Do not freeze. Do not allow beads to dry during storage or use.





IgG purified from various sample types using Magne[™] Protein G Beads. Antibodies were purified from 50µl of cell culture medium (lanes 1 and 2), 50µl of mouse ascites (lanes 3 and 4) and 50µl of diluted goat serum (lanes 5 and 6). Starting material, lanes 1, 3 and 5; eluted/purified IgG, lanes 2, 4 and 6.

GST Protein Purification

™ MagneGST™ Protein Purification System

State .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|
| MagneGST™ Protein Purification System | 40 reactions | V8600 | |
| | 200 reactions | V8603 | |
| MagneGST™ Glutathione Particles | 4 ml | V8611 | |
| | 20 ml | V8612 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The MagneGST™ Protein Purification System provides a simple, rapid and reliable method for the purification of glutathione-S-transferase (GST) fusion proteins. Immobilized glutathione paramagnetic particles (MagneGST™ Particles) are used to isolate GST-tagged protein directly from a crude or cleared lysate using either a manual or automated procedure and requires use of a magnetic stand. GST-tagged proteins can be purified on a small scale from 1ml of culture or on a large scale using more than 50ml of culture. Samples also can be processed using a robotic platform. MagneGST™ particles are supplied as a 25% slurry and have a binding capacity of 5–10mg of GST protein per 1ml of settled resin.

Features:

- Simple: One-step purification of multiple samples with easy handling.
- Quick: After cell lysis, no requirement for high-speed centrifugation to clear lysate.
- **Scalable:** Scalable protocol using 1–50ml of cell culture.
- Efficient: Achieve high yields with little or no nonspecific background.

Storage Conditions: The complete system consists of two individual parts, each with a different storage condition. Store individual boxes at specified temperatures of 4° C and -70° C.

MagneGST™ Pull-Down System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| MagneGST™ Pull-Down System | 80 reactions | V8870 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description: The MagneGSTTM Pull-Down System is designed for detection of protein interactions between GST-fusion proteins expressed in bacterial lysates and prey proteins expressed in the ThT® Systems. Prey protein synthesized in the ThT® Quick Coupled Transcription/Translation Reaction is captured using bait protein (GST-fusion protein) immobilized on MagneGSTTM Particles. Nonspecifically bound proteins are then washed away, and the prey protein is analyzed. Prey proteins can be detected by incorporating radioactively labeled methionine in the ThT® Quick reaction, followed by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography or by incorporating the supplied non-radioactive methionine in the ThT® reaction and detecting by Western blotting with protein-specific antibodies (see figure).

Storage Conditions: Store the TnT® T7 Quick Master Mix and Methionine at −70°C. Store the RQ1 RNase-Free DNase at −20°C. Store the Nuclease-Free Water, MagneGSTTM Glutathione Particles, MagneGSTTM Binding/Wash Buffer and Cell Lysis Reagent at 4°C.

Maxwell® 16 Polyhistidine Protein Purification Kit

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------------|-------|
| Maxwell® 16 Polyhistidine Protein Purification Kit | 48 preps AS | S1060 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| Plungers | 50 /pk AS | S5201 |
| Elution Tubes | 50 /pk AS | S5101 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedure | s. | |

Description: The Maxwell® 16 Polyhistidine Protein Purification Kit is used with the Maxwell® 16 Instrument to provide an easy method for the efficient, automated purification of polyhistidine-tagged protein from bacterial cultures and other sample types including mammalian and insect cells. With minor modifications, the reagents can also be used for purification of HQ-tagged proteins from bacterial cultures.

The Maxwell® Instrument is supplied with a preprogrammed purification procedure and reagent cartridges specifically designed to maximize simplicity and convenience. The instrument can process up to 16 samples in approximately 40 minutes. The purified protein is compatible with downstream applications such as gel electrophoresis and Western blot analysis.

Features:

- Choose Your Sample Type: Flexibility to purify from multiple starting cultures including bacterial culture, mammalian cells, insect cells and culture medium.
- Have Confidence in Your Results: Achieve consistent purification across all samples.
- Save Hands-On Time: Prefilled cartridges eliminate reagent preparation, multiple pipetting steps, centrifugation and additional sample manipulation.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



Section Contents

Table of Contents

MagneHis™ Protein Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------------|-------|
| MagneHis™ Protein Purification System | 65 reactions | V8500 |
| | 325 reactions | V8550 |
| MagneHis™ Ni-Particles | 2 ml | V8560 |
| | 10 ml | V8565 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | |

Description: The MagneHis[™] Protein Purification System provides a simple, rapid and reliable method for the purification of polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged, expressed proteins. Paramagnetic precharged nickel particles (MagneHis™ Ni-Particles) are used to isolate polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged protein directly from a crude cell lysate using either a manual (requires use of a magnetic stand) or automated procedure. Using a tube format, polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged protein can be purified on a small scale using less than 1ml of culture or on a large scale using more than 1 liter of culture. Samples can be processed in a high-throughput manner using a robotic platform such as the Beckman Coulter Biomek® 2000 or FX or Tecan Genesis® RSP; validated methods are available at: www.promega.com/automethods/

Features:

- **Simple:** No centrifugation or vacuum is required once the cells are lysed.
- Flexible: MagneHis™ Ni-Particles are compatible with a variety of common buffers.
- Efficient: Binding capacity is up to 1mg of polyhistidine-tagged protein per 1ml of MagneHis™ Ni-Particles.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

MagZ™ Protein Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| MagZ [™] Protein Purification System | 30 reactions | V8830 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description: The MagZ[™] Protein Purification System provides a simple, rapid and reliable method for the purification of expressed polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged proteins, which are 99% free of hemoglobin contamination, from rabbit reticulocyte lysate. Based on the use of proprietary, paramagnetic precharged particles, polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged protein can be isolated from 50-500µl of TNT® Coupled Transcription/Translation reactions. Polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged proteins bind to the particles in minutes, while unbound proteins are washed away, and the target protein is eluted with imidazole.

- **Specific:** Minimal hemoglobin (<0.1%) binding to the MagZ[™] Binding
- Quick: No long incubations are required.
- Versatile: Binding/wash and elution conditions can be further optimized for individual polyhistidine- or HQ-tagged proteins.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.



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Biotin-Avidin Protein Purification Systems

SoftLink™ Soft Release Avidin Resin

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|--|------------|
| SoftLink™ Soft Release Avidin Resin | 1 ml V2011 |
| | 5 ml V2012 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | |

Description: SoftLink™ Avidin Resin can be used for the isolation and purification of biotinylated molecules. SoftLink™ Resin is a rigid, methacrylate polymeric gel filtration matrix, functionalized with covalently bound, monomeric avidin. Monomeric avidin binds biotin with a K_d value of 10⁻⁷M, allowing reversible binding of bound biotinylated proteins under mild elution conditions. Native, or tetrameric, avidin binds biotin with a very strong affinity ($K_d = 10^{-15}M$), which in turn requires strong denaturing conditions for eluting bound material. Monomeric avidin allows the specificity of capture but also the mildness of release appropriate for the purification of sensitive biological materials.

- **Sensitive:** Binds 20–40nmol of biotinylated protein per milliliter of resin.
- Easy to Use: Bound biotinylated molecules can be eluted under mild nondenaturing conditions (5mM biotin).
- **Versatile:** Retains biotin binding ability following exposure to a wide range of pH, low or high ionic strength, 6M guanidine and 1% SDS.
- **Reusable:** Regenerates at least 10 times without loss of binding capacity.
- Robust: Supports high flow rates (300cm/hour) and centrifugal forces $(1,500 \times g)$ in batch applications.
- Flexible: Purifications by batch or column method.

Storage Conditions: Store at 4°C.

№ PinPoint™ Xa Protein Purification System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| PinPoint™ Xa Protein Purification System | 1 system | V2020 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| PinPoint™ Xa-1 Vector | 10 µg | V2031 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The PinPoint™ Xa Protein Purification System is designed for the production and purification of fusion proteins that are biotinylated in vivo. The DNA coding for the protein of interest is cloned into a PinPoint™ Vector downstream of a sequence encoding a peptide that becomes biotinylated in vivo. Biotinylated fusion proteins are produced in E. coli and are affinity-purified using the SoftLink™ Soft Release Avidin Resin. This proprietary resin allows elution of the fusion protein under nondenaturing conditions. The PinPoint™ Vectors feature the encoded endoproteinase Factor Xa (pronounced "ten a") proteolytic site that provides a way to separate the purification tag from the native protein, and the vectors carry a convenient multiple cloning region for ease in construction of fusion proteins.

The system contains vectors in all possible sense reading frames, an avidinconjugated resin, Streptavidin-Alkaline Phosphatase, a purification column and biotin. The PinPoint™ Xa Control Vector contains the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) gene and is provided as a means of monitoring protein expression, purification and processing conditions. The system generally yields 1-5mg of protein per liter of culture.

Features:

- In vivo Biotinylation Tag: Allows purification of fusion proteins; many proteins produced have been soluble.
- **Easy to Use:** Purification of biotinylated proteins with the SoftLink[™] Resin can be performed by column or batch purification.
- Easy Detection: Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase can be used to detect the biotinylated fusion protein in a pseudo-Western format to monitor purification.
- Flexible: PinPoint™ Vectors are supplied for all reading frames.
- Gentle Release Conditions: SoftLink™ Resin allows release of the fusion protein under nondenaturing conditions.
- tac Promoter: Allows tightly regulated expression.

Storage Conditions: Store the PinPoint™ Purification Column at room temperature. Store all remaining components at 4°C. The vectors may be stored at -20°C.

PinPoint™ Vector Sequencing Primer

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| PinPoint™ Vector Sequencing Primer | 2 μg | V4211 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The PinPoint™ Vector Sequencing Primer is designed for sequencing inserts cloned into the PinPoint™ Xa Vectors (components of Cat.# V2020). The primer hybridizes upstream of the Factor Xa site at nucleotides 325-343, approximately 40-50 base pairs upstream of the multiple cloning region and can be used to determine if an insert is cloned in-frame with the biotinylation purification tag of the PinPoint™ Xa Vectors. The sequence of the PinPoint™ Vector Sequencing Primer is 5'-d(CGTGACGCGGTGCAGGGCG)-3'. It is supplied dried.

Features:

 Performance Tested: The PinPoint™ Vector Sequencing Primer is tested in double-stranded sequencing reactions with circular PinPoint™ Vectors.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Streptavidin



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|------|-------|
| Streptavidin | 1 mg | Z7041 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 20.

Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase | 0.5 ml | V5591 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 20.

Protein Interactions

○ CheckMate™/Flexi® Vector Mammalian Two-**Hybrid System**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------------------|-------|--|
| CheckMate [™] /Flexi [®] Vector Mami System | nalian Two-Hybrid 1 each | C9360 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| pFN10A (ACT) Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | C9331 | |
| pFN11A (BIND) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9341 | |
| pGL4.31[<i>luc2P/GAL4</i> UAS/ Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | C9351 | |
| CheckMate [™] Positive Control Vectors | 1 set | C9370 | |
| CheckMate [™] Negative Control Vectors | 1 set | C9380 | |
| Flexi® System, Entry/ 5 ent Transfer | ry and 20 transfer reactions | C8640 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in D | iagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The CheckMate[™]/Flexi® Vector Mammalian Two-Hybrid System provides a means to confirm, validate and study suspected interactions between two proteins or domains and can also be used to generate stable cell lines for cell-based assays. Developed primarily for mammalian proteins of interest, the system can allow protein expression and post-translational modifications in an environment mimicking the native cell milieu. It is patterned on the yeast two-hybrid system with one protein of interest ("X") fused to a DNA-binding domain and the other protein ("Y") fused to a transcriptional

The system relies upon three plasmids that are co-transfected into mammalian cells, each plasmid having unique features. The pFN10A (ACT) Flexi® Vector contains a herpes simplex virus VP16 transcriptional activation domain upstream of the cloning site, and the pFN11A (BIND) Flexi® Vector contains the yeast GAL4DNA-binding domain upstream of the cloning site. The pFN11A (BIND) Flexi® Vector also expresses the Renilla reniformis luciferase under the control of the SV40 promoter, allowing normalization for differences in transfection efficiency. The third vector, pGL4.31[luc2P/GAL4UAS/Hygro] Vector, contains five GAL4 binding sites upstream of a minimal TATA box, which is upstream of a firefly luciferase gene that acts as a reporter for interactions between proteins X and Y.

This system differs from the original CheckMate™ Mammalian Two-Hybrid System in that the vectors are compatible with the Flexi® Vector System, which allows directional cloning and rapid, efficient and high-fidelity transfer of protein coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors.

activation domain.

- Mammalian-Based System: Interactions can be studied in the cell line of choice. Proteins are more likely to be in their native conformation. Post-translational modifications, such as glycosylation, phosphorylation and acylation, are better maintained.
- Versatile: Vectors are based on the Flexi® Cloning technology, enabling convenient transfer of protein-coding regions for additional functional proteomics applications.
- Convenient: The Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System is used for detection.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Protein Purification and Interactions



OcheckMate™ Mammalian Two-Hybrid System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| CheckMate™ Mammalian Two-Hybrid System | 1 system | E2440 | |
| For Possarch Llos Only Not for Llos in Diagnostic Procedure | | | |

Description: Two-hybrid systems are extremely powerful methods for detecting protein:protein interactions in vivo. The basis of two-hybrid systems is the modular domains found in some transcription factors: a DNA-binding domain, which binds to a specific DNA sequence, and a transcriptional activation domain, which interacts with the basal transcriptional machinery. A transcriptional activation domain in association with a DNA-binding domain will promote the assembly of RNA polymerase II complexes at the TATA box and increase transcription. In the CheckMate™ Mammalian Two-Hybrid System the DNA-binding domain and the transcriptional activation domain, produced by separate plasmids, are closely associated when one protein ("X") fused to a DNA-binding domain interacts with a second protein ("Y") fused to a transcriptional activation domain. In this system, interaction between proteins X and Y results in transcription of a reporter gene.

Features:

- Mammalian System: Interactions can be studied in the cell line of choice.
 Proteins are more likely to be in their native conformation. Post-translational modifications, such as glycosylation, phosphorylation and acylation, are better maintained.
- Convenient Quantitation: The Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System is used for detection.
- Internal Control: Renilla luciferase normalizes transfection efficiency.
- Fast Transient Assay: Results obtained two days after transfection, as compared to 3–4 days with the yeast system.
- Stable Transfectants: The pACT Vector contains the neomycin phosphotransferase gene, which allows for selection of stable transfectants.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

™ HaloLink™ Protein Array System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| HaloLink [™] Array Six Slide System | 6 slides | G6190 | |
| HaloTag® Standard Protein | 30 µg | G4491 | |
| Protein G HaloTag® Fusion Protein | 5 mg | G7291 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

For additional information see page 310.

Magne™ HaloTag® Beads Magne™ HaloTag® Beads Magne™ HaloTag® Magne Magn

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Magne™ HaloTag® Beads, 20% Slurry | 1 ml | G7281 | |
| | 5 ml | G7282 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 310.

Promega

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№ HaloCHIP™ System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| HaloCHIP™ System | 20 reactions | G9410 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1321 | |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1551 | |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1571 | |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1591 | |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1601 | |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1611 | |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2821 | |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2831 | |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | G2841 | |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2851 | |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2861 | |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2871 | |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2881 | |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2981 | |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9651 | |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9661 | |
| HaloTag® Flexi® Vectors—CMV Deletion Series Sample Pack | 9 × 2 μg | G3780 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | lures. | | |

For additional information see page 311.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| HaloLink™ Resin | 1.25 ml | G1912 |
| | 2.5 ml | G1913 |
| | 10 ml | G1914 |
| | 25 ml | G1915 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 309.

◆ HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down Systems

All I

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| HaloTag® Complete Pull-Down System | 1 each | G6509 | |
| HaloTag® Mammalian Pull-Down and Labeling System | 24 reactions | G6500 | |
| HaloTag [®] Mammalian Pull-Down System | 24 reactions | G6504 | |
| HaloTag® Control Vector | 20 µg | G6591 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 | |
| Mammalian Lysis Buffer | 40 ml | G9381 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proced | dures. | | |

For additional information see page 308.

MagneGST™ Pull-Down System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| MagneGST™ Pull-Down System | 80 reactions | V8870 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 313.

Protease Inhibitor Cocktail

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| Protease Inhibitor Cocktail, 50X | 1 ml | G6521 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 19.

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| Gel Shift Assay Core System | 100 reactions | E3050 | |
| Gel Shift Assay System | 100 reactions | E3300 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extract, Gel Shift Assay Grade | 3 × 40 µl | E3521 | |
| Gel Shift Binding 5X Buffer | 5 × 200 μl | E3581 | |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | | |

Description: The gel shift or electrophoretic mobility shift assay provides a simple and rapid method for detecting DNA-binding proteins. This method is widely used to study sequence-specific DNA-binding proteins such as transcription factors. The assay is based on the observation that complexes of protein and DNA migrate through a nondenaturing polyacrylamide gel more slowly than free DNA fragments or double-stranded oligonucleotides. The gel shift assay is performed by incubating a purified protein or a complex mixture of proteins (such as nuclear or cell extract preparations) with a ³²P end-labeled DNA fragment containing the putative protein binding site. The reaction products are then analyzed on a nondenaturing polyacrylamide gel. The specificity of the DNA-binding protein for the putative binding site is established by competition experiments using unlabeled DNA fragments or oligonucleotides containing a binding site for the protein of interest or other unrelated DNA sequences.

The Core System (Cat.# E3050) includes HeLa Nuclear Extract and SP1 and AP2 Consensus Oligos that can be used as positive controls and serve as a reliable system for obtaining experience with gel shift assays. In addition, the Core System contains T4 Polynucleotide Kinase and Kinase 10X Buffer for labeling oligonucleotides as well as Gel Shift Binding 5X Buffer. Cat.# E3300 contains all of the above plus consensus oligos for AP1, OCT1, CREB, NF- κ B, and TFIID.

Features:

- Positive Controls: The Gel Shift Assay Core System includes a HeLa Nuclear Extract and consensus oligonucleotides for AP2 and SP1.
- Versatile: Oligonucleotides can be 5' end-labeled and used as proteinspecific probes or used as unlabeled oligonucleotides in competition assays.

Storage Conditions: Store HeLa Nuclear Extract at -70 °C. Store other components at -20 °C.

Magnetic Stands and Spacers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8241 | |
| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | V5291 | |
| 384-Well Plate, Conical | 10 /pk | V5311 | |

V8241 For Laboratory Use. V5291, V5311 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151) with a 96-well Collection Plate and robotic gripper arm.



Plate Stand (Cat.# V8261).



Plate Clamp 96 (Cat.# V8251) with a 96-well PCR plate.



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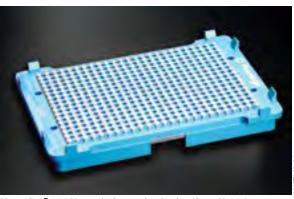
stocking system



MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8351).



MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8151).



MagnaBot® 384 Magnetic Separation Device (Cat.# V8241).

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8151 | |
| MagnaBot® II Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V8351 | |
| MagnaBot® Flat Top Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | V6041 | |
| Plate Clamp 96 | 1 each | V8251 | |
| Plate Stand | 1 each | V8261 | |
| Deep Well MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation | | | |
| Device | 1 each | V3031 | |
| Heat Transfer Block | 1 each | Z3271 | |
| Heat Block Insert | 1 each | Z3651 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |



MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) (Cat.# Z5341, Z5342, Z5343).



PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation Stand (Cat.# Z5410).



MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) (Cat.# Z5331, Z5332, Z5333).

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| MagnaBot® Spacer 3/16 inch | 1 each | V8381 |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/8 inch | 1 each | V8581 |
| MagnaBot® Spacer 1/16 inch | 1 each | V8681 |
| 1/4 inch Foam Spacer | 1 each | Z3301 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------|-------|--|
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic | 0.5 ml | Z5331 | |
| Separation Stand (two-position) | 1.5 ml | Z5332 | |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5333 | |
| MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic | 0.5 ml | Z5341 | |
| Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 1.5 ml | Z5342 | |
| | 12 × 75 mm | Z5343 | |
| PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation | | | |
| Stand | 1 each | Z5410 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |





NanoLuc® Luciferase Reporter Systems Dual-Luciferase Reporter Systems

Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay System

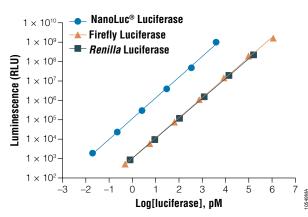
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay | 10 ml | N1110 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | N1150 | |
| | 100 ml | N1120 | |
| | 10 × 10 ml | N1130 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay System provides a simple. single-addition reagent that generates a glow-type signal in the presence of NanoLuc® luciferase with a half-life of approximately 120 minutes in commonly used tissue culture media. The reagent is prepared by mixing Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Substrate and Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Buffer. The reagent contains an integral lysis buffer allowing use directly on cells expressing NanoLuc® luciferase or in the culture media when luciferase is secreted. Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Reagent is a dedicated product for the detection of NanoLuc® Luciferase. For more details on NanoLuc® Luciferase, visit the NanoLuc® Luciferase Technology page.

Features:

- Advanced Reporter System: Bright NanoLuc® reporter allows use in challenging applications where sensitivity is limited.
- Simplified Assay Optimization: Add-and-read simplicity allows scaling from bench to HTS.
- Improved Assay Precision: No need for separate lysis and reagent injection steps.
- Brighter, Longer-Lasting Signal: Extended bright light output is optimized for batch and continuous-process handling.
- . Greater Sensitivity: Low background formulation offers increased sensitivity.



A comparison of the sensitivity of NanoLuc®, firefly and Renilla luciferase assays.

Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E2920 | |
| | 100 ml | E2940 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E2980 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System is a homogeneous reagent system that enables fast and simple quantitation of a stable luminescent signal from two reporter genes in a single sample. This convenient "add-andread" system generates both firefly and Renilla luciferase luminescence signals from cells that have not been preconditioned or prelysed. The Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay System provides high Z'-factors for cell-based, high-throughput screening applications. With the Dual-Glo® System, internal controls can be established to minimize sample variability by reducing false-positive and false-negative readings caused by nonspecific factors such as cytotoxicity. In the Dual-Glo® Luciferase Assay, the activity of the primary reporter is correlated with the effect of specific stimuli, and the activity of the co-transfected control reporter provides an internal control to normalize results. The system is optimized for batch processing of both 96- and 384-well plates and is compatible with a wide variety of mammalian cell culture media.

Features:

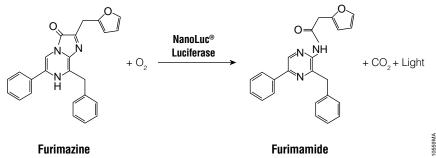
- Increased Precision and Accuracy: Normalize primary reporter results with an internal control, a co-reporter that minimizes effects of cell number and health, transfection efficiency and nonspecific cellular responses.
- Homogeneous Format: Perform fewer steps. Assay cells directly in growth medium for both reporters. No centrifugation or lysis steps required.
- **Stable Signal:** Obtain flexibility for either batch or continuous processing of 96- and 384-well plates. Each luminescent signal can be measured for up to 2 hours after reagent addition.
- Convenience: Screen efficiently with simple, two-step assay ideal for any luminometer. On-board injectors not required.
- Wide Dynamic Range: Analyze high and low reporter activity without sample dilution. Linear over at least 6 logs of enzyme concentration for each reporter.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store Dual-Glo® Substrates at -20°C. Store Dual-Glo® Buffers below 25°C.



Section **Contents**

The bioluminescent reaction catalyzed by NanoLuc® luciferase.



Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System

All little

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System | 100 assays | E1910 | |
| Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System 10-Pack | 1,000 assays | E1960 | |
| Dual-Luciferase® Reporter 1000 Assay System | 1,000 assays | E1980 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Passive Lysis 5X Buffer | 30 ml | E1941 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proceed | dures. | | |

Description: The Dual-Luciferase[®] Reporter (DLR[™]) Assay System provides an efficient means of performing two reporter assays. In the DLR[™] Assay, the activities of firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) and *Renilla (Renilla reniformis* or sea pansy) luciferases are measured sequentially from a single sample. The firefly luciferase reporter is measured first by adding Luciferase Assay Reagent II (LAR II) to generate a luminescent signal lasting at least one minute. After quantifying the firefly luminescence, this reaction is quenched and the *Renilla* luciferase reaction is initiated simultaneously by adding Stop & Glo[®] Reagent to the same sample. Both assays can be completed in about 4 seconds using a luminometer with reagent auto-injectors. In the DLR[™] Assay System, both reporters yield linear assays with attomole (<10⁻¹⁸) sensitivities and no endogenous activity in the experimental host cells. Furthermore, the integrated format of the DLR[™] Assay provides rapid quantitation of both reporters either in transfected cells or in cell-free transcription/translation reactions.

For best results with the Dual-Luciferase® Assay, Promega recommends using a luminometer that has been validated for use with the assay. These luminometers are qualified as DLR*eady*TM. For a listing of qualified instruments, please visit the DLR*eady*TM Validated Luminometers page.

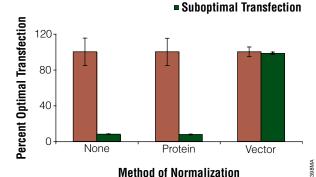
The pGL4 Luciferase Reporter Vectors are designed for use with the DLR™ Assay Systems. A *Renilla* luciferase vector with constitutive expression may be used in combination with any experimental firefly luciferase vector to co-transfect mammalian cells.

Notice for Cat.# E1960 and E1980: Sufficient Passive Lysis Buffer is provided to perform 1,000 assays with cells grown in 96-well plates (typically 20µl of 1X PLB per well). For applications requiring more lysis reagent (e.g., >100µl/well), additional Passive Lysis Buffer may be purchased separately.

Features:

- Greater Accuracy: Renilla luciferase internal control allows more accurate results.
- Convenience: Samples don't have to be split; saves plates and time.
- Sensitivity: Allows study of weak promoters, low-level expression/regulation and expression in cells that transfect poorly.
- Linearity: Range extends 7 logs; very active samples typically do not need dilution.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Optimal Transfection

Effect of transfection conditions on reporter results analyzed using different normalization methods. HEK 293 cells were transfected with pGL4.13[*luc2*/SV40] expressing firefly luciferase and pGL4.74[*hRluc*/TK] expressing *Renilla* luciferase. Transfections were performed using both optimal and suboptimal lipid:DNA ratios (indicated as Optimal and Suboptimal Transfection conditions). Firefly and *Renilla* luciferase activities were measured using the Dual-Luciferase® Reporter Assay System (Cat.#E1960). Protein concentrations were determined using the Coomassie® Plus Bradford Reagent (Pierce). Firefly luciferase data were either not normalized (None), normalized to total protein (Protein), or normalized to *Renilla* luciferase activity (Vector). Data represent the average ± standard deviation of triplicate samples and are expressed as a percent of the optimal transfection for each normalization condition.

#7611E

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Life Science Catalog 2014

🥶 Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

○ Chroma-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Chroma-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E4910 | |
| | 100 ml | E4920 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

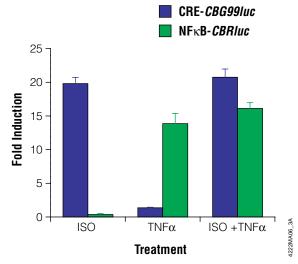
Description: The Chroma-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System and the Chroma-Luc[™] Vectors provide a method to generate red and green (dual-color) luminescence from a single sample upon a single-reagent addition. Filtered

measurement of the dual-color luminescence produced by the Chroma-Luc™ luciferases permits each reporter to be measured independently and virtually simultaneously. The Chroma-Glo™ Assay is in a homogeneous format that generates luminescence with >30-minute signal half-lives for each of the Chroma-Luc[™] luciferases, thereby enabling the processing of many plates without prior sample handling. Use the high-homology Chroma-Luc™ luciferases to establish an ideal internal control for normalizing cytotoxicity in downregulation applications and for decreasing inter- and intrasample variability. You can also use the reporters to multiplex experimental reporters to increase the data content from cell-based assays.

Features:

- Measure Dual Reporters Using a Single Substrate Addition: Increase your accuracy and precision through normalization, or use both reporters to multiplex experimental measurements. Use filters to spectrally separate the luminescent signals.
- Establish the Ideal Control or Multiplexed System: Use the highhomology red and green luciferases to minimize potential RNA and protein effects on reporter expression.
- Increase Your Throughput: Use the stable luminescence for batch or continuous processing of multiple plates.
- Perform Fewer Steps: Add Chroma-Luc™ Reagent directly to cells in medium, then measure.
- Automate This Assay: Validated automated methods available at: www.promega.com/automethods/
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the Chroma-Glo[™] Substrate at -20°C. Store the Chroma-Glo™ Assay Buffer below 25°C.



Using the Chroma-Luc™ Technology to monitor two independent experimental signals from the same sample. DNA segments containing either CRE or the NFkB consensus sequence were cloned into pCBG99-Basic (Cat.# E1431) or pCBR-Basic (Cat.# E1411). The resulting constructs, pCRE-CBG99-luc and pNFkB-CBRluc, were cotransfected into 293 cells. At 24 hours post transfection, the cells received one of three treatments: ISO $(1\mu M)/RO(100\mu M)$, TNF α $(0.1\mu g/ml)/RO(100\mu M)$, or ISO $(1\mu M)/RO(100\mu M)$ plus TNF α (0.1 μ g/ml). Only RO(100 μ M) was added to the Control wells. At six hours post treatment, cells were harvested and assayed with the Chroma-Glo™ Reagent. Relative light units were measured using the Mithras LB940 (Berthold Technologies) configured with a red filter (610 long pass) and a green filter (510/60). The red and green signals were deciphered by using the Chroma-Luc™ Calculator (available as a downloadable file at: www.promega.com/chromacalc/). Fold inductions were calculated by dividing the three treatments by the RO Control.



Firefly Luciferase Reporter Systems

ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target Kit (Raji)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Target (Raji) | 1 each | G7016 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 32.

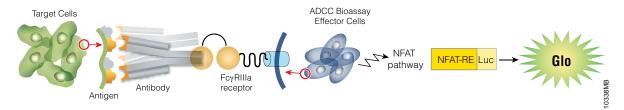


Figure 1. ADCC Reporter Bioassay Schematic. Readout is luminescence signal from NFAT response element driving expression of firefly luciferase.

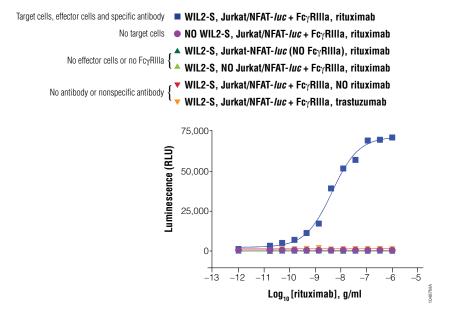


Figure 2. Specificity of the ADCC Reporter Bioassay. Serial dilutions of rituximab (anti-CD20 chimeric monoclonal antibody drug), trastuzumab (anti-Her2 humanized monoclonal antibody drug) or assay medium control (no antibody) were incubated for 6 hours of induction at 37°C with engineered Jurkat effector cells (ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells) with or without ADCC Bioassay Target Cells (WIL2-S), as indicated. Luciferase activity was quantified using Bio-GloTM Reagent. Data were fitted using 4PL curve fitting of GraphPad Prism® software.

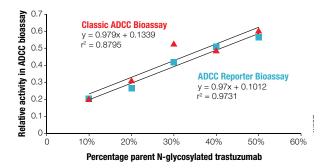


Figure 3. ADCC Reporter Bioassay provides antibody activity ranking equivalent to classic LDH release ADCC bioassay. The graph shows correlation of relative ADCC activity with fraction of trastuzumab N-glycosylation. For the experiment, trastuzumab was N-deglycosylated using PNGase F, blended with fully N-glycosylated parent preparations to create test samples representing different % N-glycosylation (indicated on the X-axis) and assayed using either the ADCC Reporter Bioassay or a lytic LDH release ADCC bioassay in which PBMCs were used as effector cells. Target cells were SK-BR-3. For the ADCC Reporter Bioassay, ADCC pathway activation was measured by quantification of luciferase activity in the effector cell; for classic ADCC bioassay, LDH release from target cells was measured. For both assays, biological activity reflects downstream effects of effector cell FcyRllla crosslinking by antibody bound to target cells. Biological activity was determined and expressed relative to fully N-glycosylated trastuzumab, then plotted against percent N-glycosylated trastuzumab.



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete Kit (Raji)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Reporter Bioassay, Complete (Raji) | 1 each | G7015 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 32.

ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| ADCC Bioassay Effector Cells, Propagation Model | 1 each | G7102 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

For additional information see page 35.

№ Bio-GloTM Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Bio-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System | 100 ml | G7940 | |
| | 10 ml | G7941 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

For additional information see page 30.



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ONE-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System

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|-----|---|---|---|---|----|---|
| - 1 | | | ы | | * | • |

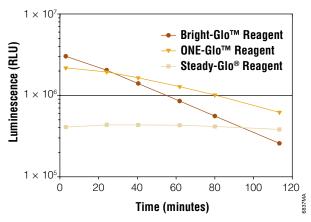
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| ONE-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E6110 | |
| | 100 ml | E6120 | |
| | 1 L | E6130 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The ONE-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System provides a highly sensitive, robust, homogeneous assay for detection of firefly luciferase reporter gene expression in mammalian cells. Ideally suited for high- and ultrahigh-throughput applications, the ONE-Glo™ Assay contains a new luciferase substrate, resulting in a reagent that is more stable, more tolerant to sample components, and has less odor than standard luciferase assay reagents. These features ensure that the ONE-Glo™ Assay provides robust performance and also eliminates many of the handling inconveniences experienced using other reporter assays in a high-throughput setting.

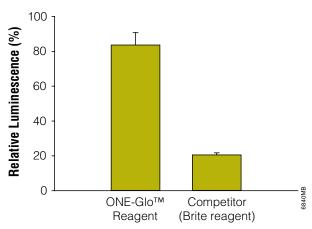
Features:

- Simplified Assay Optimization: Robust performance, reduced odor, improved storage and larger available sizes.
- Room Temperature or 4°C Storage: Extended stability of the ONE-Glo™ Reagent makes it more convenient for everyday use.
- Improved Assay Precision: The ONE-GloTM Reagent is less sensitive to mixing and dispensing conditions, enhancing reproducibility. Ideal for use in high-density (384- and 1536-well) microplates.
- Brighter, Longer-Lasting Signal: Optimized for batch and continuousprocess handling, the extended bright light output allows high sensitivity, especially for extended incubations.
- Reduced Unwanted Effects from Sample Components:
 The ONE-Glo™ Assay is less sensitive to culture media, phenol red and luciferase inhibitors than other luciferase assays.

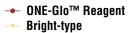
Storage Conditions: Store the ONE-GloTM Luciferase Assay System components at -20° C. Please refer to the Technical Manual for other storage options, including room-temperature storage.

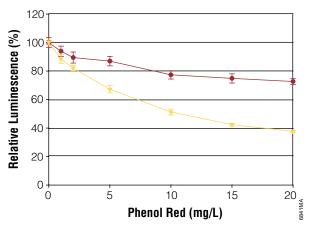


ONE-Glo™ Reagent generates bright and stable luminescence that can easily be measured for multiple hours. Samples in 96-well plates consisted of 50µl of purified firefly luciferase (14.9ng/ml with 0.1% Prionex®) combined with 50µl of the respective reagent. Luminescence was measured (1.0 second integration/well) at 3 minutes and periodically for almost 2 hours. All coefficients of variation were < 3%; n = 3.



ONE-Glo™ Reagent protects the luciferase reaction in the presence of resveratrol, a known luciferase inhibitor (Bakhtiarova, A. *et al.* (2006) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* **351**, 481–4). Luciferase reactions generated by ONE-Glo™ Reagent or another bright-type reagent were initiated in the presence or absence of 10µM resveratrol. Luminescence was initiated and measured by the method noted in the figure above. The relative luminescence is the luminescence from reactions containing resveratrol/ luminescence from reactions without resveratrol x 100; n = 3.





ONE-GloTM Reagent is more tolerant of phenol red than luciferin-based reagents. Luciferase reactions composed of 14.9ng/ml luciferase in phenol red-free RPMI medium (with 0.1% Prionex®) and ONE-GloTM Reagent or another bright-type reagent were initiated in the presence of varied amounts of phenol red. Relative luminescence is the luminescence of reactions containing phenol red/ luminescence from reactions without phenol red x 100; n = 3.



stocking system

Section Contents

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ONE-Glo™ + Tox Luciferase Reporter and Cell Viability Assay

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-----------|-------|
| ONE-Glo™ + Tox Luciferase Reporter and Cell | 1 plate | E7110 |
| Viability Assay | 10 plates | E7120 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The ONE-GloTM + Tox Assay combines luciferase assay chemistry with a cell viability marker to better understand reporter gene expression in the context of cell health. The assay uses a two-step, addition-only process to make these measurements in a single well of a plate, negating the need to run parallel assays.

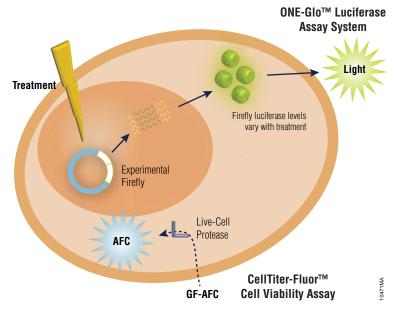
The first part of the assay is a nonlytic fluorescence assay (CellTiter-Fluor™ Cell Viability Assay) that measures the relative number of live cells in a culture population after experimental manipulation. The CellTiter-Fluor™ Assay measures a conserved and constitutive protease activity within live cells and therefore serves as a marker of cell viability. The live-cell protease activity is restricted to intact viable cells and is measured using a fluorogenic, cell-permeant peptide substrate (glycylphenylalanyl-aminofluorocoumarin; GF-AFC). The substrate enters intact cells where it is cleaved by the live-cell protease to generate a fluorescent signal proportional to the number of living cells. This live-cell protease becomes inactive upon loss of cell membrane integrity and leakage into the surrounding culture medium. Fluorescence of the free AFC fluorophore is measured with a microplate reader or CCD imager using an excitation wavelength of 380–400nm and emission wavelength of 505nm.

The second part of the assay uses the ONE-Glo[™] Luciferase Assay System to quantify firefly luciferase reporter gene expression from cells made to express this reporter enzyme. The ONE-Glo[™] Luciferase Assay Buffer and ONE-Glo[™] Luciferase Assay Substrate, provided with this system, are combined to form the ONE-Glo[™] Reagent. Ideally suited for high- and ultrahigh-throughput applications, the ONE-Glo[™] Assay contains a new fluoroluciferin substrate, resulting in a reagent that is more stable, more tolerant to sample components, and has less odor than standard luciferase assay reagents. Luminescence is measured with a microplate reader or CCD imager.

Features

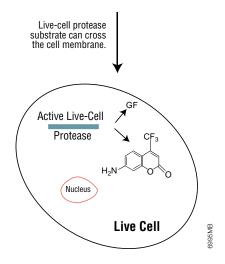
- Acquire More Data: Measure cell viability and firefly luciferase expression in the same assay well.
- Better Biology: Understand reporter gene expression in the context of cell viability.
- Easy to Perform: The assay uses a simple sequential "add-mix-read" format.
- Flexible and Automation-Friendly: The volumes of each assay component can be scaled to meet throughput needs, up to 1,536-well format.

Storage Conditions: Store the ONE-GloTM + Tox Luciferase Reporter and Cell Viability Assay components at -20° C. Please refer to the Technical Manual for other storage options.



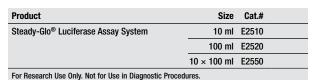
Schematic of the ONE-Glo™ + Tox Luciferase Reporter and Cell Viability Assay.





The CellTiter-Fluor[™] Cell Viability Assay chemistry portion of the One-Glo[™] + Tox Assay is a nonlytic fluorescent assay that measures the relative number of live cells in a culture population after experimental manipulation.

Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay System



Description: High-throughput quantitation of firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) luciferase expression in mammalian cells is commonly performed by batch processing of 96- and 384-well plates. Steady-Glo® Luciferase Assay System is designed for this purpose by providing long-lived luminescence when added to cultured cells. The homogeneous assay provides signal half-lives of over 5 hours in commonly used cell culture media without prior sample processing. Throughput rates of several thousand samples per hour may be achieved with high reproducibility under standard laboratory conditions.

Features:

- Greater Light Output: Greater assay sensitivity than other leading extended-lifetime firefly luciferase assay reagents.
- Improved Assay Precision and Reproducibility: Less sensitive to mixing conditions in multiwell plates. Particularly useful in 384-well plates.
- Convenience: Simply mix buffer with lyophilized substrate and add to cells in culture medium; no need to thaw or measure before use.
- No Sample Preprocessing: No need to remove culture medium or wash cells prior to adding assay reagent. Grow cells and assay them directly within the same multiwell plate.
- Easy to Use: Simply add reagent, which contains a cell lysis component, wait 5 minutes and measure luminescence.
- Robust: Compatible with many tissue culture media, including those containing up to 10% serum.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store Steady-Glo[®] Luciferase Assay Substrate at –20°C. Store Steady-Glo[®] Luciferase Assay Buffer below 25°C.

₱ Bright-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System

11111

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------|
| Bright-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E2610 |
| | 100 ml | E2620 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E2650 |
| | 10 × 100 IIII | E200U |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: High-throughput quantitation of firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) luciferase expression in mammalian cells requires highly sensitive reagents that can adapt to continuous-process robotic systems. Bright-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System is designed specifically to meet the needs of continuous-process systems by providing robust, homogeneous assay chemistry that achieves high assay sensitivity and approximately 30-minute signal half-life without prior sample processing. These attributes also benefit scientists who are using fewer samples but still require high sensitivity and ease of use.

Features:

- No Sample Preprocessing: No need to remove culture medium or wash cells prior to adding assay reagent. Grow cells and assay them directly within the same multiwell plate.
- Increased Sensitivity: Up to tenfold more light intensity than other homogeneous luciferase assay reagents.
- Improved Assay Precision and Reproducibility: Less sensitive to mixing conditions, sample evaporation and pipetting errors.
- Convenience: Simply mix buffer with lyophilized substrate and add to cells in culture medium; no need to thaw or measure before use.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Storage Conditions:} \ \text{Store Bright-Glo}^{\text{TM}} \ Luciferase \ Assay \ Substrate \ at \\ -20 ^{\circ}\text{C.} \ \text{Store Bright-Glo}^{\text{TM}} \ Luciferase \ Assay \ Buffer \ below \ 25 ^{\circ}\text{C.} \end{array}$

OGlo Lysis Buffer, 1X

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Glo Lysis Buffer, 1X | 100 ml | E2661 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Glo Lysis Buffer (GLB), 1X, is a proprietary formulation developed to promote rapid lysis (within 5 minutes) of cultured mammalian cells without scraping or performing freeze-thaw cycles. It is fully compatible with Bright-Glo™, Steady-Glo®, ONE-Glo™ and *Renilla*-Glo® Luciferase Assay Reagents and the Luciferase Assay Reagent for analysis of firefly luciferase expression. The half-life of these reagents remains the same with or without use of GLB, >5 hours for Steady-Glo® Reagent and >24 minutes for Bright-Glo™ Reagent.

Features:

- Convenient: No need for cell scraping or freeze-thaw cycles.
- Fast: Cell lysis within 5 minutes.
- Versatile: Use with Bright-Glo[™], Steady-Glo[®], ONE-Glo[™] and Renilla-Glo[®] Luciferase Assay Reagents to provide nonhomogeneous assay formats or with other reporter applications.
- **Robust:** Firefly luciferase enzyme in Glo Lysis Buffer is stable at room temperature for at least 48 hours.

Storage Conditions: Store Glo Lysis Buffer at 4° C. For long-term storage, Glo Lysis Buffer can be frozen at -20° C or -70° C.



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

stocking system

Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Luciferase Assay System | 100 assays | E1500 | |
| Luciferase Assay System with Reporter Lysis Buffer | 100 assays | E4030 | |
| Luciferase Assay System, 10-Pack | 1,000 assays | E1501 | |
| Luciferase Assay System Freezer Pack | 1,000 assays | E4530 | |
| Luciferase 1000 Assay System | 1,000 assays | E4550 | |
| Luciferase Assay Reagent | 100 ml | E1483 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Luciferase Cell Culture Lysis 5X Reagent | 30 ml | E1531 | |
| Reporter Lysis 5X Buffer | 30 ml | E3971 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce | edures. | | |

Description: The Luciferase Assay System is an extremely sensitive and rapid reagent for quantitation of firefly luciferase. Linear results are seen over at least eight orders of magnitude of enzyme concentration, and patented technology incorporated in the formulation has allowed for less than 10^{-20} moles of luciferase to be measured under optimal conditions. Generally, 100-fold greater sensitivity can be achieved over the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) assay. The Luciferase Assay Reagent generates light that is nearly constant for at least 1 minute and so is compatible with measuring firefly luciferase in a singletube luminometer or in a multiwell plate luminometer with an auto-injector.

The Luciferase Assay System is a nonhomogeneous assay system; the cells containing the luciferase must be lysed before reagent addition. Glo Lysis Buffer (Cat.# E2661), Cell Culture Lysis Reagent (Cat.# E1531), Passive Lysis Buffer (Cat.# E1941) and Reporter Lysis Buffer (Cat.# E3971) may be used with the Luciferase Assay System for reporter quantitation in mammalian cells. The Luciferase Assay System may also be used for quantitation in plant and bacterial cells, but only Cell Culture Lysis Reagent is suitable for these applications. Reporter Lysis Buffer allows for firefly luciferase, CAT and β-galactosidase assays to be performed from the same cell extract. In some kits the lysis buffer is included, and in others it must be purchased separately (see Component Listing link above).

Features:

- Linear: Eight or more orders of magnitude of enzyme concentration.
- Sensitive: To 10⁻²⁰ moles of luciferase.
- Fast: Perform cell lysis, sample preparation and assays in as little as 5 minutes.
- Convenient: Reporter Lysis Buffer allows luciferase, CAT and β -galactosidase assays to be performed from the same cell extract.
- Simple Assay Procedure: Eliminates the need for autoinjection devices and rapid mixing protocols when using single-tube luminometers.
- · Versatile: Luminometer preferred, but not required; adaptable to scintillation counters.
- Safe: Non-radioactive.
- **Superior:** High performance compared to competitors' luciferase assays.

Storage Conditions: Store system at -20°C. Store Cat.# E1483 at -70°C. Reporter Lysis Buffer (Cat.# E3971) may be stored at room temperature. Store Cat.# E2661 at 4°C. For long-term storage, Cat.# E2661 can be frozen at -20°C or -70°C.

Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| Beetle Luciferin, Potassium Salt | 5 mg | E1601 |
| | 1 g | E1605 |
| | 50 mg | E1602 |
| | 250 mg | E1603 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Luciferase genes from the North American firefly (*Photinus* pyralis) and from other beetles are commonly used as reporter genes for studying transcription regulation in transient assay systems and as markers for stably transformed eukaryotic cells. Beetle luciferin (also known as p-luciferin) is synthesized as the monopotassium salt and is a substrate for the beetle luciferase reporter systems. D-luciferin is provided for those researchers who prefer to formulate their own assay reagents for monitoring in vitro or in vivo luciferase activity.

Formula: $C_{11}H_7N_2O_3S_2 \bullet K$.

Formula Weight: 318.4 (anhydrous).

Features:

- Formulation: Supplied as a potassium salt for easy preparation in aqueous buffer.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

№ Luciferin-EFTM Endotoxin-Free Luciferin Na

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|--------|-------|
| Luciferin-EF™ | 25 mg | E6551 |
| | 250 mg | E6552 |
| For Donas Har Oaks Not for Hos in Discussitis Donas domas | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Luciferin-EF™ is an endotoxin-free beetle luciferin that can be used for cell-based imaging applications in living systems, where endotoxin may create problems. Luciferin-EFTM is tested to ensure endotoxin is below detectable levels and packaged in amber vials with septa to facilitate easy dilution and use.

Features:

- Achieve Endotoxin Levels Below Detection Limits: No potential interference in assay due to the presence of endotoxins.
- **Be Assured of Product Integrity:** Luciferin-EFTM is packaged in amber vials with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and use for imaging experiments.
- Appreciate Flexibility and Convenience: Luciferin-EF™ is available in two sizes, depending on the number of experiments to be performed.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.



Renilla Luciferase Reporter Systems

Renilla-Glo® Luciferase Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|
| Renilla-Glo® Luciferase Assay System | 10 ml | E2710 | |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E2750 | |
| | 100 ml | E2720 | |
| 5 B 1 H 0 L H 1 C H 1 B1 H 1 B | | | |

For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The *Renilla*-Glo® Luciferase Assay System is a single-addition reagent that generates a glow-type signal with Renilla luciferase. When reconstituted, it has the capacity to lyse cells, reduce the autoluminescence of the coelenterazine substrate, and produce a stable signal (i.e., half-life greater than 60 minutes at 22°C).

Features:

- Simplify Your Assay Optimization: Add-and-read simplicity for a Renilla luciferase reporter system.
- · Improve Assay Precision: No need for separate lysis and reagent injec-
- . Get a Brighter, Longer-Lasting Signal: Extended bright light output is optimized for batch and continuous-process handling.
- Reduced Autoluminescence: Low background formulation offers increased sensitivity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Renilla Luciferase Assay System



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------------|-------|
| Renilla Luciferase Assay System | 100 assays | E2810 |
| | 1,000 assays | E2820 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro- | naduras | |

Description: Renilla Luciferase Assay System is designed to provide a fast and sensitive method of detecting the luciferase from sea pansy (Renilla reniformis). The system is a convenient alternative to firefly (Photinus pyralis) reporter systems and is designed to yield reliable, linear results for a concentration range over 7 orders of magnitude. The Renilla Luciferase Assay System has been formulated with a proprietary composition that significantly reduces the effect of coelenterazine autoluminescence when compared to other reagents, making the reagent orders of magnitude more sensitive than published methods. This system enables measurements with wildtype and the synthetic hRluc genes for primary expression or internal normalization measurements of gene expression.

Features:

- Reduced Autoluminescence: Low background, increased sensitivity.
- **Sensitive:** 10⁻¹⁹ moles of *Renilla* luciferase detectable.
- · Linear: Linear range extending 7 logs.
- Unique: The first independent assay system for Renilla luciferase.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store the *Renilla* Luciferase Assay System at -20°C.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|------------------------------|---------|-------|
| EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate | 0.34 mg | E6481 |
| | 3.4 mg | E6482 |
| | 34 mg | E6485 |

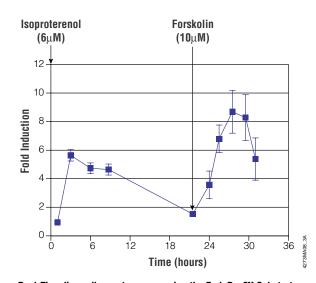
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate provides new capabilities in performing luminescent reporter assays by enabling live cell kinetic measurements, streamlining assay development and multiplexing with other lytic assays. EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate provides the ability to measure Renilla luciferase luminescence for at least 24 hours after substrate addition, with up to tenfold higher signal-to-background ratios than wildtype coelenterazines.

EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine with protected oxidation sites, which minimizes substrate degradation and autoluminescence (background) in cell culture, while it extends the luminescent signal to accommodate microplates without the need for auto-injectors. The result is that EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate overcomes the key limitations of wildtype coelenterazines by providing an automation-friendly, highly sensitive substrate for Renilla luciferase-based gene reporter and BRET applications.

- Live Cell Assay: Generate kinetic profiles for reporter gene, BRET and RNAi applications.
- Kinetic Reporter Gene Analysis: Conserve test compounds as you create response profiles in real time to generate more data-rich results.
- Streamlined Assay Development and Screening: Rapidly obtain optimal assay parameters through repeat measurements using only a single cell population. Increase your sample throughput using microplates without time-consuming per-sample reagent injection steps.
- **Designed for Multiplexing:** Perform more dynamic experiments using the same sample set by pairing with any lytic assay.
- High Signal-to-Background Ratios: Reliably quantitate low levels of expression for reporter gene detection and BRET.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Real-Time live cell reporter assay using the EnduRen™ Substrate. Luminescence was monitored from HEK 293 cells for >24 hours permitting measurement of the effects of sequential treatment of the cells with isoproterenol and forskolin.



stocking system

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| ViviRen™ Live Cell Substrate | 0.37 mg | E6491 |
| | 3.7 mg | E6492 |
| | 37 mg | E6495 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: ViviRen™ Live Cell Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine that generates three- to fivefold brighter Renilla luciferase luminescence than wildtype coelenterazine. Using live cells, achieve up to 100-fold higher signal-to-noise ratios for super-sensitive quantitation of reporter gene, BRET and RNAi activity.

Cat.# E6491 is supplied as a liquid, 60mM in DMSO. Cat.# E6492 and E6495 are supplied as a lyophilized solid.

Features:

- Three- to Fivefold Brighter Renilla Luminescence than Coelenterazine: Quantitate with confidence using miniaturized formats, low-level expression and CCD imagers.
- Low Autoluminescence: Achieve unparalleled sensitivity with up to 100-fold higher signal-to-noise ratios than coelenterazine.
- Live Cell Assay: Generate kinetic profiles for reporter gene, BRET and RNAi applications.
- . Multiplex Options: Improve accuracy and precision by combining with CellTiter-Glo® and other lytic assays.

Storage Conditions: Store Cat.# E6491 at -70°C. Store Cat.# E6492 and E6495 at -20°C.

Occienterazines



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| Coelenterazine | 250 μg | S2001 | |
| Coelenterazine-h | 250 μg | S2011 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Luciferases from *Renilla*, *Aequorea* and other marine organisms are commonly used as indicators or reporters for studying cellular phenomena in expression assays in eukaryotic cells. Renilla luciferase is often used as a reporter of transcription regulation, whereas apoaequorin is often used as a calcium indicator. Other uses of coelenterazines include chemiluminescent detection of Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS) in cells or tissues. Promega offers the following coelenterazine analogs.

Coelenterazine (native) is the luminescent substrate for Renilla luciferase and apoaequorin. **Formula:** $C_{26}H_{21}N_3O_3$. **Formula Weight:** 423.5. **Form:** Film.

Coelenterazine-h imparts a luminescent intensity with its aequorin complex that is reported to be 10–20 times higher than that of native coelenterazine, making this derivative a useful tool for measuring small changes in Ca2+ concentrations. Formula: C₂₆H₂₁N₃O₂. Formula Weight: 407.5. Form: Film.

Features:

- Highly Pure: 95%.
- Custom Capabilities: Custom packaging and sizes available.
- Easy to Prepare: Supplied as a dried substrate for easy preparation in methanol or ethanol.
- Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

ViviRen™ Live Cell Substrate

δβ-Galactosidase Enzyme Assay System with Reporter Lysis Buffer

β-Galactosidase Reporter Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|----------------|--|
| β-Galactosidase Enzyme Assay System with | 10 ml | E2000 | |
| Reporter Lysis Buffer | | | |
| | | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| Available Separately Reporter Lysis 5X Buffer | | Cat.# E3971 | |

Description: The β-Galactosidase Enzyme Assay System with Reporter Lysis Buffer is a convenient method for assaying β -galactosidase activity in lysates prepared from cells transfected with β-galactosidase reporter vectors such as the pSV-β-Galactosidase Control Vector.

The standard assay is performed by adding a dilute sample to an equal volume of Assay 2X Buffer that contains the substrate ONPG (o-nitrophenyl-β-Dgalactopyranoside). Samples are incubated for at least 30 minutes, during which time the β-Galactosidase hydrolyzes the colorless substrate to *o*-nitrophenyl, which is yellow. The reaction may be terminated by addition of sodium carbonate, and the absorbance at 420nm is measured by spectrophotometry.

Features:

- · Safe: Non-isotopic assay.
- Versatile: The assay can be used in a 96-well plate format.
- Flexible: Reporter Lysis Buffer allows firefly luciferase. CAT and β -galactosidase assays to be performed from the same cell extract.

Storage Conditions: Reporter Lysis Buffer may be stored at room temperature. Store other system components at -20°C.



Beta-Glo® Assay System



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|------------------------|-------------|-------|
| Beta-Glo® Assay System | 10 ml | E4720 |
| | 100 ml | E4740 |
| | 10 × 100 ml | E4780 |

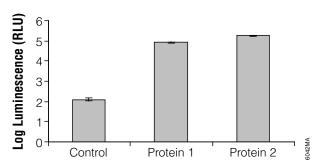
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Description: The Beta-Glo® Assay System is a homogeneous method of quantitating β-galactosidase expression in mammalian cells. The system provides a bright luminescent signal that is stable over several hours in commonly used cell culture medium without prior sample processing. The homogeneous assay procedure involves the addition of a single reagent directly to cells cultured in serum-supplemented medium. Throughput rates of several thousand samples per hour may be achieved with high reproducibility under standard laboratory conditions.

Features:

- · Bright Luminescent Signal: Quantitate with confidence using lowvolume formats or in samples with low-level expression.
- Homogeneous Format: Perform fewer steps. Add a single reagent directly to cells in growth medium.
- Stable Signal: Obtain flexibility and convenience when processing multiple plates.
- Convenient: Achieve optimal assay performance at room temperature.
- Flexible: Read the luminescent signal using any luminometer. Injectors are not required.
- . Choose Your Configuration: Learn more about our custom options for this product at: www.promega.com/custom/

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Beta-galactosidase activity determined using the Beta-Glo® Assay System with a yeast two-hybrid system. Image kindly provided by Dr. Brad Hook, Ph.D., University of Wisconsin, Madison.

CAT Reporter Systems

OCAT Enzyme Assay System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|-------|--|
| CAT Enzyme Assay System | 50 reactions | E1000 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Chloramphenicol Acetyltransferase | 100 u 10–14 u/μl | E1051 | |
| n-Butyryl CoA | 255 µl 5 mg/ml | E1061 | |
| Reporter Lysis 5X Buffer | 30 ml | E3971 | |
| For Pagazeh Usa Only Not for Usa in Diagnostic | n Drocodurae | | |

Description: The CAT Enzyme Assay System offers two alternative methods for monitoring CAT enzyme activity in transfected cells: liquid scintillation counting (LSC) and thin layer chromatography (TLC). Either the LSC or TLC assays can be performed using the same cell extract. The TLC-based assay is less sensitive and more time-consuming to perform than the LSC assay but is useful as a visual confirmation of assay results. The resolved TLC reaction products are detected by autoradiography or phosphorimaging analysis.

Chloramphenicol Acetyltransferase (CAT), encoded by a bacterial drug-resistance gene, catalyzes the transfer of an acetyl group from acetyl-CoA to the 3'-hydroxy position of chloramphenicol. The enzyme is suitable as a standard in CAT assays of crude cell extracts. One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to transfer 1nmol of butyrate or acetate to chloramphenicol in one minute at 37°C.

n-Butyryl CoA is suitable for use in the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) reaction. Transfer of the n-butyryl moiety to chloramphenicol by the CAT enzyme allows enzyme activity to be monitored using liquid scintillation counting or thin layer chromatography formats.

Features:

- Fast: The assay is performed in as little as 2-3 hours.
- Linear: The LSC assay is linear for three orders of magnitude of enzyme activity.
- Sensitive: As little as 3×10^{-4} units (2pg) of CAT can be detected.
- Robust: Reporter Lysis Buffer allows luciferase, CAT and β-galactosidase assays to be performed from the same cell extract.

Storage Conditions: Reporter Lysis 5X Buffer may be stored at room temperature. Store other system components at -20°C.





Section Contents

Reporter Vectors and Cell Lines

NanoLuc® Luciferase Technology

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| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| pNL1.1[Nluc] Vector | 20 µg | N1001 | |
| pNL1.2[NlucP] Vector | 20 µg | N1011 | |
| pNL1.3[secNluc] Vector | 20 μg | N1021 | |
| pNL3.1[Nluc/minP] Vector | 20 µg | N1031 | |
| pNL3.2[NlucP/minP] Vector | 20 µg | N1041 | |
| pNL3.3[secNluc/minP] Vector | 20 μg | N1051 | |
| pNL2.1[Nluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1061 | |
| pNL2.2[NlucP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1071 | |
| pNL2.3[secNluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1081 | |
| pNL1.1.CMV[Nluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | N1091 | |
| pNL1.3.CMV[secNluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | N1101 | |
| nNI 3 2 NE-1/R-RE[N/u/cP/NE-1/R-RE/Hygro] | 20 un | N1111 | |

Description: NanoLuc[®] (Nluc) luciferase is a small enzyme (19.1kDa) engineered for optimal performance as a luminescent reporter. The enzyme is about 100-fold brighter than either firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) or *Renilla reniformis* luciferase using a novel substrate, furimazine, to produce high intensity, glow-type luminescence. The luminescent reaction is ATP-independent and designed to suppress background luminescence for maximal assay sensitivity.

For use as a genetic reporter, multiple forms of NanoLuc® luciferase have been configured to meet differing experimental objectives. Unfused Nluc offers maximal light output and sensitivity, NanoLuc®-PEST (NlucP) closely couples protein expression to changes in transcriptional activity and increased signal-to background ratios, and NanoLuc® luciferase fused to an N-terminal secretion signal (secNluc) is suitable when a secreted reporter is preferred. Luminescence is linearly proportional to the amount of NanoLuc® protein over a 1,000,000-fold concentration range, with a signal half-life ≥ 2 hours when detected with Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Reagent.

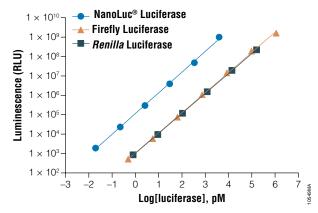
 $\mathsf{NanoLuc}^{\circledcirc}$ luciferase possesses a number of physical properties that make it an excellent reporter protein:

- very small, monomeric enzyme (171 amino acids; 513bp)
- high thermal stability (T_m = 60°C)
- active over a broad pH range (pH 6-8)
- no post-translational modifications or disulfide bonds
- · uniform distribution in cells
- emission spectrum well suited for bioluminescence resonance energy transfer (BRET; \(\lambda\)max = 465nM).

NanoLuc® Luciferase is made available in a variety of plasmids designed for use in reporter gene assays of transcriptional control and with each of the NanoLuc® forms (unfused Nluc, PEST destabilized NlucP, and secreted secNluc). The different pNL variations are designed for the following:

- pNL1: cloning of a known or putative promoter region
- pNL2: cloning of a known or putative promoter region and establishment of a stable cell line through Hygromycin selection
- pNL3: cloning of a binding site or response element not in need of a basic promoter (such as are present in the pNL3.2.NF-κB-RE vector)
- Control plasmids for the unfused and secreted Nluc forms also are available. The pNL vectors series use a pGL4-based backbone for easy sequence transfer from existing plasmids. This backbone design also reduces anomalous results by removing many transcription factor binding sites and other potential regulatory elements. The Nluc gene variations are codon optimized and have had many potential regulatory elements or other undesirable features removed (such as common restriction enzyme sites).

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



A comparison of the sensitivity of NanoLuc $^{\tiny{\textcircled{\tiny 0}}},$ firefly and Renilla luciferase assays.

Promoter-Driven Control Firefly and Renilla Luciferase Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.50[/uc2/CMV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1310 |
| pGL4.51[/uc2/CMV/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E1320 |
| pGL4.13[/uc2/SV40] Vector | 20 µg | E6681 |
| pGL4.73[hRluc/SV40] Vector | 20 µg | E6911 |
| pGL4.74[hRluc/TK] Vector | 20 µg | E6921 |
| pGL4.23[luc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[/uc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.75[hRluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | E6931 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Promoter-driven *Renilla* control vectors are commonly co-transfected with experimental firefly luciferase vectors for use in the Dual-Luciferase® or Dual-Glo® Reporter Assay Systems. The control *Renilla* vectors should give an almost invariant level of activity, while the experimental firefly vector varies with treatment. The promoter-driven pGL4.13 firefly vector can be used in situations where the experimental vector is designed in a *Renilla* vector. The pGL4.50 and pGL4.51 are useful for tagging a cell line and offer a selectable marker for creating stable transfectants. The pGL4.50 and pGL4.51 vectors are ideal for tagging cell lines for use in in vivo bioluminescent imaging applications.

Features

Improved Sensitivity and Biological Relevance Due to:

- Increased Reporter Gene Expression: Codon optimization of synthetic genes for mammalian expression.
- Reduced Background and Risk of Expression Artifacts: Removal of cryptic DNA regulatory elements and transcription factor binding sites.
- Improved Temporal Response: Rapid Response™ technology available using destabilized luciferase genes.

Additional Advantages Include:

- Flexible Detection Options: Choice of either synthetic *luc2* (*Photinus pyralis*) or *hRluc* (*Renilla reniformis*) reporter genes.
- Easy Transition from Transient to Stable Cells: Choice of mammalian selectable markers.
- Easy Transfer from Vector to Vector: Common multiple cloning site and a unique Sfil transfer scheme.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Promoterless Firefly Luciferase Vectors

Sept.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.10[luc2] Vector | 20 µg | E6651 |
| pGL4.11[luc2P] Vector | 20 µg | E6661 |
| pGL4.12[luc2CP] Vector | 20 µg | E6671 |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[/uc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.14[/uc2/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6691 |
| pGL4.15[/uc2P/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6701 |
| pGL4.16[/uc2CP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6711 |
| pGL4.17[/uc2/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6721 |
| pGL4.18[/uc2P/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6731 |
| pGL4.19[/uc2CP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6741 |
| pGL4.20[/uc2/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6751 |
| pGL4.21[luc2P/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6761 |
| pGL4.22[luc2CP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6771 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Promoterless firefly luciferase vectors are designed primarily to accept a putative promoter element for investigation of important regions controlling gene transcription. The promoterless vectors are available with three varieties of engineered firefly luciferase genes: *luc2*, *luc2P* or *luc2CP*. The *luc2* gene is engineered to remove most cryptic transcription factor binding sites and improve mammalian expression through codon optimization. The *luc2P* and *luc2CP* and RapidResponse™ genes are *luc2* genes appended with degradation sequences to influence the cellular half-life of the *luc2* gene. The RapidResponse™ genes respond more rapidly to stimuli but at the expense of signal intensity. The *luc2P* (1-hour half-life) gene responds more rapidly than *luc2* (3-hour half-life) with moderate signal intensity, and the *luc2CP* (0.4-hour half-life) responds more quickly with the lowest signal intensity. The promoterless vectors are available with or without selectable markers (hygromycin, neomycin or puromycin).

Features:

Improved Sensitivity and Biological Relevance Due to:

- Increased Reporter Gene Expression: Codon optimization of synthetic genes for mammalian expression.
- Reduced Background and Risk of Expression Artifacts: Removal of cryptic DNA regulatory elements and transcription factor binding sites.
- Improved Temporal Response: Rapid Response[™] technology available using destabilized luciferase genes.

Additional Advantages Include:

- Flexible Detection Options: Choice of either synthetic *luc2* (*Photinus pyralis*) or *hRluc* (*Renilla reniformis*) reporter genes.
- Easy Transition from Transient to Stable Cells: Choice of mammalian selectable markers.
- Easy Transfer from Vector to Vector: Common multiple cloning site and a unique Sfil transfer scheme.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Promoterless Renilla Luciferase Vectors

Miller.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.70[hRluc] Vector | 20 µg | E6881 |
| pGL4.71[hRlucP] Vector | 20 µg | E6891 |
| pGL4.72[hRlucCP] Vector | 20 µg | E6901 |
| pGL4.76[hRluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6941 |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[luc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.77[hRlucP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6951 |
| pGL4.78[hRlucCP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6961 |
| pGL4.79[hRluc/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6971 |
| pGL4.80[hRlucP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6981 |
| pGL4.81[hRlucCP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6991 |
| pGL4.82[hRluc/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7501 |
| pGL4.83[hRlucP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7511 |
| pGL4.84[hRlucCP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7521 |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedures | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Promoterless *Renilla* luciferase vectors are designed primarily to accept a putative promoter element for investigation of important regions controlling gene transcription. Alternatively, they may be used as promoterless control vectors in a dual-reporter system with a firefly luciferase vector serving as the experimental vector. The promoterless vectors are available with three varieties of engineered firefly luciferase genes: *hRluc*, *hRlucP* or *hRlucCP*. The *hRluc* gene is engineered to remove most cryptic transcription factor binding sites and improve mammalian expression through codon optimization. The *hRlucP* and *hRlucCP* and RapidResponse™ genes are *hRluc* genes appended with degradation sequences to influence the cellular half-life of the *hRluc* gene. The RapidResponse™ genes respond more rapidly to stimuli but at the expense of signal intensity. The *hRlucP* gene responds more rapidly than *hRluc2* with moderate signal intensity, and the *hRlucCP* responds more quickly with the lowest signal intensity. The promoterless vectors are available with or without selectable markers (hygromycin, neomycin or puromycin).

Features:

Improved Sensitivity and Biological Relevance Due to:

- Increased Reporter Gene Expression: Codon optimization of synthetic genes for mammalian expression.
- Reduced Background and Risk of Expression Artifacts: Removal of cryptic DNA regulatory elements and transcription factor binding sites.
- Improved Temporal Response: Rapid Response[™] technology available using destabilized luciferase genes.

Additional Advantages Include:

- Flexible Detection Options: Choice of either synthetic *luc2* (*Photinus pyralis*) or *hRluc* (*Renilla reniformis*) reporter genes.
- Easy Transition from Transient to Stable Cells: Choice of mammalian selectable markers.
- Easy Transfer from Vector to Vector: Common multiple cloning site and a unique Sfil transfer scheme.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Signaling Pathway Analysis (Minimal Promoter-Driven) Firefly Luciferase Vectors

Miles.

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|---------|-------|
| pGL4.37[<i>luc2P</i> /ARE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E3641 |
| pGL4.38[luc2P/p53 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3651 |
| pGL4.39[/uc2P/ATF6 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E3661 |
| pGL4.40[/uc2P/MRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4131 |
| pGL4.41[/uc2P/HSE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E3751 |
| pGL4.42[/uc2P/HRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4001 |
| pGL4.43[/uc2P/XRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4121 |
| pGL4.44[/uc2P/AP1 RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4111 |
| pGL4.45[/uc2P/ISRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E4141 |
| pGL4.47[luc2P/SIE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E4041 |
| pGL4.48[/uc2P/SBE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E3671 |
| pGL4.49[/uc2P/TCF-LEF RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E4611 |
| pGL4.52[/uc2P/STAT5RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E4651 |
| pGL4.29[/uc2P/CRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E8471 |
| pGL4.30[/uc2P/NFAT-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8481 |
| pGL4.32[/uc2P/NF-kB-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8491 |
| pGL4.33[/uc2P/SRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1340 |
| pGL4.34[/uc2P/SRF-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1350 |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[<i>luc2P</i> /minP] Vector | 20 μg | E8421 |
| pGL4.25[<i>luc2CP</i> /minP] Vector | 20 μg | E8431 |
| pGL4.26[/uc2/minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8441 |
| pGL4.27[<i>luc2P</i> /minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E8451 |
| pGL4.28[<i>luc2CP</i> /minP/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | E8461 |
| GloResponse™ CRE-luc2P HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 |
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Description: Creating a cell line with an indicator of a functional signaling pathway is useful for deciphering the components in a signaling pathway. These tools are made by insertion of multiple repeats of a response element upstream of a minimal promoter (minP). Promega has designed vectors that report the activity of a variety of pathways using the optimized *luc2* firefly luciferase gene in the pGL4 backbone. These vectors also have a hygromycin resistance selectable marker, allowing use either in transient transfection experiments or for selection of a stable cell line.

Also available for construction of pathway reporters are minimal promoter (minP) vectors with three varieties of engineered firefly luciferase genes: luc2, luc2P or luc2CP. The luc2 gene is engineered to remove most cryptic transcription factor binding sites and improve mammalian expression through codon optimization. The luc2P and luc2CP and RapidResponseTM genes are luc2 genes appended with degradation sequences to influence the cellular half-life of the luc2 gene. The RapidResponseTM genes respond more rapidly to stimuli but at the expense of signal intensity. The luc2P (1-hour half-life) gene responds more rapidly than luc2 (3-hour half-life) with moderate signal intensity, and the luc2CP (0.4-hour half-life) responds more quickly with the lowest signal intensity. The minP vectors are available with or without selectable markers (hygromycin). To speed research, several predesigned response element vectors are available already assembled in the pGL4.27 Vector. Some of these also are available stable cell lines (GloResponseTM Cell Lines).

Features:

- · Pre-designed vectors remove the need to clone and validate an assay.
- Increased Reporter Gene Expression: Codon optimization of synthetic genes for mammalian expression.
- Reduced Background and Risk of Expression Artifacts: Removal of cryptic DNA regulatory elements and transcription factor binding sites.
- Improved Temporal Response: Rapid Response™ technology using destabilized luciferase genes.
- Easy Transition from Transient to Stable Cells: Choice of mammalian selectable markers.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Nuclear Receptor Pathway Tools

Nuclear Receptor Analysis Luciferase Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| pGL4.36[/uc2P/MMTV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1360 | |
| pFN26A (BIND) hRluc-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | E1380 | |
| pBIND-ERa Vector | 20 µg | E1390 | |
| pBIND-GR Vector | 20 µg | E1581 | |
| pGL4.35[luc2P/9XGAL4UAS/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1370 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Nuclear receptor analysis can be performed with traditional means by using a minimal promoter vector with nuclear receptor response elements upstream. Alternatively, you can use viral elements like the mouse mammary tumor virus long terminal repeat promoter to judge androgen or glucocorticoid responses (e.g., pGL4.36). In many cases, study with these methods requires use of a cell line with the appropriate endogenous nuclear receptors, meaning you may need different cell lines for each nuclear receptor study. A method using the principles of the yeast two-hybrid system was adapted for nuclear receptor work. The nuclear receptor ligand binding domain is fused to the GAL4 DNA binding domain and transfected with a firefly luciferase vector containing repeats of the GAL4 upstream activation sequence upstream of a minimal promoter. The ligand binding domain is responsible for ligand binding, homo- or heterodimerization and interactions with co-activator or co-repressors. The one-hybrid method allows you work with any cell line and nuclear receptor you desire.

Features:

- Robust: GAL4-based system removes background signals from endogenous receptors.
- More Sensitive: Optimized 9X Gal4 gives improved responses, better signal:noise ratio.
- Adaptable: Combination Renilla/Neomycin marker allows normalization with Dual-Luciferase[®] Assay or selectable markers for generating stable cell lines, all with one vector.
- Consistent: Compare or profile all nuclear receptors with a single experimental system.
- Faster Results: Destabilized and optimized luc2P luciferase gene allows greater sensitivity and shorter induction times.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



pmirGLO Dual-Luciferase miRNA Target Expression Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| pmirGLO Dual-Luciferase miRNA Target Expression Vector | 20 µg | E1330 | |

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Description: The pmirGLO Vector is designed to quantitatively evaluate microRNA (miRNA) activity by the insertion of miRNA target sites downstream or 3' of the firefly luciferase gene (luc2). Firefly luciferase is the primary reporter gene; reduced firefly luciferase expression indicates the binding of endogenous or introduced miRNAs to the cloned miRNA target sequence. This vector is based on Promega dual-luciferase technology, with firefly luciferase (luc2) used as the primary reporter to monitor mRNA regulation and Renilla luciferase (hRluc-neo) acting as a control reporter for normalization and selection.

Features:

- Measure miRNA Function: Reporter activity correlates with miRNA
- Optimized Reporter Genes: luc2 luciferase gene provides highest expression.
- Combination Renilla/Neomycin Marker: Normalize with Dual-Luciferase® Assay or for stable cell lines, all with one vector.
- . Biologically Relevant Results: The moderate-strength PGK promoter provides sensitive analysis not possible with strong promoters.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

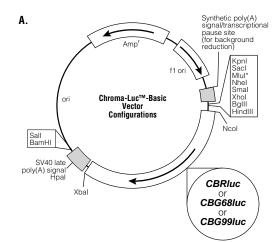
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pCBR-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1411 |
| pCBR-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1421 |
| pCBG68-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1431 |
| pCBG68-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1441 |
| pCBG99-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1451 |
| pCBG99-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1461 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

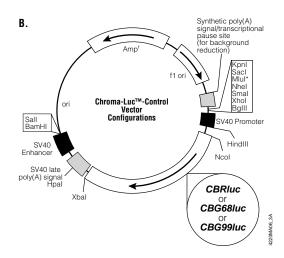
Description: The Chroma-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System and the Chroma-Luc™ Vectors can be used to generate red and green (dual-color) luminescence from a single sample upon addition of a single reagent. The Chroma-Luc™ Vectors consist of 6 plasmids containing synthetic versions of a red or one of two green click beetle luciferase genes; CBRluc contains a red-emitting luciferase gene, while CBG68luc and CBG99luc contain green-emitting luciferase genes. Filtered measurement of the dual-color luminescence produced by the Chroma-Luc[™] luciferases permits each reporter to be measured independently and virtually simultaneously. Besides their different luminescence colors, the three Chroma-Luc™ genes differ as follows: CBG99luc and CBRluc possess 99% DNA and 98% protein homology and are the ideal choice for use when working with transient expression assays; CBG68luc and CBRluc possess 68.9% DNA homology while retaining a high degree of protein homology (>98%) and thus are the preferred pair for use with stable expression assays. Each of these genes is provided either in a Basic Vector configuration containing a multiple cloning site (MCS) or a Control Vector containing an SV40 promoter and enhancer. The Chroma-Glo™ Assay has a homogeneous format that generates luminescence with >30-minute signal half-lives for each of the Chroma-Luc™ Luciferases, thereby enabling the processing of many plates without prior sample preparation. Two reporter gene measurements can be efficiently and reproducibly determined from each well in a typical high-throughput screen.

Features:

- Two Reporter Signals by Single Substrate Addition: Increase your accuracy and precision through normalization, or use both reporters to multiplex experimental measurements. Use filters to spectrally separate the luminescent signals.
- Ideal Control or Multiplexed Reporter System: Use the high-homology red and green luciferases to minimize potential RNA and protein effects on reporter expression.
- Flexible: Use the Basic Vectors for cloning regulatory elements of interest, or use the Control Vectors as an internal control.
- High Expression with Minimal Anomalous Transcription Behavior: Use the synthetic gene design to obtain results easily and reliably.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





The Chroma-Luc™-Basic and -Control Vectors. These vectors contain CBRluc or CBG68luc or CBG99luc; Ampr, a gene conferring ampicillin resistance in E. coli; ori, origin of plasmid replication in E. coli. Arrows within the Chroma-Luc[™] and Amp^r genes indicate the direction of

* Mlul should not be used in the vector configuration containing CBG99luc, as this gene also contains the Mlul site.





Helix® on-site stocking system

price property proper **Vectors**

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| pRL-SV40 Vector | 20 µg | E2231 |
| pRL-TK Vector | 20 µg | E2241 |
| pRL-CMV Vector | 20 µg | E2261 |
| pRL-null Vector | 20 µg | E2271 |
| | | |

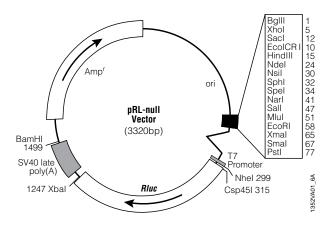
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

Description: The pRL Vectors are wildtype Renilla luciferase (Rluc) control reporter vectors. The pRL Vectors, which provide constitutive expression of Renilla luciferase, can be used in combination with a firefly luciferase vector to cotransfect mammalian cells. Expression of Renilla luciferase provides an internal control value to which expression of the experimental firefly luciferase reporter gene may be normalized. The pRL Vectors contain the cDNA encoding Renilla luciferase (Rluc) cloned from the anthozoan coelenterate Renilla reniformis (sea pansy). Four different promoter configurations are available. The HSV-thymidine kinase promoter (pRL-TK) is relatively weak and may be particularly useful in providing neutral constitutive expression of the Renilla luciferase control reporter. The early SV40 enhancer/promoter region (pRL-SV40) and the CMV immediate early enhancer/promoter region (pRL-CMV) typically provide high-level transcription and, therefore, may be less suitable for co-reporter applications involving experimental vectors with robust regulatory elements. In general, we recommend validating the performance of specific co-reporter combinations in the desired target cells. In addition to the modified Rluc reporter gene, all pRL Vectors are isolated from a dam-/dcm- E. coli K host strain, allowing digestion with restriction enzymes that are sensitive to dam and dcm methylation.

Features:

- A T7 promoter is located immediately upstream of Rluc, allowing in vitro synthesis of Renilla luciferase.
- The SV40 late poly(A) signal sequence is positioned downstream of Rluc to provide efficient transcription termination and mRNA polyadenylation.
- A prokaryotic origin of replication and β-lactamase gene allow selected propagation of the pRL vectors in E. coli host strains.
- To avoid DNA methylation, all pRL Vectors are isolated from a dam-/dcm-E. coli K host strain.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.



pGL3 Luciferase Reporter Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL3-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1751 |
| pGL3-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1741 |
| pGL3-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1771 |
| pGL3-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1761 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

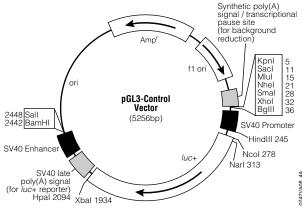
Description: The pGL3 Luciferase Reporter Vectors provide a basis for the quantitative analysis of factors that potentially regulate mammalian gene expression. These may be cis- or trans-acting factors. The backbone of the pGL2 Luciferase Reporter Vectors was redesigned for the pGL3 Vectors for increased expression, with a modified coding region for firefly (Photinus pyralis) luciferase that has been optimized for monitoring transcriptional activity in transfected eukaryotic cells. The assay of this genetic reporter is rapid, sensitive and quantitative. In addition, the Luciferase Reporter Vectors contain numerous features aiding in the structural characterization of the putative regulatory sequences under investigation.

For the most advanced reporter vectors and widest selection of features, please see the pGL4 Luciferase Reporter Vectors.

Features:

- Easy to Use: Ncol site located at 5' end of luc+ gene allows creation of fusions with reporter gene using a unique Ncol site.
- Flexible: Placement of Smal site in the MCS allows blunt-ended inserts to be ligated into the MCS and restricted on either side by other restriction
- **Versatile:** Xbal site just downstream of *luc*+ gene facilitates insertions into the 3' untranslated region of mRNA or subcloning of the luciferase gene.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.





pGL2 Luciferase Reporter Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| pGL2-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1641 |
| pGL2-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1611 |
| pGL2-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1621 |
| pGL2-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1631 |

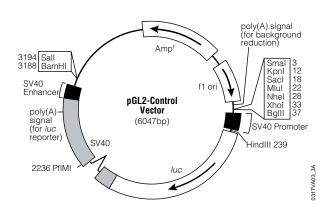
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGL2 Luciferase Reporter Vectors provide a basis for the quantitative analysis of factors that potentially regulate mammalian gene expression. These factors may be *cis*-acting, such as promoters and enhancers, or *trans*-acting, such as various DNA-binding factors. The pGL2 Vectors carry the coding region for firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) luciferase, which is used to monitor transcriptional activity in transfected eukaryotic cells. The assay of this genetic reporter is rapid, sensitive and quantitative. In addition, the pGL2 Vectors contain numerous features that aid in the characterization and mutagenesis of the putative regulatory sequences.

Features:

- Versatile: Deletions and site-directed mutations can be made directly to inserted DNAs without subcloning.
- Convenient: All vectors contain the firefly luciferase reporter gene, which
 enables sensitive and rapid quantitation of reporter activity.
- Low Background: Upstream polyadenylation signal minimizes spurious transcription of the reporter gene.

Storage Conditions: Store vector at -20°C. Store bacterial strain at -70°C.



№ pGEM®-luc DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®- <i>luc</i> DNA | 20 µg | E1541 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

Description: The pGEM®-*luc* Vector is a cassette vector designed as a source of the *luc* gene encoding firefly luciferase, which is found in the pGL2 Vectors. The plasmid is not intended for the expression of luciferase in eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells.

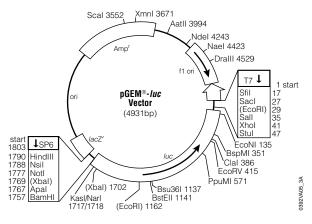
The pGEM®-*luc* Vector was constructed by positioning the luciferase gene (*luc*) in the center of the multiple cloning region of the pGEM®-11Zf(–) Vector, providing a number of unique restriction sites at both ends of the gene. Sites that are surrounded by parentheses are not unique, as additional sites for each also exist in the luciferase gene. Note also that using Hindlll or Nsil to clone the luciferase gene will include upstream ATG codons, which may reduce the efficiency of expression in eukaryotes. The luciferase cassette does not contain the prokaryotic Shine-Delgarno sequence for bacterial expression.

The pGEM®-luc Vector is supplied with a glycerol stock of bacterial strain JM109.

Features:

 Flexibility: Provides a luciferase cassette with several unique cloning sites at both ends for analysis of transcriptional activity, mRNA processing, protein structure/function, or labeling of cells and viruses.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Store bacterial strain at -70°C.





stocking system

○ GloResponse[™] Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| GloResponse™ CRE-luc2P HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8500 | |
| GloResponse™ NFAT-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8510 | |
| GloResponse™ NF-κB-RE- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8520 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The GloResponse[™] Luciferase Reporter Cell Lines contain optimized, state-of-the-art luciferase reporter technology integrated into a cell line. This allows the rapid development of a reporter assay based on the pathway of interest regulating the luciferase gene. Assays configured using the GloResponse[™] Cell Lines are amenable for high-throughput screening. These assays typically have greater response dynamics (fold of induction) than other assay formats and good quality as indicated by the high Z′ values. GloResponse[™] Cell Lines were developed to study a variety of signaling pathways. Activators of these pathways may be native to the HEK293 cell line. Activity of non-native activators can be studied after they have been introduced by transfection.

GPCRs regulate a wide-range of biological functions and are one of the most important target classes for drug discovery. GPCR signaling pathways can be categorized into three classes based on the G protein α -subunit involved: Gs, Gi/o and Gq. The GloResponseTM CRE-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line can be used to study and configure screening assays for Gs- and Gi/o-coupled GPCRs, which signal through cAMP and the cAMP Response Element (CRE). For Gq-coupled GPCRs, which signal through calcium ion release and activate the Nuclear Factor of Activated T-Cells response element (NFAT-RE), the GloResponseTM NFAT-RE-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line should be used.

NF- κ B-REs are the DNA binding sequences for the NF- κ B transcription factor complex, which is responsible for regulating inflammation, immune response, cell growth and apoptosis. The GloResponseTM NF- κ B-RE-Iuc2P HEK293 Cell Line is designed for rapid and convenient analysis of any cellular response that results in modulation of NF- κ B activities.

The GloResponseTM 9X*GAL4*UAS-*luc2P* HEK293 Cell Line contains nine repeats of GAL4 UAS (Upstream Activator Sequence) driving the transcription of the luciferase reporter gene *luc2P* in response to binding of a fusion protein containing the GAL4 DNA Binding Domain, such as the Estrogen Receptor Ligand Binding Domain in pBIND-ER α Vector (Cat.# E1390) when activated by a ligand. This makes the cell line suitable for the study of nuclear receptors or can be used to study other types of protein:protein and protein:DNA interactions. The GAL4 DNA Binding Domain partner must be introduced to this cell line by transfection or other similar techniques.

The GloResponse[™] Cell Lines were generated by clonal selection of HEK293 cells stably transfected with pGL4-based vectors carrying specific response elements for the pathway of interest. These cell lines incorporate the improvements developed for the pGL4 family of reporter vectors for enhanced performance. The destabilized *luc2P* luciferase reporter is used for improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics. The *luc2P* gene is codon optimized for enhanced expression in mammalian cells, and the pGL4 plasmid backbone was engineered to reduce background reporter expression. The result is a cell line with very high induction levels when the pathway of interest is activated.

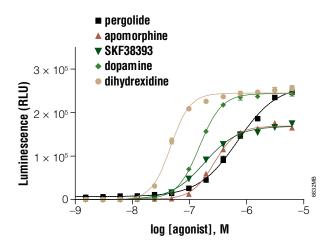
Features:

- Convenient: Prebuilt, optimized luciferase reporter cell lines.
- Robust: Large assay window provided by high levels of induction and low background expression.
- Faster Results: Improved responsiveness to transcriptional dynamics with destabilized luciferase.

Storage Conditions: Place frozen cells in storage at less than or equal to -140° C (mechanical deep freeze or vapor phase liquid nitrogen) until you are ready to thaw and propagate them. We strongly recommend that the cells are propagated, using the provided procedure, as soon as possible. This will ensure the optimal cell viability and assay performance.



Two plasmids involved in the dual-luciferase GPCR assay. RE, response element/promoter; *luc2P*, destabilized firefly luciferase with PEST sequence; P_{SV40}, SV40 promoter; Hyg^r, hygromycin resistance gene; P_{CMV}, CMV promoter; *Rluc*-neo^r, *Renilla* luciferase and neomycin resistance gene fusion. PEST sequences are associated with rapidly degraded proteins.



Ranking compound potency and detection of DRD1 partial agonists. A GloResponseTM CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor

A GloResponse ™ CRE-*luc2P* clone stably expressing dopamine receptor D1 was plated at 10,000 cells/well in a 96-well plate. Each agonist was serially diluted 1:2, then added to wells in replicates of four, beginning with 50µM. Cells were incubated with agonist for four hours, harvested and analyzed using the Dual-Glo™ Luciferase Assay System (Cat.# E2920). Luciferase activity was measured on the GloMax® 96 Microplate Luminometer (Cat.# E6501).



Reporter Vector Sequencing Primers

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------|-------|--|
| RVprimer3 (clockwise) | 2 μg | E4481 | |
| RVprimer4 (counterclockwise) | 2 μg | E4491 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Reporter Vector (RV) Sequencing Primers are designed for use with the pGL3 and pGL4 Luciferase Vectors, Chroma-Luc™ Vectors and pCATTM3 Reporter Vectors. RVprimer3 binds upstream of the luc+, luc2 or CAT gene, and sequencing runs clockwise across the multiple cloning region.

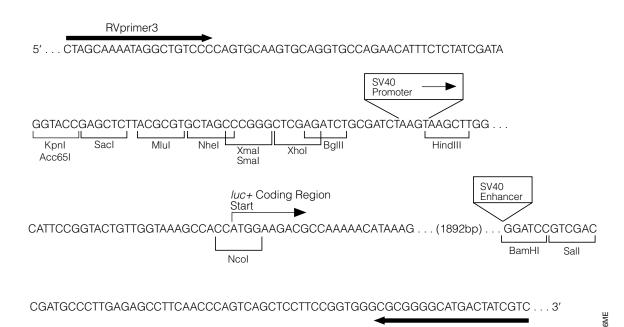
RVprimer4 binds downstream of the *luc+*, *luc2* or CAT polyadenylation region in the Promoter and Basic Vectors and downstream of the SV40 enhancer region of the Enhancer and Control Vectors. Both primers can be used for sequencing double-stranded templates, but only RVprimer4 can be used for sequencing single-stranded templates.

Primer Sequences

- RVprimer3: 5'-d(CTAGCAAAATAGGCTGTCCC)-3'
- RVprimer4: 5´-d(GACGATAGTCATGCCCCGCG)-3´

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The primers are supplied dried.

RVprimer4



pGL3 Vector multiple cloning region showing the upstream and downstream cloning sites and the locations of the sequencing primers, RVprimer3 and RVprimer4. The arrows above the primers indicate the direction of sequencing. The positions of the promoter (in pGL3-Promoter and pGL3-Control) and the enhancer (in pGL3-Enhancer and pGL3-Control) are shown as insertions into the sequence of pGL3-Basic (note that the promoter replaces four bases of pGL3-Basic). The sequence shown is of the ssDNA produced using the f1 origin.

| Reporter Vector Sequencing Primer Information. | | |
|--|--|--|
| | RVprimer3 | RVprimer4 |
| | Sequences from upstream of multiple cloning region into multiple cloning region. | Sequences from downstream of reporter ORF and polyadenylation sequences into Sall, BamHl multiple cloning region, which is intended for cloning enhancer elements. |
| pGL3 Vectors | ✓ | ✓ |
| pCAT®3 Vectors | ✓ | ✓ |
| Chroma-Luc™ (Click Beetle) | | |
| Vectors (pCBR, pCBG68, pCBG99) | ✓ | ✓ |
| pGL4 Vectors | ✓ | ✓ |
| | | 9490LA |



Helix® on-site stocking system

stocking system

pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector | 20 µg | E4471 | |
| For Describ Heal Oaks Not for Healin Discountie Describeration | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector is a luciferase cassette vector containing the engineered firefly luciferase gene, luc+NF. The luc+NF gene is related to the luc+ gene found in the pGL3 family of eukaryotic reporter vectors but has been further modified for maximum flexibility in constructing N-terminal fusions (NF) with luciferase. Subcloning luc+NF into expression vectors provides a useful genetic reporter with exceptional sensitivity. The pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector is not itself intended for the expression of luciferase in eukaryotic cells, because it does not contain eukaryotic promoters, enhancers or polyadenylation signals.

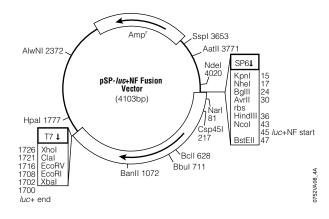
A unique BstEll site has been inserted immediately downstream of the luciferase ATG translation codon, allowing cloned inserts to be positioned immediately downstream of the *luc*+NF initiation codon. This vector is recommended specifically for applications where N-terminal fusion proteins do not contain an internal ATG codon at the luciferase junction.

The *luc*+NF gene is positioned downstream of an SP6 promoter and a ribosome binding site. An opposing T7 promoter is located immediately downstream of *luc*+NF. Thus, the pSP-*luc*+NF Fusion Vector provides a convenient template for the in vitro synthesis of both sense and antisense luciferase transcripts for studies involving in situ hybridization, RNA processing, RNA transfection or coupled in vitro transcription/translation and protein folding. Multiple cloning regions containing recognition sequences for commonly used restriction enzymes are positioned at the 5' and 3' ends of *luc*+NF to provide maximum flexibility in cloning. Luciferase enzymatic activity can be assayed most efficiently using one of the Luciferase Assay Systems.

Features:

- Flexibility: Multiple cloning regions are positioned at the 5' and 3' ends of luc to provide maximum flexibility in cloning.
- N-Terminal Fusions with Luciferase: Unique BstEll site located immediately downstream of the luciferase ATG translation codon.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



pSV-β-Galactosidase Control Vector

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 pSV-β-Galactosidase Control Vector
 20 μg
 E1081

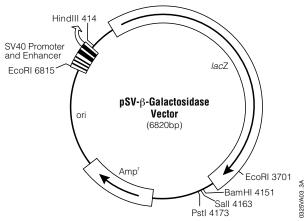
 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pSV- β -Galactosidase Control Vector is a positive control vector for monitoring transfection efficiencies of mammalian cells. The SV40 early promoter and enhancer drive transcription of the *lac*Z gene, which encodes the β -galactosidase enzyme. The pSV- β -Galactosidase Control Vector can be transfected individually or co-transfected with your DNA of interest. β -galactosidase is an excellent reporter enzyme that can be assayed quickly and directly in cell extracts using spectrophotometric, fluorescent or chemiluminescent assays. This reporter enzyme is also widely used for in situ histochemical analysis using the substrate X-Gal.

The pSV- β -Galactosidase Control Vector can be co-transfected with your DNA of interest. For example, co-transfection with firefly luciferase gene vectors (pGL3 Vectors) provide cell extracts that can be assayed for both luciferase and β -galactosidase activities. In this manner, the pSV- β -Galactosidase Vector acts as an internal control for transient expression assays. A negative control extract, prepared from mock-transfected cells, should also be assayed for the presence of endogenous β -galactosidase activity in cultured cells. In addition, co-transfection with chloramphenicol acetyltransferase reporter gene vectors (pCATTM3 Vectors) permits assaying for both CAT and β -galactosidase activities.

The pSV- β -Galactosidase Vector is a modification of pRSV- β -Gal with SV40 and pUC18 sequences substituted for RSV and pBR322 sequences. The pSV- β -Galactosidase Vector will express β -galactosidase in *E. coli* due to the presence of the *E. coli* gpt promoter located upstream of the *lac*Z gene. Colonies of *E. coli* containing the pSV- β -Galactosidase Vector will appear blue when plated on media containing X-Gal.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





OPERITY Properties

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| pCAT™3-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1871 |
| pCAT™3-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1851 |
| pCAT™3-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1881 |
| pCAT™3-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1861 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pCATTM3 Reporter Vectors provide a basis for the quantitative analysis of factors that may regulate mammalian gene expression. The redesigned backbone of the pCATTM3 Reporter Vectors is similar to the pGL3 Luciferase Vectors with the exception of a chimeric intron located 5' of the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) gene. As with the pGL3 Vectors, the pCATTM3 Vectors contain a different polyadenylation site located 3' of the gene. The redesigned backbone increases expression of the reporter gene, improves in vivo vector stability and provides greater flexibility in performing manipulations.

Features:

- Efficient: Optimal translation efficiency.
- Robust: Increased expression with more efficient poly(A) signal.
- Clearer Results: Reduced background CAT expression.
- Compatible: Altered multiple cloning regions make vectors compatible with the pGL3 Vectors.
- Versatile: Can produce ssDNA for sequencing and mutagenesis.

Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein phMGFP Vector



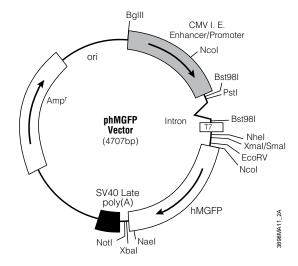
Description: The phMGFP Vector contains the open reading frame for the Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein cloned into a mammalian expression vector. The Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein is encoded by an improved synthetic version of the green fluorescent protein gene originally cloned from *Montastrea cavernosa* (Great Star Coral). The synthetic gene (hMGFP) expresses a 26kDa protein that shows improved fluorescence intensity compared to the native gene. Furthermore, the hMGFP gene has been codon optimized and cleared of most consensus sequence transcription factor binding sites to ensure reliability and high levels of expression.

The Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein encoded by the hMGFP gene is an ideal fluorescent reporter, providing high-level fluorescence and reducing cytotoxicity. Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein generally fluoresces at least 20% brighter than other commercially available green fluorescent proteins (GFPs) and also reduces cytotoxicity, offering flexibility when working with transient and stable expression assays.

Features:

- Brighter Fluorescence: Visualize low-level expression in situ using fluorescence microscopy, imagers or FACS[®].
- Reduced Cytotoxicity: Minimize cellular perturbations when working with transient or stable expression assays.
- Flexible: Create fusion proteins for imaging and localization studies using standard FITC detection.
- High Purity: Obtain high transfection efficiencies for precloning confirmation studies.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





stocking system

In Vivo Imaging

NivoGlo™ Luciferin, In Vivo Grade In Vivo G

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|--------|-------|
| VivoGlo™ Luciferin, In Vivo Grade | 50 mg | P1041 |
| | 1 g | P1043 |
| | 250 mg | P1042 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: Luciferase genes from the North American firefly (*Photinus pyralis*) and from other beetles are commonly used as light-emitting reporters in cellular and animal models. VivoGlo[™] Luciferin is the potassium salt of p-luciferin, the firefly luciferase substrate capable of generating light when a suitable model is used.

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

VivoGlo™ Caspase 3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin Sodium Salt)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-----------|-------|--|
| VivoGlo™ Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD- | 50 mg | P1781 | |
| Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) | 5 × 50 mg | P1782 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Presedur | 00 | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: VivoGlo[™] Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) is a firefly luciferase prosubstrate containing the DEVD tetrapeptide sequence recognized by caspase-3 and -7. Upon activation of caspase-3 or -7, the DEVD peptide is cleaved, and the liberated aminoluciferin reacts with luciferase to generate measurable light. Cleavage has been shown in cells and in vivo systems. For mice, activity of a related salt was demonstrated when 10mg of the substrate in 150µl of saline was injected intraperitoneally. Other references suggest that doses as low as 1.5mg per mouse (50mg/kg) can be used. We recommend conducting a preliminary dose-response study using no more than 500mg/kg.

VivoGlo[™] Caspase-3/7 Substrate (Z-DEVD-Aminoluciferin, Sodium Salt) has a minimum solubility of 500mg/ml in PBS, and the resulting solution is stable for at least 3 days at room temperature. Injection is usually done via the intraperitoneal route, and imaging is generally started 10 minutes after injection.

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

№ VivoGloTM Luciferin-β-Galactosidase Substrate (6-0-β-galactopyranosyl luciferin)

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|------------------|-------|--|
| VivoGlo™ Luciferin-β-Galactoside Substra | te (6-0-β- 50 mg | P1061 | |
| galactopyranosyl luciferin) | 250 mg | P1062 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

Description: Luciferin-β-galactoside is a substrate for the commonly used reporter enzyme β-galactosidase. The substrate is cleaved by β-galactosidase to form luciferin and galactose. When used in a model system expressing firefly luciferase, the luciferin is then utilized in a firefly luciferase reaction to generate light.

VivoGlo[™] In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials
 with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and
 use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to
 minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





■ EnduRen™ In Vivo Renilla Luciferase Substrate

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| EnduRen™ In Vivo <i>Renilla</i> Luciferase Substrate | 0.34 mg | P1111 | |
| | 3.4 mg | P1112 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: EnduRen™ in vivo *Renilla* Luciferase Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine-based compound with protected oxidation sites. These modifications are designed to minimize substrate degradation and autoluminescence. It is reported that EnduRen™ Substrate may have a longer kinetic output when compared to the native coelenterazine substrate when used in an in vivo imaging application in a mouse model.

VivoGlo™ In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- Highest Quality Substrates: Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- . Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

○ViviRen™ In Vivo Renilla Luciferase Substrate

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|---------|-------|--|
| ViviRen™ In Vivo Renilla Luciferase Substrate | 0.37 mg | P1231 | |
| | 3.7 mg | P1232 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: ViviRen™ in vivo *Renilla* Luciferase Substrate is a uniquely engineered coelenterazine-based compound with protected oxidation sites. These modifications are designed to minimize substrate degradation and autoluminescence. It is reported that the ViviRen™ Substrate demonstrates brighter output when compared to the native coelenterazine substrate when used in an in vivo imaging application in a mouse model.

Cat.# P1231 is supplied as a liquid, 60mM in DMSO. Cat.# P1232 is supplied as a lyophilized solid.

VivoGlo™ In Vivo Imaging Substrates are provided in cooperation with Xenogen Corporation and Caliper Life Sciences for use in in vivo bioluminescence imaging applications.

Features:

- **Highest Quality Substrates:** Eliminate potential interference in assays due to the presence of endotoxins.
- Assured Product Integrity: Most products are packaged in amber vials with septa to ensure product integrity as well as offer ease of dilution and use for imaging experiments. Product is packaged with fine tolerances to minimize the need to weigh substrates.
- Flexibility and Convenience: Available in multiple sizes to accommodate a variety of experimental settings.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

pGL4 in vivo Imaging Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|--|
| pGL4.50[/uc2/CMV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1310 | |
| pGL4.51[/uc2/CMV/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E1320 | |
| | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The pGL4 Luciferase Reporter Vectors are the next generation of reporter gene vectors optimized for expression in mammalian cells. Numerous configurations of pGL4 Vectors are available. The pGL4.50 and pGL4.51 Vectors offer the synthetic firefly luciferase luc2 gene under the control of the strong constitutive CMV (cytomegalovirus) promoter. These vectors have demonstrated high expression levels in a variety of cell lines tested. The addition of a selectable marker, either hygromycin or neomycin, also allows the creation of stable cell lines. Cell lines with constant expression of luciferase can be used in animal models to study in vivo changes in cell physiology.

Features:

- · Pre-built luciferase expression vector.
- · Luc2 luciferase gene provides highest expression.
- Selectable markers for generating stable cell lines.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Transfection Reagents

FuGENE® 6 Transfection Reagent

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------|--|
| FuGENE® 6 Transfection Reagent | 1 ml | E2691 | |
| | 5 × 1 ml | E2692 | |
| | 0.5 ml | E2693 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: FuGENE® 6 Transfection Reagent is a nonliposomal formulation designed to transfect plasmid DNA into a wide variety of cell lines with high efficiency and low toxicity. The protocol does not require removal of serum or culture medium and does not require washing or changing of medium after introducing the reagent/DNA complex.

Features:

- More Biologically Relevant: Very low toxicity; less impact on biology.
- Simple Protocol: No culture changes; less variability; compatible with
- Effective in Many Cell Types: Used in thousands of publications.
- Ideal for Use with Luciferase Assays: More expression; sensitive

Storage Conditions: Store FuGENE® 6 Transfection Reagent at 4°C.Do not freeze or store below 0°C.



Helix® on-site stocking system

FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent

uduct Size Cat#

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------|-------|
| FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent | 1 ml | E2311 |
| | 5 × 1 ml | E2312 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent is a novel, nonliposomal formulation designed to transfect DNA into a wide variety of cell lines with high efficiency and low toxicity. The protocol does not require removal of serum or culture medium and does not require washing or changing of medium after introducing the reagent/DNA complex. Additionally, the FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent has been shown to support transfection in chemically-defined media and does not contain any animal-derived components.

The cell lines listed in Table 1 have been transfected successfully by Promega Corporation or Fugent, L.L.C. For a list of conditions that were used in the transfection of these and other cell types, visit our FuGENE® HD Protocol Database: www.promega.com/resources/tools/fugene-hd-protocol-database/

Features:

- More Biologically Relevant: Low toxicity, less impact on biology.
- Simple Protocol: No culture changes, less variability, compatible with serum.
- Effective in Many Cell Types: Online database with over 40 cell types, including primary and stem cells.
- Ideal for Use with Luciferase Assays: More expression, sensitive results.

Storage Conditions: Store FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent at 4° C. Do not freeze or store below 0° C.

Table 1. Cell Lines Successfully Transfected Using the FuGENE® HD Transfection Reagent by Promega Corporation or Fugent, L.L.C.

| NIH3T3 | U-937 |
|------------------------|--|
| HEK293 | STSAR90 |
| CHO-K1 | AGS |
| CHO-S | BHK-21 |
| SNU-16 | Caco-2 |
| A-375 | Caki-1 |
| T98G | Capan-1 |
| HeLa | H4 |
| HepG2 | Human skeletal muscle myoblasts (HSMM) |
| High Five [™] | NCI-N87 |
| MCF7 | Panc-1 |
| mES | SK MEL-28 |
| hES | SK-0V-3 |
| PC3 | T-24 |
| RAW 264.7 | T-84 |
| SCC61 | U-87 MG |
| SQ20B | A549 |
| ST0 | DMS 53 |
| U-2 0S | T47D |
| COS-7 | Jurkat |
| 293F | Huh7 |
| | 86841 |

 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 TransFast™ Transfection Reagent
 1.2 mg
 E2431

 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The TransFast™ Transfection Reagent is composed of the synthetic cationic lipid, (+)-N,N [bis (2-hydroxyethyl)]-N-methyl-N-[2,3-di(tetradecanoyloxy) propyl] ammonium iodide and the neutral lipid, DOPE. The TransFast™ Reagent is supplied as a dried lipid film that forms multilamellar vesicles upon hydration with water. Cationic liposomes designed for transfection, such as the TransFast™ Reagent, are more versatile than many other traditional transfection methods. The advantages include flexibility in the macromolecules that are delivered, in vitro and in vivo applications, ability to more reproducibly transfect cells that are recalcitrant to other methods and suitability for transient and stable transfection. Several different types of macromolecules, including RNA and DNA of all sizes ranging from oligonucleotides to plasmids and yeast artificial chromosomes, can be delivered to cells using liposomes. The TransFast™ Transfection Reagent is designed for nucleic acid delivery to eukaryotic cells in vitro and in vivo and performs well with many cell lines. To date, we have found that TransFast™ Reagent performs particularly well for DNA delivery to NIH/3T3, CHO, 293, K562, PC12, Jurkat and insect Sf9 cells.

Features:

- Fast: Transfect in 1 hour. Transfection times can be decreased to as little as 30 minutes with certain cell lines.
- Easy to Use: Resuspend the reagent in water, freeze, thaw, mix with DNA, and add to cells.
- Efficient: High-efficiency transfection—transient and stable—in many cells.
- Robust: Requires less optimization than other systems. Allows transfection
 of cell types such as primary cell cultures that require continuous exposure
 to serum.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

ProFection® Mammalian Transfection System

Alleto .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| ProFection® Mammalian Transfection System- | 40 reactions | E1200 | |
| Calcium Phosphate | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The introduction of DNA into mammalian cells is facilitated by the ProFection® Mammalian Transfection System. This system offers you a Calcium Phosphate-mediated transfection procedure. Each system contains sufficient reagents for 40 high-efficiency transfections of cells plated in 100mm tissue culture dishes.

Calcium phosphate transfection is an effective method for the production of long-term stable transfectants. This method also works well for transient expression of transfected genes and can be used with most adherent cell lines.

Features:

• Efficient: Components optimized for high transfection efficiencies.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





stocking system

In Vitro Transcription

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| RiboMAX [™] Large Scale | 1 system | P1280 | |
| RNA Production System—SP6 | | | |
| RiboMAX™ Large Scale | 1 system | P1300 | |
| RNA Production System—T7 | | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedur | es. | | |

Description: The RiboMAX[™] Large Scale RNA Production Systems consistently produce 2–5mg/ml of RNA in a 1ml reaction, about 10- to 20-fold more RNA than is produced with the standard Riboprobe[®] System transcription reaction. The RiboMAX[™] System reactions differ from those of the Riboprobe[®] Systems in three primary ways: a HEPES (pH 7.5) buffer is used rather than a Tris-HCl (pH 7.9) buffer; rNTP and magnesium concentrations are elevated at levels appropriate for either SP6 or T7 RNA polymerase; and inorganic pyrophosphatase is included in the reaction.

RNAs synthesized with the RiboMAXTM System perform better for in vitro translation in rabbit reticulocyte translation systems than RNA synthesized by standard methods. The reduction of components inhibitory to translation may be advantageous for other applications requiring biologically active RNA. Because the RiboMAXTM Systems produce large quantities of RNA, these systems are not recommended for the generation of high-specific-activity RNA probes.

Note: Use of the RiboMAXTM System for production of capped transcripts requires separate purchase of the Ribo m^7G Cap Analog (Cat. P1711).

Features:

- Flexible: Systems are available for use with SP6 and T7 RNA polymerases.
- Scalable: Reactions can be scaled up or down to suit varying RNA production requirements.
- High-Quality: Synthesis of enhanced, translation-grade RNA.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| T7 RiboMAX™ Express Large Scale RNA Production System | 1 system | P1320 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The T7 RiboMAXTM Express Large Scale RNA Production System is an in vitro transcription system designed for the consistent production of milligram amounts of RNA in a short amount of time. Due to optimization of the enzyme mix and transcription buffer, yields of 5–8.5mg/ml are generated in 30 minutes, compared to 2–4 hours with other commercially available systems. To minimize pipetting steps and errors, the 2X transcription buffer includes all four rNTPs. In addition, the system includes RQ1 RNase-Free DNase for the removal of plasmid template after transcription.

Due to the combined 2X buffer and rNTPs, the T7 RiboMAX™ Express System is not recommended for the synthesis of RNA for applications that require capped RNA. For synthesis of capped RNA, please order the standard RiboMAX™ Large Scale RNA Production System—T7 (Cat.# P1300).

Features:

- Fast: The T7 RiboMAXTM Express System produces milligram amounts of RNA in as little as 30 minutes rather than 2–4 hours as with other commercially available systems.
- Convenient: The four rNTPs and 2X transcription buffer have been combined, thus minimizing pipetting errors and setup time.
- Flexible: Efficiently transcribes DNA templates of varying sizes. Works with transcripts as short as 21bp.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Riboprobe® Systems



| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|----------|-------|
| Riboprobe® System—SP6 | 1 system | P1420 |
| Riboprobe® System—T3 | 1 system | P1430 |
| Riboprobe® System—T7 | 1 system | P1440 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

Description: The Riboprobe® Systems are designed for in vitro preparation of high-specific-activity single-stranded RNA probes or microgram quantities of defined RNA transcripts from cloned DNA inserts. These systems contain all components necessary for in vitro transcription from a DNA template (excluding

the radioisotope) and also contain RQ1 RNase-Free DNase (Cat.# M6101) for template removal following transcription.

Features:

- Specific: SP6, T7 and T3 RNA Polymerases are extremely promoterspecific, allowing production of virtually homogeneous RNA using plasmid DNA as a template.
- Choice of Enzyme: Systems available with SP6 RNA Polymerase, T7 RNA Polymerase or T3 RNA Polymerase.
- Convenient: Includes positive control template for use with SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase, DNase I for removal of DNA template and Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Riboprobe[®] Combination Systems



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|-------|--|
| Riboprobe® Combination System—T3/T7 RNA Polymerase | 1 system | P1450 | |
| Riboprobe® Combination System—SP6/T7 RNA Polymerase | 1 system | P1460 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Riboprobe® Combination Systems are designed for in vitro preparation of high-specific-activity single-stranded RNA probes or microgram quantities of defined RNA transcripts from cloned DNA inserts. The Riboprobe® Combination Systems include the RNA polymerases, all of the required reagents (excluding radioisotope) for performing transcription reactions in vitro and RQ1 RNase-Free DNase (Cat.# M6101) for removal of the template following transcription.

Features:

- Flexible: Allows synthesis of RNA corresponding to either the coding or noncoding strand of cloned DNA from a single plasmid construct.
- Specific: SP6, T7 and T3 RNA Polymerases are extremely promoterspecific, allowing production of virtually homogeneous RNA using plasmid DNA as a template.
- Convenient: Includes positive control template for use with T7, T3 or SP6 RNA polymerase, DNase I for removal of DNA template and Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Riboprobe® System Components and Buffers



| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|--------|-------|------------|
| Riboprobe® System Buffers | 1 system | | P1121 | |
| rATP, rCTP, rGTP, rUTP, each at 10mM in separate tubes | 0.5 ml | mM | P1221 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| RQ1 RNase-Free DNase | 1,000 u | 1 u/µl | M6101 | |
| rATP, 10mM | 0.5 ml | mM | P1132 | |
| rCTP, 10mM | 0.5 ml | mM | P1142 | |
| rGTP, 10mM | 0.5 ml | mM | P1152 | |
| rUTP, 10mM | 0.5 ml | mM | P1162 | |
| DTT, Molecular Grade | 100 µl 10 | 00 mM | P1171 | |
| Transcription Optimized 5X Buffer | 200 µl | | P1181 | |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 50 ml | | P1193 | |
| M6101, P1132, P1221, P1142, P1152, P1162, P1171, P1193 For Laboratory Use. P1121, P118 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | 121, P1181 |

Description: Riboprobe[®] System Buffers are components of the single and combination Riboprobe® Systems. The buffers are also available as standalone

RQ1 RNase-Free DNase is used to remove template DNA from RNA preparations and is qualified for use in applications where maintaining the integrity of RNA is critical. Product is quality tested to ensure the absence of detectable RNase activity. 10X Reaction Buffer and 10X Stop Buffer included.

rATP, rCTP, rGTP and rUTP are provided in individual tubes, gualified for use with the Riboprobe® Systems. The rNTPs are supplied in nuclease-free water. Purity has been verified by HPLC analysis.

- Pretested: Reagents are tested with other Riboprobe® System components. rNTPs are tested for functionality with in vitro transcription reactions.
- Transcription Qualified: Reagents are qualified for use for in vitro transcription reactions with SP6, T7 or T3 RNA Polymerase.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



stocking system



| Product | Size Conc. Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Ribo m ⁷ G Cap Analog | 10 A ₂₅₄ units 40 mM P1711 | | |
| | 25 A ₂₅₄ units 40 mM P1712 | | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The Ribo m⁷G Cap Analog is a modified ribonucleotide with the structure (m⁷G(5)ppp(5)G). This methylated ribonucleotide can be incorporated onto the 5'-end of transcripts synthesized in vitro and simulates the 7-methyl guanosine 5'-cap structure found on most eukaryotic mRNA molecules.

- Improved Translation: Enhances translation efficiency in many reticulocyte-based reactions.
- Effective: Protects RNA from intracellular digestion.
- Flexible: Can be used in either the Riboprobe® Systems or RiboMAX™ Large Scale RNA Production Systems.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

pGEM® Express Positive Control Template

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM® Express Positive Control Template | 10 µg | P2561 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pGEM® Express Positive Control Template is created by linearizing a vector with the restriction enzyme Scal. The Positive Control Template may be used to monitor in vitro transcription reactions when using the Riboprobe® Systems.

Features:

- Multi-Sized RNAs: SP6 RNA polymerase produces transcripts of 1,787 and 2,566 bases; T7 RNA polymerase produces transcripts of 1,065 and 2,346 bases; T3 RNA Polymerase produces transcripts of 250 and 1,525
- Flexible: Template can be used with SP6, T7 or T3 RNA polymerases.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

TFIIB, Human, Recombinant

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------|-------|--|
| rhTFIIB | 50 gsu | E3790 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: rhTFIIB is a general transcription factor involved in formation of an active complex in vitro capable of specifically initiating RNA synthesis by RNA polymerase II. An early stage of initiation complex assembly involves the formation of a D-B or D-A-B complex, which consists of TFIID, TFIIB (TFIIA) and the promoter DNA. The stability of the D-B and D-A-B complexes is thought to be greater than that of TFIID and DNA alone. The full-length human cDNA for TFIIB is expressed in E. coli and has a molecular weight of 32kDa. TFIIB alone does not have DNA-binding activity.

• Performance-Tested: Tested by gel shift assay for the formation of the D-B complex. Tested for in vitro transcriptional activity.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70°C.

Transcription Factor Consensus Oligonucleotides | | |

| Product | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|---------|-------|--|
| AP1 Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3201 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3202 | |
| AP2 Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3211 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3212 | |
| CREB Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3281 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3282 | |
| NF-кB Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3291 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3292 | |
| OCT1 Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3241 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3242 | |
| SP1 Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3231 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3232 | |
| TFIID Consensus Oligonucleotide | 175 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3221 | |
| | 35 pmol 1.75 | pmol/µl | E3222 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | | |

Description: The electrophoretic mobility shift assay (EMSA, gel shift, gel retardation) is a relatively simple and sensitive method to investigate protein:DNA interactions. These oligonucleotides contain consensus DNAbinding sites for individual sequence-specific transcription factors. The doublestranded oligonucleotides are designed with 5' OH blunt ends, making them easily labeled to high specific activity with T4 polynucleotide kinase.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Characteristics of the Consensus Oligonucleotides and Binding Proteins.

5'-CGC TTG ATG AGT CAG CCG GAA-3' AP1 (c-jun) 3'-GCG AAC TAC TCA GTC GGC CTT-5'

Forms DNA binding dimers with other members of the AP1 family and with Fos through leucine zipper formation.

5'-GAT CGA ACT GAC CGC CCG CGG CCC GT-3' AP2 3'-CTA GCT TGA CTG GCG GGC GCC GGG CA-5'

May act independently as both a TPA- and cAMP-inducible element and can be specifically inhibited by large T antigen.

5'-AGA GAT TGC CTG ACG TCA GAG AGC TAG-3' 3'-TCT CTA ACG GAC TGC AGT CTC TCG ATC-5'

Confers responsiveness to cAMP; it contains a leucine zipper motif for dimerization, and the associated basic domain is homologous to c-Jun DNA binding domains

NF-κB 5'-AGT TGA GGG GAC TTT CCC AGG C-3' 3'-TCA ACT CCC CTG AAA GGG TCC G-5'

Binds to κ light chain enhancer in B cells and is present in a covert cytoplasmic form in non-B cells

OCT1 5'-TGT CGA ATG CAA ATC ACT AGA A-3' 3'-ACA GCT TAC GTT TAG TGA TCT T-5'

A member of the OCT family, which is apparently ubiquitous in mammalian cells, the bipartite POU domain includes the POU-box and the homeo domain.

5'-ATT CGA TCG GGG CGG GGC GAG C-3' 3'-TAA GCT AGC CCC GCC CCG CTC G-5'

O-glycosylated transcription factor with sequence specificity conferred through three zinc fingers in the DNA binding domain.

TFIID 5'-GCA GAG CAT ATA AGG TGA GGT AGG A-3' 3'-CGT CTC GTA TAT TCC ACT CCA TCC T-5'

A general transcription factor that exhibits specific DNA binding to the TATA box. This factor is associated with RNA polymerase I, II and III activities.

9491LA



Contents

Section

HeLaScribe[®] Nuclear Extract in vitro Transcription System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-------|--|
| HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extract in vitro | 40 reactions | E3110 | |
| Transcription System | | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The most well characterized cell-free system for in vitro transcription of eukaryotic genes is derived from HeLa cell nuclei. HeLa nuclear extracts can support accurate transcription initiation by RNA polymerase II and exhibit both basal and regulated patterns of RNA polymerase transcription. The nuclear extract is also a source for a variety of transcription factors, DNA-binding proteins and the enzymatic machinery involved in RNA processing. The HeLa Nuclear Extract included in the HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extract in vitro Transcription System is prepared by a modification of the method of Dignam *et al.* Extracts prepared by this method have been shown to allow transcription from the human transferrin gene promoter and the adenovirus 2 major late promoter. The system also includes all of the necessary components for in vitro transcription as well as a positive control template (CMV immediate

Features:

early promoter DNA).

- Peformance-Tested: Tested with cytomegalovirus immediate early gene (CMV) promoter.
- **Convenient:** Available as a complete transcription system or extract alone.
- Positive Control: System contains a CMV promoter-positive control template.

Storage Conditions: Store at -70° C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles of the extract.

In vitro Transcription Systems Related Products

| Product | Size | Cat.# | | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|--|
| HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extract | 40 reactions | E3091 | | |
| in vitro Transcription Grade | 160 reactions | E3092 | | |
| HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extract Positive Control DNA | 300 ng | E3621 | | |
| rCTP, rATP, rUTP, rGTP, 100mM each | 4 × 400 μl | E6000 | | |
| rATP, 100mM | 400 µl | E6011 | | |
| rUTP, 100mM | 400 µl | E6021 | | |
| rGTP, 100mM | 400 µl | E6031 | | |
| rCTP, 100mM | 400 µl | E6041 | | |
| E3091, E3092, E3621 For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. E6000, E6011, E6021, E6031, E6041 For Laboratory Use. | | | | |

Description: HeLaScribe[®] Nuclear Extract, in vitro Transcription Grade, derived from HeLa cell nuclei, provides a cell-free system for in vitro transcription of eukaryotic genes.

Storage Conditions: Store HeLaScribe® Nuclear Extracts at -70°C. Store other components at -20°C.

Primer Extension System—AMV Reverse Transcriptase

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| Primer Extension System—AMV Reverse Transcriptase | 40 reactions | E3030 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

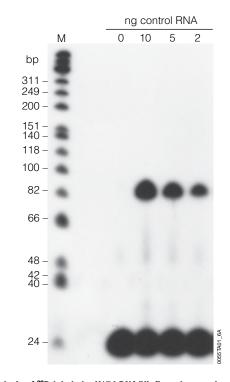
or Research use only. Not for use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Primer Extension System—AMV Reverse Transcriptase can be used to quantitate specific mRNA transcripts and map the start sites of transcription. An end-labeled oligonucleotide is hybridized to RNA and is used as a primer by reverse transcriptase in the presence of deoxynucleotides. The RNA is thus reverse transcribed into cDNA and is analyzed on a denaturing polyacrylamide gel. The length of the cDNA reflects the number of bases between the labeled nucleotide of the primer and the 5'-end of the RNA; the quantity of cDNA product is related to the amount of targeted RNA.

Features

 Convenient: System includes control RNA and primer as well as size markers ready for phosphorylation with T4 Polynucleotide Kinase.

Storage Conditions: All components must be stored at -20° C, except for the control RNA, which must be stored at -70° C.



Gel analysis of 32 P-labeled Φ X174 DNA/Hinfl markers and control RNA primer extension products produced using the Primer Extension System— AMV Reverse Trancriptase (Cat.# E3030).



Section Contents

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RNA Interference

○ GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning System—Basic | 1 system | C8750 | |
| GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning System— Puromycin | 1 system | C8760 | |
| GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning System— Hygromycin | 1 system | C8770 | |
| GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning System—Neomycin | 1 system | C8780 | |
| GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning System—hMGFP | 1 system | C8790 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | i. | | |

Description: The GeneClip™ U1 Hairpin Cloning Systems consist of linearized plasmids designed for fast and easy cloning of human target sequences to express short hairpin RNAs (shRNAs) in human cells. After transfection into human cells, in vivo expression of short interfering RNAs (siRNAs) can be effectively achieved from DNA constructs that contain a U1 RNA polymerase promoter and a siRNA template. The U1 promoter has been used successfully to generate hairpin siRNAs in vivo.

To insert hairpin siRNAs into the pGeneClip™ Vectors, two short DNA oligonucleotides are annealed to form a DNA insert that contains the hairpin siRNA target sequence. After annealing, the oligonucleotides form overhangs that are compatible with the pGeneClip™ Vector ends and facilitate sticky-end ligation. Once transfected, RNA polymerase II transcribes the hairpin insert sequences to generate hairpin siRNAs in vivo.

Features:

- More Vector Choices: These systems provide vectors containing a variety of eukaryotic antibiotic-selectable markers for stable transfection or hMGFP for determination of transfection efficiency.
- Time Savings: Vectors are supplied predigested to eliminate timeconsuming vector preparation.
- Convenience: Each system includes T4 DNA Ligase, 2X Rapid Ligation Buffer, Oligo Annealing Buffer and the pGeneClip™ Vector.
- Easier Identification of Desired Clones: A Pstl digestion quickly identifies positive recombinants.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

№T7 RiboMAXTM Express RNAi System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------------|-------|--|
| T7 RiboMAX™ Express RNAi System | 50 × 20μl reactions | P1700 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnost | | | |

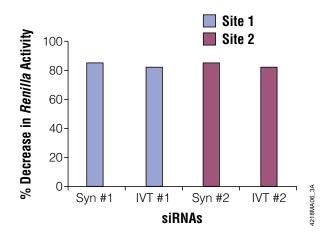
Description: The T7 RiboMAX™ Express RNAi System is an in vitro transcription system designed for producing milligram amounts of doublestranded RNA (dsRNA) in a short amount of time. The dsRNA is free of protein and other contaminants and is suitable for use in RNA interference (RNAi) in both mammalian and nonmammalian systems.

The T7 RiboMAX™ Express RNAi System can be used to synthesize short interfering RNAs (siRNAs) of 21bp for use in mammalian systems. siRNAs synthesized in vitro have been demonstrated to be as effective as chemically synthesized siRNAs for inducing RNAi in mammalian cells.

In addition, the T7 RiboMAX™ Express RNAi System can be used for the synthesis of dsRNA molecules of approximately 200bp or greater, which can be applied to nonmammalian systems. Two complementary RNA strands are synthesized from DNA template (either plasmid or PCR product). The resulting RNA strands are annealed after the transcription reaction to form dsRNA. Any remaining single-stranded RNA and DNA template are removed with a nuclease digestion step. The dsRNA is then purified by isopropanol precipitation and can be introduced into the organism of choice for RNAi applications.

- **Save Time:** The T7 RiboMAX[™] Express RNAi System produces milligram amounts of RNA in as little as 30 minutes.
- Minimize Pipetting Errors: The four rNTPs and 2X transcription buffer have been combined, thus minimizing pipetting errors and setup time.

Storage Conditions: Store all components at -20°C, except RNase A, which should be stored at 22-25°C after the initial thaw.



Comparison of RNA interference induced by siRNAs synthesized chemically and by in vitro transcription. Two different target luciferase sequences were synthesized by in vitro transcription using the T7 RiboMAX™ Express RNAi System (IVT #1 and #2) and synthesized chemically (Syn #1 and #2). After transfection using CodeBreaker™ Transfection Reagent, these siRNAs were evaluated for RNA interference in CHO cells stably expressing luciferase.



₱ psiCHECKTM-1 and psiCHECKTM-2 Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| psiCHECK™-1 Vector | 20 µg | C8011 | |
| psiCHECK™-2 Vector | 20 µg | C8021 | |
| For Describ Hee Only Not for Hee in Diagnostic Dresedures | | | |

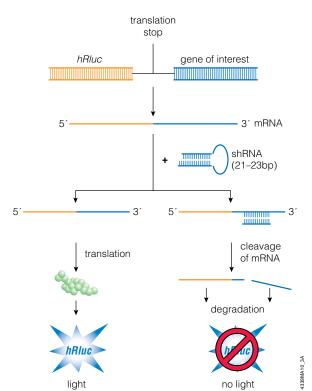
For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

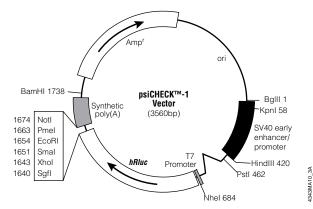
Description: The psiCHECKTM-1 and psiCHECKTM-2 Vectors are designed to provide a quantitative and rapid approach for initial optimization of RNA interference (RNAi). The vectors enable monitoring of changes in expression of a target gene fused to a reporter gene. In both vectors Renilla luciferase is used as the primary reporter gene, and the gene of interest is cloned into a multiple cloning region located downstream of the *Renilla* translational stop codon. Initiation of the RNAi process by synthetic siRNAs or in vivo-expressed shRNAs toward a gene of interest results in cleavage and subsequent degradation of the fusion mRNA. Measuring decreases in Renilla activity provides a convenient way of monitoring the RNAi effect. In comparison with other fusion approaches (e.g., GFP or flag-tags), the Renilla luciferase approach offers more convenient and rapid quantitation with higher sensitivity. The psiCHECKTM-1 Vector is recommended for use in monitoring RNAi effects in live cells. The changes in Renilla luciferase activity are measured with the EnduRen™ Live Cell Substrate (Cat.# E6481), which allows continuous monitoring of intracellular Renilla luminescence. The psiCHECKTM-2 Vector contains a second reporter gene, firefly luciferase, and is designed for endpoint lytic assays. Introduction of firefly luciferase in the psiCHECKTM-2 Vector allows normalization of *Renilla* luciferase expression, achieving robust and reproducible results.

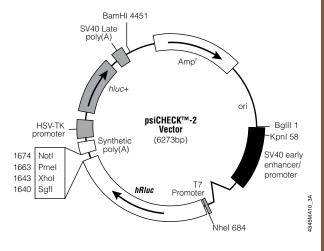
Features:

- Save Money: Quantitation is performed with a common luminometer; no need to purchase expensive equipment.
- Choose Your Format: Protocols allow for measurements in live cells or crude cell lysates.
- Save Time: No requirement for labor-intensive, time-consuming assays or waiting for phenotypic changes.
- Convenient: No requirement for transfection normalization when using the psiCHECK™-2 Vector.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.







Available in the Helix® on-site

stocking system

Section Contents

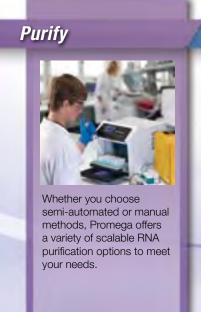
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Streamline Your RNA Analysis Workflow

From purification to gene expression analysis, Promega offers quality solutions for every step in your RNA workflow.

- Scalable tools for comprehensive sample prep, protection, quantitation and amplification.
- Trusted, quality products for RNA handling increase your chance of success in downstream applications.





RNases are ubiquitous, cause RNA degradation and severely hamper downstream applications. Recombinant RNasin® Ribonuclease Inhibitor offers superior protection and is compatible with

downstream procedures.

Comparing Quantification Comparing Quantification Comparing Quantification RNA Dye and RiboGreen* Dye Quantification RNA Dye Amount of RNA pre Amount of RNA per Well (reg) Sensitive RNA quantitation is important for success in downstream applications. The QuantiFluor® RNA

Sensitive RNA quantitation is important for success in downstream applications. The QuantiFluor® RNA System contains a fluorescent RNA-binding dye that enables sensitive quantitation of small amounts of RNA in solution.

Amplify



Precise, accurate RT-qPCR analysis can be difficult when target copy number is low or when PCR inhibitors are present. The GoTaq® Systems provide reliable reagents for cDNA synthesis, 1-step and 2-step RT-qPCR, and qPCR using either probe or dye-based detection.





20 Stem Cell Research

Cell Line Authentication 354

Stemness Assessment 356



Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Cell Line Authentication

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|----------------|----------|-------------|------|
| GenePrint® 10 System | 50 re | actions | B9510 | |
| Available Separately | Size C | onc. | Cat.# | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 |) ng/µl | DD7101 | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 µl | | DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | [|)W0991 | |
| B9510, DD7101, DW0991 Not For Medical Diagn | ostic Use DG10 | 71 For L | ahoratory I | lse. |

Description: The *GenePrint*® 10 System allows co-amplification and three-color detection of nine human loci, including the ASN-0002 loci (TH01, TP0X, vWA, Amelogenin, CSF1P0, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317 and D5S818) as well as D21S11. These loci collectively provide a genetic profile with a random match probability of 1 in 2.92×10^9 .

The *GenePrint*® 10 System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-*Avant* Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130*xl*, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers. You may need to optimize protocols including the amount of template DNA, cycle number, injection conditions and loading volume for your laboratory instrumentation.

The *GenePrint*® 10 System contains all materials necessary to amplify STR regions of human genomic DNA, including a hot-start thermostable DNA polymerase, which is a component of the *GenePrint*® 10 5X Master Mix. An internal lane standard (ILS) and allelic ladder are provided for standardization, and the 2800M Control DNA is supplied as a positive control. The ILS is added to every sample after amplification and used within each capillary electrophoresis run to determine the size of each amplified product. The allelic ladder consists of the most common alleles at a particular locus and is used as a standard to positively identify each allele. *GenePrint*® 10 Allelic Ladder Mix information, including the size range and repeat numbers for each allele, can be found in the Technical Manual. The 2800M Control DNA has a known genotype and can be used to verify genotyping accuracy.

Features:

- Amplification of ANSI-0002-Recommended Loci (plus Amelogenin and D21S11 for extra power of discrimination): Accurately discriminate between biological samples and human cell lines. The resulting STR profiles are compatible with publicly available databases. Fewer loci simplify data interpretation.
- Improved Buffer Formulation: Compatibility with direct amplification from FTA® and nonFTA cards saves labor and time and reduces manipulation and possible introduction of inhibitors or contaminants.
- Tolerance of Higher DNA Template Input: Better balance for an euploid samples.
- Reduced PCR Time: Amplify in less than 1.5 hours.
- One Complete Kit: Validated and quality-control tested for sample identification and cell line authentication.
- Automatic Assignment of Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required to automatically assign genotypes using the GeneMapper[®] ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20° C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4° C.



PowerPlex® Fusion System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|----------------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® Fusion System | 200 | 200 reactions DC2402 | | |
| | 800 | 800 reactions DC2408 | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| PowerPlex® 5-Dye Matrix Standards, 3100/3130 | 25 µl | | DG4700 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 µl | | DG1521 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | | |

Description: The PowerPlex® Fusion System is a 24-locus multiplex for human identification applications including forensic analysis, relationship testing and research use. This five-color system allows co-amplification and fluorescent detection of the 13 core CODIS (US) loci (CSF1PO, FGA, TH01, TPOX, vWA, D3S1358, D5S818, D7S820, D8S1179, D13S317, D16S539, D18S51 and D21S11), the 12 core European Standard Set loci (TH01, vWA, FGA, D21S11, D3S1358, D8S1179, D18S51, D10S1248, D22S1045, D2S441, D1S1656 and D12S391) and Amelogenin for gender determination. In addition, the male-specific DYS391 locus is included to identify null Y allele results for Amelogenin. The Penta D, Penta E, D2S1338 and D19S433 loci are included to increase discrimination and allow searching of databases that include profiles with these popular loci. This extended panel of STR markers is intended to satisfy both CODIS and ESS recommendations.

The PowerPlex® Fusion System works well with extracted DNA samples, including low amounts of template DNA, mixtures and inhibitor-laden samples. The PowerPlex® Fusion System also is compatible with direct amplification, enabling streamlined STR databasing efforts. Amplification can be successfully performed with sample types such as FTA® card punches as well as pretreated swabs, Bode Buccal DNA Collector™ punches or S&S 903 punches. Fast cycling conditions used with the PowerPlex® Fusion System reduce sampleprocessing time for all samples.

The PowerPlex® Fusion System is compatible with the ABI PRISM® 3100 and 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130xl, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers.

Panels and bins text files are required for automatic assignment of genotypes using the GeneMapper $^{\circledR}$ ID and ID-X software and are available for download. The PowerPlex® Fusion System was given NDIS approval in March 2013 for NDIS CODIS databasing.

Features:

Highest Interdatabase Compatibility and Discrimination:

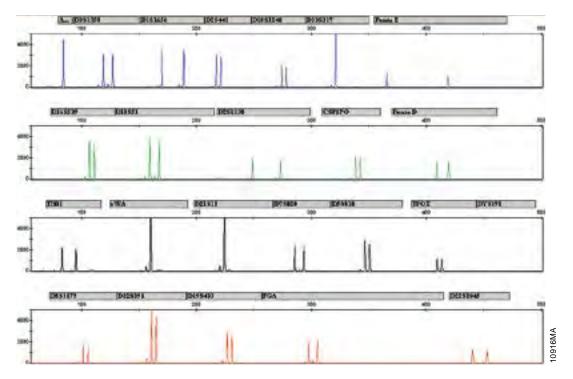
- 24 loci (23 STRs plus Amelogenin), including the CODIS and ESS required
- Amplifies all loci found in Identifiler®, SGM Plus® and PowerPlex® 16, some of the most commonly used multiplexes over the last decade.

Streamlined Workflows: Direct-amplification protocols and rapid cycling. Less Repeat Analysis of Difficult Samples: High inhibitor tolerance and sensitivity for casework.

Easier Validation and QC: One kit for both casework and database sections. **Storage Conditions:** Store kit at -20°C. Upon receipt, move 2800M Control DNA to 4°C storage.



The 24 loci included in the PowerPlex® Fusion System. This system includes Amelogenin, D3S1358, D1S1656, D2S441, D10S1248, D13S317 and Penta E labeled with fluorescein; D16S539, D18S51, D2S1338, CSF1PO and Penta D labeled with JOE; TH01, vWA, D21S11, D7S820, D5S818, TPOX and DYS391 labeled with TMR-ET; and D8S1179, D12S391, D19S443, FGA and D22S1045 labeled with CXR-ET. The CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 (CC5 ILS 500) is labeled with CC5 dye and contains 21 DNA fragments of 60, 65, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 225, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350, 375, 400, 425, 450, 475 and 500 bases in length.



Direct amplification of two 1.2mm FTA® card punches from a buccal sample using the protocol described in the PowerPlex® Fusion System Technical Manual TMD039. Amplified products were separated on an Applied Biosystems® 3130xl Genetic Analyzer (3kV, 5-second injection).



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Section Contents

PowerPlex® 21 System



 Product
 Size
 Cat.#

 PowerPlex® 21 System
 200 reactions DC8902

 4 × 200 reactions DC8942

 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use.

For additional information see page 9.

PowerPlex® 18D System

| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| PowerPlex® 18D System | 200 reactions DC1802 |
| | 800 reactions DC1808 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

For additional information see page 10.

PowerPlex® 16 HS System

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| PowerPlex® 16 HS System | 100 reactions DC2101 | |
| | 400 reactions DC2100 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | |

For additional information see page 9.

Stemness Assessment

StemElite® Gene Expression System

| Size | Size | Cat.# |
|------|--|-------|
| ions | © Gene 100 qPCR reactions n System | B1001 |
| ions | © Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT reactions n System | B1002 |
| | ch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | |

Description: The StemElite® Gene Expression System is a novel real-time quantitative PCR (qPCR) system for the detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels associated with the differentiation state or 'potency' of

RNA expression levels associated with the differentiation state or 'potency' of cells. The StemElite® Gene Expression System is optimized to quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex, enabling the user to amplify a transcript of interest as well as a reference gene in a single reaction.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH or Actb).
- · Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20 °C.

StemElite® Human Pluripotent Transcripts

Service .

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-----------|-------|--|
| StemElite® NANOG/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1011 | |
| StemElite® SOX2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1021 | |
| StemElite® POU5F1/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1031 | |
| StemElite® LIN28/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1041 | |
| StemElite® KLF4/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1051 | |
| StemElite® MYC/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1061 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT Expression System Plus | reactions | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | S. | | |

Description: NANOG, SOX2, POU5F1, LIN28, KLF4 and MYC are functionally associated with maintenance of the undifferentiated human embryonic stem cell.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (GAPDH)
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Human Heart-Associated **Transcripts**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| StemElite® NPPA/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1071 | |
| StemElite® MYL7/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1081 | |
| StemElite® MYL2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1091 | |
| StemElite® MYH6/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1101 | |
| StemElite® MYH7/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1111 | |
| StemElite® NKX2-5/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1121 | |
| StemElite® TNNT2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1131 | |
| StemElite® TNNI3/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1141 | |
| StemElite® MEF2C/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1151 | |
| StemElite® PLN/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1161 | |
| StemElite® GATA4/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1171 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT re Expression System Plus | actions | B1002 | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. NPPA, MYL7, MYL2, MYH6, MYH7, NKX2-5, TNNT2, TNNI3, MEF2C, PLN and GATA4 are mesodermal markers associated with differentiation of cardiac muscle.

Features:

- · Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- · Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript
- · Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- · Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Human Pancreatic-Associated **Transcripts**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| StemElite® HNF4A/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1301 | |
| StemElite® HNF1B/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1311 | |
| StemElite® PDX1/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1321 | |
| StemElite® INS/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1331 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT reactions Expression System Plus | | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Proceed | lurge | | |

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and

tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. HNF4A, HNF1B, PDX1 and INS are mesodermal markers associated with differentiation of pancreatic cells.

Features:

- · Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- · Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript
- · Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

StemElite® Differentiation-Associated **Transcripts**

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|-------------------|-------|--|
| StemElite® FOXA2/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1341 | |
| StemElite® SOX17/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1351 | |
| StemElite® GATA6/GAPDH Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1361 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions Expression System Plus | + 50 RT reactions | B1002 | |
| For Passarch Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic B | roooduroo | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Proce

Description: Pluripotential stem cells can give rise to differentiated cells and tissues for all three embryonic germ layers. FOXA2, SOX17 and GATA6 are nonspecific differentiation markers.

Features:

- · Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- · Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- · Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript
- · Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system

StemElite® Mouse Pluripotent Transcripts

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| StemElite® Mus-Nanog/Actb Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1371 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Sox2/Actb Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1381 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Pou5f1/Actb Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1391 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Lin28/Actb Primer Pair (20X) | 100 µl | B1401 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Klf4/Actb Primer Pair (20X) 100 µl | | B1411 | |
| StemElite® Mus-Myc/Actb Primer Pair (20X) 100 µl | | B1421 | |
| Available Separately Size | | Cat.# | |
| StemElite® Gene 100 qPCR reactions + 50 RT reactions Expression System Plus | | B1002 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. $ \\$ | | | |

Description: Mus-Nanog, Mus-Sox2, Mus-Pou5f1, Mus-Lin28, Mus-Klf4 and Mus-Myc are functionally associated with maintenance of the undifferentiated mouse embryonic stem cell.

Features:

- Achieve sensitive real-time detection and relative quantification of RNA expression levels for monitoring stem cell differentiation in a multiplex amplification.
- Quantitatively amplify a two-color duplex.
- Amplify in a single tube the transcript of interest and reference transcript (Actb).
- Reduce the number of reactions required to measure multiple transcripts.
- Improve experimental data quality by measuring all of the transcripts in the same well.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Cell Line Authentication

| Product | Size Cat.# | |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| GenePrint® 10 System | 50 reactions B9510 | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl DD7101 | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 μl DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 μl DW0991 | |
| R9510 DD7101 DW0991 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use, DG1071 For Laboratory Use | | |

Description: The *GenePrint*® 10 System allows co-amplification and threecolor detection of nine human loci, including the ASN-0002 loci (TH01, TPOX, vWA, Amelogenin, CSF1PO, D16S539, D7S820, D13S317 and D5S818) as well as D21S11. These loci collectively provide a genetic profile with a random match probability of 1 in 2.92×10^9 .

The $\textit{GenePrint}^{\circledR}$ 10 System is compatible with the ABI PRISM $^{\circledR}$ 3100 and 3100-Avant Genetic Analyzers and Applied Biosystems® 3130, 3130xl, 3500 and 3500xL Genetic Analyzers. You may need to optimize protocols including the amount of template DNA, cycle number, injection conditions and loading volume for your laboratory instrumentation.

The GenePrint® 10 System contains all materials necessary to amplify STR regions of human genomic DNA, including a hot-start thermostable DNA polymerase, which is a component of the *GenePrint*® 10 5X Master Mix. An internal lane standard (ILS) and allelic ladder are provided for standardization, and the 2800M Control DNA is supplied as a positive control. The ILS is added to every sample after amplification and used within each capillary electrophoresis run to determine the size of each amplified product. The allelic ladder consists of the most common alleles at a particular locus and is used as a standard to positively identify each allele. $GenePrint^{\circledR}$ 10 Allelic Ladder Mix information, including the size range and repeat numbers for each allele, can be found in the Technical Manual. The 2800M Control DNA has a known genotype and can be used to verify genotyping accuracy.

Features:

- Amplification of ANSI-0002-Recommended Loci: (plus Amelogenin and D21S11 for extra power of discrimination): Accurately discriminate between biological samples and human cell lines. The resulting STR profiles are compatible with publicly available databases. Fewer loci simplify data interpretation.
- Improved Buffer Formulation: Compatibility with direct amplification from FTA® and nonFTA cards saves labor and time and reduces manipulation and possible introduction of inhibitors or contaminants.
- Tolerance of Higher DNA Template Input: Better balance for aneuploid
- Reduced PCR Time: Amplify in less than 1.5 hours.
- One Complete Kit: Validated and quality-control tested for sample identification and cell line authentication.
- Automatic Assignment of Genotypes: Panels and bins text files are required to automatically assign genotypes using the GeneMapper® ID and ID-X software and are available for download.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. Upon receipt, remove 2800M Control DNA and store at 4°C.

PowerPlex® Fusion System



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| PowerPlex® Fusion System | 200 reactions DC2402 |
| | 800 reactions DC2408 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

For additional information see page 207.

PowerPlex® 21 System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® 21 System | 200 reactions DC8902 | | | |
| | 4 × 200 reactions DC8942 | | | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 µl | ı | DG1521 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | D | W0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/µl [| DD7101 | |
| | 500 μl C |).25 ng/µl [| DD7251 | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | | |

For additional information see page 9.

PowerPlex® 18D System



| Product | Size Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| PowerPlex® 18D System | 200 reactions DC1802 |
| | 800 reactions DC1808 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 μl DG1521 |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 μl DW0991 |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl DD7101 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | |

For additional information see page 10.

PowerPlex® 16 HS System

| Product | | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|----------|------------|--------|--|
| PowerPlex® 16 HS System | 100 | reactions | DC2101 | |
| | 400 | reactions | DC2100 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 µl | | DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/μl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 μl (| 0.25 ng/µl | DD7251 | |
| 9947A DNA | 250 ng | 10 ng/μl | DD1001 | |
| DC2101, DC2100, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251, DD1001 Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | | |

For additional information see page 9.



Sample ID and Mixed Sample Detection

PowerPlex® 16 HS System



PowerPlex® 21 System

| Product | Si | ze Cat.# |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| PowerPlex® 21 System | 200 reactions DC8902 | |
| | 4 × 200 reactio | ns DC8942 |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 µl | DG1521 |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | DW0991 |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl | DD7101 |
| | 500 μl 0.25 ng/ | μl DD7251 |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | |

For additional information see page 9.

| Product | | Size | Gat.# | |
|---|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| PowerPlex® 16 HS System | 100 | reactions | DC2101 | |
| | 400 | reactions | DC2100 | |
| Available Separately | Size | Conc. | Cat.# | |
| Internal Lane Standard 600 | 150 µl | | DG1071 | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 µl | | DW0991 | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl | 10 ng/µl | DD7101 | |
| | 500 μl (| 0.25 ng/µl | DD7251 | |
| 9947A DNA | 250 ng | 10 ng/µl | DD1001 | |
| DC2101, DC2100, DW0991, DD7101, DD7251, D DG1071 For Laboratory Use. | D1001 Not F | or Medical D | liagnostic Use. | |
| | | | | |

For additional information see page 9.

PowerPlex® 18D System

| Product | Size Cat.# | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| PowerPlex® 18D System | 200 reactions DC1802 | | |
| | 800 reactions DC1808 | | |
| Available Separately | Size Conc. Cat.# | | |
| CC5 Internal Lane Standard 500 | 300 μl DG1521 | | |
| Water, Amplification Grade | 6,250 μl DW0991 | | |
| 2800M Control DNA | 25 µl 10 ng/µl DD7101 | | |
| Not For Medical Diagnostic Use. | | | |

For additional information see page 10.

STR Analysis for Forensic and **Paternity Testing**

For additional information see page 205.



Worldwide Contact List



Available in the Helix® on-site stocking system



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For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Bacterial Expression Vectors

HaloTag® Vectors for E. coli and Cell-Free Protein Expression

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|---|-------|-------|
| pH6HTN His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G7971 |
| pH6HTC His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Vector | 20 µg | G8031 |
| pF1A T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8441 |
| pF1K T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8451 |
| pFN18A HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2751 |
| pFN18K HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2681 |
| pFN19A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1891 |
| pFN19K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1841 |
| pFC20A HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1681 |
| pFC20K HaloTag® T7 SP6 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1691 |
| pFN29A His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8261 |
| pFN29K His ₆ HaloTag [®] T7 Flexi [®] Vector | 20 µg | G8331 |
| pFC30A His _e HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8321 |
| pFC30K His ₆ HaloTag® T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8381 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

T7 Sgf I

Terminator

Barnase

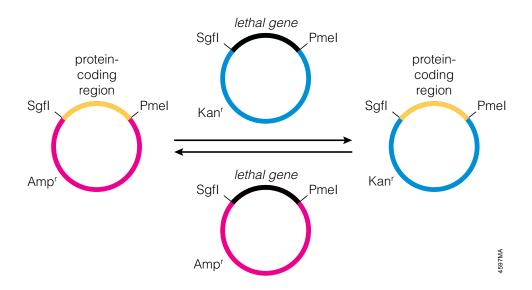
T7 Terminator

cer

pF1A T7
Flexi® Vector
(3455bp)

Ampr

For additional information see page 302.



Transferring coding regions in the Flexi® Vector System.



Mammalian Expression Vectors

Untagged Flexi® Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pF4A CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8481 |
| pF4K CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C8491 |
| pF5A CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9401 |
| pF5K CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9411 |
| pF9A CMV hRluc-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | C9361 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 132.

HaloTag® Fusion (C-Terminal) Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pHTC HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7711 |
| pFC27A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8421 |
| pFC27K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8431 |
| pFC14A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9651 |
| pFC14K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G9661 |
| pFC15A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1611 |
| pFC15K HaloTag® CMV <i>d1</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1601 |
| pFC16A HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1591 |
| pFC16K HaloTag® CMVd2 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1571 |
| pFC17A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1551 |
| pFC17K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G1321 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 300.

• HaloTag® Fusion (N-Terminal) Mammalian Expression Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pHTN HaloTag® CMV-neo Vector | 20 µg | G7721 |
| pFN28A HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8441 |
| pFN28K HaloTag® CMV-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G8451 |
| pFN21A HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2821 |
| pFN21K HaloTag® CMV Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2831 |
| pFN22A HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2841 |
| pFN22K HaloTag® CMVd1 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2851 |
| pFN23A HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2861 |
| pFN23K HaloTag® CMV <i>d2</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2871 |
| pFN24A HaloTag® CMV <i>d3</i> Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2881 |
| pFN24K HaloTag® CMVd3 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | G2981 |
| For Research Use Only, Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 301.

№ pAdVAntageTM Vector

| lUI | THE RESIDENCE | |
|-----|---------------|--|
| | | |
| | | |

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pAdVAntage™ Vector | 20 µg | E1711 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: Co-transfection of mammalian cells with the pAdVAntage[™] Vector enhances transient protein expression in a variety of cell types by increasing translation initiation.

Transfection of mammalian cells with an expression vector often results in suboptimal expression of the protein of interest. Double-stranded RNA (dsRNA) generated during transfection is thought to activate the dsRNA-activated inhibitor (DAI), one of several enzymes involved in the host cell's antiviral defense system. DAI phosphorylates the translation initiation factor eIF-2, halting translation and therefore protein production.

However, DAI translation inhibition can be overcome with the adenoviral Virus Associated I RNA (VAI RNA) produced by RNA polymerase III following cotransfection with the pAdVAntage™ Vector. The VAI RNA binds to DAI, preventing its activation, thereby allowing translation and protein expression.

Features:

- Increased Expression: Co-transfection of pAdVAntageTM Vector with luciferase constructs showed at least a tenfold increase in luciferase expression in 293 and HeLa cell lines over transfections performed with the construct DNA alone.
- Flexible: Can be used in a variety of cell lines.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



pSI Mammalian Expression Vector

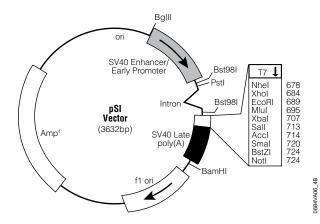
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSI Mammalian Expression Vector | 20 µg | E1721 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pSI Mammalian Expression Vector promotes constitutive expression of cloned DNA inserts in mammalian cells. The major difference between the pCl and pSI Mammalian Expression Vectors is the enhancer/promoter region controlling expression of the inserted gene. The pSI Expression Vector contains the simian virus 40 (SV40) enhancer and early promoter region. This vector can be used for both transient and stable expression of genes. For stable expression, the pSI Vector must be co-transfected with an expression vector containing a selectable gene for mammalian cells.

Features:

- Strong, Constitutive Expression: The pSI Vector's SV40 enhancer/ promoter region allows strong, constitutive expression in most cell lines. The vector is maintained as an episome in cells expressing the SV40 large T antigen, leading to even higher levels of expression. A β-globin/lgG chimeric intron located downstream from the enhancer/promoter region can further increase expression.
- Increased Steady-State mRNA Levels: The late SV40 polyadenylation signal increases the steady-state level of RNA approximately fivefold more than the early SV40 polyadenylation signal.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning sites exist for easy insertion of cDNA.
- Versatile: Synthesize transcripts in vitro using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter or generate single-stranded DNA in E. coli using the f1 origin of replication.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



pCl Mammalian Expression Vector

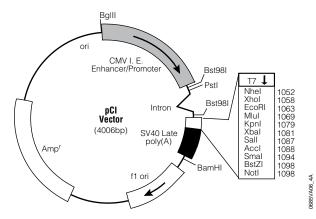
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pCl Mammalian Expression Vector | 20 µg | E1731 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pCl Mammalian Expression Vector promotes constitutive expression of cloned DNA inserts in mammalian cells. The major difference between the pCl and pSl Mammalian Expression Vectors is the enhancer/ promoter region controlling expression of the inserted gene. The pCl Expression Vector contains the human cytomegalovirus (CMV) major immediate-early gene enhancer/promoter region. This vector can be used for both transient and stable expression of genes. For stable expression, the pCl Vector must be co-transfected with an expression vector containing a selectable gene for mammalian cells.

Features:

- Strong, Constitutive Expression: The pCl Vector's CMV enhancer/ promoter region enables strong, constitutive expression in many cell types.
 A β-globin/lgG chimeric intron located downstream of the enhancer/ promoter region can further increase expression.
- Increased Steady-State mRNA Levels: The late SV40 polyadenylation signal increases the steady-state level of RNA approximately fivefold more than the early SV40 polyadenylation signal.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning sites exist for easy insertion of cDNA.
- Versatile: Synthesize transcripts in vitro using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter or generate single-stranded DNA in E. coli using the f1 origin of replication.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.





👀 pCI-neo Mammalian Expression Vector 🛮 🌃 🚾



| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pCI-neo Mammalian Expression Vector | 20 µg | E1841 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pCl-neo Mammalian Expression Vector carries the human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate-early enhancer/promoter region to promote constitutive expression of cloned DNA inserts in mammalian cells. This vector also contains the neomycin phosphotransferase gene, a selectable marker

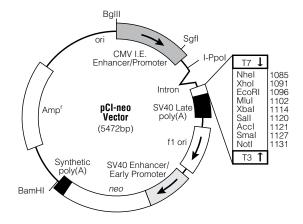
for mammalian cells. The pCl-neo Vector can be used for transient or stable

expression by selecting transfected cells with the antibiotic G-418.

Features:

- Strong, Constitutive Expression: The human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate-early enhancer/promoter region produces strong, constitutive expression. A β-globin/lgG chimeric intron located downstream from the enhancer/promoter region can further increase expression. The vector is maintained as an episome in cells expressing the SV40 large T antigen, leading to even higher levels of expression.
- Transient or Stable Expression: The neomycin phosphotransferase gene allows selection of stable transfected cells.
- Increased Steady-State mRNA Levels: The late SV40 polyadenylation signal increases the steady-state level of RNA approximately fivefold more than the early SV40 polyadenylation signal.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning sites exist for easy insertion of cDNA.
- Versatile: Synthesize transcripts in vitro using the T7 RNA polymerase promoter or generate single-stranded DNA in E. coli using the f1 origin of replication.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



Cell-Free Expression Vectors

In Vitro Translation Specialty Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|
| pF3A WG (BYDV) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | L5671 |
| pF3K WG (BYDV) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | L5681 |
| pF25A ICE T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | L1061 |
| pF25K ICE T7 Flexi® Vector | 20 μg | L1081 |
| | | |

For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures.

Description: The Flexi® Vector System is a simple, yet powerful, directional cloning method for protein-coding sequences. It is based on two rare-cutting restriction enzymes, Sgfl and Pmel, and provides a rapid, efficient and highfidelity way to transfer protein-coding regions between a variety of Flexi® Vectors without the need to resequence.

The vectors are designed with special sequences for maximal cell-free protein expression in a specific system. The pF3A/K WG vectors were designed for use with Wheat Germ extracts and contain sequences from the barley yellow dwarf virus (BYDV), an RNA plant virus, upstream and downstream of the protein coding region of interest. The BYDV elements interact with each other, form a closed loop and act synergistically to stimulate translation in wheat germ extracts, bypassing mRNA cap and polyadenylation dependencies. The pF25A/K ICE Vectors were designed for use with Insect Cell Extracts and contain untranslated region (UTR) sequences at the 5' and 3' ends of the gene coding region to enhance translation efficiency.

Note: Flexi® Vectors contain the lethal barnase gene to reduce background colonies without inserts during the subcloning procedure. Using the Flexi® Vector Cloning System replaces the barnase gene with your insert. These vectors, as purchased, cannot be cultured in normal laboratory strains of E. coli without an insert.

Features:

- Versatility: You can choose between a variety of initial applications (e.g., bacterial protein, mammalian, or cell-free protein expression) and then transfer to others as required.
- Time Savings: Efficient transfer allows for direct use of recombinant clones, minimizing time wasted screening background colonies.
- Enhanced Productivity: Adaptable to high-throughput formats for large screening projects.
- Easy Access: No licensing fees or complicated transfer restrictions. Storage Conditions: Store vectors at -20°C.

№ pTnT™ Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pTnT™ Vector | 20 µg | L5610 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pTnTTM Vector is designed for the convenient in vitro expression of cloned genes. Both SP6 and T7 polymerase promoters lie in tandem adjacent to the multiple cloning site. This permits gene expression from either an SP6- or T7-based coupled in vitro transcription/translation system. The presence of RNA phage promoters also allows for the highly efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro. The pTnTTM Vector also contains a 5' β -globin leader sequence and synthetic poly(A)₃₀ tail, both of which have been shown to enhance expression of certain genes.

- Flexible: The vector contains tandem SP6 and T7 phage promoters allowing use in the appropriate in vitro translation or transcription system.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



stocking system

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| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pCMVT _N T™ Vector | 20 μg | L5620 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

Description: The pCMVTnTTM Vector is designed for the convenient expression of cloned genes using both in vivo and in vitro expression systems. Both SP6 and T7 polymerase promoters lie in tandem adjacent to the multiple cloning site. This allows for gene expression from either an SP6- or T7-based coupled in vitro transcription/translation system. The presence of RNA phage promoters also allows for the highly efficient synthesis of RNA in vitro. The pCMVTnTTM Vector also contains a 5´β-globin leader sequence that has been referenced for enhanced expression of certain genes in vitro. For in vivo expression, the vector contains a CMV enhancer/promoter region, which allows strong constitutive expression in many cell types. A β-globin/lgG chimeric intron is located downstream from the enhancer/promoter region. The late SV40 polyadenylation site is located downstream of the multiple cloning site.

Features:

- In Vivo Expression: The CMV enhancer/promoter region allows strong constitutive expression in many cell types.
- Flexible: The vector contains tandem SP6 and T7 phage promoters allowing use in the appropriate in vitro translation or transcription system.
- Convenient: Multiple cloning site provides a selection of restriction sites for cloning.

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Reporter Vectors

NanoLuc® Luciferase Technology

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pNL1.1[Nluc] Vector | 20 µg | N1001 |
| pNL1.2[NlucP] Vector | 20 µg | N1011 |
| pNL1.3[secNluc] Vector | 20 µg | N1021 |
| pNL3.1[Nluc/minP] Vector | 20 µg | N1031 |
| pNL3.2[NlucP/minP] Vector | 20 µg | N1041 |
| pNL3.3[secNluc/minP] Vector | 20 µg | N1051 |
| pNL2.1[Nluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1061 |
| pNL2.2[NlucP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1071 |
| pNL2.3[secNluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | N1081 |
| pNL1.1.CMV[Nluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | N1091 |
| pNL1.3.CMV[secNluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | N1101 |
| pNL3.2.NF-kB-RE[<i>NlucP</i> /NF-kB-RE/Hygro] | 20 μg | N1111 |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | |

Description: NanoLuc[®] (Nluc) luciferase is a small enzyme (19.1kDa) engineered for optimal performance as a luminescent reporter. The enzyme is about 100-fold brighter than either firefly (Photinus pyralis) or Renilla reniformis luciferase using a novel substrate, furimazine, to produce high intensity, glowtype luminescence. The luminescent reaction is ATP-independent and designed to suppress background luminescence for maximal assay sensitivity.

For use as a genetic reporter, multiple forms of NanoLuc® luciferase have been configured to meet differing experimental objectives. Unfused Nluc offers maximal light output and sensitivity, NanoLuc®-PEST (NlucP) closely couples protein expression to changes in transcriptional activity and increased signal-to background ratios, and NanoLuc® luciferase fused to an N-terminal secretion signal (secNluc) is suitable when a secreted reporter is preferred. Luminescence is linearly proportional to the amount of NanoLuc® protein over a 1,000,000-fold concentration range, with a signal half-life ≥2 hours when detected with Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay Reagent.

NanoLuc® luciferase possesses a number of physical properties that make it an excellent reporter protein:

- very small, monomeric enzyme (171 amino acids; 513bp)
- high thermal stability (T_m = 60°C)
- active over a broad pH range (pH 6-8)
- no post-translational modifications or disulfide bonds
- · uniform distribution in cells
- emission spectrum well suited for bioluminescence resonance energy transfer (BRET; λ max = 465nM).

NanoLuc® Luciferase is made available in a variety of plasmids designed for use in reporter gene assays of transcriptional control and with each of the NanoLuc® forms (unfused Nluc, PEST destabilized NlucP, and secreted secNluc). The different pNL variations are designed for the following:

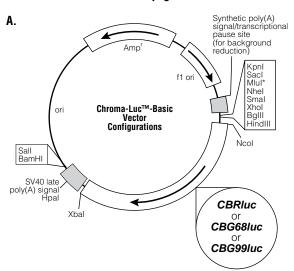
- pNL1: cloning of a known or putative promoter region
- . pNL2: cloning of a known or putative promoter region and establishment of a stable cell line through Hygromycin selection
- pNL3: cloning of a binding site or response element not in need of a basic promoter (such as are present in the pNL3.2.NF-κB-RE vector)
- Control plasmids for the unfused and secreted Nluc forms also are available. The pNL vectors series use a pGL4-based backbone for easy sequence transfer from existing plasmids. This backbone design also reduces anomalous results by removing many transcription factor binding sites and other potential regulatory elements. The Nluc gene variations are codon optimized and have had many potential regulatory elements or other undesirable features removed (such as common restriction enzyme sites).

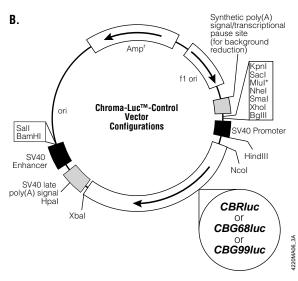
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.

Ohroma-Luc™ Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pCBR-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1411 | |
| pCBR-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1421 | |
| pCBG68-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1431 | |
| pCBG68-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1441 | |
| pCBG99-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1451 | |
| pCBG99-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1461 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 335.





The Chroma-LucTM-Basic and -Control Vectors. These vectors contain *CBRluc* or *CBG68luc* or *CBG99luc*; Amp^r, a gene conferring ampicillin resistance in *E. coli*, ori, origin of plasmid replication in *E. coli*. Arrows within the Chroma-LucTM and Amp^r genes indicate the direction of functionality.

pGL4 Luciferase Reporter Vectors

Promoter-Driven Control Firefly and Renilla Luciferase Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.50[luc2/CMV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1310 |
| pGL4.51[/uc2/CMV/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E1320 |
| pGL4.13[luc2/SV40] Vector | 20 µg | E6681 |
| pGL4.73[hRluc/SV40] Vector | 20 µg | E6911 |
| pGL4.74[hRluc/TK] Vector | 20 µg | E6921 |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[luc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.75[hRluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | E6931 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 332.

Promoterless Firefly Luciferase Vectors

Alleto .

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.10[luc2] Vector | 20 µg | E6651 |
| pGL4.11[luc2P] Vector | 20 µg | E6661 |
| pGL4.12[luc2CP] Vector | 20 µg | E6671 |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[luc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.14[luc2/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6691 |
| pGL4.15[luc2P/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6701 |
| pGL4.16[luc2CP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6711 |
| pGL4.17[/uc2/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6721 |
| pGL4.18[luc2P/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6731 |
| pGL4.19[/uc2CP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6741 |
| pGL4.20[luc2/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6751 |
| pGL4.21[luc2P/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6761 |
| pGL4.22[luc2CP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E6771 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 333.



^{*} Mlul should not be used in the vector configuration containing *CBG99luc*, as this gene also contains the Mlul site.

Promoterless Renilla Luciferase Vectors

Miller

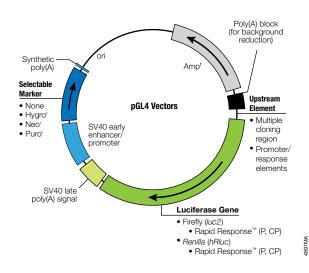
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL4.70[hRluc] Vector | 20 µg | E6881 |
| pGL4.71[hRlucP] Vector | 20 µg | E6891 |
| pGL4.72[hRlucCP] Vector | 20 µg | E6901 |
| pGL4.76[hRluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6941 |
| pGL4.23[/uc2/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8411 |
| pGL4.24[luc2P/minP] Vector | 20 µg | E8421 |
| pGL4.77[hRlucP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6951 |
| pGL4.78[hRlucCP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E6961 |
| pGL4.79[hRluc/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6971 |
| pGL4.80[hRlucP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6981 |
| pGL4.81[hRlucCP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | E6991 |
| pGL4.82[hRluc/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7501 |
| pGL4.83[hRlucP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7511 |
| pGL4.84[hRlucCP/Puro] Vector | 20 µg | E7521 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 333.

Nuclear Receptor Analysis Luciferase Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|---------|-------|--|
| pGL4.36[/uc2P/MMTV/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1360 | |
| pFN26A (BIND) hRluc-neo Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | E1380 | |
| pBIND-ERa Vector | 20 µg | E1390 | |
| pBIND-GR Vector | 20 µg | E1581 | |
| pGL4.35[luc2P/9XGAL4UAS/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | E1370 | |
| GloResponse™ 9X <i>GAL4</i> UAS- <i>luc2P</i> HEK293 Cell Line | 2 vials | E8530 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

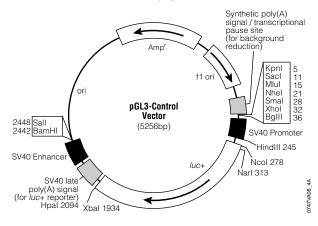
For additional information see page 334.



pGL3 Luciferase Reporter Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL3-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1751 |
| pGL3-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1741 |
| pGL3-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1771 |
| pGL3-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1761 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

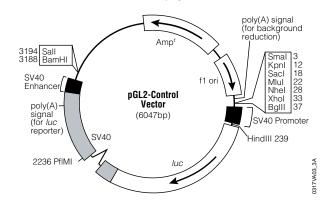
For additional information see page 336.



pGL2 Luciferase Reporter Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGL2-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1641 |
| pGL2-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1611 |
| pGL2-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1621 |
| pGL2-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1631 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 337.





pmirGLO Dual-Luciferase miRNA Target Expression Vector

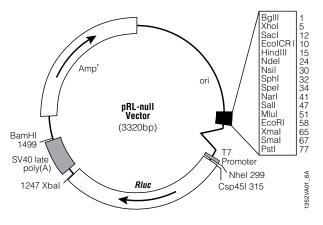
| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pmirGLO Dual-Luciferase miRNA Target Expression Vector | 20 µg | E1330 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 335.

pRL Renilla Luciferase Control Reporter Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pRL-SV40 Vector | 20 µg | E2231 | |
| pRL-TK Vector | 20 µg | E2241 | |
| pRL-CMV Vector | 20 µg | E2261 | |
| pRL-null Vector | 20 µg | E2271 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

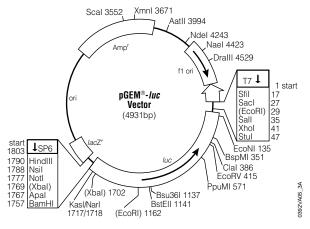
For additional information see page 336.



№ pGEM®-luc DNA

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-luc DNA | 20 µg | E1541 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

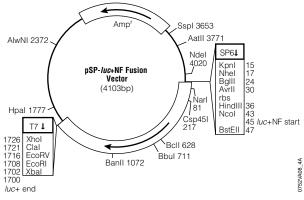
For additional information see page 337.



pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP-luc+NF Fusion Vector | 20 µg | E4471 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 340.



Available in the Helix® on-site

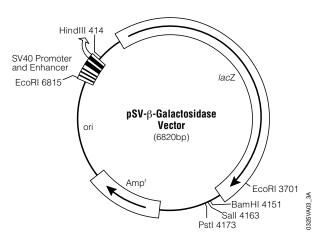
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³ pSV-β-Galactosidase Control Vector

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|-------|-------------|
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| | |
| | |

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSV-β-Galactosidase Control Vector | 20 µg | E1081 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 340.



№ pCAT™3 Vectors

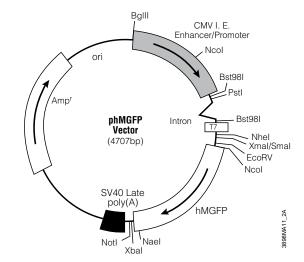
| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pCAT™3-Basic Vector | 20 µg | E1871 |
| pCAT™3-Control Vector | 20 µg | E1851 |
| pCAT™3-Enhancer Vector | 20 µg | E1881 |
| pCAT™3-Promoter Vector | 20 µg | E1861 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 341.

Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein phMGFP Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| Monster Green® Fluorescent Protein phMGFP Vector | 20 µg | E6421 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 341.





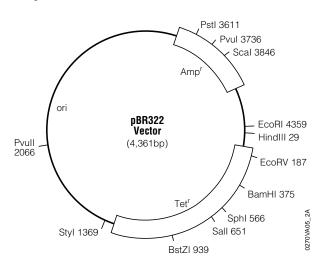
Subcloning and Transcription Vectors

pBR322 Vector

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# | |
|--|---------------|-------|--|
| pBR322 Vector | 10 µg 1 µg/µl | D1511 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | - | |

Description: The plasmid pBR322 Vector (4,361bp) carries the genes for tetracycline and ampicillin resistance. pBR322 DNA digests typically are used as molecular weight size markers in gel analysis of nucleic acids.

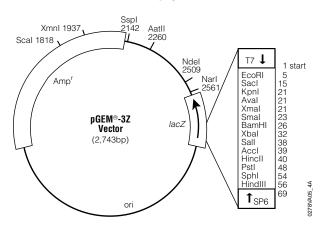
Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C.



pGEM®-3Z Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGEM®-3Z Vector | 20 μg | P2151 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

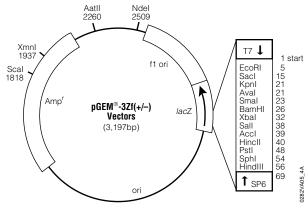
For additional information see page 134.



pGEM®-3Zf(+/-) Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# |
|--|-------|-------|
| pGEM®-3Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2271 |
| pGEM®-3Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2261 |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | |

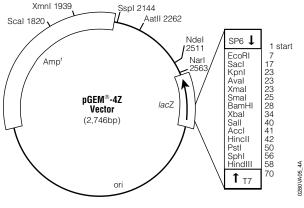
For additional information see page 135.



Operation pGEM®-4Z Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-4Z Vector | 20 µg | P2161 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 135.



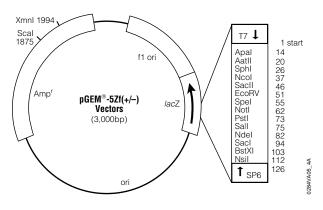


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pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-5Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2241 | |
| For Research Use Only Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

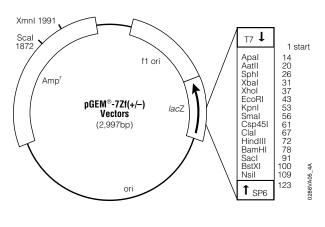
For additional information see page 136.



pGEM®-7Zf(+/-) Vectors

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-7Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2251 | |
| pGEM®-7Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2371 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

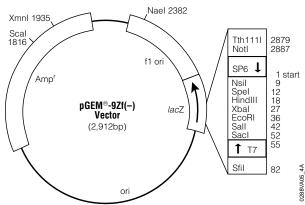
For additional information see page 136.



pGEM®-9Zf(-) Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-9Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2391 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

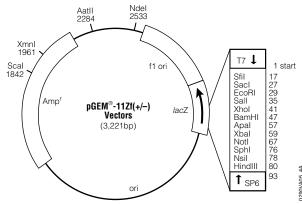
For additional information see page 137.



Description pGEM®-11Zf(+/−) Vectors Output Description Descr

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-11Zf(+) Vector | 20 µg | P2411 | |
| pGEM®-11Zf(-) Vector | 20 µg | P2421 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 137.

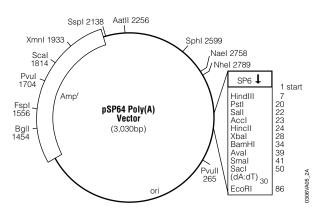




pSP64 Poly(A) Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP64 Poly(A) Vector | 20 µg | P1241 | |
| For Pasagreh Usa Only Not for Usa in Diagnostic Procedures | | | |

For additional information see page 138.

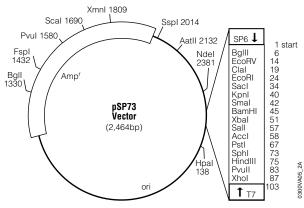


For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. For additional information see page 139.

pSP73 Vector

Product

pSP73 Vector



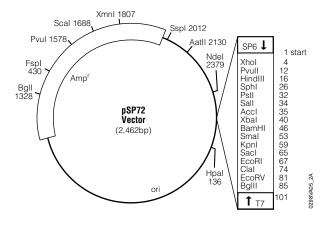
Size Cat.#

20 μg P2221

pSP72 Vector

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|-------|-------|--|
| pSP72 Vector | 20 µg | P2191 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures. | | | |

For additional information see page 138.



pUC/M13 Sequencing Primers

| Product | Size Conc. | Cat.# |
|---|---------------|-------|
| pUC/M13 Primer, Forward (17mer) | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5391 |
| pUC/M13 Primer, Reverse (17mer) | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5401 |
| pUC/M13 Primer, Reverse (22mer) | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5421 |
| pUC/M13 Primer, Forward (24mer) | 2 μg 10 μg/ml | Q5601 |
| For Decearch Lies Only Not for Lies in Diagnostic Proce | durae | |

Description: The pUC/M13 Primers are designed for sequencing inserts cloned into the M13 vectors and pUC plasmids developed by Messing. These primers also can be used for sequencing other *lac*Z-containing plasmids such as the pGEM®-Z and pGEM®-Zf Vectors. The primers are purified by gel electrophoresis or HPLC.

Primer Sequences

- Forward (17mer): 5'-d(GTTTTCCCAGTCACGAC)-3'
- Reverse (17mer): 5'-d(CAGGAAACAGCTATGAC)-3'
- Reverse (22mer): 5'-d(TCACACAGGAAACAGCTATGAC)-3'
- Forward (24mer): 5'-d(CGCCAGGGTTTTCCCAGTCACGAC)-3'

Storage Conditions: Store at -20°C. The primers are supplied in sterile water.



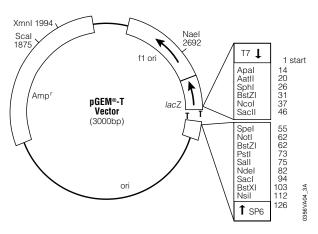
stocking system

T Vectors

pGEM®-T Vector Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-T Vector System I | 20 reactions | A3600 | |
| pGEM®-T Vector System II | 20 reactions | A3610 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic P | Procedures. | | |

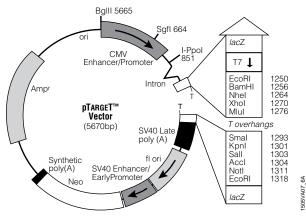
For additional information see page 280.



№ pTargeTTM Mammalian Expression Vector System

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|---|--------------|-------|--|
| pT _{ARGE} T™ Mammalian Expression Vector System | 20 reactions | A1410 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic Pro | ocedures. | | |

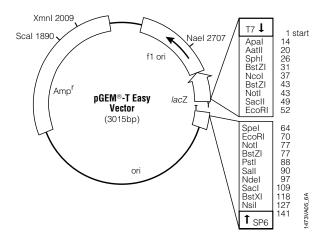
For additional information see page 282.



pGEM®-T Easy Vector Systems

| Product | Size | Cat.# | |
|--|--------------|-------|--|
| pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I | 20 reactions | A1360 | |
| pGEM®-T Easy Vector System II | 20 reactions | A1380 | |
| For Research Use Only. Not for Use in Diagnostic | Procedures. | | |

For additional information see page 281.







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Products tagged with the Helix® icon are available for distribution through our convenient on-site stocking program in a freezer, refrigerated unit or an ambient cabinet.

For more information visit: www.promega.com/helix

Worldwide Contact List

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| A1222 PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System 250 preps 154 A1250 Access RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1260 Access RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1280 Access RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1311 Column Wash Solution (CWA) 185 ml 5, 148, 149, 154, 159 A1312 Column Wash Solution (CWA) 370 ml 159 A1330 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 20 preps 154 Purification System 20 each 142, 154, 174 A1340 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 20 preps 154 Purification System 4 20 reactions 281 A1380 pGEM®-T Easy Vector System 1 20 reactions 281 A1380 pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I 20 reactions 281 A1380 pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I 20 reactions 281 A1410 pTa≼et™ Mammalian Expression 20 reactions 282 Vector System 3 3 ml 154, 159 A1464 Alkaline Protease Solution 3 ml 154, 159 A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 250 preps 154 Purification System 4 250 preps 154 Purification System 4 250 preps 154 A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 250 preps 154 A1481 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 250 preps 154 A1481 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 250 preps 154 A1485 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1481 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10B Barrier T | A1222 PureYield™ Plasmid Miniprep System 250 preps 154 A1250 Access RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1260 Access RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1260 Access RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1311 Column Wash Solution (CWA) 185 ml 5, 148, 154, 159 A1311 Column Wash Solution (CWA) 370 ml 159 A1330 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System 20 each 142, 154, 174 A1340 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System + Vacuum Adapters 20 each 142, 174 A1340 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System + Vacuum Adapters 20 reactions 281 A1380 pGEM®-T Easy Vector System I 20 reactions 281 A1410 pTaseET™ Mammalian Expression 20 reactions 281 A1441 Alkaline Protease Solution 3 ml 154, 159 A1440 pTaseET™ Mammalian Expression 20 reactions 282 Vector System A1441 Alkaline Protease Solution 3 ml 154, 159 A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1482 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5-10 μl 26 A1501 Prom | A1125 | Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit | 500 isolations | 5, 148 |
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| A1460 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA 250 preps 154 Purification System A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System + Vacuum Adapters A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1551 Promega 20B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 20B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50−200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 100D Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, | A1460 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System + Vacuum Adapters A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution A1483 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−20 μl 26 A1541 Promega 10B Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−100 μl 26 A1561 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−1,000 μl 26 A1561 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 X 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, 187, | A1410 | | 20 reactions | 282 |
| Purification System A1465 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System A1470 Wizard® Plus SV Minipreps DNA Purification System + Vacuum Adapters A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1561 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1561 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk A1561 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 480/pk A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid A1631 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System A1641 Balinding Buffer (BBA) A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA BIANA A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA BIANA A1751 ReliaPrep™ | Purification System | A1441 | Alkaline Protease Solution | 3 ml | . , |
| Purification System | Purification System | A1460 | | 250 preps | 154 |
| Purification System + Vacuum Adapters A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 2–20 μl 26 A1521 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSii® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSii® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSii® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, 187, | Purification System + Vacuum Adapters A1481 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 500 ml 159 A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 2–20 μl 26 A1521 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1660 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 preps 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A16701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, 187, | A1465 | | 1,000 preps | 154 |
| A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5−10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−100 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50−200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 100 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 ml 187, | A1485 Neutralization Solution (NSB) 500 ml 155 A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 N 187, | A1470 | Purification System + Vacuum | 250 preps | 154 |
| A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 × 1 | A1488 Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution 950 ml 159 A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1501 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 0.5–10 μl 26 A1521 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 10 ml 3, 146, 187 | A1481 | Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution | 500 ml | 159 |
| A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1491 Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1485 | Neutralization Solution (NSB) | 500 ml | 155 |
| A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1501 Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1488 | Wizard® SV 96 Neutralization Solution | 950 ml | 159 |
| A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1511 Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk | A1491 | Promega 10 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5–10 µl | 26 |
| A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 2—20 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10—100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50—200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100—1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, | A1521 Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 2–20 μl 26 A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 100 × 96 160 Purification System 100 ml 160 A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid purification System, HTP1 preps 1400 ml 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 10ml 3, 146, 187 | A1501 | Promega 10E Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5–10 µl | 26 |
| A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10–100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, 187, | A1541 Promega 100 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 10−100 μl 26 A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50−200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 ml 3, 146, 187 | A1511 | Promega 10F Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 0.5–10 µl | 26 |
| A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1561 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations × 10 ml A1620 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1704 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 187, 187, | A1551 Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk 50–200 μl 26 A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100–1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 ml 3, 146, 187 | A1521 | Promega 20 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 2–20 µl | 26 |
| A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100-1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 187, 187, | A1561 Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk 100−1,000 μl 26 A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 100 × | | | | 26 |
| A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit | A1620 Wizard® Genomic DNA Purification Kit 100 isolations 5, 148 × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 4 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 8 × 96 preps 160 Purification System A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid 100 × 96 160 Purification System, HTP1 preps A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1701 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA 180 × 10 | A1551 | Promega 200 Barrier Tips, 960/pk | 50–200 μl | 26 |
| × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 4 × 96 preps 160 A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System, HTP1 100 × 96 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System 96 × 10ml 3, 146, 187, 187, | × 10 ml A1630 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 4 × 96 preps 160 A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System, HTP1 100 × 96 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System 96 × 10ml 3, 146, 187 | A1561 | Promega 1000 Barrier Tips, 480/pk | 100-1,000 µl | 26 |
| Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System, HTP1 100 × 96 preps 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System 96 × 10ml 3, 146, 187 | Purification System A1631 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System 8 × 96 preps 160 A1635 Wizard® MagneSil® Plasmid Purification System, HTP1 100 × 96 160 A1641 MagneSil® RED 100 ml 160 A1655 Elution Buffer 500 ml 160 A1701 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 20 reactions 276 A1702 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 100 reactions 276 A1703 AccessQuick™ RT-PCR System 500 reactions 276 A1721 Alkaline Protease (APA) 130 ml 3, 146, 187 A1731 Cell Lysis Buffer (CLD) 1,400 ml 3, 146, 187 A1741 Binding Buffer (BBA) 1,600 ml 3, 146, 187 A1751 ReliaPrep™ Large Volume HT gDNA Isolation System 96 × 10ml 3, 146, 187 | A1620 | Wizard [®] Genomic DNA Purification Kit | | 5, 148 |
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| C8471 | pFN2K (GST) Flexi® Vector | 20 µg | 134 |
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| E6681 | pGL4.13[/uc2/SV40] Vector | 20 µg | 332 |
| E6691 | pGL4.14[/uc2/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6701 | pGL4.15[/uc2P/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6711 | pGL4.16[/uc2CP/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6721 | pGL4.17[/uc2/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6731 | pGL4.18[/uc2P/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6741 | pGL4.19[/uc2CP/Neo] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6751 | pGL4.20[/uc2/Puro] Vector | 20 μg | 333 |
| E6761 | pGL4.21[luc2P/Puro] Vector | 20 μg | 333 |
| E6771 | pGL4.22[<i>luc2CP</i> /Puro] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6881 | pGL4.70[hRluc] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6891 | pGL4.71[hRlucP] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
| E6901 | pGL4.72[hRlucCP] Vector | 20 µg | 333 |
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| E6921 | pGL4.74[hRluc/TK] Vector | 20 μg | 332 |
| E6931 | pGL4.75[hRluc/CMV] Vector | 20 μg | 332 |
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| E8471 | pGL4.29[/uc2P/CRE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | |
| E8481 | pGL4.30[/uc2P/NFAT-RE/Hygro] Vector | 20 μg | |
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| M1821 M1833 M1871 M1875 M1893 M1941 M1945 | Alkaline Phosphatase, Calf Intestinal CIAP Buffer Pack Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase, Recombinant Terminal Deoxynucleotidyl Transferase, Recombinant Terminal Transferase Buffer Pack Tff DNA Polymerase Tff DNA Polymerase | 25,000 u 1,000 u 1.5 ml 300 u 1,500 u 3 × 500 µl 1,000 u 1,000 u | 127 123 123 129 129 129 129 268 268 |
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| MD1411 | Alcohol Wash, Blood | 70 ml | 150 |
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| | Elution Buffer, Blood | 45 ml | 149. |
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| MD1531 | Y Chromosome Deletion Detection System, Version 2.0 | 25 reactions | 261 |
| MD1631 | Y Chromosome AZF Analysis System | 25 reactions | 261 |
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| N1011 | pNL1.2[<i>NlucP</i>] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1021 | pNL1.3[secNluc] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1031 | pNL3.1[<i>Nluc</i> /minP] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1041 | pNL3.2[<i>NlucP</i> /minP] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1051 | pNL3.3[secNluc/minP] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1061 | pNL2.1[<i>Nluc</i> /Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1071 | pNL2.2[<i>NlucP</i> /Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1081 | pNL2.3[secNluc/Hygro] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1091 | pNL1.1.CMV[<i>Nluc</i> /CMV] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1101 | pNL1.3.CMV[secNluc/CMV] Vector | 20 µg | 332, 368 |
| N1110 | Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay | 10 ml | 190, 320 |
| N1111 | pNL3.2.NF-kB-RE[<i>NlucP</i> /NF-kB-RE/ Hygro] | 20 µg | 332, 368 |

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| N1130 | Nano-Glo® Luciferase Assay | 10 × 10 ml | 190, 320 |
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| P1042 | VivoGlo™ Luciferin, In Vivo Grade | 250 mg | 232, 342 |
| P1043 | VivoGlo™ Luciferin, In Vivo Grade | 1 g | 232, 342 |
| P1061 | VivoGlo [™] Luciferin-β-Galactoside Substrate (6-0-β-galactopyranosyl luciferin) | 50 mg | 232, 342 |
| P1062 | VivoGlo [™] Luciferin-β-Galactoside Substrate (6-0-β-galactopyranosyl luciferin) | 250 mg | 232, 342 |
| P1081 | SP6 RNA Polymerase | 5,000 u | 125 |
| P1085 | SP6 RNA Polymerase | 1,000 u | 125 |
| P1111 | EnduRen™ In Vivo <i>Renilla</i> Luciferase Substrate | 0.34 mg | 232, 343 |
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| P1232 | ViviRen [™] In Vivo <i>Renilla</i> Luciferase Substrate | 3.7 mg | 233, 343 |
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| P2077 | T7 RNA Polymerase | 5,000 u | 125 |
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| | | | |

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1,000 u

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2,500 u

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Aval

Pstl

Avall

Avall

Tagl

Taql

Xhol

Xhol

Haelll

Haelll

Xbal

Xbal

Sau3Al

Sau3Al

Hinfl

Hinfl

SacII

DpnI

Cfol

Sphl

Sphl

Alul

Ddel

Ddel

Hpal

Hpal

Hpall

Hpall

Pvul

Pvul

Pvull

Pvull

Kpnl

Kpnl

EcoRV

EcoRV

Apal

Rsal

Mlul

Sfil

Mspl

Mspl

Accl

Accl

Stul

Notl

Notl



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| V1151 | Donkey Anti-Goat IgG, AP | 60 µl | 231 |
| V1161 | SB 203580 | 1 mg | 102 |
| V1171 | PMA | 5 mg | 102 |
| V1181 | 4α-ΡΜΑ | 1 mg | 102 |
| V1191 | PD 98059 | 5 mg | 102 |
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| V1211 | Anti-ACTIVE® p38 pAb, Rabbit, (pTGpY) | 100 µl | 224 |
| V1221 | DNA IQ™ Spin Baskets | 1,000 /bag | 201 |
| V1231 | Microtubes, 1.5ml | 1,000 /bag | 147, |
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| | | | 256 |
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| V1261 | ProFluor® Ser/Thr PPase Assay | 8 plate | 104 |
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| V1362 | PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay | 10,000 assays | 79, 178 |
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| V1402 | MAO-Glo™ Assay | 1,000 assays | 48 |
| V1452 | MAO-A | 500 µl | 48 |
| V1501 | cAMP-Glo™ Assay | 300 assays | 77, 177 |
| V1502 | cAMP-Glo™ Assay | 3,000 assays | 77, 177 |
| V1503 | cAMP-Glo™ Assay | 30,000 assays | 77, 177 |
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| V1601 | Four-Position Tube Holder | 1 each | 203 |
| V1621 | Asp-N, Sequencing Grade | 2 µg | 38, 297 |
| V1651 | Glu-C, Sequencing Grade | 50 μg | 38, 297 |
| V1671 | rLys-C, Mass Spec Grade | 15 µg | 38, 296 |
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| V1682 | cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay | 20 plates | |
| V1683 | cAMP-Glo™ Max Assay | 10 × 20 plates | 78, 177 |
| V1690 | PI3K-Glo™ Class I Profiling Kit | 1 each | 83 |
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| V1791 | ADP-Glo™ Kinase Assay with PIP2:3PS | 1,000 assays | 83 |
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| V1891 | Elastase | 5 mg | 297 |
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| V2072 | ProteaseMAX™ Surfactant, Trypsin Enhancer | 5 × 1 mg | |
| V2081 | UGT-Glo™ Assay | 200 assays | 48 |
| V2082 | UGT-Glo™ Assay | 1,000 assays | 48 |
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| V2120 | UGT-Glo™ UGT1A1 Screening System | 200 assays | 48 |
| V2121 | UGT-Glo™ UGT1A1 Screening System | 1,000 assays | 48 |
| V2130 | UGT-Glo™ UGT2B7 Screening System | 200 assays | 48 |
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| V2471 | Tyrosine Phosphatase Assay System | 96 reactions | 103 |
| V2791 | Guanidine Thiocyanate, Molecular Grade | 100 g | 17 |
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| V2861 | SAM ^{2®} Biotin Capture Membrane | 96 samples | 99 |

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| V3031 | Deep Well MagnaBot® 96 Magnetic Separation Device | 1 each | 173, 318 | |
| V3111 | Acrylamide, Molecular Grade | 100 g | 12 | |
| V3115 | Acrylamide, Molecular Grade | 500 g | 12 | |
| V3121 | Agarose, LE, Analytical Grade | 100 g | 12 | |
| V3125 | Agarose, LE, Analytical Grade | 500 g | 12 | |
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| V3772 | Kinase-Glo® Plus Luminescent Kinase Assay Kinase-Glo® Plus Luminescent Kinase | 10 × 10 ml | 97 | |
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| V3953 | IPTG, Dioxane-Free | 50 g | 18 | |
| V3955 V4001 | IPTG, Dioxane-Free | 1 g | 18 | |
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| V4211 V4221 | PinPoint [™] Vector Sequencing Primer 5M Sodium Chloride, Molecular Biology Grade | 2 μg 1 L | 12 | |
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| V4271 | TAE Buffer, 10X, Molecular Biology Grade | 1,000 ml | 21 | |
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| Trypsin/Lys-C Mix, Mass Spec Grade Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin, | 100 µg 100 µg | 293 | |
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| | 100 µg | 296 | |
| Sequencing Grade Modified Trypsin | 100 µg | 38, 295 | |
| cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase, Catalytic Subunit | 2,500 u | 100 | |
| cGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase $(\alpha\text{-Isozyme})$ | 6,000 u | 100 | |
| Protein Kinase C | 1 µg | 101 | |
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| 384-Well Plate, Flat | 10 /pk | 173, | |
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| PepTag® Non-Radioactive PKC Assay | 120 reactions | | |
| PepTag® Non-Radioactive cAMP- Dependent Protein Kinase Assay | 120 reactions | 100 | |
| EGF Receptor | 10 u | 101 | |
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| | CGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (α-Isozyme) Protein Kinase C Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade 384-Well Plate, Flat 384-Well Plate, Flat 384-Well Plate, Conical PepTag® Non-Radioactive PKC Assay PepTag® Non-Radioactive cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Assay EGF Receptor Factor Xa Protease Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase Kemptide (PKA) Peptide Substrate Neurogranin ₍₂₈₋₄₃₎ (PKC) Peptide Substrate Casein Kinase I DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide Substrate CAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide Inhibitor Myristoylated Protein Kinase C Peptide Inhibitor DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Kinase-Glo® Max Luminescent Kinase Assay FroTEV Plus ProTEV Plus TE Buffer, 1X, Molecular Biology Grade TE Buffer, 1X, Molecular Biology Grade PPase-2A PPase-2B CGMP, 1mM CAMP, 1mM SignaTECT® cdc2 Protein Kinase Assay System | CGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (α-Isozyme) 6,000 u Protein Kinase C 1 μg Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade 100 μg 384-Well Plate, Flat 10 /pk PepTag® Non-Radioactive PKC Assay 120 reactions PepTag® Non-Radioactive CAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Assay 120 reactions EGF Receptor 10 u Factor Xa Protease 50 μg Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase 0.5 ml Kemptide (PKA) Peptide Substrate 1 mg Nubstrate 1 mg Casein Kinase I 100 u DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide Substrate 1 mg Casein Kinase I 100 u DNA-Dependent Protein Kinase Peptide Inhibitor 1 mg Myristoylated Protein Kinase C Peptide Inhibitor 1 mg Myristoylated Protein Kinase C Peptide Inhibitor 1 each Separation Device 1 each Kinase-Glo® Max Luminescent Kinase Assay 10 ml Kinase-Glo® Max Luminescent Kinase Assay 10 x 10 ml Kinase-Glo® Max Luminescent Kinase Assay 100 ml ProTEV Plus 1,000 u ProTEV Plus 1,000 u TE Buffer, 1X | CGMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (α-Isozyme) 6,000 u 100 Protein Kinase C 1 μg 101 Trypsin Gold, Mass Spectrometry Grade 100 μg 37, 295 384-Well Plate, Flat 10 /pk 25, 172, 173, 317 384-Well Plate, Conical 10 /pk 25, 172, 173, 317 384-Well Plate, Conical 10 /pk 25, 172, 173, 317 PepTag® Non-Radioactive PKC Assay 120 reactions 100 PepTag® Non-Radioactive cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase Assay 100 100 EGF Receptor 10 u 101 101 Factor Xa Protease 50 μg 298 298 Streptavidin Alkaline Phosphatase 0.5 ml 20 20 Kemptide (PKA) Peptide Substrate 1 mg 102 102 Neurogranin(28-43) (PKC) Peptide 1 mg 102 101 Nubstrate 1 mg 102 102 101 Casein Kinase I 1 0 u 101 101 101 101 DNA- Dependent Protein Kinase Poptide Inhibitor 1 mg 102 102 102 |

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| V6761 | V&P Scientific Heating Block (110V, North America use only) | 1 each | 203 |
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| V6781 | 2.2ml, Square-Well Deep Well Plate | 50 /case | 203 |
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| V6801 | Pyramid-Bottom Reservoir | 25 /case | 203 |
| V6811 | U-Bottom Microplate | 50 /case | 203 |
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| V7470 | SignaTECT® Protein Kinase C (PKC) Assay System | 96 reactions | 99 |
| V7480 | SignaTECT® cAMP-Dependent Protein Kinase (PKA) Assay System | 96 reactions | 99 |
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| V7932 | Anti-ACTIVE® JNK pAb, Rabbit, (pTPpY) | 120 µl | 223 |
| V7951 | Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L), HRP | 60 µl | 230 |
| V7983 V8031 | Antibiotic G-418 Sulfate Anti-ACTIVE® MAPK pAb, Rabbit, (pTEpY) | 5 g 40 µl | 223 |
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| Z5210 | PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System I (Refill for Z5200) | 3 isolations | 165 |
| Z5261 | Biotinylated Oligo(dT) Probe (50pmol/μl) | 35 µl | 165 |
| Z5300 | PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System III with Magnetic Stand | 15 isolations | 165 |
| Z5310 | PolyATtract® mRNA Isolation System IV (Refill for Z5300) | 15 isolations | 165 |
| Z5331 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) | 0.5 ml | 174, 318 |
| Z5332 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) | 1.5 ml | 165, 174, 318 |
| Z5333 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (two-position) | 12 × 75 mm | 165, 174, 318 |
| Z5341 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 0.5 ml | 174, 318 |
| Z5342 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 1.5 ml | 174, 318 |
| Z5343 | MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (twelve-position) | 12 × 75 mm | 174, 318 |
| Z5400 | PolyATtract® System 1000 without Magnetic Stand | Scal able | 165 |
| Z5410 | PolyATtract® System 1000 Magnetic Separation Stand | 1 each | 165, 174, 318 |
| Z5420 | PolyATtract® System 1000 with Magnetic Stand | Scal able | 165 |
| Z5481 | Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles | 9 ml | 165 |
| Z5482 | Streptavidin MagneSphere® Paramagnetic Particles | 25 ml | 165 |
| Z5651 | RNAgents® Denaturing Solution | 120 ml | 164 |
| Z6010 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Cell Miniprep System | 10 preps | 161 |
| Z6011 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Cell Miniprep System | 50 preps | 161 |
| Z6012 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Cell Miniprep System | 250 preps | 161 |
| Z6110 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Tissue Miniprep System | 10 preps | 161 |
| Z6111 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Tissue Miniprep System | 50 preps | 161 |
| Z6112 | ReliaPrep™ RNA Tissue Miniprep System | 250 preps | 161 |
| Z7041 | Streptavidin | 1 mg | 20 |

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